


Async Await Best Practices Cheat Sheet

Updated 2 years ago

Asynchronous Programming Guidelines.

 Markdown

 `async`, `bestpractices`, `cheatsheets`, `csharp`

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# Async Await Best Practices Cheat Sheet

## Summary of Asynchronous Programming Guidelines

|      Name      |      Description      |      Exceptions      |
|-----|-----|-----|
| Avoid async void | Prefer async Task methods over async void methods | Event handlers |
| Async all the way | Don't mix blocking and async code | Console main method |
| Configure context | Use `ConfigureAwait(false)` when you can | Methods that require context |

## The Async Way of Doing Things

|      To Do This ...      |      Instead of This ...      |      Use This      |
|-----|-----|-----|
| Retrieve the result of a background task | `Task.Wait` or `Task.Result` | `await` |
| Wait for any task to complete | `Task.WaitAny` | `await Task.WhenAny` |
| Retrieve the results of multiple tasks | `Task.WaitAll` | `await Task.WhenAll` |
| Wait a period of time | `Thread.Sleep` | `await Task.Delay` |

## Know Your Tools

There's a lot to learn about async and await, and it's natural to get a little disoriented. Here's a quick reference of solutions to common problems.

**Solutions to Common Async Problems**

|      Problem      |      Solution      |
|-----|-----|
| Create a task to execute code | `Task.Run` or `TaskFactory.StartNew` (not the `Task` constructor or `Task.Start`) |
| Create a task wrapper for an operation or event | `TaskFactory.FromAsync` or `TaskCompletionSource<T>` |
| Support cancellation | `CancellationTokenSource` and `CancellationToken` |
| Report progress | `IProgress<T>` and `Progress<T>` |
| Handle streams of data | TPL Dataflow or Reactive Extensions |
| Synchronize access to a shared resource | `SemaphoreSlim` |
| Asynchronously initialize a resource | `AsyncLazy<T>` |
| Async-ready producer/consumer structures | TPL Dataflow or `AsyncCollection<T>` |

## Async and Await Guidelines

Read the [Task-based Asynchronous Pattern (TAP) document](http://www.microsoft.com/download/en/details.aspx?id=19957). It is extremely well-written, and includes guidance on API design and the proper use of async/await (including cancellation and progress reporting).

There are many new await-friendly techniques that should be used instead of the old blocking techniques. If you have any of these Old examples in your new async code, you're Doing It Wrong(TM):

|      Old      |      New      |      Description      |
|-----|-----|-----|
| `task.Wait` | `await task` | Wait/await for a task to complete |
| `task.Result` | `await task` | Get the result of a completed task |
| `Task.WaitAny` | `await Task.WhenAny` | Wait/await for one of a collection of tasks to complete |
| `Task.WaitAll` | `await Task.WhenAll` | Wait/await for every one of a collection of tasks to complete |
| `Thread.Sleep` | `await Task.Delay` | Wait/await for a period of time |
| `Task` constructor | `Task.Run` or `TaskFactory.StartNew` | Create a code-based task |

> Source http://blog.stephencleary.com/2012/02/async-and-await.html

**Source**

- [Async/Await - Best Practices in Asynchronous Programming](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/jj991977.aspx)
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