## **EXERCISE 7.1**

Expand each of the expressions in Exercises 1 to 5.

1. 
$$(1-2x)^5$$

2. 
$$\left(\frac{2}{x} - \frac{x}{2}\right)^5$$
 3.  $(2x - 3)^6$ 

3. 
$$(2x-3)^6$$

4. 
$$\left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{x}\right)^5$$
 5.  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^6$ 

Using binomial theorem, evaluate each of the following:

6. 
$$(96)^3$$

8. 
$$(101)^4$$

- 10. Using Binomial Theorem, indicate which number is larger  $(1.1)^{10000}$  or 1000.
- 11. Find  $(a+b)^4 (a-b)^4$ . Hence, evaluate  $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^4 (\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2})^4$ .
- 12. Find  $(x+1)^6 + (x-1)^6$ . Hence or otherwise evaluate  $(\sqrt{2} + 1)^6 + (\sqrt{2} 1)^6$ .
- 13. Show that  $9^{n+1} 8n 9$  is divisible by 64, whenever *n* is a positive integer.
- **14.** Prove that  $\sum_{r=0}^{n} 3^{r} {}^{n}C_{r} = 4^{n}$ .