

```
!pip install pip
!pip install torch
!pip install transformers
!pip install datasets
!pip install accelerate
!pip install bitsandbytes
!pip install peft
!pip install trl==0.9.4
!pip install colored
```

 [Show hidden output](#)

```
from huggingface_hub import login
login(new_session=False)
```



```
# Imports
import random
from textwrap import dedent
from typing import Dict, List

import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.colors as colors
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import torch
from colored import Back, Fore, Style
from datasets import Dataset, load_dataset
from matplotlib.ticker import PercentFormatter
from peft import (
    LoraConfig,
    PeftModel,
    TaskType,
    get_peft_model,
    prepare_model_for_kbit_training,
)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from tqdm import tqdm
from transformers import (
    AutoModelForCausalLM,
    AutoTokenizer,
    BitsAndBytesConfig,
    pipeline,
)
from trl import SFTConfig, SFTTrainer
from trl.trainer.utils import DataCollatorForCompletionOnlyLM

# Plotting magic (for Jupyter Notebooks; remove if running as .py script)
# %matplotlib inline
# %config InlineBackend.figure_format='retina'

# Color palette
COLORS = ["#bae1ff", "#ffb3ba", "#ffdfba", "#ffffba", "#baffc9"]

# Seaborn and matplotlib style
sns.set(style="whitegrid", palette="muted", font_scale=1.2)
sns.set_palette(sns.color_palette(COLORS))

cmap = colors.LinearSegmentedColormap.from_list("custom_cmap", COLORS[:2])
```

```

# Matplotlib style config (fixed all key typos and line styles)
MY_STYLE = {
    "figure.facecolor": "black",
    "axes.facecolor": "black",
    "axes.edgecolor": "white",
    "axes.labelcolor": "white",
    "axes.linewidth": 0.5,
    "text.color": "white",
    "xtick.color": "white",
    "ytick.color": "white",
    "grid.color": "gray",
    "grid.linestyle": "--",
    "grid.linewidth": 0.5,
    "axes.grid": True,
    "xtick.labelsize": "medium",
    "ytick.labelsize": "medium",
    "axes.titlesize": "large",
    "axes.labelsize": "large",
    "lines.color": COLORS[0],
    "patch.edgecolor": "white",
}
mpl.rcParams.update(MY_STYLE)

# Set seed for reproducibility
SEED = 42

def seed_everything(seed: int):
    random.seed(seed)
    np.random.seed(seed)
    torch.manual_seed(seed)

seed_everything(SEED)

# Constants
PAD_TOKEN = "<|pad|>"
MODEL_NAME = "meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3-8B-Instruct"
NEW_MODEL = "Llama-3-8B-Instruct-MedQuad-MedicalQna"

quantization_config = BitsAndBytesConfig(
    load_in_4bit=True,
    bnb_4bit_use_double_quant=True,
    bnb_4bit_quant_type="nf4",
    bnb_4bit_compute_dtype=torch.float16
)
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained(MODEL_NAME, use_fast=True)
tokenizer.add_special_tokens({"pad_token": PAD_TOKEN})
tokenizer.padding_side = "right"

max_mem = {0: "14GiB", "cpu": "32GiB"} # leave some buffer
model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained(
    MODEL_NAME,
    quantization_config=quantization_config,
    device_map="auto",
    max_memory=max_mem,
)

model.resize_token_embeddings(len(tokenizer), pad_to_multiple_of=8)

```

```

tokenizer_config.json: 100% 51.0k/51.0k [00:00<00:00, 5.59MB/s]
tokenizer.json: 100% 9.09M/9.09M [00:00<00:00, 33.6MB/s]
special_tokens_map.json: 100% 73.0/73.0 [00:00<00:00, 6.34kB/s]
config.json: 100% 654/654 [00:00<00:00, 79.6kB/s]
model.safetensors.index.json: 100% 23.9k/23.9k [00:00<00:00, 1.38MB/s]
Fetching 4 files: 100% 4/4 [07:18<00:00, 438.72s/it]
model-00003-of-00004.safetensors: 100% 4.92G/4.92G [06:10<00:00, 11.5MB/s]
model-00002-of-00004.safetensors: 100% 5.00G/5.00G [05:46<00:00, 13.1MB/s]
model-00004-of-00004.safetensors: 100% 1.17G/1.17G [00:58<00:00, 28.9MB/s]
model-00001-of-00004.safetensors: 100% 4.98G/4.98G [07:18<00:00, 91.5MB/s]
Loading checkpoint shards: 100% 4/4 [01:22<00:00, 17.74s/it]
generation_config.json: 100% 187/187 [00:00<00:00, 20.7kB/s]
The new embeddings will be initialized from a multivariate normal distribution that has old embeddings' mean and cov
The new lm_head weights will be initialized from a multivariate normal distribution that has old embeddings' mean an
Embedding(128264, 4096)

