



Text Analytics

Business Insight Report on Popular Newspapers:

- Wall Street Journal
- Times of India
- Hindustan Times
- The Indian Express

Sentiment Analysis of Top 20 Trending Articles on Indian National News

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Introduction

English-language dailies and journals remain highly influential in India. The vernacular press is increasing steadily in absolute and relative importance. Overall, the press functions with little government censorship, serious controls in matters of national security, in times of emergency or to avoid inflaming passions that lead to communal riots or comparable disturbances (Britannica, 2019).

"The largest-circulating dailies are The Times of India and Hindustan Times (both in English), the Hindustan and the Navbharat Times (Hindi), and the Anandabazar Patrika (Bengali)."

This proves a great opportunity of unstructured text data that is available for data analysis. This report focuses on the Sentiment Analysis of Textual data from four popular Newspapers: Wall Street Journal (WSJ), Times of India (TOI), Hindustan Times and The Indian Express. The latter three are top English newspapers in India.

Framework 1

Tokenization and bi-grams are used to initially understand the most common news by the newspaper. Further, the sentiment analysis is done using the 'nrc' dictionary in R. We would visualize the results using bar charts and word clouds.

Framework 2

Term Frequency – Inverse Document Frequency (tf-idf) is used to find the unique words from articles of these Newspapers that gives us the insight of how these Newspapers are different in their focus to pick specific News.

Data Collection

Trending top 20 Online News articles are collected from the Indian National News section of each newspaper's website which is saved in pdf format. Thus, we have obtained our unstructured data.

Data Cleaning

The pdf documents of 20 articles are imported and structured into a dataframe. Unwanted text such as ads, author names, non-insightful repetitive text, etc. are eliminated by defining custom stopwords. The column name defines the newspaper company that the articles are taken from and the rows contain the text data from the articles.

Similar dataframes are created for the remaining three newspapers.

Text Tokenization & Bi-grams

The following are the tidy format of tokenized data of different newspapers:

> Wall Street Journal

```
# A tibble: 3,004 x 2
                                  # A tibble: 3,004 x 3
                                      word1
                                                  word2
   word
                                                   <chr>
   <chr>
                <int>
                                      <chr>
                                                                <int>
                                   1 citizenship law
 1 law
                  195
                                                                   72
                                   2 prime
3 minister
4 muslim
5 hindu
6 bharatiya
 2 citizenship
                  177
                                                   minister
                                                                   54
                                                                   42
 3 india's
                  165
                                                  narendra
                                                                   42
 4 government
                  148
                                                  majority
 5 muslims
                  140
                                                  nationalist
                                                                   33
 6 muslim
                  125
                                                  janata
                                                                   30
                                   7 janata
 7 protests
                  123
                                                                   28
                                                   party
                  120
                                                                   28
 8 delhi
                                   8 rights
                                                  reserved
 9 police
                  117
                                                                   26
                                   9 citizenship amendment
10 hindu
                   95
                                  10 internet
                                                                   22
                                                   services
# ... with 2,994 more rows
                               # ... with 2,994 more rows
```

Insights: The most common news by Wall Street Journal follows information related to Law, actions by the Indian government, social protests and views of the people. From the bi-gram, we can further understand that there is news widely spoken about citizenship amendments, people rights and the actions of the ruling party.

> Times of India

# A tibble:	1,946 x 2		# /	\ tibble:	1,788 x 3	
word	n			word1	word2	n
<chr></chr>	<int></int>			<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1 delhi	573		1	delhi	election	110
<pre>2 election</pre>	326		2	election	result	104
3 2020	193		3	delhi	assembly	100
4 assembly	132		4	assembly	election	59
5 congress	129		5	delhi	delhi	59
6 result	106		6	delhi	polls	59
7 aap	99		7	2020	liveblog	58
8 bjp	99		8	congress	candidates	52
9 party	96		9	arvind	kejriwal	51
10 polls	91		10	63	congress	49
# with 1	L,936 more	rows	# .	with 1	L,778 more i	°OWS

Insights: The most common news published by Times of India covers information about the 2020 Delhi elections. From the bi-gram, we can further understand that there is news widely spoken about the victory of Arvind Kejriwal as the Chief Minister of Delhi (Dutt, 2020).

