

Comparison of number of computation for "direct computation of DFT" Vs "FFT Algorithm"

① Number of computation for direct computation of N-point DFT

we have the equation for ~~DFT~~ N-point DFT
(direct computation)

$$X(k) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N} kn} ; k=0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

By expanding the equation for

$$X(0) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N} 0 \cdot n}$$

expanding.

$$X(0) = \underbrace{x(0) \cdot W_N^{0 \cdot 0}}_{\text{complex } X^n} + \underbrace{x(1) W_N^{0 \cdot 1}}_{\text{complex } X^n} + \dots + \underbrace{x(N-1) W_N^{0 \cdot (N-1)}}_{\text{complex } X^n}$$

N-1 complex Addition.

In direct computation of N-point DFT,
considering only a single value $k=0$.
we have

$N \rightarrow$ no. of complex multiplication

$N-1 \rightarrow$ no. of complex Addition.

Considering all the N values of k .

$N \cdot N = N^2 \rightarrow$ no. of complex x^n and.

$N \cdot (N-1) \rightarrow$ no. of complex $+^n$.

② No. of computation in Radix-2 FFT

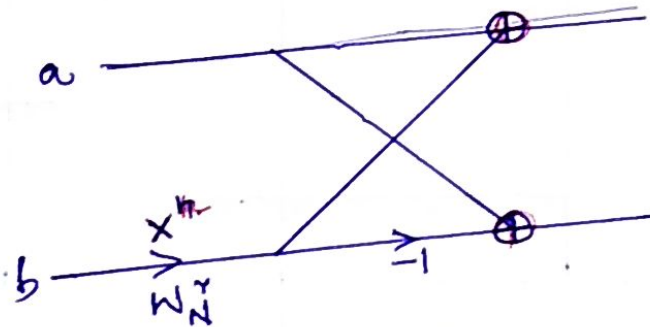
In the case of radix-2 FFT

$$N = 2^m \Rightarrow m = \log_2 N$$

— and there will be m - stages of computation.

— and each stage have $\frac{N}{2}$ butterfly.

Consider a single butterfly.



No. of calculation in one butterfly.

no. of complex $+^n \rightarrow 2$.

no. of complex $x^n \rightarrow 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Total no. of complex } +^n &= m \times \frac{N}{2} \times 2. \\ &= [\log_2 N] \times \frac{N}{2} \times 2 \\ &= N \log_2 N // \end{aligned}$$

Total no. of complex $X^h = m \times \frac{N}{2} \times 1$

$$= \left[\log_2 N \right] \times \frac{N}{2} = \frac{N}{2} \log_2 N$$

— A comparison of the no. of complex multiplication and addition.

N	m $= \log_2 N$	Direct computation		Radix-2 FFT		Speed Improvement factor $= \frac{N^2}{\frac{N}{2} \log_2 N}$
		no. of complex $+^h$ $= N(N-1)$	no. of complex \times^h N^2	no. of complex $+^h$ $N \log_2 N$	no. of complex \times^h $\frac{N}{2} \log_2 N$	
4	2	12	16	8	4	$\frac{16}{4} = 4$
8	3	56	64	24	12	$\frac{64}{12} = 5.33$
16	4					
32	5					
64	6					
128	7					
256	8					
512	9					

Q) Find the number of complex multiplications and additions involved in the calculation of 1024^{point} DFT using ① direct computation and ② radix-2 FFT algorithm. (KTU Dec 2018)