

Straight Lines

11th Maths - Chapter 10

This is Problem-8 from Exercise 2

1. Find the equation of line perpendicular distance from the origin is 5 units and the angle made by the perpendicular with the positive x -axis is 30°

Solution: The equation of a line is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^\top \mathbf{x} = c \quad (1)$$

Let the normal vector of the line is

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 30^\circ \\ \sin 30^\circ \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

The distance from the origin to the line is given by

$$d = \frac{|c|}{\|\mathbf{n}\|} \quad (3)$$

The magnitude for \mathbf{n} is

$$\|\mathbf{n}\| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} \quad (4)$$

$$= 1 \quad (5)$$

From (3)

$$c = d \|\mathbf{n}\| \quad (6)$$

$$= 5 \quad (7)$$

Then substituting them in (1) gives the equation of line

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{x} = 5 \quad (8)$$

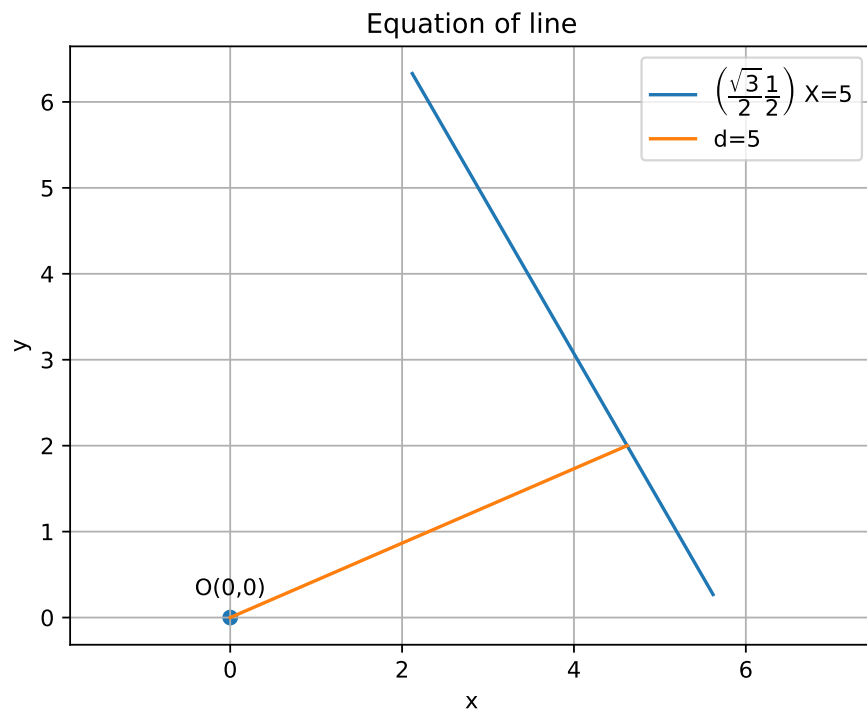


Figure 1