> Hindustan Times

```
# A tibble: 1,896 x 2
                                     # A tibble: 1,550 x 3
                                        word1
                                                     word2
  word
   <chr>>
            <int>
                                         <chr>
                                                     <chr>
                                                                <int>
 1 court
               46
                                        board
                                                     exams
 2 election
               34
                                        omar's
                                                     detention
                                                                    21
                                      3 chief
                                                     subhash
                                                                    20
 3 board
               33
                                                     chief
                                                                    20
 4 cricket
               32
                                      5 crushing
                                                     defeat
                                                                    20
 5 exams
               32
                                                                    20
                                      6 party's
                                                     crushing
 6 school
               32
                                                     casualty
                                                                    19
               32
                                        1st
 7 sports
                                      8 defeat
                                                     psa
                                                                   19
 8 party
               29
                                                     challenge
                                                                   19
                                      9 hear
               28
 9 people
                                     10 kejriwal's party
                                                                   19
               27
10 chief
                                     # ... with 1,540 more rows
# ... with 1,886 more rows
```

Insights: The most common news by Hindustan Times follows information related to Politics, Education and Sports. From the bi-gram, we can further

understand that there is news widely spoken about higher secondary Board Examinations, elections and specific political leaders.

> The Indian Express

# A tibble: 1,6	592 x 2	# A tibble: 1,327 x 3
word	n	word1 word2 n
	<int></int>	<chr> <chr> <chr></chr></chr></chr>
1 delhi	34	1 honey mahajan 8
2 police	31	2 rear admiral 8
3 government	28	3 worth rs 8
4 court	20	4 assembly polls 7
5 minister	18	5 chief minister 6
6 rs	18	6 farm house 6
7 women	18	7 government hospitals 6
8 bjp	16	8 mobile phones 6
9 party	16	9 sanjay vatsayan 6
10 people	16	10 admiral sanjay 5
# with 1,68	32 more rows	# with 1,317 more rows

Insights: The most common news by The Indian Express follows information related to Politics and Law. From the bi-gram, we can further understand that there is also news widely spoken about Military Personnel ('Admiral' – Commander of Naval squadron), Technology and Commerce.

Sentiment Analysis & Word Clouds

The following are the Sentiment Analysis in tidy format, bar chart & wordcloud (using nrc dictionary):

➤ Wall Street Journal

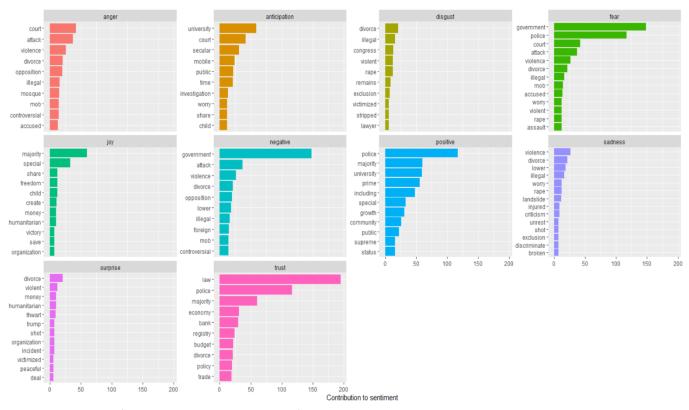
# /	A tibble: 344 x	x 3		# A tibble: 33	33 x 2	#	A tibble: 1	,409 x 3	
	word	sentiment	n	word	n		word	sentiment	n
	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>		<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1	protests	negative	123	1 protests	123	1	law	trust	195
2	critics	negative	46	2 critics	46	2	government	fear	148
3	attack	negative	37	3 attack	37	3	government	negative	148
4	protest	negative	35	4 protest	35	4	police	fear	117
5	support	positive	22	5 growth	31	5	police	positive	117
6	opposition	negative	20	6 violence	26	6	police	trust	117
7	illegal	negative	16	7 protesters	24	7	majority	joy	60
8	supreme	positive	16	8 arrested	23	8	majority	positive	60
9	controversial	negative	14	9 banned	22	9	majority	trust	60
10	led	positive	14	10 support	22	10	university	anticipation	59
#	with 334 mo	ore rows		# with 323	3 more rows	#	with 1,	399 more rows	

