

Introduction

In this project you're going to make a game in which you have to throw snowballs at a target. You'll use the mouse pointer to angle the snowball and the spacebar to choose the snowball's power.

<iframe allowtransparency="true" width="485" height="402" src="http://scratch.mit.edu/projects/embed/35172420/?autostart=true" frameborder="0"></iframe>

Step 1: Making a snowball

Let's make a snowball, that you can throw around your stage.



- Start a new project, and delete the cat sprite, so that your project is empty.
- For this project, you should have a 'Resources' folder, containing the snowball sprite that you'll need. Make sure that you can find this folder, and ask your club leader if you can't find it.

Snowball.sprite2

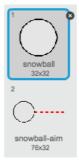
screenshot

Click 'Upload sprite from file', and select the file 'Snowball.sprite2' in your resources folder.



screenshot

The sprite contains 2 costumes, a normal costume, and one that shows which direction the snowball is facing.



screenshot

First, let's allow the player to change the angle of the snowball. Add this code to your snowball sprite:

```
when clicked

wait 0.5 secs

go to x: -200 y: -130

point in direction 90 v

switch costume to snowball-aim v

repeat until key space v pressed?

point towards mouse-pointer v
```

Test out your project by clicking the green flag. You should see that your snowball follows the mouse, until you press the space bar.



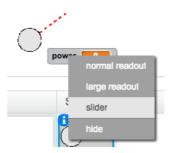
screenshot

Let's also allow the player to deicde on how powerful the snowball should be thrown. Create a new variable called power.



screenshot

Drag your new variable display to the bottom of the stage, near the snowball. Right-click on the variable display and click 'slider'.



screenshot

Add code to set your new power variable to 0 when the flag is clicked.

```
set power ▼ to 0
```

Now that you have a power variable, you can increase the power of the snowball after the direction has been chosen with this code:

```
repeat until not key space ▼ pressed?

change power ▼ by 1

wait 0.1 secs
```

This code means that you have to keep the space bar held down after choosing the direction, to choose the snowball's power.

Test your snowball, to see if you can choose its angle and power.



screenshot

Step 2: Throwing a snowball



Add this code to the end of your snowball script, to broadcast that you're throwing a snowball:

```
broadcast throw ▼ and wait
```

Here's how your snowball code should look:

```
when clicked

wait 0.5 secs

go to x: -200 y: -130

point in direction 90 \(\nabla\)

switch costume to snowball-aim \(\nabla\)

repeat until key space \(\nabla\) pressed?

point towards mouse-pointer \(\nabla\)

change power \(\nabla\) by \(\frac{1}{2}\)

wait 0.1 secs

broadcast throw \(\nabla\) and wait
```

Add this script to your snowball, to move until it reaches the edge of the stage:

```
when I receive throw v

switch costume to snowball v

repeat until touching edge v ?

move power steps
```

The script uses the power variable to decide how fast to move.

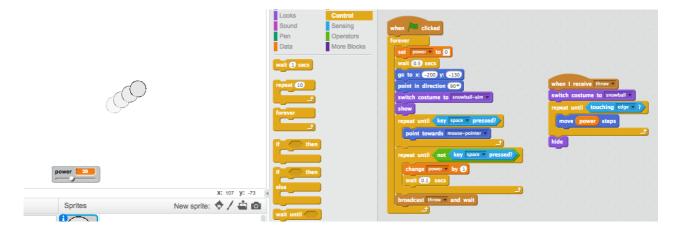
Now that you're hiding the snowball when it touches the edge, add code to show the snowball when the flag is clicked, just after the snowball switches to the snowball-aim costume.

```
switch costume to snowball-aim show

repeat until key space pressed?

point towards mouse-pointer
```

- Test out your snowball a few times. Does it move at different angles and different speeds?
- If you want to be able to throw your snowball lots of times, just add a forever loop around your snowball when flag clicked code.



screenshot

Step 3: Realistic movement

You now have a snowball, but let's make it move a bit more realistically.



First, let's set a maximum power level, so that the snowball can't be thrown too hard.

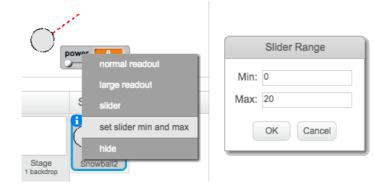
In your snowball's when flag clicked code, we need to increase the power only if it's less than 20. Change your code to:

```
repeat until (not key space v pressed?)

if (power < 20 then change power v by 1)

wait (0.1) secs
```

- Test out your snowball again, and you'll see that the power never gets above 20.
- Now that your snowball's maximum power is 20, you can set this as the maximum value for the variable's slider too. Right-click on your power variable, and click 'set slider min and max'.



You can also slow down the snowball, by reducing the power slightly as it flies through the air. Add this code block to your snowball's when I receive [throw] code:

```
change power ▼ by -0.25
```

Test this new code - does it work as you expected? You may notice that the power keeps reducing, and eventually the snowball moves backwards!

To fix this, you can add an ii block to your code, so that the power is only lowered if it is above 0:



You're nearly there, but you also need to add some gravity to your snowball, so that it falls to the ground. You can add gravity by just moving the snowball down continuously with this script:

```
when I receive throw v

repeat until touching edge v?

change y by -5
```

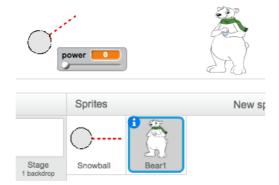
Test out your snowball again, and you should see that your snowball moves much more realistically.

Step 4: The target

Let's add in a target for your snowballs!



Add in another sprite to your project.



Add this code to your new sprite, so that it says "You got me!" when it gets hit:

```
forever

if touching snowball 

you got me! for 1 secs
```

Test out your new code.



screenshot

Let's do a couple of things to make the game harder. First, let's move the bear each time the player throws the snowball.

To do this, first add a broadcast to your snowball, near the top of your forever loop. This will let your bear know that a new shot is about to be taken.

```
broadcast new shot ▼
```

When your bear receives this message, move it to a new random position with this code:

```
when I receive new shot v
```

- Test your project by throwing a few snowballs. Does your bear move position each time?
- You can also make your game harder by adding a rock in front of your snowball.



You can now change your snowball code, to stop when it touches the edge of the screen or when it touches the rock. Here's how your snowball code should look:

```
forever

set power v to 0

broadcast new shot v

wait 0.3 secs

go to x: -200 y: -130

point in direction 90 v

switch costume to snowball-aim v

show

repeat until key space v pressed?

point towards mouse-pointer v

tif power < 20 then

change power v by 1

wait 0.1 secs

when I receive throw v

switch costume to snowball v

repeat until key space v pressed?

hide

when I receive throw v

repeat until touching edge v ? or touchange power v by 1

wait 0.1 secs
```

screenshot

Finally, you can make your game harder by making your snowball and your bear smaller.



screenshot

Challenge: Improve this game!

Now that you've made the basic game, see what you can do to improve it. Here are some ideas, but feel free to use your own ideas too.

- Change the numbers in your code, to make the snowball move faster, higher or further;
- Change the graphics;
- Add music and sound effects;
- Change sprite costumes when the target is hit;
- Add a score and a high score;

The bear could move around so that it's harder to hit;	
You could add snowflakes or birds that stop the snowball;	
You could add a second player, so that you could both throw snowballs at the bear or eachother!	

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