EXERCISE 2.2

Prove the following:

1.
$$3\sin^{-1} x = \sin^{-1} (3x - 4x^3), x \in \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

2.
$$3\cos^{-1} x = \cos^{-1} (4x^3 - 3x), x \in \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$$

Write the following functions in the simplest form:

3.
$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2-1}}{x}, x \neq 0$$

3.
$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}$$
, $x \neq 0$ 4. $\tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos x}{1+\cos x}} \right)$, $0 < x < \pi$

5.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}\right), \frac{-\pi}{4} < x < \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

6.
$$\tan^{-1} \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$
, $|x| < a$

7.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3a^2x-x^3}{a^3-3ax^2}\right)$$
, $a>0$; $\frac{-a}{\sqrt{3}}< x < \frac{a}{\sqrt{3}}$

Find the values of each of the following:

8.
$$\tan^{-1} \left[2 \cos \left(2 \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

9.
$$\tan \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin^{-1} \frac{2x}{1+x^2} + \cos^{-1} \frac{1-y^2}{1+y^2} \right], |x| < 1, y > 0 \text{ and } xy < 1$$

Find the values of each of the expressions in Exercises 16 to 18.

10.
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

11.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$$

12.
$$\tan\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{3}{5} + \cot^{-1}\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

13.
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\cos\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$$
 is equal to

(A)
$$\frac{7\pi}{6}$$
 (B) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ (C) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

(B)
$$\frac{5\pi}{6}$$

(C)
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

(D)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

14.
$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \sin^{-1}(-\frac{1}{2})\right)$$
 is equal to

(A)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(B) = \frac{1}{3}$$

(A)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (B) $\frac{1}{3}$ (C) $\frac{1}{4}$

15.
$$\tan^{-1} \sqrt{3} - \cot^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$$
 is equal to

(D)
$$2\sqrt{3}$$