

TFD: Writing Unit Tests

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Topics

**Test
Projects**

Test Attributes

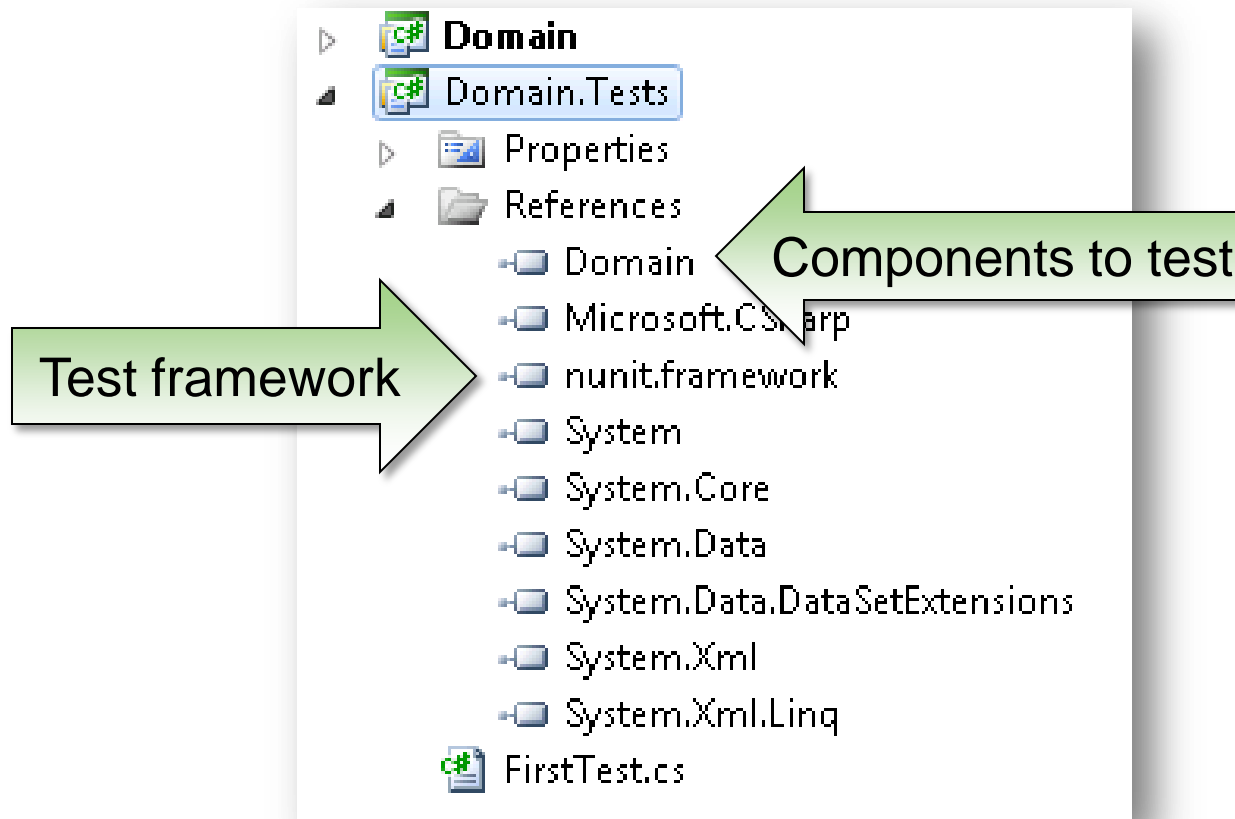
Test Fixtures

Test Runners

Test Tips

Setting Up A Test Project

- Tests live in a separate class library project



A First Test

Attributes
enable unit test
functionality

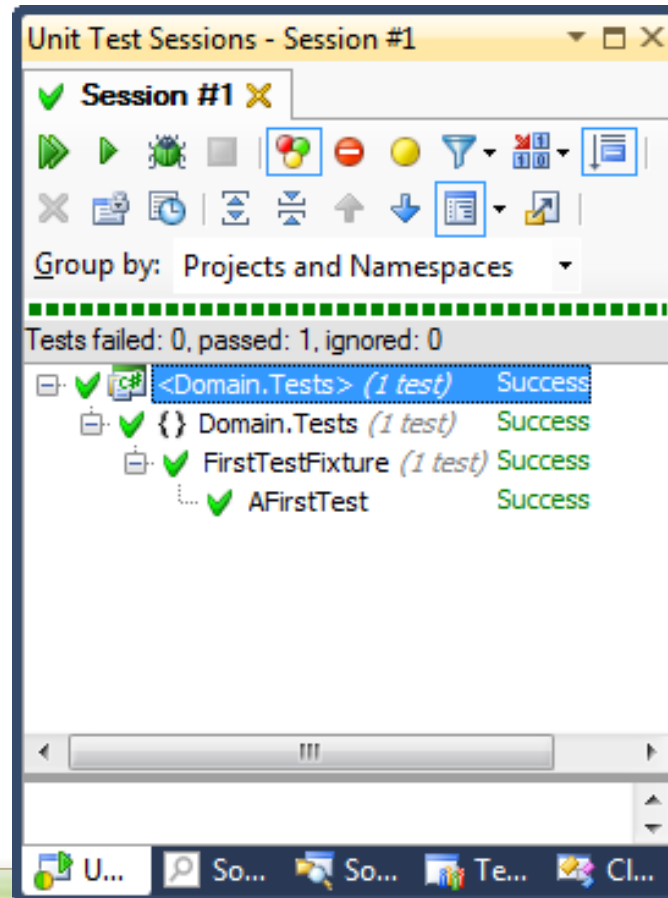
This test
passes
unless the
assert fails

```
using NUnit.Framework;

namespace Domain.Tests
{
    [TestFixture]
