```
std::is trivial<Box>::value
std::is trivial<MyStack>::value
std::is trivially copyable
std::is trivial
TODO:- take some classes and check if they are trivial or not, trivially
        copyable
Move constructor
Move operator=
R-value reference
MyString getString(const char *ps) {
 //process ps
 return MyString(ps);
MyString res = getString("abcdxyz")
                                          RVO - Return value optimization
```

```
std::list<MyString> names;
names.push back(MyString("hello123"));
Anonymous objects will match move operations, because they
are compatible with r-value references.
MyString ts("Welcome");
//names.push back(ts);
                                       //copy
names.push back(std::move(ts));
                                       //move
Anonymous objects (or) objects type casted with std::move
will match move operations, i.e. compatible with r-value references
TODO: - check that copy ctor is not provided by compiler
if any of the following is implemented - dtor, move ctor, move operator=
```

```
std::list<Point> points;
Point p1;
points.push_back(p1);
points.push_back(Point(3,4));
points.push_back(std::move(p1));
Additional/Advanced:-
* Universal References
* Reference Collapsing
* Perfect Forwarding
```

```
int (*fptr)(int,int);
fptr=sum;
(or)
fptr=multiply;
fptr(a,b);
//Array of pointers
int (*fparr[4])(int,int);
fparr[0]=sum;
fparr[1]=diff;
fparr[2]=multiply;
fparr[3]=custom;
res = (fparr[i])(a,b);
int (*fsum)(int,int);
fsum=sum;
std::function<int(int,int)> fsum=sum;
```

```
int Banking::countAccountsWithMinBal(double minval) {
 int count=0;
 count = std::count if(accounts.begin(), accounts.end(),
                     [minval](const Account& ref) {
  return ref.getBalance() > minval;
 });
 return count;
Unary Predicate
Binary comparator
bool bcompare(const Account& r1, const Account& r2) {
  return r1.getBalance() < r2.getBalance();
void Banking::sortByBalance() {
 //std::sort(accounts.begin(), accounts.end(), bcompare);
 std::sort(accounts.begin(), accounts.end(),
         [](const Account& r1, const Account& r2) {
  return r1.getBalance() < r2.getBalance();
```

```
int Banking::countAccountsByRange(double minval,double maxval) {
 int count=0;
 /*std::list<Account>::iterator iter;
 for(iter=accounts.begin();iter!=accounts.end();++iter)
  if(iter->getBalance() >= minval && iter->getBalance() <= maxval)
    count++;*/
 count=std::count_if(accounts.begin(), accounts.end(),
                  [minval,maxval](const Account& ref) {
  return ref.getBalance() > minval && ref.getVal() <= maxval;
 });
 return count;
```

```
Understand STL algorithms:-
std::find
std::count
std::find if
std::count if
std::copy if
std::remove if
std::sort
std::minval / std::maxval
double Banking::findAccountWithMaBalance() {
 auto iter = std::maxval(accounts.begin(), accounts.end(),
          [](const Account& r1, const Account& r2) {
            return r1.getBalance() < r2.getBalance();</pre>
  <del>});</del>
```

| TODO:-   |
|--|
|  |
| * refresh move semantics, lambdas (covered topics)           |
| * explore STL algorithms, apply in coding tasks with lambdas |
| * self study (try) file handling ofstream, ifstream          |
| * pre-read   |
| std::bind  |
| some topics on templates                                     |
| smart pointers   |
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