ASSIGNMENT MATHS

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POllNo! 50

ECE-B

Sy

Solve the system of equation using

a) Crawn Jacobi Method -

5) Crauss Scidal Method

$$2x + 6y - 32 = 5$$

here

Hen 
$$n = 6 - 2y + 2$$

$$y = 5 - 2x + 3z$$

(1)-

$$2 = \frac{12 - x + 2y}{5}$$
  $\in (1)$ 

Taking 
$$x^{(0)} = 0$$
,  $y^{(0)} = 0$ ,  $z^{(0)}$  as install approximation.

First Theration

$$\frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{6 - 2}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = 1 - 2$$

$$\mathcal{J}^{(3)} = \underbrace{5 - 2 \, \chi^{(3)} + 3 z^{(9)}}_{6} = \underbrace{5}_{6} = 6.83$$

$$\frac{217}{5} = 12 - 260 + 23(0) = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4$$

$$\frac{(4)^{1} + (2)^{4}}{(2)^{2}} = \frac{6 - 2 \times 0.83 + 2.4}{5} = 1.348$$

$$\int_{0}^{2} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(1)} + 3z^{(1)}}{6} = \frac{5 - 2x \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 3x^{24}}{6} = 1.63$$

$$\frac{2(2)}{5} = \frac{12 - 2^{(1)} + 2y^{(1)}}{5} = \frac{12 - 1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot 0 \cdot 6^{3}}{5} = 2 \cdot 49x$$

$$\frac{1}{2(3)} = \frac{6 - 2y^{2} + 2^{(2)}}{5} = \frac{6 - 2 \times 1.63 + 2.492}{5} = 1.046$$

$$y^{(3)} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(2)} + 3z^{(2)}}{6} = \frac{5 - 2x^{1.348} + 3x^{2.492}}{6} = \frac{1.63}{6}$$

$$z^{(2)} = \frac{12 - x^{(2)} + 2y^{(2)}}{5} = \frac{12 - (1.348) + 2.(1.63)}{5} = 2.78$$

$$2^{(4)} = 6 - 2 \int_{5}^{(3)} + 2^{(3)} = \frac{6 - 2 \times 1.63 + 2.732}{5} = 1.104$$

$$y^{(4)} = \frac{S - 2x^{(3)} + 3z^{(3)}}{6} = \frac{S - 2x1.046 + 3x2.787}{6} = 1.875$$

$$2^{(4)} = 12 - 2^{(3)} + 22^{(3)} = 12 - 1.046 + 2 \times 1.63 = 2.842$$

## Firth Iteration

$$2(5) = G - 2J^{(4)} + Z^{(4)} = G - 2(1.875) + 2.842 = 1.0184$$

$$y^{(5)} = 5 - 2x(4) + 32(4) = \frac{5 - 2x(1.104) + 3x(2.842)}{6} = \frac{1.88}{6}$$

$$2^{(5)} = \frac{12 - x^{(4)} + 2y^{(4)}}{5} = \frac{12 - 1.04 + 2 \times 1.875}{5} = \frac{2.92}{5}$$

Alter & asanginging the given equation.

$$6x - 2y - 2 = 6$$
  
 $2x + 6y - 3z = 5$   
 $x - 2y + 5z = 12$ 

Hen

$$x = \frac{6 - 2y + 2}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{5 - 2x + 3z}{6}$$

$$2 = 12 - x + dy$$

taking initial approximation as . L'e = 0, y =0, zo.

list I feration

$$2^{(1)} = 6 - 2 f^{(0)} + 2^{(0)} = 6 - 2^{(0)} + 0 = 1.2$$

$$y^{(1)} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(2)} + 3z^{(0)}}{6} = \frac{5 - 2x \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 3x^{0}}{6} = 0.43$$

$$2^{(1)} = \frac{12 - 2^{(1)} + 25^{(1)}}{5} = \frac{12 - 1 \cdot 2 + 2 \times 0.43}{5} = 2^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\chi^{(2)}}{5} = 6 - 2y^{(1)} + 2(1) = 6 - 2 \times 0.43 + 2.332 = 1494$$

$$f^{21} = 5 - 2 n^{(21)} + 3 2^{(1)} = 5 - 2 \times 1.494 + 3 \times 2.332$$

$$2^{(2)} = \frac{12 - x^{(2)} + 2x^{(2)}}{5} = \frac{12 - 1.494 + 2 \times 1.501}{5} = 2.401$$

This 1 theatism
$$\pi^{(3)} = 6 - 2y^{(2)} + z^{(2)} = 6 - 2x^{(2)} + 2 \cdot 701 = 1.13$$

$$\pi^{(3)} = 6 - 2y^{(2)} + z^{(2)} = 5$$

$$y^{(3)} = 5 - 2x^{(3)} + 3z^{(2)} = 5 - 2 \times 1.137 + 3 \times 2.701 = 1.304$$

$$2^{1} = 12 + 24^{1} = 12 - 1.139 + 3 \times 1.304 = 2.893$$

$$\frac{\text{loweth Thereform}}{\chi^{(4)}} = \frac{6 - 2 \dot{\chi} (3) + 2^{(3)}}{5} = \frac{6 - 2 \dot{\chi} (1.804 + 2.893)}{5} = 1.057$$

$$y^{(n)} = 5 - 2x^{(n)} + 3z^{(3)} = \frac{5 - 2x \cdot 1.057 + 3x \cdot 2.893}{6} = 1.927$$

$$y^{(n)} = 5 - \frac{2x^{2} + 3z^{2}}{3} = \frac{5}{2} = \frac{12 - 1.05t + 2(1-927)}{5} = 2.959$$

$$\frac{2^{(3)}}{2^{(3)}} = \frac{6 - 2y^{(4)} + 2^{(n)}}{5} = \frac{6 - 2x \cdot 1.927 + 2.959}{5} = 1.021$$

$$y^{(3)} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(6)} + 3z^{(6)}}{6} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(1,0)} + 3x^{(2,9)} + 9x^{(2,9)}}{6}$$

$$y^{(5)} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(5)} + 3z^{(6)}}{5} = \frac{5 - 2x^{(1.0)} + 3x^{(2.9)} - 1.92x^{(5)}}{6}$$

$$2^{(5)} = \frac{12 - x^{(5)} + 2y^{(2.5)}}{5} = \frac{12 - 1.021 + 2x^{(1.972)} - 1.92x^{(5)}}{5}$$