    public class FirstTestFixture
    {
        [Test]
        public void AFirstTest()
        {
            Assert.IsTrue(true, "true is true!");
        }
    }
}
```

Running Tests

- Test runner find, execute, and collect test results
 - Run all tests or subset of tests
 - Debug into tests



Our TFD Scenario

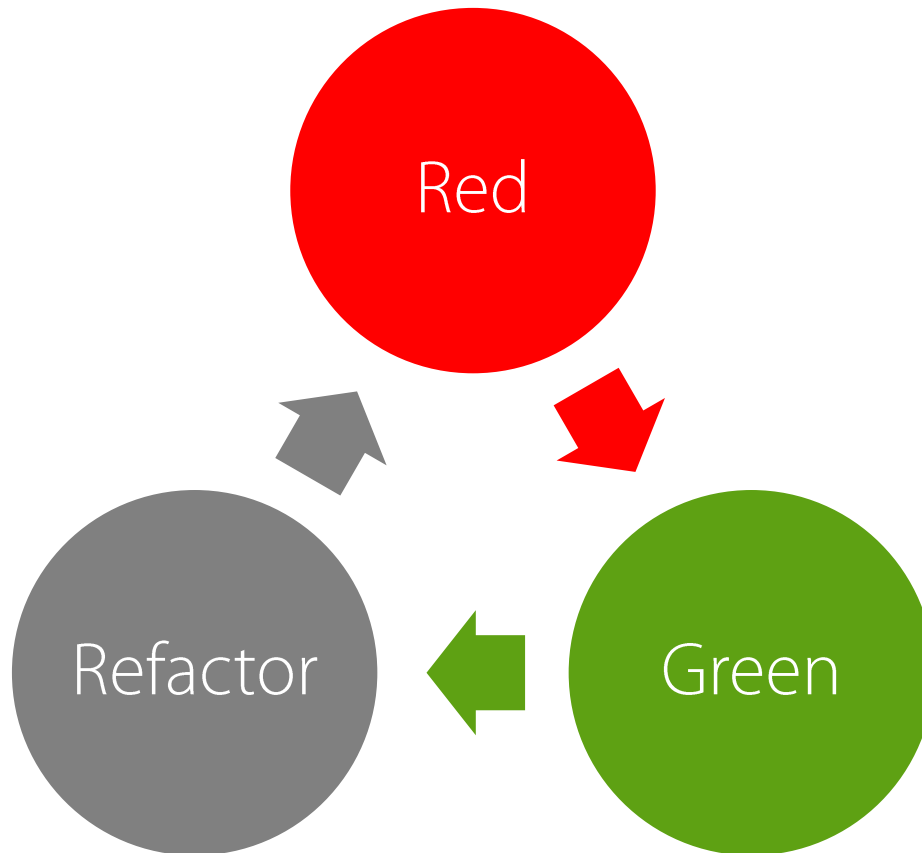
Take a collection of measurements ...

```
public class Measurement
{
    public double HighValue { get; set; }
    public double LowValue { get; set; }
}
```

