Random Forest:

Breast_Cancer.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D = read.csv("cancer_data_na_removed.csv", header=F,
colClasses=c(rep('integer', 9), 'factor'));
  nclass = 2:
  col = 'V10';
  form = 'V10 \sim .';
  acc param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training data <- D[training_indices,];</pre>
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:30) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap_data = training_data[bootstrap_indices,];
      holdout_data = training_data[-bootstrap_indices,];
     for (k in param_set) {
          if (k > ncol(bootstrap data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout_data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
     }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
```

```
\#k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_data<-training_data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]</pre>
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold_testing_indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k > ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold training data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold_testing_data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold testing data[,col]);
            acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```

ForestType_Mapping.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D1 = read.csv("ForestTypeMapping training.csv", header = T);
  D2 = read.csv("ForestTypeMapping testing.csv", header = T);
  D = rbind(D1, D2);
  nclass = 4;
  col = 'class';
  form = 'class \sim .';
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training_data <- D[training_indices,];
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:30) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap data = training data[bootstrap indices,];
      holdout_data = training_data[-bootstrap_indices,];
     for (k in param set) {
          if (k > ncol(bootstrap_data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout_data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout_data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
     }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
```

```
\#k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_data<-training_data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold_testing_indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k > ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold_training_data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold testing data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold_testing_data[,col]);
             acc param[k] = acc param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
      }
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```

Optical_Handwritten.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D1 = read.csv("optdigits.tra", header=F, colClasses=c(rep('integer', 64),
'factor'));
  D2 = read.csv("optdigits.tes.txt", header = F);
  D = rbind(D1, D2);
  nclass = 10;
  col = 'V65';
  form = 'V65 \sim .';
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training_data <- D[training_indices,];
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:30) {
      bootstrap indices = sample(length(training indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap_data = training_data[bootstrap_indices,];
      holdout data = training data[-bootstrap indices,];
     for (k in param_set) {
          if (k > ncol(bootstrap data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap_data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout_data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout_data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
```

```
\#k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_data<-training_data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]</pre>
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold_testing_indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k > ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold training data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold_testing_data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold testing data[,col]);
            acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```

Iris.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D = read.csv("Iris.csv", header=F);
  nclass = 3:
  col = 'V5':
  form = 'V5 \sim .';
  acc param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_indices1 = sample(c(1:50), floor(50 * ratio), replace = FALSE, prob =
NULL);
  training_indices2 = sample(c(51:100), floor(50 * ratio), replace = FALSE, prob
= NULL);
  training_indices3 = sample(c(101:150), floor(50 * ratio), replace = FALSE, prob
= NULL);
  training_indices = c(training_indices1, training_indices2, training_indices3);
  training_data <- D[training_indices,];
  testing data <- D[-training indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:30) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap_data = training_data[bootstrap_indices,];
      holdout data = training data[-bootstrap indices,];
     for (k in param_set) {
          if (k \ge ncol(bootstrap_data)) break;
         rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap_data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
         predictions = predict(rf, holdout_data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout_data[,col]);
          acc param[k] = acc param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
```

```
cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
  #k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training data<-training data[sample(nrow(training data)),]
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold_testing_indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param set) {
            if (k >= ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold_training_data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold testing data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold testing data[.col]);
            acc param[k] = acc param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
      }
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```

TicTacToe.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D = read.csv("tic-tac-toe.csv", header = F);
  nclass = 2:
  col = 'V28';
  form = 'V28 \sim .';
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training_data <- D[training_indices,];
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:30) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap data = training data[bootstrap indices,];
      holdout_data = training_data[-bootstrap_indices,];
     for (k in param set) {
          if (k >= ncol(bootstrap_data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout_data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
  \#k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
```

```
acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_data<-training_data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold testing indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k >= ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold_training_data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold testing data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold_testing_data[,col]);
             acc param[k] = acc param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
}
```

Letter.R

```
param_set = c(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, 22, 24, 26, 32, 40, 48, 64);
for (ratio in c(0.1)) {
  D = read.csv("Letter.csv", header = F);
  nclass = 26:
  col = 'V1':
  form = 'V1 \sim .';
  acc param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training_data <- D[training_indices,];
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:10) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap data = training data[bootstrap indices,];
      holdout_data = training_data[-bootstrap_indices,];
     for (k in param set) {
          if (k >= ncol(bootstrap_data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout_data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
             print(sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result)))
     }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
```

#k-fold cross validation, k = 10

```
#Randomly shuffle the data
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training_data<-training_data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]</pre>
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold_testing_indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold testing data = training data[kfold testing indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k >= ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold training data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold_testing_data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold testing data[,col]);
            acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
            cat(k, ": ", acc_param[k], "\n");
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```

Magic.R

```
for (ratio in c(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5)) {
  D = read.csv("Magic.csv", header = F);
  nclass = 2:
  col = 'V11';
  form = 'V11 \sim .';
  acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training indices = sample(nrow(D), floor(nrow(D) * ratio), replace = FALSE,
prob = NULL);
  training data <- D[training indices,];
  testing_data <- D[-training_indices,];
  # Bootstrapping
  for (i in 1:10) {
      bootstrap_indices = sample(length(training_indices), replace = TRUE);
      bootstrap_data = training_data[bootstrap_indices,];
      holdout_data = training_data[-bootstrap_indices,];
     for (k in param_set) {
          if (k \ge ncol(bootstrap data)) break;
          rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = bootstrap_data,
mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
          predictions = predict(rf, holdout_data);
          result = table(predictions, holdout data[,col]);
          acc_param[k] = acc_param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
             cat(k, ": ", acc_param[k], "\n");
     }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training_data, mtry =
which.max(acc param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("Bootstrapping: mtry=", which.max(acc param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy
= ", accuracy, ".\n");
  \#k-fold cross validation, k = 10
  #Randomly shuffle the data
```

```
acc_param = rep(0, ncol(D));
  training data<-training data[sample(nrow(training_data)),]
  #Create 10 equally size folds
  folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(training data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)
  for (i in 1:10) {
      kfold testing indices = which(folds==i,arr.ind=TRUE);
      kfold_testing_data = training_data[kfold_testing_indices,];
      kfold_training_data = training_data[-kfold_testing_indices,];
      for (k in param_set) {
            if (k >= ncol(kfold_training_data)) break;
            rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data =
kfold_training_data, mtry = k, ntree = 1024);
            predictions = predict(rf, kfold testing data);
            result = table(predictions, kfold_testing_data[,col]);
             acc param[k] = acc param[k] + sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) /
sum(sum(result));
            cat(k, ": ", acc_param[k], "\n");
      }
  }
  rf = randomForest(formula = as.formula(form), data = training data, mtry =
which.max(acc_param), ntree = 1024);
  predictions = predict(rf, testing_data);
  result = table(predictions, testing_data[,col]);
  accuracy = sum(sum(result * diag(nclass))) / sum(sum(result));
  cat("K-fold: mtry=", which.max(acc_param), "ratio = ", ratio, " accuracy = ",
accuracy, ".\n");
```