

Assessment -11

Auto-Scaling & Load-Balancing

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1.Differences between ELB, ALB, and NLB. Where will you use which one?

	CLB	ALB	NLB
Protocols	TCP, SSL/TLS, HTTP, HTTPS	HTTP, HTTPS	TCP, TLS
Performance (a higher number is slower): the ability to handle more traffic	2	3	1 (fastest)
Host/Path-based routing	No	Yes	No
Sticky Session (for session- based applications)	Yes (redirect to the same machine)	Yes (redirect to the same target)	No
Static/Elastic IP	No	No	Yes
Load balancing to multiple ports on the same instance	No	Yes	Yes
Configurable idle connection timeout	Yes	Yes	No

- Have an AWS environment comprised of clearly defined services that can each be mapped to a specific address? **CLB will work for you.**
- Have a microservice architecture or a container-based infrastructure? Select ALB or NLB.
- Need host/path-based routing? Choose ALB.
- Want load balancer-generated cookies? **Select ALB.**
- Need support for both static and elastic IP addresses? **Go with NLB.**
- Want to support configurable idle connection timeout? Either CLB or ALB can do this.

2. Differences between step scaling and target scaling.

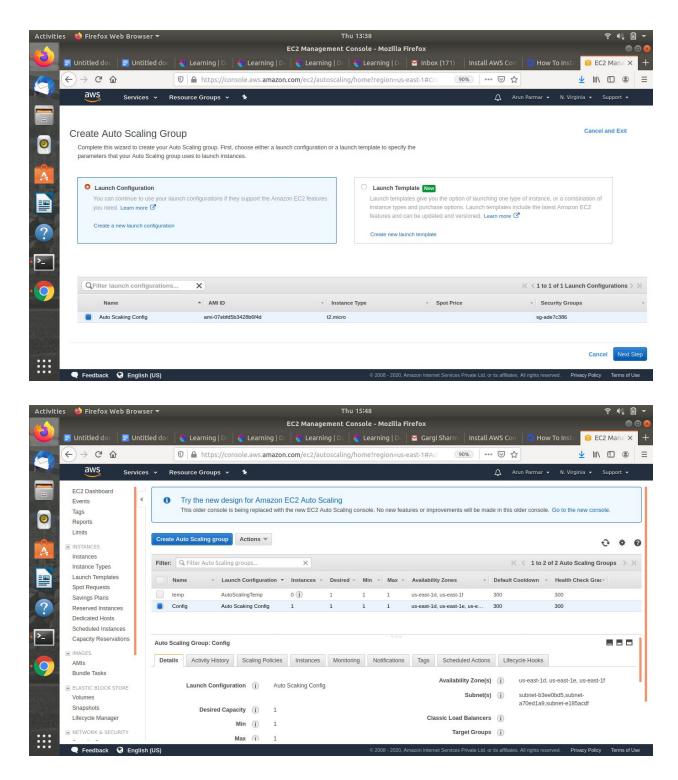
• Target tracking scaling:- Based on the target value for a specific metric, Increase or decrease the current capacity of the auto scaling group. All you do is pick CPU Utilization(Your metric and example for this post) set the value and that's it, auto scaling does the rest adding and removing the capacity in order to keep your metric(CPU utilization) as close as possible to the target value.

- Step scaling:- Based on a set of scaling adjustments, increase or decrease the current capacity of the group that vary based on the size of the alarm breach. For example:
 - Threshold A add 1 instance when CPU Utilization is between 40% and 50%
 - Threshold B add 2 instances when CPU Utilization is between 50% and 70%
 - Threshold C add 3 instances when CPU Utilization is between 70% and 90%
- 3. Differences between Launch configuration and launch template.

