

# Loading the necessary libraries, reading the data set and viewinng the data

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv('D:/DS_Files/LetsUpgrade-AI-ML/Day-7/Assignment/general_data.csv')
```

```
In [3]: df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	Age	Attrition	BusinessTravel	Department	DistanceFromHome	Education	EducationField	EmployeeCount	EmployeeID	Gender	...	NumCompaniesWorl
0	51	No	Travel_Rarely	Sales	6	2	Life Sciences	1	1	Female	...	
1	31	Yes	Travel_Frequently	Research & Development	10	1	Life Sciences	1	2	Female	...	
2	32	No	Travel_Frequently	Research & Development	17	4	Other	1	3	Male	...	
3	38	No	Non-Travel	Research & Development	2	5	Life Sciences	1	4	Male	...	
4	32	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	10	1	Medical	1	5	Male	...	

5 rows × 24 columns

```
In [4]: df
```

Out[4]:

	Age	Attrition	BusinessTravel	Department	DistanceFromHome	Education	EducationField	EmployeeCount	EmployeeID	Gender	...	NumCompaniesWorl
0	51	No	Travel_Rarely	Sales	6	2	Life Sciences	1	1	Female	...	
1	31	Yes	Travel_Frequently	Research & Development	10	1	Life Sciences	1	2	Female	...	
2	32	No	Travel_Frequently	Research & Development	17	4	Other	1	3	Male	...	
3	38	No	Non-Travel	Research & Development	2	5	Life Sciences	1	4	Male	...	
4	32	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	10	1	Medical	1	5	Male	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4405	42	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	5	4	Medical	1	4406	Female	...	
4406	29	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	2	4	Medical	1	4407	Male	...	
4407	25	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	25	2	Life Sciences	1	4408	Male	...	
4408	42	No	Travel_Rarely	Sales	18	2	Medical	1	4409	Male	...	
4409	40	No	Travel_Rarely	Research & Development	28	3	Medical	1	4410	Male	...	

4410 rows × 24 columns

```
In [5]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4410 entries, 0 to 4409
Data columns (total 24 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Age                                    4410 non-null   int64
1   Attrition                            4410 non-null   object
2   BusinessTravel                       4410 non-null   object
3   Department                           4410 non-null   object
4   DistanceFromHome                     4410 non-null   int64
5   Education                             4410 non-null   int64
6   EducationField                       4410 non-null   object
7   EmployeeCount                        4410 non-null   int64
8   EmployeeID                           4410 non-null   int64
9   Gender                               4410 non-null   object
10  JobLevel                             4410 non-null   int64
11  JobRole                              4410 non-null   object
12  MaritalStatus                        4410 non-null   object
13  MonthlyIncome                       4410 non-null   int64
14  NumCompaniesWorked                  4391 non-null   float64
15  Over18                              4410 non-null   object
16  PercentSalaryHike                   4410 non-null   int64
17  StandardHours                       4410 non-null   int64
18  StockOptionLevel                    4410 non-null   int64
19  TotalWorkingYears                   4401 non-null   float64
20  TrainingTimesLastYear               4410 non-null   int64
21  YearsAtCompany                      4410 non-null   int64
22  YearsSinceLastPromotion              4410 non-null   int64
23  YearsWithCurrManager                 4410 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(14), object(8)
memory usage: 827.0+ KB
```

## Converting the string fields to equivalent numerical labels

```
In [6]: from sklearn import preprocessing
le=preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
df['Attrition']=le.fit_transform(df['Attrition'])
df['BusinessTravel']=le.fit_transform(df['BusinessTravel'])
df['Department']=le.fit_transform(df['Department'])
df['EducationField']=le.fit_transform(df['EducationField'])
df['Gender']=le.fit_transform(df['Gender'])
df['MaritalStatus']=le.fit_transform(df['MaritalStatus'])
df['Over18']=le.fit_transform(df['Over18'])
df['JobRole']=le.fit_transform(df['JobRole'])
```

## Dropping the null values

In [7]: df.dropna()

Out[7]:

