Intro to Node Lab

In this lab we'll learn about node and we'll do it by creating a bona-fide web server with Node and Express. These two are usually used together. We'll also create a development environment in webpack/npm that will monitor changes to our source files and re-start whenever any of them change.

Let's start with the node/express web server.

Creating your node web server script

1. Run this command:

```
npm install --save-dev express body-parser nodemon
Create a new file called server.js
3. At the top, pull in library modules like this:
const express = require('express');
const path = require('path');
const bodyParser = require('body-parser');
Add some lines to process http requests:
const app = express();
const port = process.env.PORT || 5000;
app.use(bodyParser.json());
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
app.get('/marco', function (req, res) {
  return res.send("polo");
});
app.listen(port, () => console.log(`Listening on port ${port}`));
5. Let's test it! Open a new bash window and run
node ./server.js
```

It will tell you that it is waiting for a request on port 5000.

- 6. Open a browser and navigate to http://localhost:5000. It should give you a 404 Not found.
- 7. Now navigate to http://localhost:5000/marco. Did it respond with "Polo"? If so, we now have a web server listening for web requests and serving responses. But "Marco" and "Polo" are kind of limiting. Let's tell it to serve real pages.

Serving real pages

8. Edit server.is. Add this before the app.listen:

```
app.use(express.static(path.join(__dirname, 'dist')));
```

This tells node to look in the "dist" directory for any files asked for and serve them.

9. Stop the server and re-start it. Navigate to http://localhost:5000/index.html. You should be seeing the index.html page you created earlier.

Creating a development environment

Think you might get tired of having to stop and re-start the server each time you make changes? It would be cool if we could set up the system so that every time you save a change to the server it restarts automatically. That's what nodemon does.

```
10. Install nodemon via npm.
npm install nodemon --save-dev
11. Edit package.json. Create a new "script" entry. Make it look like this: "server": "nodemon server.js"
12. Open a bash window and type in npm run server
```

- Assuming that there were no errors, you should be able to browse to localhost:5000 and see index.html in your browser.
- 13. Make a change to server.js. Any change will do. If you want a suggestion, you can change the line where you listen for "marco". Have it respond with something other than "polo".
- 14. When you hit save, notice that the node web server automatically restarts.
- 15. Let's do the same for our client-side source code with webpack. Edit package.json and add a new script entry:
- "build-dev": "eslint src --ext .js && webpack --watch",
- 16. Save. Then run "npm run build-dev". Browse to your main page.

npm run dev

17. While it is running, make a change to index.js and save it. Notice that webpack sees the change and re-compiles!

Now this is cool and all but npm can't run both node and webpack in watch mode without a little assist. We're going to give it that assist with a final library called "concurrently".

18. First, install conncurrently using npm:
npm install concurrently --save-dev
19. Then add this as a sciprt:
"dev": "concurrently --kill-others 'npm run build-dev' 'npm run server'"
20. Save. Then run this:

21. Your client-side source code should compile and your webserver should start up. Any change to any source code file should trigger a re-compile and restart. Try it out!

Kind of cool, right? Once you've got them both running, you can be finished with this lab.