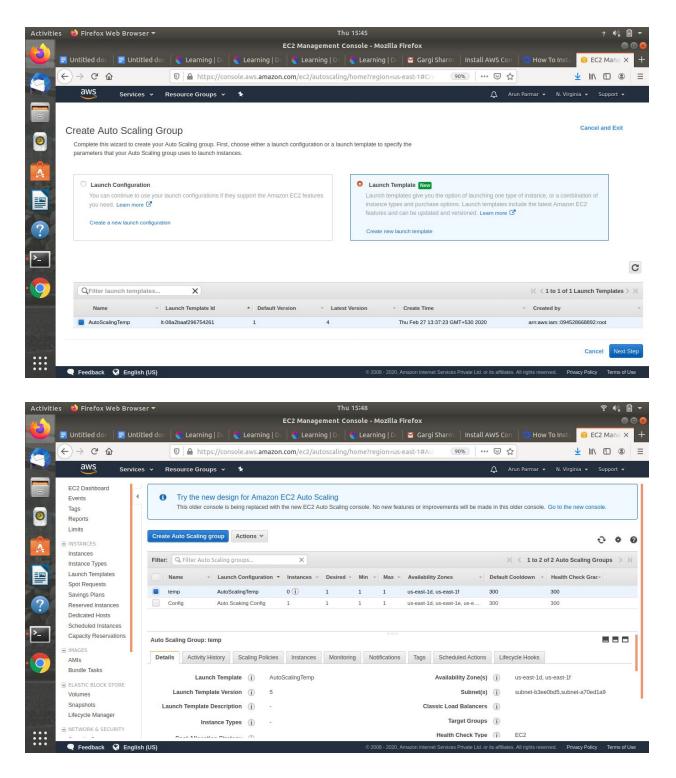
Launch template is similar to launch configuration which usually Auto Scaling group uses to launch EC2 instances. However, defining a launch template instead of a launch configuration allows you to have multiple versions of a template.

AWS recommends that we should use launch templates instead of launch configurations to ensure that we can leverage the latest features of Amazon EC2, such as T2 Unlimited instances.

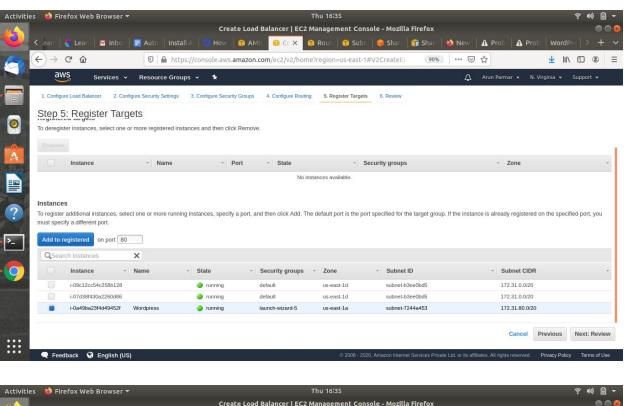
- 4 Differences between EC2 health check and load balancer health check
- **EC2 health check** watches for instance availability from hypervisor and networking point of view. For example, in case of a hardware problem, the check will fail. Also, if an instance was misconfigured and doesn't respond to network requests, it will be marked as faulty.
- **ELB health check** verifies that a specified TCP port on an instance is accepting connections OR a specified web page returns 2xx code. Thus ELB health checks are a little bit smarter and verify that actual app works instead of verifying that just an instance works.
- 5. Create 2 auto-scaling groups with
 - launch configuration

