Using your report from Part 2, complete the following steps:

- 1) In the DATA view, add the following calculated columns:
 - In the Calendar table, add a column named "Weekend"
 - Equals "Y" for Saturdays or Sundays (otherwise "N")
 - In the Calendar table, add a column named "End of Month"
 - o Returns the last date of the current month for each row
 - In the Customers table, add a column named "Current Age"
 - Calculates current customer ages using the "birthdate" column and the TODAY() function
 - In the Customers table, add a column named "Priority"
 - Equals "High" for customers who own homes and have Golden membership cards (otherwise "Standard")
 - In the Customers table, add a column named "Short_Country"
 - Returns the first three characters of the customer country, and converts to all uppercase
 - In the Customers table, add a column named "House Number"
 - Extracts all characters/numbers before the first space in the "customer_address" column (hint: use SEARCH)
 - In the **Products** table, add a column named "**Price Tier**"
 - Equals "High" if the retail price is >\$3, "Mid" if the retail price is >\$1, and "Low" otherwise
 - In the Stores table, add a column named "Years_Since_Remodel"
 - Calculates the number of years between the current date (TODAY()) and the last remodel date
- **2)** In the **REPORT** view, add the following **measures** (Assign to tables as you see fit, and use a matrix to match the "spot check" values)
 - Create new measures named "Quantity Sold" and "Quantity Returned" to calculate the sum of quantity from each data table
 - Spot check: You should see total Quantity Sold = 833,489 and total Quantity
 Returned = 8,289
 - Create new measures named "Total Transactions" and "Total Returns" to calculate the count of rows from each data table
 - Spot check: You should see 269,720 transactions and 7,087 returns
 - Create a new measure named "**Return Rate**" to calculate the ratio of quantity returned to quantity sold (format as %)
 - Spot check: You should see an overall return rate of 0.99%
 - Create a new measure named "Weekend Transactions" to calculate transactions on weekends
 - Spot check: You should see 76,608 total weekend transactions

- Create a new measure named "% Weekend Transactions" to calculate weekend transactions as a percentage of total transactions (format as %)
 - Spot check: You should see 28.4% weekend transactions
- Create new measures named "All Transactions" and "All Returns" to calculate grand total transactions and returns (regardless of filter context)
 - Spot check: You should see 269,720 transactions and 7,087 returns across all rows (test with product_brand on rows)
- Create a new measure to calculate "Total Revenue" based on transaction quantity and product retail price, and format as \$ (hint: you'll need an iterator)
 - Spot check: You should see a total revenue of \$1,764,546
- Create a new measure to calculate "Total Cost" based on transaction quantity and product cost, and format as \$ (hint: you'll need an iterator)
 - Spot check: You should see a total cost of \$711,728
- Create a new measure named "Total Profit" to calculate total revenue minus total cost, and format as \$
 - Spot check: You should see a total profit of \$1,052,819
- Create a new measure to calculate "**Profit Margin**" by dividing total profit by total revenue calculate total revenue (format as %)
 - Spot check: You should see an overall profit margin of 59.67%
- Create a new measure named "Unique Products" to calculate the number of unique product names in the Products table
 - **Spot check:** You should see **1,560** unique products
- Create a new measure named "YTD Revenue" to calculate year-to-date total revenue, and format as \$
 - Spot check: Create a matrix with "Start of Month" on rows; you should see \$872,924 in YTD Revenue in September 1998
- Create a new measure named "60-Day Revenue" to calculate a running revenue total over a 60-day period, and format as \$
 - Spot check: Create a matrix with "date" on rows; you should see \$97,570 in 60-Day Revenue on 4/14/1997
- Create new measures named "Last Month Transactions", "Last Month Revenue",
 "Last Month Profit", and "Last Month Returns"
 - **Spot check:** Create a matrix with "**Start of Month**" on rows to confirm accuracy
- Create a new measure named "Revenue Target" based on a 5% lift over the previous month revenue, and format as \$
 - Spot check: You should see a Revenue Target of \$99,223 in March 1998

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