

Managing and monitoring groups

Active IQ Unified Manager 9.11

NetApp July 19, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/active-iq-unified-manager/health-checker/concept_what_group_is.html on July 19, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

anaging and monitoring groups	1
Understanding groups	1
Adding groups	4
Editing groups	4
Deleting groups	4
Adding group rules	5
Editing group rules	6
Deleting group rules	7
Adding group actions	7
Editing group actions	8
Configuring volume health thresholds for groups	8
Deleting group actions	8
Reordering group actions	9

Managing and monitoring groups

You can create groups in Unified Manager to manage storage objects.

Understanding groups

You can create groups in Unified Manager to manage storage objects. Understanding the concepts about groups and how group rules enable you to add storage objects to a group will help you to manage the storage objects in your environment.

What a group is

A group is a dynamic collection of heterogeneous storage objects (clusters, SVMs, or volumes). You can create groups in Unified Manager to easily manage a set of storage objects. The members in a group might change, depending on the storage objects that are monitored by Unified Manager at a point in time.

- Each group has a unique name.
- You must configure a minimum of one group rule for each group.
- You can associate a group with more than one group rule.
- Each group can include multiple types of storage objects such as clusters, SVMs, or volumes.
- Storage objects are dynamically added to a group based on when a group rule is created or when Unified Manager completes a monitoring cycle.
- You can simultaneously apply actions on all the storage objects in a group such as setting thresholds for volumes.

How group rules work for groups

A group rule is a criterion that you define to enable storage objects (volumes, clusters, or SVMs) to be included in a specific group. You can use condition groups or conditions for defining group rule for a group.

- · You must associate a group rule to a group.
- You must associate an object type for a group rule; only one object type is associated for a group rule.
- Storage objects are added or removed from the group after each monitoring cycle or when a rule is created, edited, or deleted.
- A group rule can have one or more condition groups, and each condition group can have one or more conditions.
- Storage objects can belong to multiple groups based on group rules you create.

Conditions

You can create multiple condition groups, and each condition group can have one or more conditions. You can apply all the defined condition groups in a group rule for groups in order to specify which storage objects are included in the group.

Conditions within a condition group are executed using logical AND. All the conditions in a condition group must be met. When you create or modify a group rule, a condition is created that applies, selects, and groups only those storage objects that satisfy all conditions in the condition group. You can use multiple conditions within a condition group when you want to narrow the scope of which storage objects to include in a group.

You can create conditions with storage objects by using the following operands and operator and specifying the required value.

Storage object type	Applicable operands
Volume	Object name
	Owning cluster name
	Owning SVM name
	Annotations
SVM	Object name
	Owning cluster name
	Annotations
Cluster	Object name
	Annotations

When you select annotation as an operand for any storage object, the "Is" operator is available. For all other operands, you can select either "Is" or "Contains" as operator.

Operand

The list of operands in Unified Manager changes based on the selected object type. The list includes the object name, owning cluster name, owning SVM name, and annotations that you define in Unified Manager.

Operator

The list of operators changes based on the selected operand for a condition. The operators supported in Unified Manager are "Is" and "Contains".

When you select the "Is" operator, the condition is evaluated for exact match of operand value to the value provided for the selected operand.

When you select the "Contains" operator, the condition is evaluated to meet one of the following criteria:

- The operand value is an exact match to the value provided for the selected operand
- The operand value contains the value provided for the selected operand

Value

The value field changes based on the operand selected.

Example of a group rule with conditions

Consider a condition group for a volume with the following two conditions:

- · Name contains "vol"
- SVM name is "data svm"

This condition group selects all volumes that include "vol" in their names and that are hosted on SVMs with the name "data svm".

Condition groups

Condition groups are executed using logical OR, and then applied to storage objects. The storage objects must satisfy one of the condition groups to be included in a group. The storage objects of all the condition groups are combined. You can use condition groups to increase the scope of storage objects to include in a group.