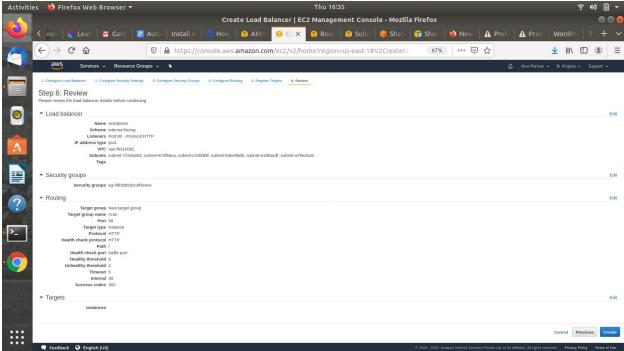


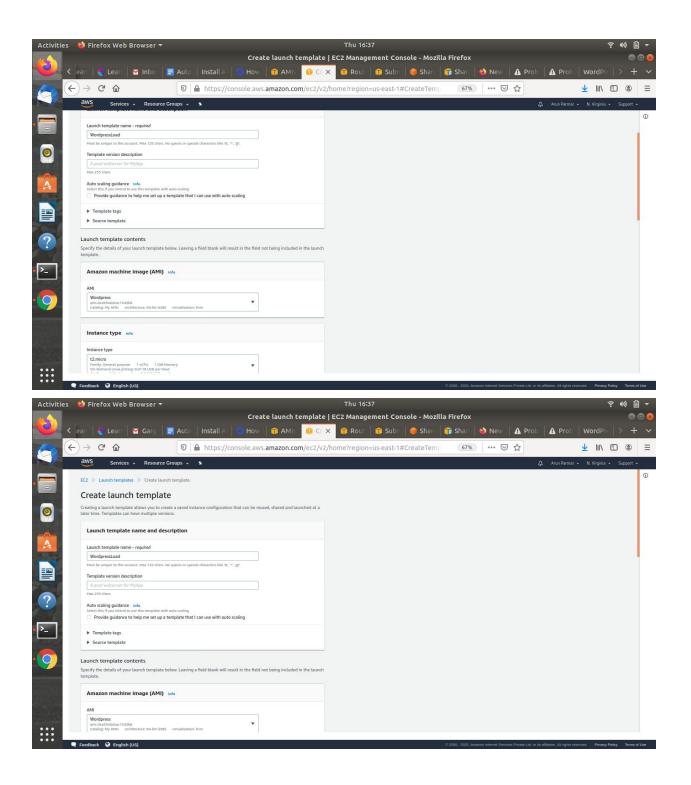
• launch template

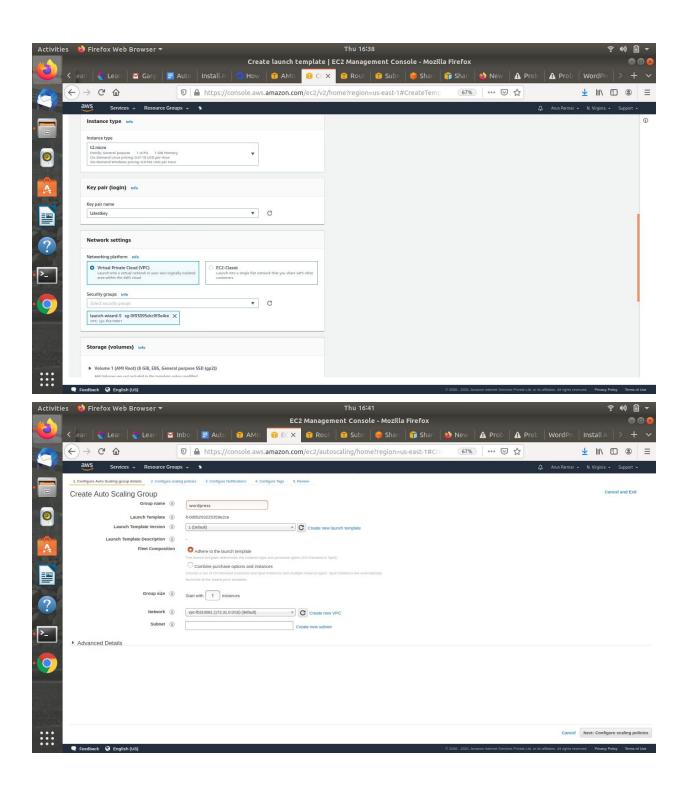


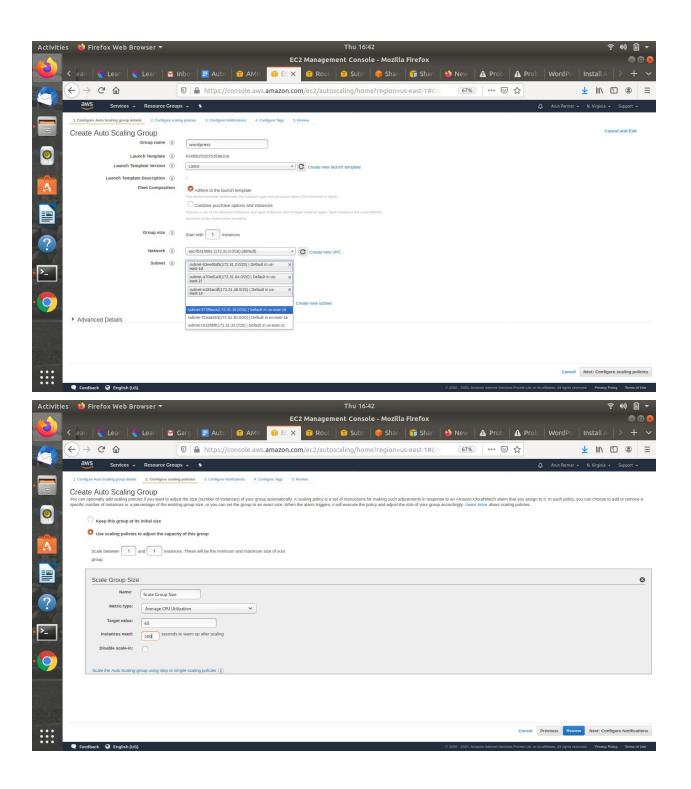
6. Setup autoscaling Wordpress application with the Application load balancer. Auto-scaling should be triggered based on CPU usage of EC2 instances.