... and put them in groups of arbitrary size



Test Driven Development



1. Create a failing test

Red

2. Make the test pass

Green

3. Refactor

Improve the internal implementation without changing the external contract or behavior

TFD - Assertions

- Use one logical assertion per test
 - Strive for a single statement with a focused Assert



```
[Test]
public void the_order_is_canceled()
{
    var customer = CreateCustomer();
    Assert.IsNotNull(customer);

    customer.PlaceOrder();
    Assert.IsTrue(customer.HasOrder);

    customer.CancelOrder();
    Assert.IsFalse(customer.HasOrder);
}
```


Test Code Is Important, Too

- Keep test code maintainable and DRY.



Test Qualities

Repeatable

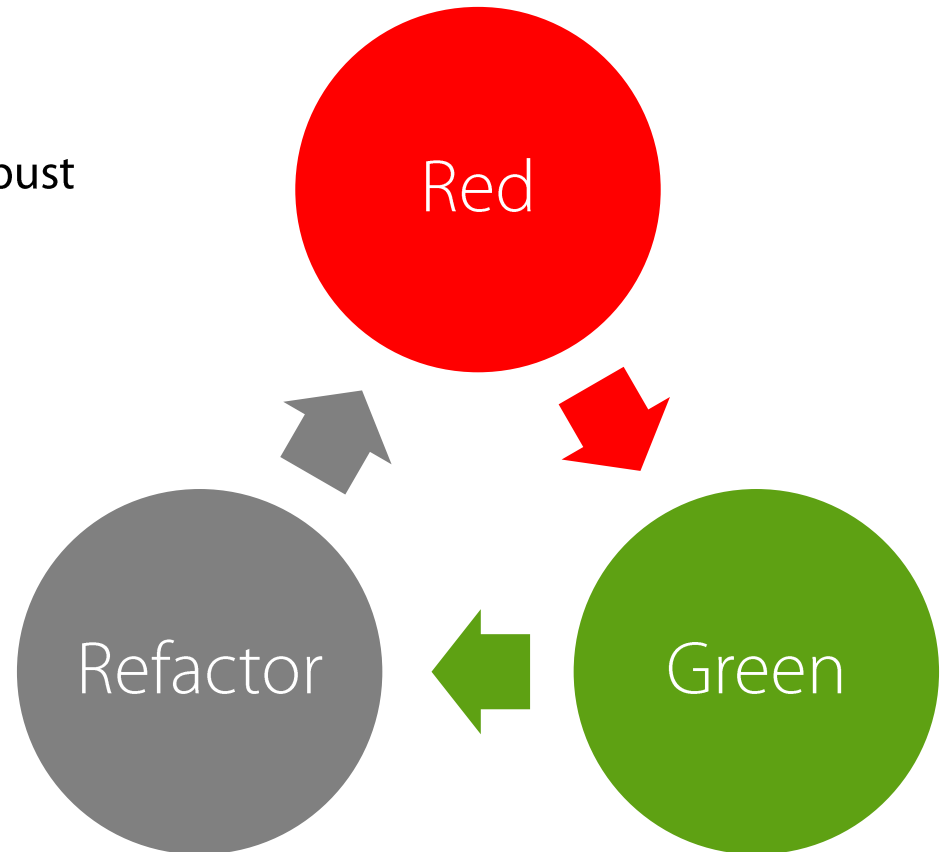
- Tests shouldn't fail after 6 pm

Independent

- Tests shouldn't rely on state from another test

Test First Design

- **Test only public members**
 - Makes you think like a client
 - Bonus: make the tests more robust



Summary

Write tests in a
separate
project

Stick with red-
green-refactor

Treat test code
with respect

Keep
practicing and
learning