bing dictionary

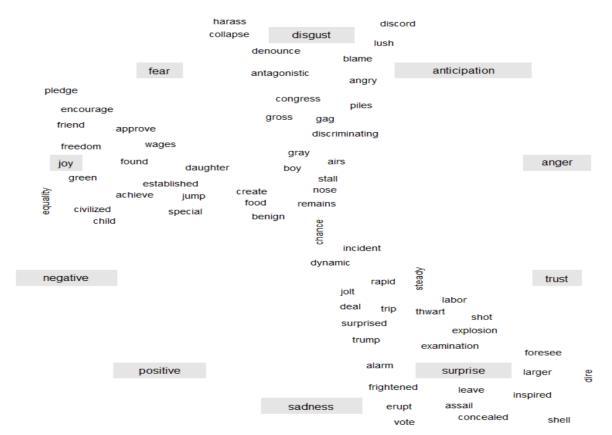
afinn dictionary

nrc dictionary

Bar Chart (Using nrc dictionary showing words' contribution to sentiment):



Word Cloud (Using nrc dictionary):



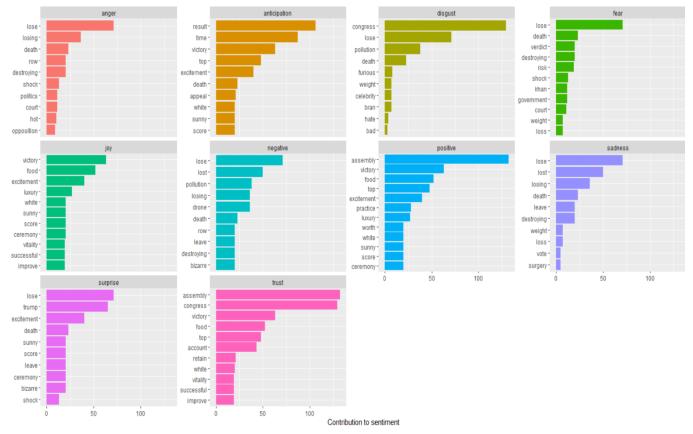
Insights: From the above charts, we can understand that Wall Street Journal articles have a strong use of words that relate to the sentiments, surprise and joy. When they publish political News, they also focus more on the views of the people which can be seen through the usage of the word 'protest' and other words used closer to the 'disgust' sentiment in the word cloud.

> Times of India

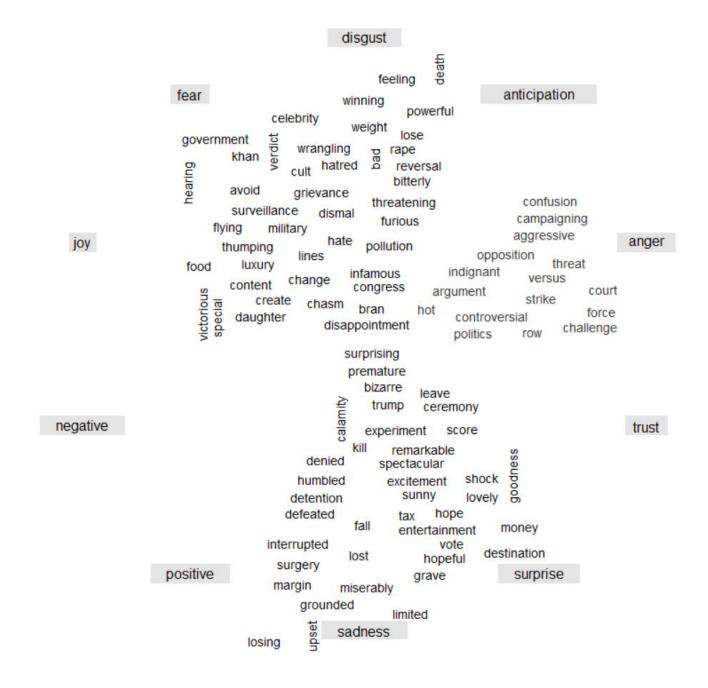
# A tibble: 1	70 x 3		# A tibble: 15	50 x 2	# /	A tibble:	662 x 3	
word	sentiment	n	word	n		word	sentiment	n
<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>		<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1 lose	negative	71	1 stop	63	1	assembly	positive	132
2 trump	positive	65	2 tortured	60	2	assembly	trust	132
3 victory	positive	63	3 lost	50	3	congress	disgust	129
4 fans	positive	60	4 top	48	4	congress	trust	129
5 tortured	negative	60	5 excitement	40	5	result	anticipation	106
6 lost	negative	50	6 shares	40	6	time	anticipation	87
7 top	positive	48	7 losing	36	7	lose	anger	71
8 breaking	negative	40	8 treasures	30	8	lose	disgust	71
<pre>9 excitement</pre>	positive	40	9 free	29	9	lose	fear	71
10 losing	negative	36	10 popular	26	10	lose	negative	71
# with 16	0 more rows	5	# with 140) more rows	#	with (652 more rows	