```

## ✓ DATASET PREPROCESSING

```
dataset = load_dataset("keivalya/MedQuad-MedicalQnADataset")
```

```

README.md: 100% 233/233 [00:00<00:00, 14.6kB/s]
medDataset_processed.csv: 100% 22.5M/22.5M [00:00<00:00, 55.0MB/s]
Generating train split: 100% 16407/16407 [00:00<00:00, 31770.78 examples/s]

```

```
dataset
```

```

DatasetDict({
  train: Dataset({
    features: ['qtype', 'Question', 'Answer'],
    num_rows: 16407
  })
})

```

```

rows = []
for item in dataset ["train"]:
    rows.append(
        {
            "qtype": item["qtype"],
            "question": item["Question"],
            "answer": item["Answer"],
        }
    )
df = pd.DataFrame(rows)

df.head()

```



	qtype	question	answer
0	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	LCMV infections can occur after exposure to fr...
1	symptoms	What are the symptoms of Lymphocytic Choriomen...	LCMV is most commonly recognized as causing ne...
2	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	Individuals of all ages who come into contact ...
3	exams and tests	How to diagnose Lymphocytic Choriomeningitis (...)	During the first phase of the disease, the mos...
4	treatment	What are the treatments for Lymphocytic Chorio...	Aseptic meningitis, encephalitis, or meningoen...

```
df.isnull().value_counts()
```



			count
qtype	question	answer	
False	False	False	16407

```
dtype: int64
```

```
def format_example(row: dict):
    prompt=dedent(
        f"""
        {row["question"]}
        Type:

        ...
        {row["qtype"]}
        """
    )
    messages = [
        {
            "role": "system",
            "content": f"You are a helpful medical assistant. The question type is: {row['qtype']}."
        },
        {
            "role": "user",
            "content": row["question"]
        },
        {
            "role": "assistant",
            "content": row["answer"]
        }
    ]
    return tokenizer.apply_chat_template(messages, tokenize=False)
```

```
df["text"]=df.apply(format_example,axis=1)
```

```
df.head()
```

	qtype	question	answer	text
0	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	LCMV infections can occur after exposure to fr...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...
1	symptoms	What are the symptoms of Lymphocytic Choriomen...	LCMV is most commonly recognized as causing ne...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...
2	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	Individuals of all ages who come into contact ...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...
3	exams and tests	How to diagnose Lymphocytic Choriomeningitis (...)	During the first phase of the disease, the mos...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...
4	treatment	What are the treatments for Lymphocytic Chorio...	Aseptic meningitis, encephalitis, or meningoen...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...

```
def count_tokens(row: Dict) -> int:
    return len(
        tokenizer(
            row["text"],
            add_special_tokens=True,
            return_attention_mask=False,
        ) ["input_ids"]
    )
```

```
df["token_count"] = df.apply(count_tokens, axis=1)
```

```
df.head()
```

	qtype	question	answer	text	token_count
0	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	LCMV infections can occur after exposure to fr...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...	139
1	symptoms	What are the symptoms of Lymphocytic Choriomen...	LCMV is most commonly recognized as causing ne...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...	578
2	susceptibility	Who is at risk for Lymphocytic Choriomeningiti...	Individuals of all ages who come into contact ...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...	182
3	exams and tests	How to diagnose Lymphocytic Choriomeningitis (...)	During the first phase of the disease, the mos...	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...	194
4	treatment	What are the treatments for Lymphocytic Chorio...	Aseptic meningitis, encephalitis, or	< begin_of_text > < start_header_id >system< en...	142

```
len(df[df.token_count<512]) ,len(df)
```

```
(14271, 16407)
```

```
df=df[df.token_count<512]
len(df)
```

```
14271
```

```
!pip install -q plotly
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
```

```
fig = px.bar(
    df["qtype"].value_counts().reset_index(),
    x="count",
    y="qtype",
```

