
GakudoAI Student Assessment Report



Student Name: check123

Student Class: 10

School's Name: ST. Mark's Public School

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In Depth Analysis

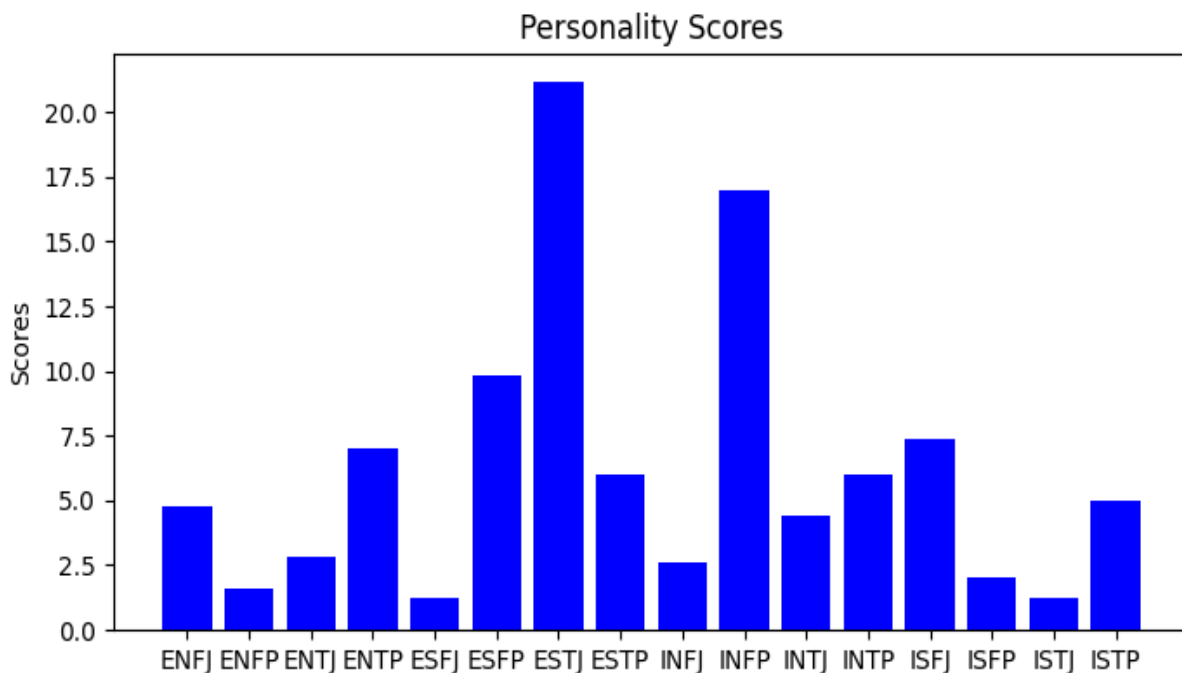
Personality

Personality identification is important for career selection because it helps ensure a good job fit, enhances job satisfaction, and aligns with your natural strengths and preferences. It can guide you toward roles and environments where you're most productive and happy, and it aids in finding a career that suits your stress management style and growth potential.

Definition of 16-Personalities:

