

## Location of the zeros of linear phase FIR filters:

The transfer function of a linear phase FIR filter is given by

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) z^{-n}$$

where  $h(n) \rightarrow$  impulse response of FIR filter.

If  $z_0$  is a non zero finite 'zero' of  $H(z)$

then  $H(z) \Big|_{z=z_0} = H(z_0) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) z_0^{-n} = 0$

$$H(z_0) = h(0) + h(1) z_0^{-1} + \dots + h(N-1) z_0^{-(N-1)} = 0$$

For linear phase filter.

$$h(n) = h(N-1-n)$$

$$\therefore H(z_0) = h(N-1) + h(N-2) z_0^{-1} + \dots + h(0) z_0^{-(N-1)} = 0$$

$$= z_0^{-(N-1)} \left[ h(N-1) z_0^{N-1} + h(N-2) z_0^{N-2} + \dots + h(1) z_0^1 + h(0) \right] = 0$$

$$H(z_0) = z_0^{-(N-1)} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) z_0^n$$

$$H(z_0) = z_0^{-(N-1)} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) (z_0^{-1})^{-n}$$

$$H(z_0) = z_0^{-(N-1)} H(z_0^{-1}) = 0.$$

That indicates if  $H(z_0) = 0$  then  
for non zero value of  $z_0$   $H(z_0^{-1}) = 0$ .

$$H(z_0) = H(z_0^{-1}) = 0$$

From above equation it is clear that  
if  $z_0$  is a 'zero' of  $H(z)$ , then  $z_0^{-1}$   
is also a 'zero'.