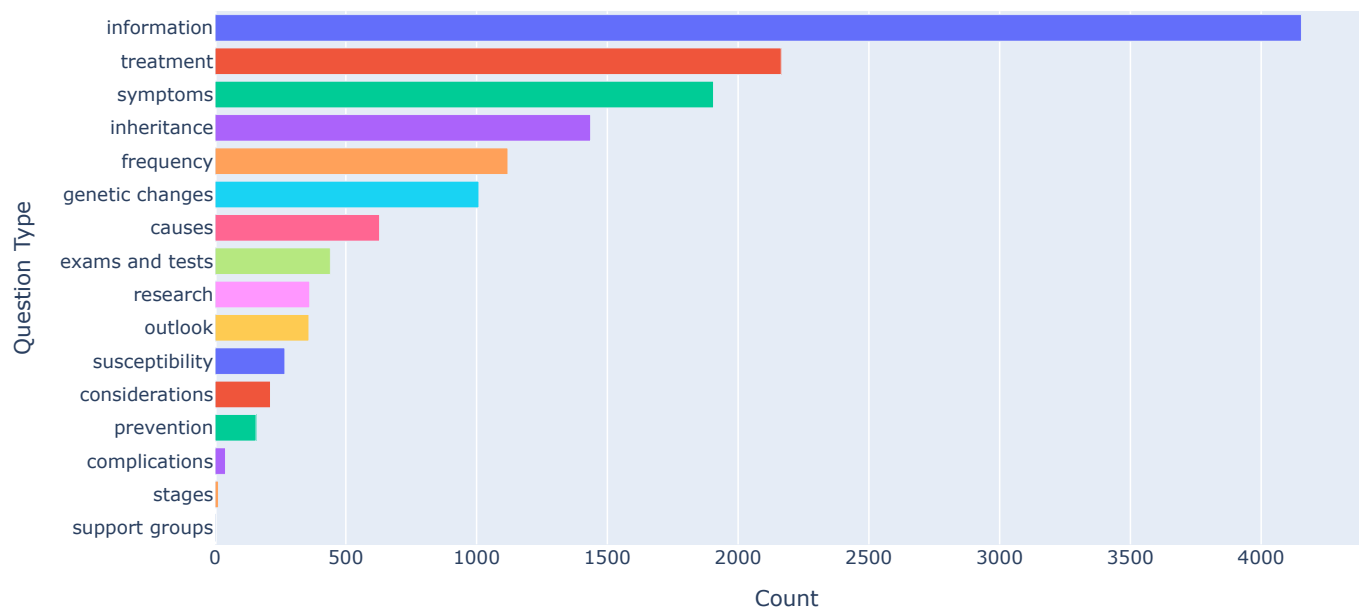
```

orientation="h",
color="qtype",
title="Distribution of Question Types",
labels={"qtype":"Question Type", "count":"Count"}
)
fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
fig.show()

```



Distribution of Question Types



```

rare = df.groupby("qtype").filter(lambda x: len(x) < 2)
df_rest = df.drop(rare.index)

```

```

train, temp = train_test_split(
    df_rest,
    test_size=0.2,
    random_state=42,
    stratify=df_rest["qtype"]
)
val, test = train_test_split(temp, test_size=0.2)
# add rare categories back into train
train = pd.concat([train, rare]).reset_index(drop=True)

```

```
len(df) , len(train), len(val), len(test)
```



```
(14271, 11417, 2283, 571)
```

```

print(train['qtype'].value_counts())
print(val['qtype'].value_counts())
print(test['qtype'].value_counts())

```



```

qtype
information    3323
treatment      1732
symptoms       1525
inheritance    1149

