Straight Lines

12^{th} Maths - Chapter 10

This is Problem-12 from Exercise 10.2

1. Find the direction cosines of the vector $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$.

Solution: The direction cosines are the cosines of the angles formed by the given vector with the respective axes, let **A** be the given vector

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

The Directional vectors of x, y and z axes are given respectively

$$\mathbf{e_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{e_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{e_3} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

The magnitudes for A and directional vectors e_1, e_2, e_3 are

$$\|\mathbf{A}\| = \sqrt{14}, \|\mathbf{e_1}\| = \sqrt{1}, \|\mathbf{e_1}\| = \sqrt{1}, \|\mathbf{e_1}\| = \sqrt{1}$$
 (3)

The direction cosines of A can be expressed as

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{e_1}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{e_1}\|} \tag{4}$$

$$\cos \theta_2 = \frac{\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{e_2}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{e_2}\|} \tag{5}$$

$$\cos \theta_3 = \frac{\mathbf{A}^\top \mathbf{e_3}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{e_3}\|} \tag{6}$$

So the direction cosines of vector \mathbf{A} are

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \tag{7}$$

$$\cos \theta_2 = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}} \tag{8}$$

$$\cos \theta_3 = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}} \tag{9}$$