1. ISTJ (The Inspector) – Organized, dependable, and practical. They value tradition and are excellent at planning and following through with tasks.
2. ISFJ (The Protector) – Caring, sensitive, and highly dedicated. They prioritize the needs of others and are loyal in their relationships.
3. INFJ (The Advocate) – Idealistic, insightful, and driven by a strong sense of morality. They are creative and often seek to help others.
4. INTJ (The Architect) – Analytical, strategic, and determined. They are independent thinkers who thrive in solving complex problems.
5. ISTP (The Crafter) – Practical, hands-on, and curious. They enjoy working with tools or systems and have a knack for understanding how things work.
6. ISFP (The Artist) – Gentle, flexible, and artistic. They prefer to express themselves through creative means and value their personal space.
7. INFP (The Mediator) – Empathetic, introspective, and deeply idealistic. They focus on personal growth and are motivated by strong inner values.
8. INTP (The Thinker) – Intellectual, analytical, and curious. They love theoretical discussions and problem-solving, often pursuing knowledge for its own sake.
9. ESTP (The Dynamo) – Energetic, outgoing, and resourceful. They are action-oriented, enjoying challenges and taking risks in the moment.
10. ESFP (The Performer) – Sociable, spontaneous, and fun-loving. They thrive in social environments and enjoy living life to the fullest.
11. ENFP (The Campaigner) – Enthusiastic, imaginative, and free-spirited. They are driven by creativity and enjoy inspiring others to pursue their passions.
12. ENTP (The Debater) – Quick-witted, clever, and curious. They love debates and intellectual challenges, often exploring multiple perspectives.
13. ESTJ (The Executive) – Organized, efficient, and practical. They value rules and order, often taking on leadership roles to ensure tasks are completed properly.
14. ENTJ (The Commander) – Assertive, confident, and strategic. They are natural leaders who focus on efficiency and long-term planning.
15. ESFJ (The Provider) – Caring, social, and harmonious, often placing a high value on relationships and duty.
16. ENFJ (The Giver) – Charismatic, warm, and inspiring leaders who enjoy helping and motivating others.

Your Personality Analysis



Analysis:

The student's personality distribution suggests a strong inclination towards being an ESTJ (21.2%), which indicates a personality that is organized, practical, and decisive. They likely excel in leadership roles and are comfortable making decisions that require logical and systematic approaches. Additionally, the student shows a significant preference for INFP traits (17.0%), suggesting a creative and idealistic side, often guided by strong personal values and a desire for harmony. The ESFP traits (9.8%) also stand out, indicating that the student is likely sociable, spontaneous, and enjoys engaging with others in lively and entertaining ways. This combination of traits suggests a well-rounded individual who can balance structured leadership with empathetic and creative interactions.

Aptitude Scores

Aptitude refers to a person's natural ability or talent to learn or perform certain tasks with ease, often in specific areas like logical reasoning, numerical skills, verbal ability, or spatial awareness. It is important for a career because it helps individuals identify their strengths and align their skills with professions where they are likely to excel. Employers also value aptitude as it indicates a candidate's potential to learn, adapt, and succeed in the role. Understanding one's aptitude can lead to better career choices, personal fulfillment, and professional growth.

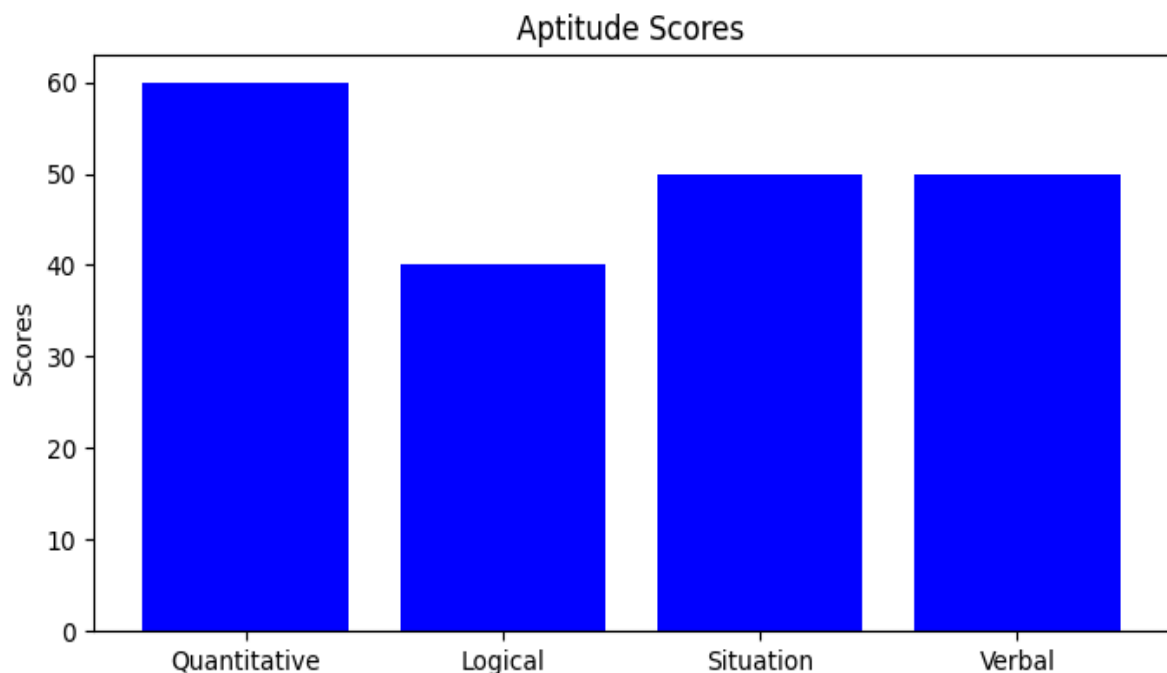
Quantitative Aptitude: The ability to solve numerical and mathematical problems, including arithmetic, algebra, and data interpretation.