```

```

frequency      896
genetic changes 807
causes          503
exams and tests 353
research        289
outlook         287
susceptibility  214
considerations  170
prevention      126
complications   32
stages          10
support groups  1
Name: count, dtype: int64
qtype
information     679
treatment       340
symptoms        299
inheritance     233
frequency       180
genetic changes 162
causes          95
exams and tests 66
outlook         60
research        56
susceptibility  41
considerations  38
prevention      27
complications   5
stages          2
Name: count, dtype: int64
qtype
information     152
treatment       93
symptoms        82
inheritance     54
frequency       44
genetic changes 40
causes          31
exams and tests 22
research        17
susceptibility  12
outlook         12
considerations  4
prevention      4
complications   3
stages          1
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

```

train.sample(n=4000).to_json("/content/train.json", orient="records", lines=True)
val.sample(n=500).to_json("/content/val.json", orient="records", lines=True)
test.sample(n=100).to_json("/content/test.json", orient="records", lines=True)

```

```

dataset = load_dataset(
    "json",
    data_files={
        "train": "/content/train.json",
        "validation": "/content/val.json",
        "test": "/content/test.json"
    }
)

```



```

Generating train split: 4000/0 [00:00<00:00, 33126.96 examples/s]

Generating validation split: 500/0 [00:00<00:00, 12381.86 examples/s]

Generating test split: 100/0 [00:00<00:00, 1774.37 examples/s]

```

```
print(dataset)
print(dataset["train"][0])
```

```
DatasetDict({
  train: Dataset({
    features: ['qtype', 'question', 'answer', 'text', 'token_count'],
    num_rows: 4000
  })
  validation: Dataset({
    features: ['qtype', 'question', 'answer', 'text', 'token_count'],
    num_rows: 500
  })
  test: Dataset({
    features: ['qtype', 'question', 'answer', 'text', 'token_count'],
    num_rows: 100
  })
})
{'qtype': 'treatment', 'question': 'What are the treatments for Imerslund-Gersbeck syndrome?', 'answer': 'These reso
```

## ✓ BASELINE

```
pipe = pipeline(
    task="text-generation",
    model=model,
    tokenizer=tokenizer,
    max_new_tokens=128,
    return_full_text=False,
)
```

```
Device set to use cuda:0
```

```
def create_test_prompt(data_row: dict):

    messages = [
        {
            "role": "system",
            "content": f"You are a helpful medical assistant. The question type is: {data_row['qtype']}."
        },
        {
            "role": "user",
            "content": data_row["question"]
        }
    ]
    return tokenizer.apply_chat_template(
        messages,
        tokenize=False,
        add_generation_prompt=True
    )
```

```
row=dataset["test"][0]
prompt=create_test_prompt(row)
print(prompt)
```

```
<|begin_of_text|><|start_header_id|>system<|end_header_id|>
```

```
You are a helpful medical assistant. The question type is: research.<|eot_id|><|start_header_id|>user<|end_header_id|>
what research (or clinical trials) is being done for Prostate Cancer ?<|eot_id|><|start_header_id|>assistant<|end_he
```





```

-100,    -100,    -100,    -100,    -100,    -100,    271,    9673,    5070,
2686,     279,    23842,    477,    6373,    315,    2417,    388,    85833,
12279,   5544,   55177,   28439,     25,    220,    482,    3344,    1074,
22560,  68198,     25,   1556,   22689,    482,    426,    717,   48294,
  256,   4314,   5070,    505,   3344,   1074,   22560,   3085,   2038,
  922,    279,   23842,    323,   6373,    315,   5370,   2890,   4787,
  25,    220,    482,   51088,   20756,    220,    482,   26166,   40143,
  220,    482,   48190,    323,   81318,    220,    482,   75226,   89549,
  256,    482,   72460,   54679,   10852,  128009]]])

```

## ▼ Finetuning

model