- bing dictionary
- afinn dictionary
- nrc dictionary

Bar Chart (Using nrc dictionary showing words' contribution to sentiment):



Word Cloud (Using nrc dictionary):



Insights: From the above charts, we can understand that Times of India articles have a strong use of words that relate to the sentiments, fear, disgust, sadness and anger. The word 'lose' has been used to drive different sentiments which is related to covering the Delhi Elections. The words 'assembly' and 'congress' also indicate that they are publishing many stories about political parties actively.

> Hindustan Times

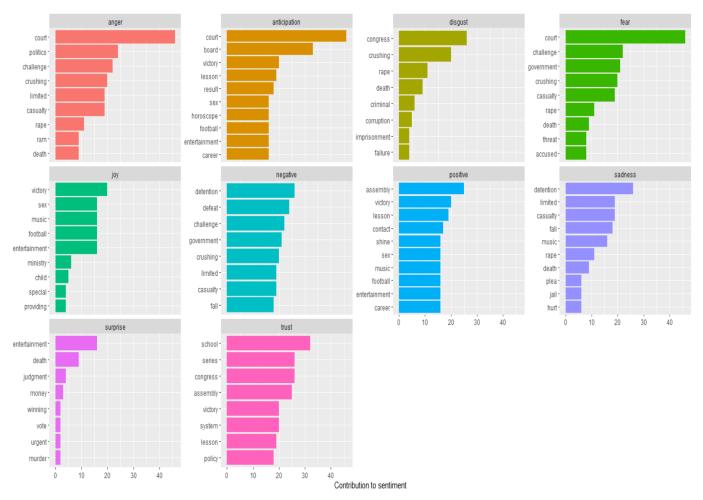
# A tibble:	189 x 3		# A tibble: 1	.70 x 2	# A tibble:	834 x 3	
word	sentiment	n	word	n	word	sentiment	n
		int>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1 defeat	positive	24	1 detention	26	1 court	anger	46
2 crushing	negative	20	2 challenge	22	2 court	anticipation	46
3 victory	positive	20	3 crushing	20	3 court	fear	46
4 wins	positive	20	4 wins	20	4 board	anticipation	33
5 casualty	negative	19	5 casualty	19	5 school	trust	32
6 limited	negative	19	6 limited	19	6 congress	disgust	26
7 promises	positive	19	7 promises	19	7 congress	trust	26
8 fall	negative	18	8 rape	11	8 detention	negative	26
9 shine	positive	16	9 death	9	9 detention	sadness	26
10 rape	negative	11	10 accused	8	10 series	trust	26
# with 1	179 more rows	S	# with 16	0 more rows	# with 8	24 more rows	