Logical Reasoning: The ability to analyze patterns, solve puzzles, and draw logical conclusions based on given information.

Verbal Reasoning: The ability to understand, interpret, and reason using written language, involving grammar, vocabulary, and comprehension.

Situational Reasoning: It signifies how a candidate will respond to specific or generic workplace situations and assess if that behaviour is deemed appropriate or important.

Your Aptitude Analysis



Analysis:

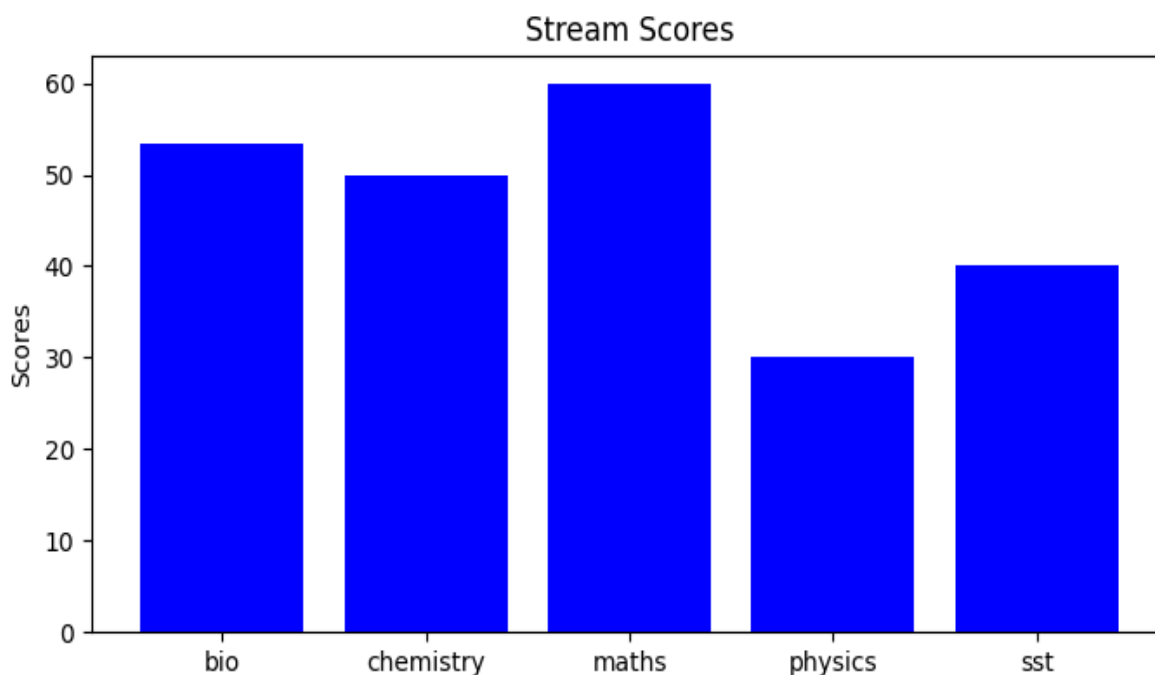
The student's aptitude performance shows varying levels of proficiency across different areas. The highest score is in the Quantitative section, where the student achieved 60%, indicating a relatively stronger ability in handling numerical and problem-solving tasks. However, there is room for improvement in the Logical section, where the student scored 40%, suggesting difficulties in reasoning or abstract thinking. The scores in both the Situation and Verbal sections are at 50%, which shows an average performance in understanding scenarios and using language effectively. Overall, the student demonstrates a balanced skill set but could benefit from targeted practice in logical reasoning to enhance overall aptitude performance.

Subjective Skill-Set Scores

The Subjective Skill-Set Scores Assessment is to assess skills and abilities across various areas, such as math, science, language, creativity, or problem-solving. This type of assessment is

important for stream selection and choosing academic paths because it helps students align their strengths and preferences with the demands of different fields. By understanding where they excel or where their interests lie, students can make more informed decisions about their education, ensuring they choose a stream that maximizes their potential and enhances their chances of success and satisfaction in future careers.

Subjective Skill-Set Scores & Assessment



Analysis:

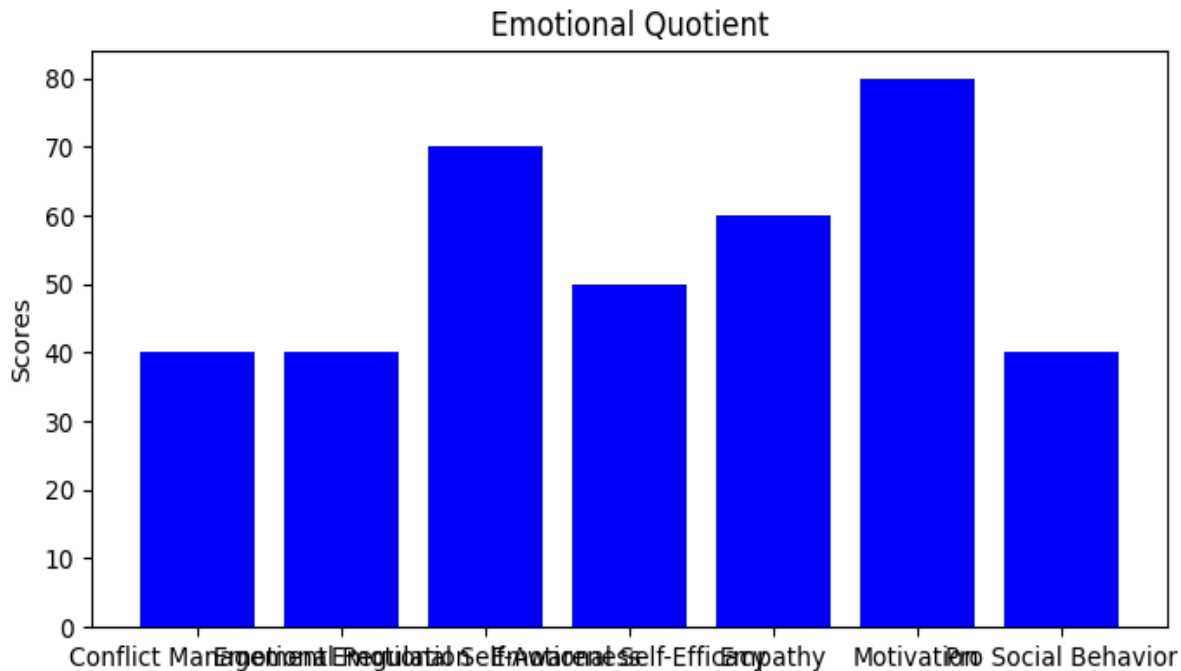
The student's subjective aptitude performance distribution indicates varying levels of proficiency across different subjects. The student shows the strongest performance in mathematics with a score of 60.0%, suggesting a good grasp of numerical and analytical concepts. Biology follows as the second strongest subject with a score of 53.33%, indicating a fair understanding of biological sciences. Chemistry is closely aligned with biology in terms of performance, with a score of 50.0%. However, there is a noticeable drop in performance in social studies (sst) and physics, with scores of 40.0% and 30.0% respectively. The notably lower score in physics suggests significant difficulties in understanding physical sciences, which might require targeted intervention to improve understanding and performance in this area. Overall, the student shows a mixed performance across the spectrum of subjects, excelling in some while struggling in others.