```

        (default): Linear(in_features=4096, out_features=8, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_B): ModuleDict(
      (default): Linear(in_features=8, out_features=4096, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_embedding_A): ParameterDict()
    (lora_embedding_B): ParameterDict()
    (lora_magnitude_vector): ModuleDict()
  )
  (k_proj): lora.Linear4bit(
    (base_layer): Linear4bit(in_features=4096, out_features=1024, bias=False)
    (lora_dropout): ModuleDict(
      (default): Dropout(p=0.2, inplace=False)
    )
    (lora_A): ModuleDict(
      (default): Linear(in_features=4096, out_features=8, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_B): ModuleDict(
      (default): Linear(in_features=8, out_features=1024, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_embedding_A): ParameterDict()
    (lora_embedding_B): ParameterDict()
    (lora_magnitude_vector): ModuleDict()
  )
  (v_proj): lora.Linear4bit(
    (base_layer): Linear4bit(in_features=4096, out_features=1024, bias=False)
    (lora_dropout): ModuleDict(
      (default): Dropout(p=0.2, inplace=False)
    )
    (lora_A): ModuleDict(
      (default): Linear(in_features=4096, out_features=8, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_B): ModuleDict(
      (default): Linear(in_features=8, out_features=1024, bias=False)
    )
    (lora_embedding_A): ParameterDict()
    (lora_embedding_B): ParameterDict()
    (lora_magnitude_vector): ModuleDict()
  )
  (o_proj): Linear4bit(in_features=4096, out_features=4096, bias=False)
)

```

```
)
)
```

```
lora_config = LoraConfig (
r=8,
lora_alpha=16,
target_modules=[
"self_attn.q_proj",
"self_attn.k_proj",
"self_attn.v_proj"
],
lora_dropout=0.2,
bias="none",
task_type=TaskType.CAUSAL_LM,
)
model = prepare_model_for_kbit_training(model)
model = get_peft_model(model, lora_config)
```


 /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/peft/mapping\_func.py:73: UserWarning:

You are trying to modify a model with PEFT for a second time. If you want to reload the model with a different confi

/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/peft/tuners/tuners\_utils.py:196: UserWarning:

Already found a `peft\_config` attribute in the model. This will lead to having multiple adapters in the model. Make

```
model.print_trainable_parameters()
```

 trainable params: 4,718,592 || all params: 8,035,045,376 || trainable%: 0.0587

```
OUTPUT_DIR = "experiments"
```

```
%load_ext tensorboard
```

```
%tensorboard --logdir "experiments/runs"
```



TensorBoard

INACTIVE

**No dashboards are active for the current data set.**

Probable causes:

- You haven't written any data to your event files.
- TensorBoard can't find your event files.

If you're new to using TensorBoard, and want to find out how to add data and set up your event files, check out the [README](#) and perhaps the [TensorBoard tutorial](#).

If you think TensorBoard is configured properly, please see [the section of the README devoted to missing data problems](#) and consider filing an issue on GitHub.

*Last reload: Sep 8, 2025, 11:39:32 PM*

*Log directory: experiments/runs*

```
sft_config = SFTConfig(
    output_dir=OUTPUT_DIR,          # where to save checkpoints + final model
    dataset_text_field="text",
    max_seq_length=512,
    num_train_epochs=1,
    per_device_train_batch_size=1,
    per_device_eval_batch_size=2,
    gradient_accumulation_steps=8,
    optim="paged_adamw_8bit",

    # ✅ Correct checkpointing + evaluation
    eval_strategy="steps",          # correct name
    eval_steps=200,                # evaluate every 200 steps
    save_strategy="steps",         # save based on steps
    save_steps=200,               # save every 200 steps
    save_total_limit=3,           # keep only last 3 checkpoints

    logging_steps=10,             # log training progress
    learning_rate=1e-4,
    fp16=True,                   # or bf16 if supported
    warmup_ratio=0.1,
    lr_scheduler_type="constant",
```

```

report_to="tensorboard",          # enable logging to tensorboard
save_safetensors=True,           # use safetensors (smaller + safer)

dataset_kwargs={
    "add_special_tokens": False,
    "append_concat_token": False
},
seed=SEED,
)

trainer = SFTTrainer(
model=model,
args=sft_config,
train_dataset=dataset ["train"],
eval_dataset=dataset ["validation"],
tokenizer=tokenizer,
data_collator=collator,
)

Map: 100%                               4000/4000 [00:02<00:00, 1732.67 examples/s]
Map: 100%                               500/500 [00:00<00:00, 1608.67 examples/s]
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/trl/trainer/sft_trainer.py:402: FutureWarning:
`tokenizer` is deprecated and will be removed in version 5.0.0 for `SFTTrainer.__init__`. Use `processing_class` ins

trainer.train()

/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/torch/_dynamo/eval_frame.py:929: UserWarning:
torch.utils.checkpoint: the use_reentrant parameter should be passed explicitly. In version 2.5 we will raise an exc