Example of a group rule with condition groups

Consider two condition groups for a volume, with each group containing the following two conditions:

- Condition group 1
 - Name contains "vol"
 - SVM name is "data_svm" Condition group 1 selects all volumes that include "vol" in their names and that are hosted on SVMs with the name "data svm".
- Condition group 2
 - Name contains "vol"
 - The annotation value of data-priority is "critical" Condition group 2 selects all volumes that include "vol" in their names and that are annotated with the data-priority annotation value as "critical".

When a group rule containing these two condition groups is applied on storage objects, then the following storage objects are added to a selected group:

- All volumes that include "vol" in their names and that are hosted on the SVM with the name "data svm".
- All volumes that include "vol" in their names and that are annotated with the data-priority annotation value "critical".

How group actions work on storage objects

A group action is an operation that is performed on all the storage objects in a group. For example, you can configure volume threshold group action to simultaneously change the volume threshold values of all volumes in a group.

Groups support unique group action types. You can have a group with only one volume health threshold group action type. However, you can configure a different type of group action, if available, for the same group. The rank of a group action determines the order in which the action is applied to storage objects. The details page of a storage object provides information about which group action is applied on the storage object.

Example of unique group actions

Consider a volume A that belongs to groups G1 and G2, and the following volume health threshold group actions are configured for these groups:

- Change capacity threshold group action with rank 1, for configuring the capacity of the volume
- Change snapshot copies group action with rank 2, for configuring the Snapshot copies of the volume

The Change_capacity_threshold group action always takes priority over the Change_snapshot_copies group action and is applied to volume A. When Unified Manager completes one cycle of monitoring, the health threshold related events of volume A are re-evaluated per the Change_capacity_threshold group action. You cannot configure another volume threshold type of group action for either G1 or G2 group.

Adding groups

You can create groups to combine clusters, volumes, and storage virtual machines (SVMs) for ease of management.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

You can define group rules to add or remove members from the group and to modify group actions for the group.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the Groups tab, click Add.
- 3. In the Add Group dialog box, enter a name and description for the group.
- 4. Click Add.

Editing groups

You can edit the name and description of a group that you created in Unified Manager.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

When you edit a group to update the name, you must specify a unique name; you cannot use an existing group name.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Groups** tab, select the group that you want to edit, and then click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Group** dialog box, change the name, description, or both for the group.
- 4. Click Save.

Deleting groups

You can delete a group from Unified Manager when the group is no longer required.

What you'll need

- None of the storage objects (clusters, SVMs, or volumes) must be associated with any group rule that is associated with the group that you want to delete.
- You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Groups** tab, select the group that you want to delete, and then click **Delete**.
- 3. In the **Warning** dialog box, confirm the deletion by clicking **Yes**.

Deleting a group does not delete the group actions that are associated with the group. However, these group actions will be unmapped after the group is deleted.

Adding group rules

You can create group rules for a group to dynamically add storage objects such as volumes, clusters, or storage virtual machines (SVMs) to the group. You must configure at least one condition group with at least one condition to create a group rule.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Storage objects that are currently monitored are added as soon as the group rule is created. New objects are added only after the monitoring cycle is completed.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Rules** tab, click **Add**.
- 3. In the Add Group Rule dialog box, specify a name for the group rule.
- 4. In the **Target Object Type** field, select the type of storage object that you want to group.
- 5. In the **Group** field, select the required group for which you want to create group rules.
- 6. In the **Conditions** section, perform the following steps to create a condition, a condition group, or both:

To create	Do this
A condition	a. Select an operand from the list of operands.
	b. Select either Contains or Is as the operator.
	c. Enter a value, or select a value from the available list.

To create	Do this
A condition group	a. Click Add Condition Group
	b. Select an operand from the list of operands.
	c. Select either Contains or Is as the operator.
	d. Enter a value, or select a value from the available list.
	e. Click Add condition to create more conditions if required, and repeat steps a through d for each condition.

