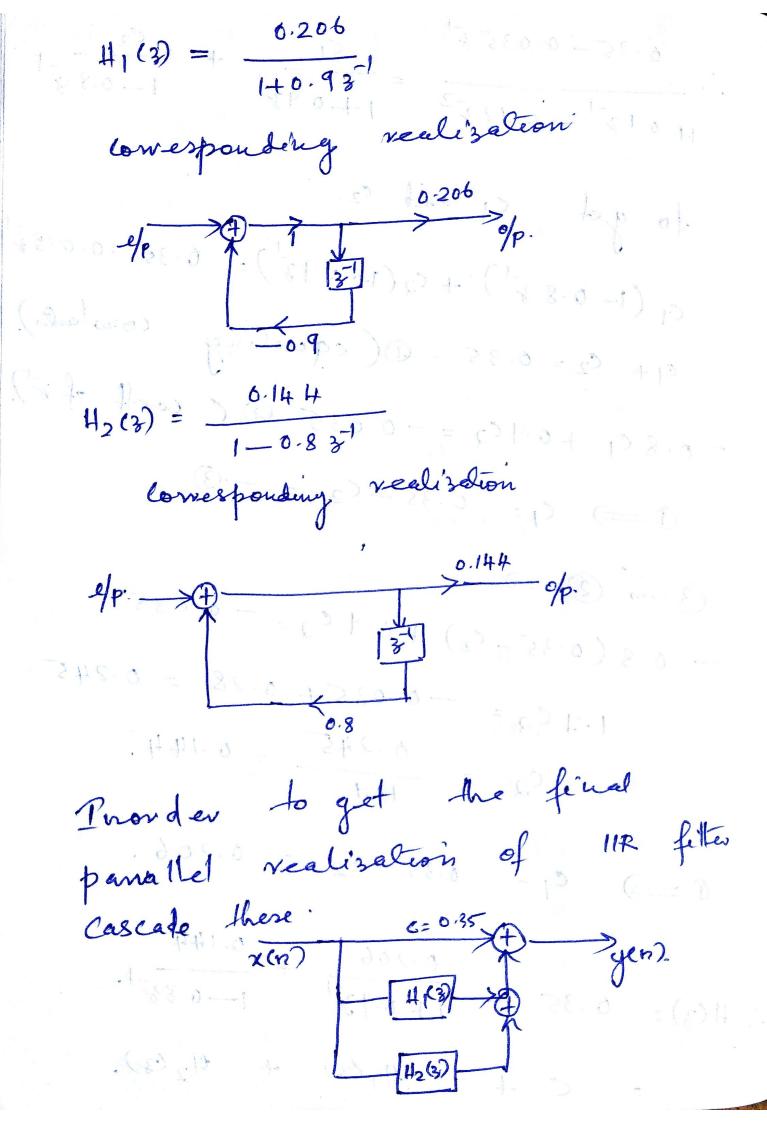
Panallel form structure of 11R filters? nealization of an A pavallel form 11R system ean be obtained by performing expansion of a partial fraction Her): C+ = 1-Pk3-1 where Spry are the poles. CM ce 4687= e+ 1-P13-1 + 62 + 1-PN81.

= C+ 4(8) + 4208) + -pavallet form realization Cow exponding 4n(3)

. /

2) Realize the system given by différence equation y(n) = -0.1 y(n-1) + 0.72 y(n-2) +0-7 x(n) \_\_\_\_ 0.252 x(n-2) m parallel form. Answer: Pake 2 transform. Y(3) = -0.13 Y(3) + 0.72 3 Y(3) +0.7 x(3) - 0.252 3 x(3). Y(2) [1+0.13] -0.723] = X(3) [0.7-0.252] to get the system function, 4(3)  $H(3) = \frac{4(3)}{\chi(3)} = \frac{0.7 - 0.262 \, \tilde{s}^2}{1 + 0.1 \, \tilde{s}^2}$ To vealize in parallel form H(3) has to be factorized of  $H(3) = c + \frac{c_1}{1 - P_1 3^{-1}} + \frac{c_2}{1 - P_2 3^{-1}}$ 

to get constant e performs division. (1-10) | 1.0- (0) -6.72+0.12+1 -0.2522+0.0352+0.35  $-0.2522^{2}+0.0352+0.35$ \_ 0.0358+0-35 .. 418) can be ve written as. 0.035 Here perform partial fraction of the on second ter un. ie 0.35 - 0.0353 (1) 1+0.13 - 0.723 - 1-P3-1 1-P23-1 Pi P2 = 0.72.  $-(P_1+P_2)=0.1$ P1+P2= -0-1  $P_1 = -0.9$   $P_2 = 0.8$  (6)



Converponding parallel form realization is