[500/500 1:41:32, Epoch 1/1]

```

Step	Training Loss	Validation Loss
200	1.277600	1.117799
400	1.011900	1.091459

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/torch/_dynamo/eval_frame.py:929: UserWarning:
torch.utils.checkpoint: the use_reentrant parameter should be passed explicitly. In version 2.5 we will raise an exc

/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/torch/_dynamo/eval_frame.py:929: UserWarning:
torch.utils.checkpoint: the use_reentrant parameter should be passed explicitly. In version 2.5 we will raise an exc

TrainOutput(global_step=500, training_loss=1.112665370941162, metrics={'train_runtime': 6101.7852,
'train_samples_per_second': 0.656, 'train_steps_per_second': 0.082, 'total_flos': 4.07747021962199e+16,
'train_loss': 1.112665370941162, 'epoch': 1.0})

OUTPUT_DIR = "/content/llama3-medquad-qlora"


# Save adapters
model.save_pretrained(OUTPUT_DIR)
tokenizer.save_pretrained(OUTPUT_DIR)

('/content/llama3-medquad-qlora/tokenizer_config.json',
'/content/llama3-medquad-qlora/special_tokens_map.json',
'/content/llama3-medquad-qlora/chat_template.jinja',
'/content/llama3-medquad-qlora/tokenizer.json')

```

```
from huggingface_hub import HfApi
from huggingface_hub import Repository
```

```
# Upload using HF API
model.push_to_hub("Arushp1/llama3-medquad-qlora")
tokenizer.push_to_hub("Arushp1/llama3-medquad-qlora")
```

 Processing Files (1 / 1) : 100% 18.9MB / 18.9MB, 8.59MB/s

New Data Upload : 100% 18.9MB / 18.9MB, 8.59MB/s

...uad-qlora/adapt...model.safetensors: 100% 18.9MB / 18.9MB

README.md: 5.17k/? [00:00<00:00, 268kB/s]


Processing Files (1 / 1) : 100% 17.2MB / 17.2MB, 1.89MB/s

New Data Upload : 100% 16.9MB / 16.9MB, 1.89MB/s

llama3-medquad-qlora/tokenizer.json : 100% 17.2MB / 17.2MB

CommitInfo(commit\_url='https://huggingface.co/Arushp1/llama3-medquad-qlora/commit/adb739aa327f67a212ccd5e76fa5dc17b12404c8', commit\_message='Upload tokenizer', commit\_description='', oid='adb739aa327f67a212ccd5e76fa5dc17b12404c8', pr\_url=None, repo\_url=RepoUrl('https://huggingface.co/Arushp1/llama3-medquad-qlora', endpoint='https://huggingface.co'),

```
model.push_to_hub("Arushp1/llama3-8b-medquad-qlora",tokenizer=tokenizer,max_shard_size="5GB")
```

 Processing Files (1 / 1) : 100% 18.9MB / 18.9MB, 3.60MB/s


New Data Upload : 0.00B / 0.00B, 0.00B/s

...p1xlamjfs/adapt...model.safetensors: 100% 18.9MB / 18.9MB

CommitInfo(commit\_url='https://huggingface.co/Arushp1/llama3-8b-medquad-qlora/commit/02c308ffd51ae035a46d747687c014a8555c1584', commit\_message='Upload model', commit\_description='', oid='02c308ffd51ae035a46d747687c014a8555c1584', pr\_url=None, repo\_url=RepoUrl('https://huggingface.co/Arushp1/llama3-8b-medquad-qlora', endpoint='https://huggingface.co', repo\_type='model', repo\_id='Arushp1/llama3-8b-medquad-qlora'), pr\_revision=None, pr\_num=None)

```
import shutil
```

```
# Zip the model folder
shutil.make_archive("/content/llama3-medquad-qlora", 'zip', OUTPUT_DIR)
```

 '/content/llama3-medquad-qlora.zip'

```
from google.colab import files
files.download("/content/llama3-medquad-qlora.zip")
```



```
from peft import PeftModel
```

```
base_model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained("meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3-8B-Instruct", device_map="auto")
model = PeftModel.from_pretrained(base_model, "Arushp1/llama3-medquad-qlora")
```