- bing dictionary

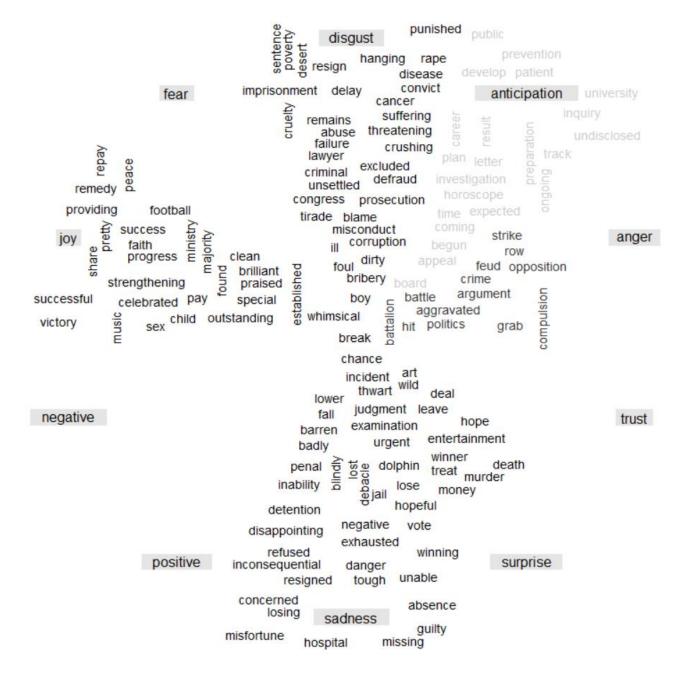
- afinn dictionary

- nrc dictionary

Bar Chart (Using nrc dictionary showing words' contribution to sentiment):



Word Cloud (Using nrc dictionary):

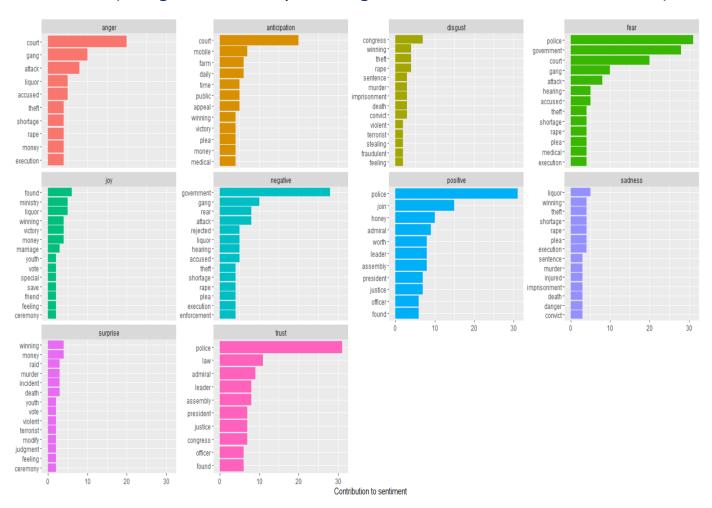


Insights: From the above charts, we can understand that Hindustan Times articles have a strong use of words that relate to the sentiments, anticipation, sadness, disgust and joy. The word 'court' has been used to drive different sentiments like anger, anticipation and fear. This relates to News on Law cases where readers anticipate the story. Similar words like 'criminal', 'punished', 'rape', etc. support the same sentiments.