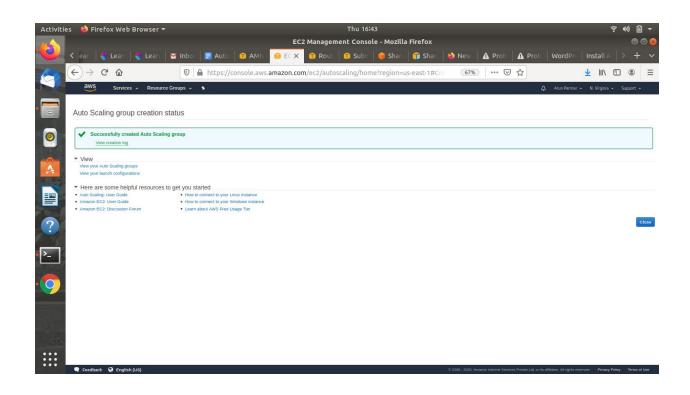


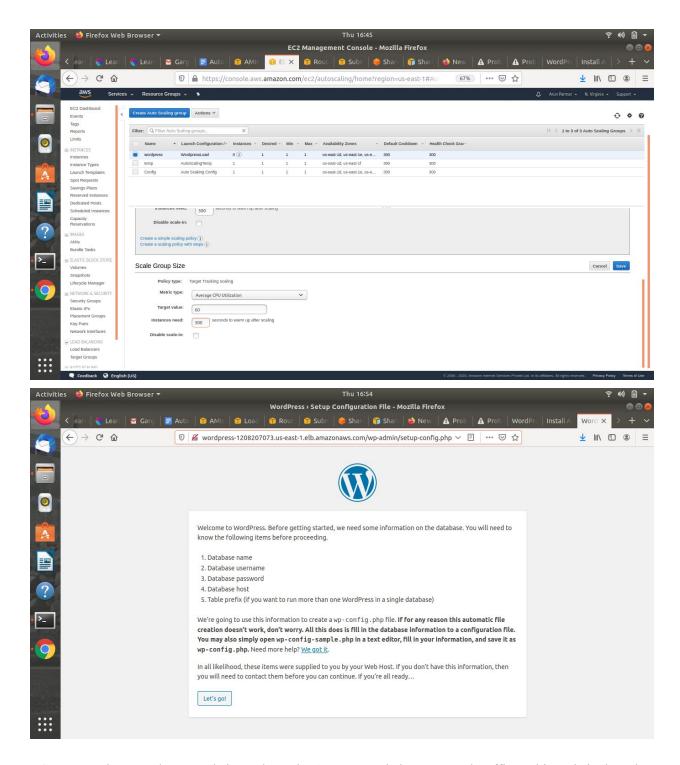




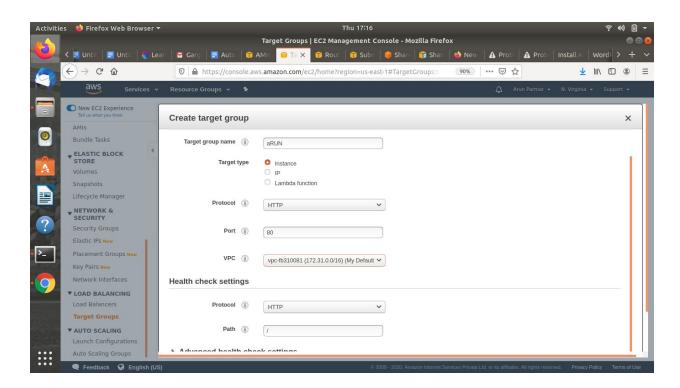




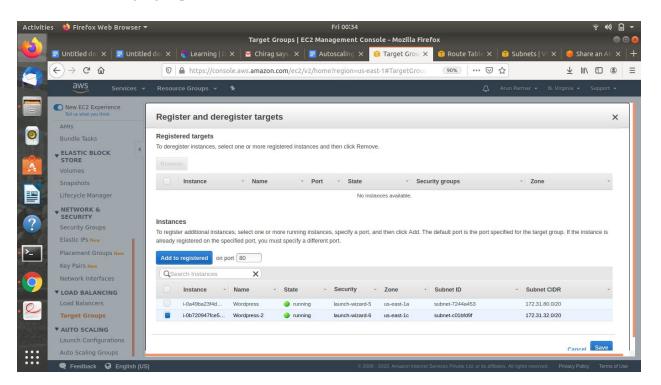




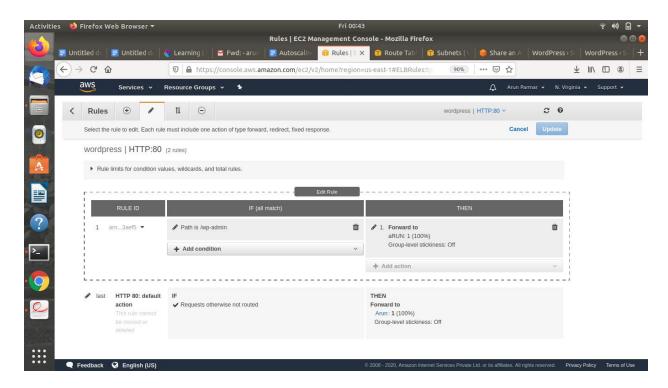
- 7. Create another Wordpress website and use the ALB created above to send traffic to this website based on the hostname
 - Create another target group



Add instances to target group (ASG2)