	Age	Attrition	BusinessTravel	Department	DistanceFromHome	Education	EducationField	EmployeeCount	EmployeeID	Gender	...	Over18	PercentS:
0	51	0	2	2	6	2	1	1	1	0	...	0	
1	31	1	1	1	10	1	1	1	2	0	...	0	
2	32	0	1	1	17	4	4	1	3	1	...	0	
3	38	0	0	1	2	5	1	1	4	1	...	0	
4	32	0	2	1	10	1	3	1	5	1	...	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4404	29	0	2	2	4	3	4	1	4405	0	...	0	
4405	42	0	2	1	5	4	3	1	4406	0	...	0	
4406	29	0	2	1	2	4	3	1	4407	1	...	0	
4407	25	0	2	1	25	2	1	1	4408	1	...	0	
4408	42	0	2	2	18	2	3	1	4409	1	...	0	

4382 rows × 25 columns

```
In [8]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4410 entries, 0 to 4409
Data columns (total 25 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Age                   4410 non-null   int64
1   Attrition             4410 non-null   int32
2   BusinessTravel        4410 non-null   int32
3   Department            4410 non-null   int32
4   DistanceFromHome      4410 non-null   int64
5   Education             4410 non-null   int64
6   EducationField        4410 non-null   int32
7   EmployeeCount         4410 non-null   int64
8   EmployeeID            4410 non-null   int64
9   Gender                4410 non-null   int32
10  JobLevel              4410 non-null   int64
11  JobRole               4410 non-null   object
12  MaritalStatus         4410 non-null   int32
13  MonthlyIncome         4410 non-null   int64
14  NumCompaniesWorked    4391 non-null   float64
15  Over18               4410 non-null   int32
16  PercentSalaryHike     4410 non-null   int64
17  StandardHours         4410 non-null   int64
18  StockOptionLevel      4410 non-null   int64
19  TotalWorkingYears     4401 non-null   float64
20  TrainingTimesLastYear 4410 non-null   int64
21  YearsAtCompany        4410 non-null   int64
22  YearsSinceLastPromotion 4410 non-null   int64
23  YearsWithCurrManager  4410 non-null   int64
24  JobeRole              4410 non-null   int32
dtypes: float64(2), int32(8), int64(14), object(1)
memory usage: 723.6+ KB
```

## Importing and loading the Statistical Test Package

```
In [11]: from scipy.stats import pearsonr

In [15]: #H0:Business Travel from haome has no effect on attrition
#H1: Business Travel from home has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['BusinessTravel'])
print(r,p)

7.377694602220437e-05 0.9960919945440154

In [13]: #H0:Departement has no effect on attrition
#H1: Department has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['Department'])
print(r,p)

-0.04820581991833714 0.0013638319632111042

In [92]: #H0:Distance from haome has no effect on attrition
#H1: Distance from home has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['DistanceFromHome'])
print(r,p)

-0.009730141010179435 0.5182860428049617

In [93]: #H0:Education has no effect on attrition
#H1: Education has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['Education'])
print(r,p)

-0.015111167710968753 0.3157293177118575

In [94]: #H0:EducationField has no effect on attrition
#H1: Education Field has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['EducationField'])
print(r,p)

-0.05794031241568037 0.00011819790920717528

In [95]: #H0:Gender has no effect on attrition
#H1: Gender has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['Gender'])
print(r,p)

0.018125078877010366 0.22881970951790567
```

In [96]:

```
#H0:Joblevel has no effect on attrition
#H1: Joblevel has effect on attrition

r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['JobLevel'])
print(r,p)
```

-0.010289713287495079 0.49451717271828405

In [97]:

```
#H0:MaritalStatus has no effect on attrition
#H1: MaritalStatus has effect on attrition
r, p = pearsonr(df['Attrition'],df['MaritalStatus'])
print(r,p)
```

0.025808853490974722 0.08658208267566762

In the above tests,  $p > 0.05$  for Business Travel,distance from home, Education, Gender, Joblevel and Marital status. so we accept the null hypothesis for these as they dont have that effect on attrition.

$P < 0.05$  for Department, Education Field and Marital Status, which show that they have an effect on the attrition of the employees.

So the company wants to focus mainly to place resources properly on the apt departments which could be according to their right field of education and matching job profiles.

In [ ]: