

AWSOME DAY ONLINE CONFERENCE



Module 4: Databases





SQL and NoSQL Databases

	SQL	NoSQL
Data Storage	Rows and Columns	Key-Value
Schemas	Fixed	Dynamic
Querying	Using SQL	Focused on collection of documents
Scalability	Vertical	Horizontal

SQL

ISBN	Title	Author	Format
9182932465265	Cloud Computing Concepts	Wilson, Joe	Paperback
3142536475869	The Database Guru	Gomez, Maria	eBook

NoSQL

{
 ISBN: 9182932465265,
 Title: "Cloud Computing Concepts",
 Author: "Wilson, Joe",
 Format: "Paperback"
}





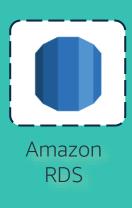
Data Storage Considerations

- No one size fits all.
- Analyze your data requirements by considering:
 - ✓ Data formats
 - ✓ Data size
 - ✓ Query frequency
 - ✓ Data access speed
 - ✓ Data retention period





Amazon Relational Database Service (RDS)



- Cost-efficient and resizable capacity
- Manages time-consuming database administration tasks
- Access to the full capabilities of Amazon Aurora, MySQL, MariaDB, Microsoft SQL Server, Oracle, and PostgreSQL databases





Amazon RDS

- Simple and fast to deploy
- Manages common database administrative tasks
- Compatible with your applications
- Fast, predictable performance
- Simple and fast to scale
- Secure
- Cost-effective



















DB Instances

- DB Instances are the basic building blocks of Amazon RDS.
- They are an isolated database environment in the cloud.
- They can contain multiple user-created databases.







How Amazon RDS Backups Work

Automatic Backups:

- Restore your database to a point in time.
- Are enabled by default.
- Let you choose a retention period up to 35 days.

Manual Snapshots:

- Let you build a new database instance from a snapshot.
- Are initiated by the user.
- Persist until the user deletes them.
- Are stored in Amazon S3.









Cross-Region Snapshots

- Are a copy of a database snapshot stored in a different AWS Region.
- Provide a backup for disaster recovery.
- Can be used as a base for migration to a different region.







Amazon RDS Security

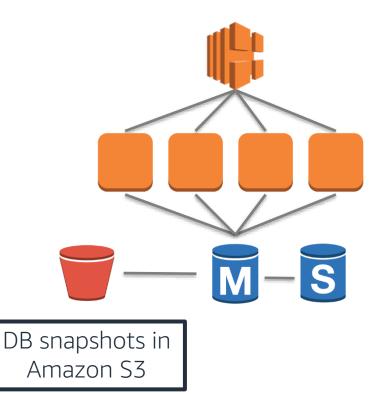
- Run your DB instance in an Amazon VPC.
- Use IAM policies to grant access to RDS resources.
- Use Security Groups.
- Use Secure Socket Layer (SSL) connections with DB instances
- (Amazon Aurora, Oracle, MySQL, MariaDB, PostgreSQL, Microsoft SQL Server).
- Use RDS encryption to secure instances and snapshots at rest.
- Use network encryption and transparent data encryption (TDE) with Oracle DB and Microsoft SQL Server instances.
- Use security features of your DB engine to **control access** to DB instance.







A Resilient, Durable Application Architecture



Elastic Load Balancing load balancer instance



Application, in Amazon EC2 instances

Amazon RDS database instances: Master and Multi-AZ standby





Amazon RDS Best Practices

- Monitor your memory, CPU, and storage usage.
- Use Multi-AZ deployments to automatically provision and maintain synchronous standby in a different Availability Zone.



- Enable automatic backups.
- Set the backup window to occur during the daily low in WriteIOPS.
- To increase the I/O capacity of a DB instance:
 - Migrate to a DB instance class with high I/O capacity.
 - Convert from standard storage to provisioned IOPS storage and use a DB instance class optimized for provisioned IOPS.
 - Provision additional throughput capacity (if using provisioned IOPS storage).
- If your client application is caching the DNS data of your DB instances, set a TTL of less than 30 seconds.
- Test failover for your DB instance.





DEMO TIME





Amazon DynamoDB



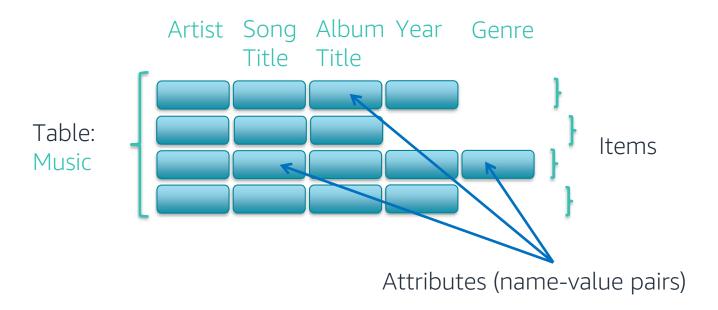
Amazon DynamoDB

- Allows you to store any amount of data with no limits.
- Provides fast, predictable performance using SSDs.
- Allows you to easily provision and change the request capacity needed for each table.
- Is a fully managed, NoSQL database service.





DynamoDB Data Model









Primary Keys

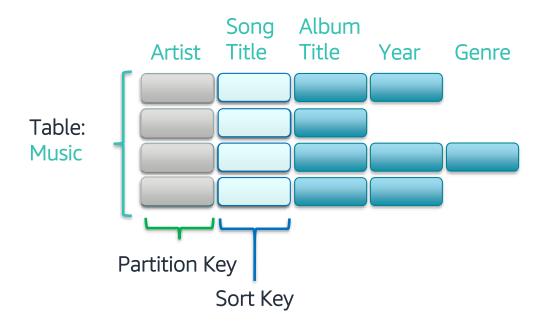




Table: Music

Partition Key: Artist Sort Key: Song Title





Provisioned Throughput

• You specify how much **provisioned throughput capacity** you need for reads and writes.



• Amazon DynamoDB allocates the necessary machine resources to meet your needs.





DEMO TIME





Supported Operations

Query:

- Query a table using the partition key and an optional sort key filter.
- If the table has a secondary index, query using its key.
- It is the most efficient way to retrieve items from a table or secondary index.

Scan:

- You can scan a table or secondary index.
- Scan reads every item slower than querying.
- You can use conditional expressions in both Query and Scan operations.





Database Considerations

If You Need	Consider Using	
A relational database service with minimal administration	 Amazon RDS Choice of Amazon Aurora, MySQL, MariaDB, Microsoft SQL Server, Oracle, or PostgreSQL database engines Scale compute and storage Multi-AZ availability 	
A fast, highly scalable NoSQL database service	 Amazon DynamoDB Extremely fast performance Seamless scalability and reliability Low cost 	
A database you can manage on your own	Your choice of AMIs on Amazon EC2 and Amazon EBS that provide scale compute and storage, complete control over instances, and more.	





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