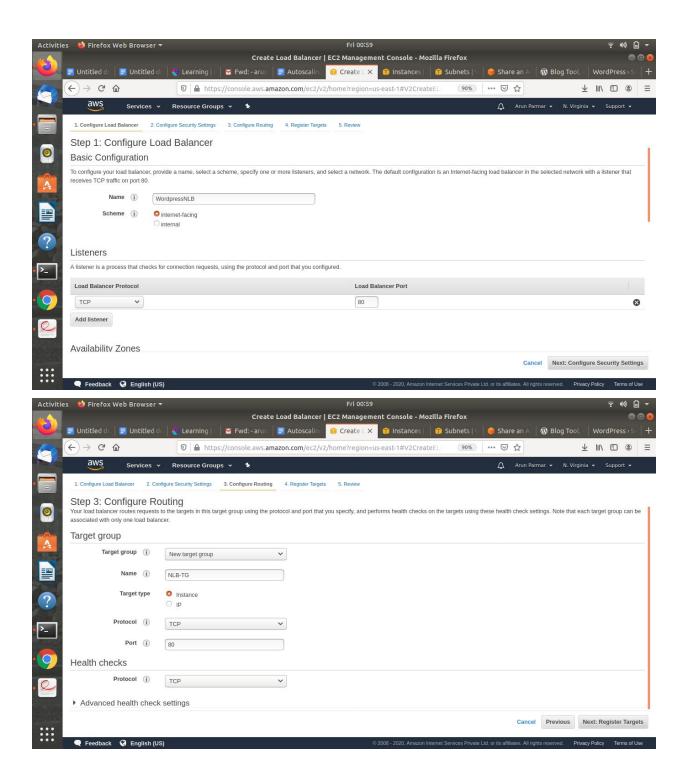


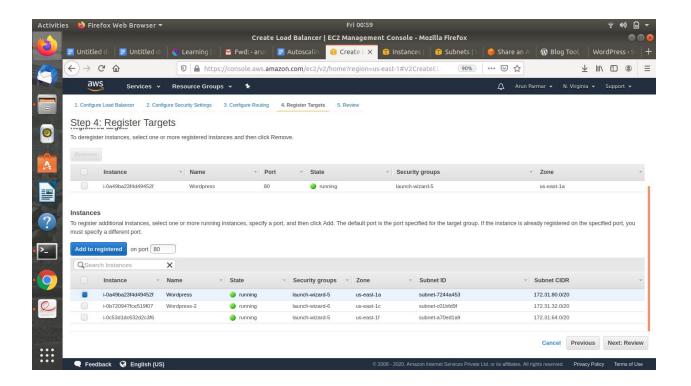
Select load balancer and go to view and edit rules

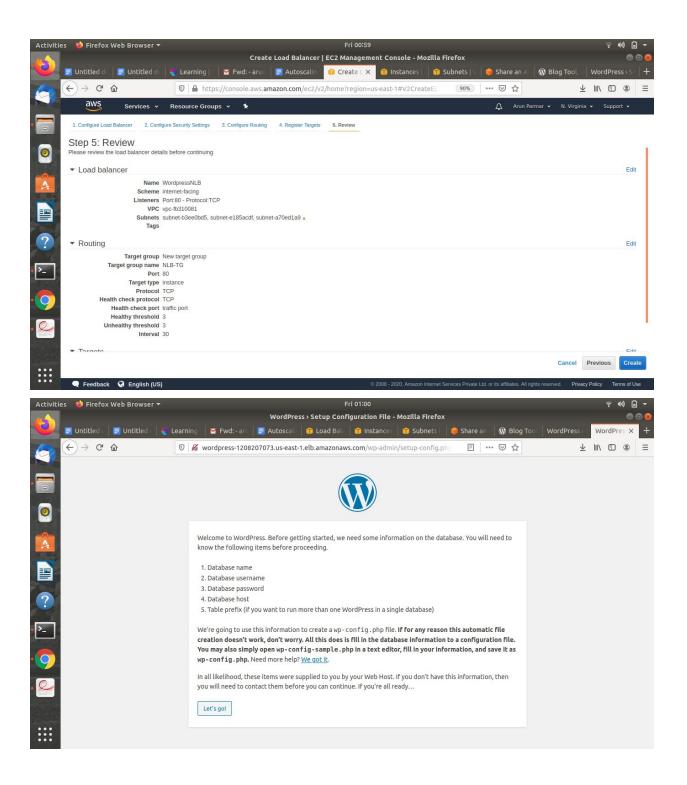


Output with ALB & Output with ALB/wp-admin will be different.

8.Use NLB that replaces the ALB in the above setup.