7. Click Add.

Example for creating a group rule

Perform the following steps in the Add Group Rule dialog box to create a group rule, including configuring a condition and adding a condition group:

Steps

- 1. Specify a name for the group rule.
- 2. Select the object type as storage virtual machine (SVM).
- 3. Select a group from the list of groups.
- 4. In the Conditions section, select **Object Name** as the operand.
- 5. Select **Contains** as the operator.
- 6. Enter the value as svm data.
- 7. Click Add condition group.
- 8. Select **Object Name** as the operand.
- 9. Select **Contains** as the operator.
- 10. Enter the value as vol.
- 11. Click Add condition.
- 12. Repeat steps 8 through 10 by selecting **data-priority** as the operand in step 8, **Is** as the operator in step 9, and **critical** as the value in step 10.
- 13. Click Add to create the condition for the group rule.

Editing group rules

You can edit group rules to modify the condition groups and the conditions within a condition group to add or remove storage objects to or from a specific group.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the Group Rules tab, select the group rule that you want to edit, and then click Edit.
- 3. In the **Edit Group Rule** dialog box, change the group rule name, associated group name, condition groups, and conditions as required.



You cannot change the target object type for a group rule.

Click Save.

Deleting group rules

You can delete a group rule from Active IQ Unified Manager when the group rule is no longer required.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

When a group rule is deleted, the associated storage objects will be removed from the group.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Rules** tab, select the group rule that you want to delete, and then click **Delete**.
- 3. In the Warning dialog box, confirm the deletion by clicking Yes.

Adding group actions

You can configure group actions that you want to apply to storage objects in a group. Configuring actions for a group enables you to save time, because you do not have to add these actions to each object individually.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- In the Group Actions tab, click Add.
- 3. In the Add Group Action dialog box, enter a name and description for the action.
- 4. From the **Group** menu, select a group for which you want to configure the action.
- 5. From the **Action Type** menu, select an action type.

The dialog box expands, enabling you to configure the selected action type with required parameters.

- 6. Enter appropriate values for the required parameters to configure a group action.
- 7. Click Add.

Editing group actions

You can edit the group action parameters that you configured in Unified Manager, such as the group action name, description, associated group name, and parameters of the action type.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Actions** tab, select the group action that you want to edit, and then click **Edit**.
- 3. In the **Edit Group Action** dialog box, change the group action name, description, associated group name, and parameters of the action type, as required.
- Click Save.

Configuring volume health thresholds for groups

You can configure group-level volume health thresholds for capacity, Snapshot copies, qtree quotas, growth, and inodes.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

The volume health threshold type of group action is applied only on volumes of a group.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Actions** tab, click **Add**.
- 3. Enter a name and description for the group action.
- From the Group drop-down box, select a group for which you want to configure group action.
- 5. Select **Action Type** as the volume health threshold.
- 6. Select the category for which you want to set the threshold.
- 7. Enter the required values for the health threshold.
- 8. Click Add.

Deleting group actions

You can delete a group action from Unified Manager when the group action is no longer required.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

When you delete the group action for the volume health threshold, global thresholds are applied to the storage objects in that group. Any object-level health thresholds that are set on the storage object are not impacted.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Actions** tab, select the group action that you want to delete, and then click **Delete**.
- 3. In the **Warning** dialog box, confirm the deletion by clicking **Yes**.

Reordering group actions

You can change the order of the group actions that are to be applied to the storage objects in a group. Group actions are applied to storage objects sequentially based on their rank. The lowest rank is assigned to the group action that you configured last. You can change the rank of the group action depending on your requirements.

What you'll need

You must have the Application Administrator or Storage Administrator role.

You can select either a single row or multiple rows, and then perform multiple drag-and-drop operations to change the rank of group actions. However, you must save the changes for the re-prioritization to be reflected in the group actions grid.

Steps

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Storage Management > Groups**.
- 2. In the **Group Actions** tab, click **Reorder**.
- 3. In the **Reorder Group Actions** dialog box, drag and drop the rows to rearrange the sequence of group actions as required.
- 4. Click Save.

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.