Emotional Quotient Scores

For a school student, Emotional Quotient (EQ) is crucial because it helps them manage their emotions, build strong relationships, and cope with challenges effectively. High EQ enables students to stay calm under pressure, resolve conflicts with peers, and communicate better with teachers and classmates. It also fosters empathy, allowing them to understand and support others, which enhances teamwork and social interactions. Additionally, being emotionally intelligent helps students handle stress, stay motivated, and maintain a positive attitude, all of which contribute to

better academic performance and personal well-being.

Emotional Quotient Scores & Assessment



Analysis:

Based on the student's emotional quotient distribution, it is evident that the student excels in areas such as Motivation and Emotional Self-Awareness, scoring 80% and 70% respectively. These scores suggest a strong drive and a good understanding of their own emotions, which are crucial traits for personal and academic success. The student also shows a commendable level of Empathy and Emotional Self-Efficacy, with scores of 60% and 50%, indicating a fair ability to understand others' feelings and manage their own emotions effectively. However, there are areas that require improvement, particularly in Conflict Management, Emotional Regulation, and Pro Social Behavior, all scoring 40%. These aspects are essential for effective interpersonal interactions and stress management, suggesting that the student might benefit from targeted support and strategies to enhance these skills.

Recommendation

Stream Recommendation:

Based on the student's performance and personality distributions, the Science stream with a focus on Biology and Mathematics would be a suitable choice after class 10th. The student shows a relatively higher aptitude in Biology (53.33) and Mathematics (60.0), indicating a good foundation in these subjects. Additionally, the student's high scores in Emotional Self-Awareness (70.0) and Motivation (80.0) suggest a strong ability to understand and manage personal emotions, which is beneficial for the rigorous study required in the Science stream. The student's empathy score (60.0) also aligns well with subjects like Biology that often require an understanding of living organisms and human physiology. This combination of aptitude and emotional intelligence can help the student excel in a science-focused academic path.

Career Option Recommendation:

Career Options for Student Career Guidance Based on Student Evaluation Based on the student's personality, aptitude, and emotional quotient distributions, it is evident that the student has strong emotional self-awareness, good empathy, and high motivation. These traits are crucial for careers that require understanding and interacting with people, and managing one's own emotions effectively. The student's aptitude in quantitative and biological sciences is relatively stronger compared to other subjects. Considering these factors, here are six career options that might be well-suited for the student: Healthcare Professional (e.g., Nurse, Physician Assistant) Steps to Follow: Complete necessary science prerequisites (biology, chemistry). Enroll in a relevant undergraduate program focusing on healthcare. Gain experience through internships or volunteer work in medical settings. Attend a graduate or professional school as required for specific healthcare roles. Clinical Psychologist Steps to Follow: Pursue a bachelor's degree in psychology or a related field. Gain experience through internships or research positions in psychological settings. Complete a master's and/or doctoral degree in clinical psychology. Obtain licensure as required by your region or country. Social Worker Steps to Follow: Earn a bachelor's degree in social work or a related field. Complete fieldwork or internships to gain practical experience. Pursue a master's degree in social work (MSW). Obtain necessary certifications and licensure for clinical practice. Biomedical Researcher Steps to Follow: Obtain a bachelor's degree in biology, biochemistry, or a related field. Engage in undergraduate research projects to gain experience. Pursue a graduate degree focusing on a specific area of biomedical research. Work in academic, governmental, or private sector research institutions. Human Resources Specialist Steps to Follow: Earn a bachelor's degree in human resources, business, or psychology. Gain experience through internships in HR departments. Consider certification programs such as SHRM or HRCI for further credentials. Advance to higher HR roles by gaining experience and possibly a master's degree. Health Educator or