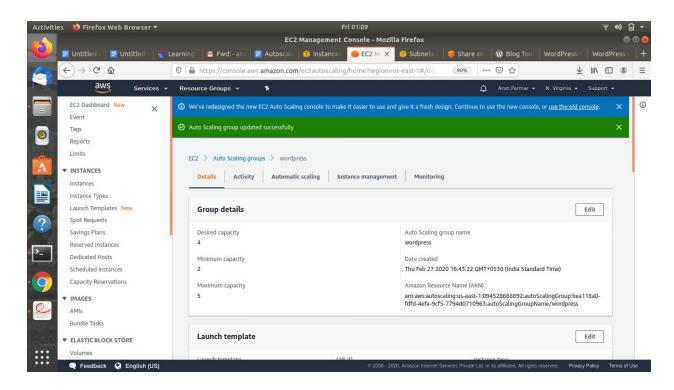




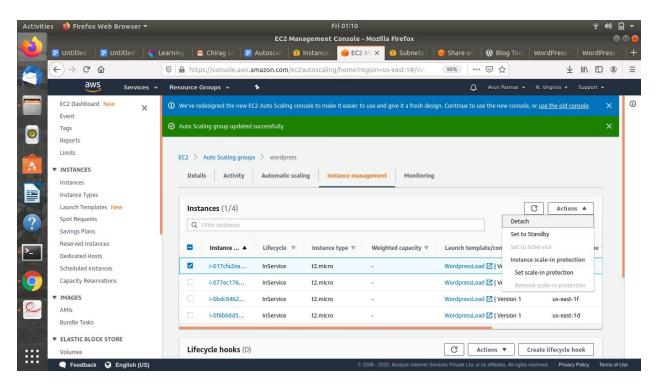


9. Take an instance out of the ASG.

Reduce minimum size of the auto scaling group



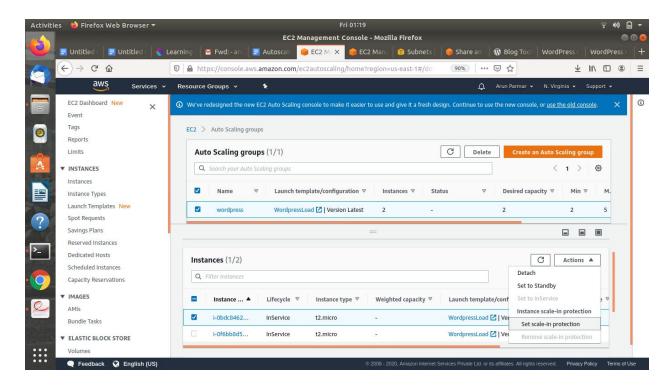
Go to instances pane, select the instances to be detached



10.Put scale-in protection on an instance in the ASG.

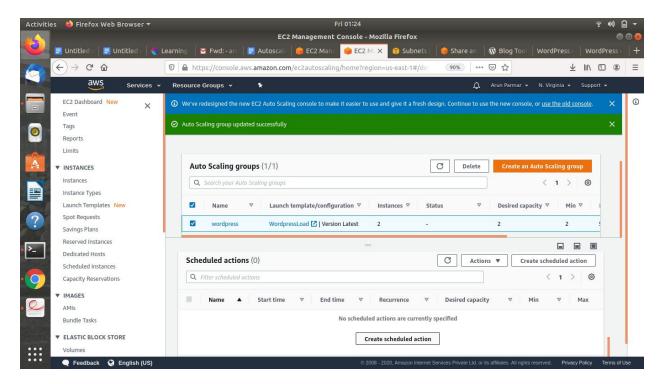
Select the ASG, go to instances, select the instance to enable scale in protection and then

choose instance scale in

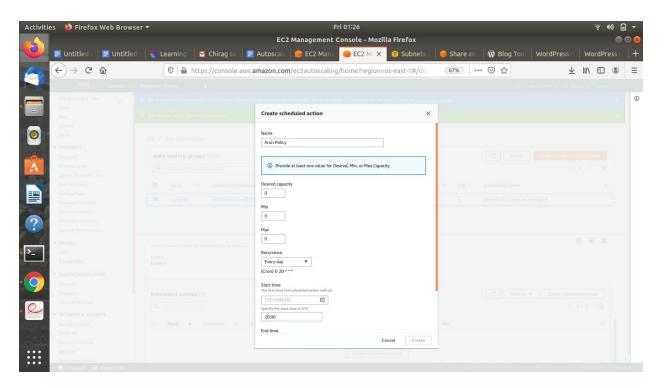


11.Put Schedules in ASG to:

Select auto scaling group and go to scheduled policies



Remove all instances of the ASG at 8 PM



• Launch a minimum of 2 instances at 10 AM