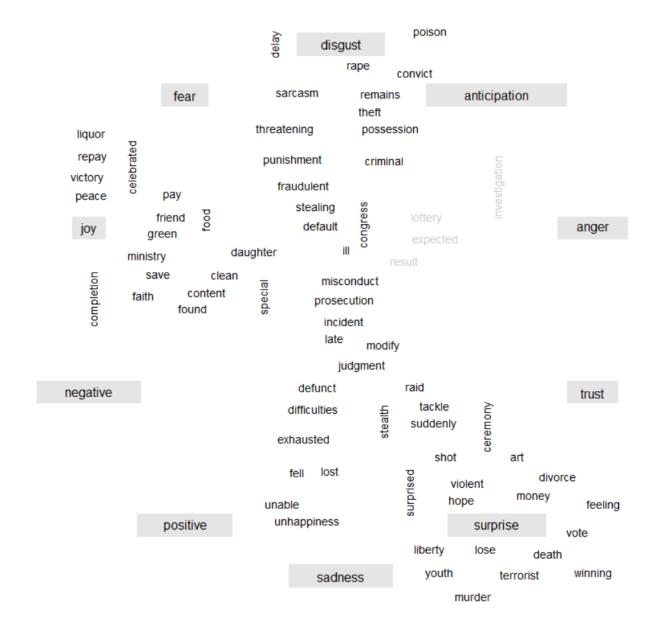
> The Indian Express

# A tibble: 10	61 x 3		# A tibble: 13	33 x 2	# A tibb	ole: 70	06 x 3	
word	sentiment	n	word	n	word		sentiment	n
<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<chr< td=""><td>></td><td><chr></chr></td><td><int></int></td></chr<>	>	<chr></chr>	<int></int>
1 attack	negative	8	1 join	15	1 polic	e	fear	31
2 protest	negative	8	2 attack	8	2 polic	e	positive	31
3 worth	positive	8	3 protest	8	3 polic	e	trust	31
4 protesting		7	4 worth	8	4 gover	nment	fear	28
5 appeal	positive	5	5 justice	7	5 gover	nment	negative	28
6 rejected	negative	5	6 protesting	7	6 court		anger	20
7 forged	negative	4	7 accused	5	7 court		anticipation	20
8 mercy	positive	4	8 rejected	5	8 court	İ	fear	20
9 plea	negative	4	9 arrested	4	9 join		positive	15
10 rape	negative	4	10 mercy	4	10 law		trust	11
# with 151 more rows			# with 123	3 more rows	# W	ith 696	more rows	
- bing dictionary			- afinn dicti	ionary	- nrc dictionary			

Bar Chart (Using nrc dictionary showing words' contribution to sentiment):



Word Cloud (Using nrc dictionary):

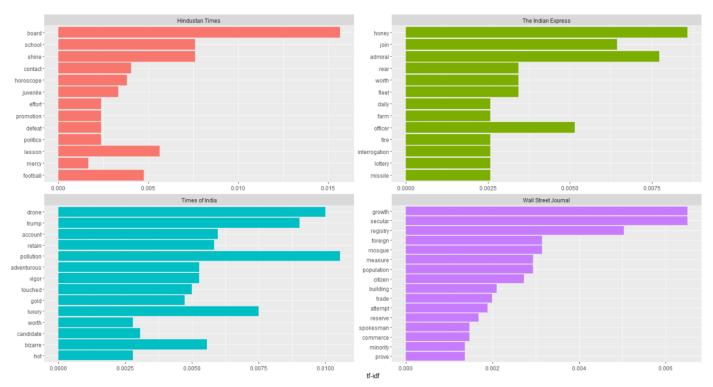


Insights: From the above charts, we can understand that The Indian Express articles have a strong use of words that relate to the sentiments, surprise, disgust and joy. The word 'police', 'government' and 'court' are widely used which contribute to different sentiments which involves News on several Law cases. The words 'money', and 'winning' contribute to the sentiment surprise, and joy indicating commerce or social News.

Finding Unique Trending News

The term frequency - inverse document frequency (tf-idf) is used to identify unique words from the articles of each newspaper. Though there are very common trending News, using tf-idf we can identify how newspapers differentiate themselves to their customers.

Bar graph using tf-idf:



Insights:

- Wall Street Journal focuses on a very broader scale of News comprising growth, people's rights, culture, trade and commerce.
- Times of India focuses on luxury, gold, technology and environmental News targeting youth, women and activists.
- Hindustan Times focuses on education and sports news targeting youth and entertainment sector.
- The Indian Express focuses more on specific Law cases, military news and other anticipatory news like lottery, social news, etc.

Conclusion

By using Text analytics techniques, unstructured trending News data on Indian National News of different Newspapers is transformed into structural data for data analysis.

The Sentiment analysis shows that different Newspapers express various sentiments using different style of writing to sell their News to their customers.

- Wall Street Journal sets a standard perspective to share quality information to students and professional class of people.
- Newspapers may focus on every aspect of a specific topic. For example,
 Times of India focuses on covering the Delhi Elections.
- Newspapers may also create awareness on pollution, new technology, education, etc.
- Newspapers may focus on articles that create surprise, joy and anticipation. For example, The Indian Express focuses on Law cases, social events, lottery, etc.

Finally, we found some unique news, sectors and customers that each Newspaper is targeting.

Reference

The Editors of Encyclopaedia Britannica. (2019, February 4). India. Retrieved from https://www.britannica.com/place/India/Cultural-institutions#ref487381

Dutt, B. (2020, February 11). Opinion | How this Delhi leader fought and defeated Modi's BJP - and why it matters. Retrieved from https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2020/02/11/how-this-delhi-leader-fought-defeated-modis-bjp-why-it-matters/