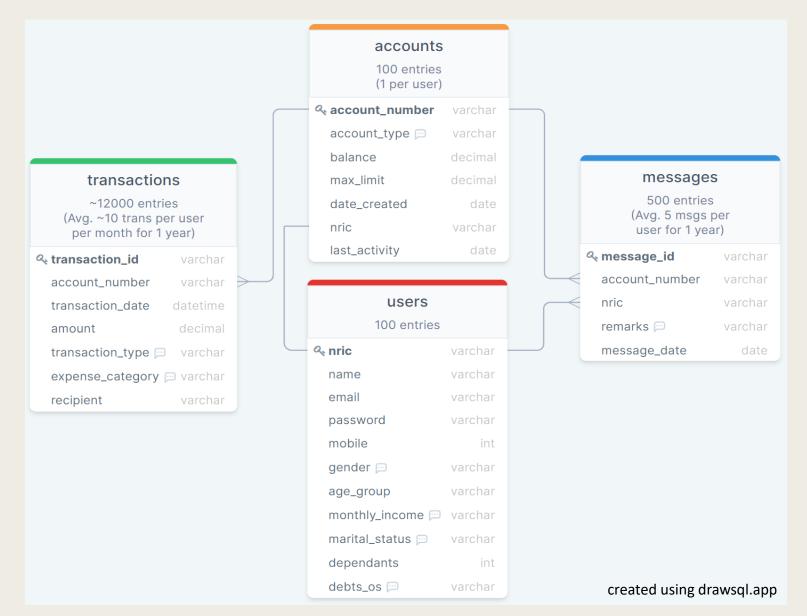
[DEVS' TOOLKIT PART 2]

HOMEWORK 1

Database Design for NUSmoney App

by Arvind Subramanian

QN 1: DESIGN DATABASE SCHEMA

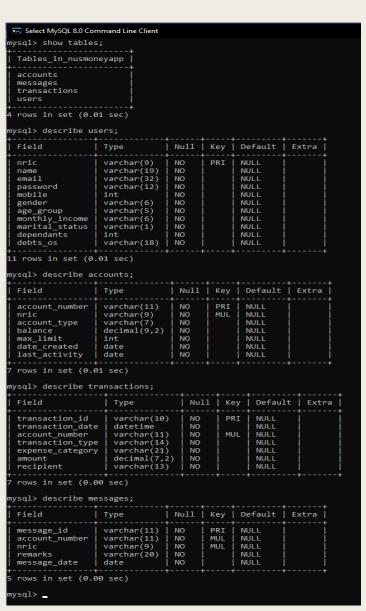


QN 2: POPULATE DATASET

- Populated using Mockaroo Random Data Generator
- Mix of Pre-Packaged Lists and Distributions
 - Pre-Packaged Lists: names, serial numbers etc.
 - Random Distributions: age group, gender, dates etc.
 - Custom Distributions: income, dependants etc. (for columns influenced by other columns)
- Implemented various custom distribution correlations, such as:
 - users.income and users.age_group
 - accounts.balance and users.income / users.age group
 - users.dependants and transactions.transaction_type
 - Improves simulation realism
- Consistent pairing of NRIC and Account Numbers across tables

After data-loading ----->

4 .sql files can be found in the zipped folder



Spending Patterns

- Total spent by all customers on each of the expense categories over 1 year

select expense_category, sum(amount) as total_spent from transactions group by expense_category order by total_spent desc;

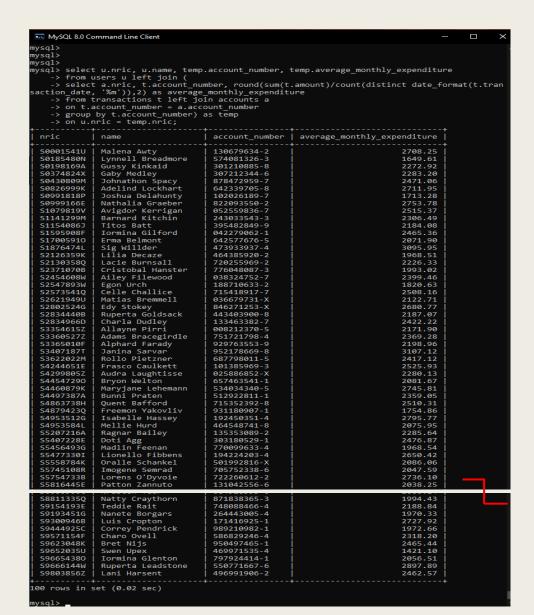
- Spending in each category broken down by age group (This code can be easily modified to visualise the relationship with any other factor in the users table)

select t.expense_category, aa.age_group, sum(t.amount) as total_spent from transactions t left join (
select a.account_number, u.age_group
from users u left join accounts a
on u.nric = a.nric) as aa
on t.account_number = aa.account_number
group by t.expense_category, aa.age_group
order by aa.age_group, total_spent desc;

```
Select MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client
sql> select expense_category, sum(amount) as total_spent from transactions group by expense
bills & utilities
                           314625.88
household & groceries
                           295583 69
                           287287.19
                           242142.80
entertainment
                           229338.70
                           204868.86
                           188262.64
                           180989.95
                           107222.90
    select t.expense_category, aa.age_group, sum(t.amount) as total_spent
     from transactions t left join (
  -> select a.account number, u.age group
  > from users u left join accounts a
  on u.nric = a.nric) as aa
  -> on t.account number = aa.account number
   > group by t.expense_category, aa.age_group
food
                                       130800.85
                                        71359.29
                                        71350.28
                                        45244.76
                                        42278.49
                                        17180.84
                                        11683.91
                                       123230.92
household & groceries
                                       117980.64
                                        88544.56
investments
                                        70251.46
                                        52727.74
                                        48842.50
shopping
                                        45853.89
                                        33160.74
                                        31343.67
                                       194098.68
bills & utilities
                                       100326.79
household & groceries
                        25-45
                                        95731.54
                                        90843.29
                                        68200.09
                                        52694.47
insurance
                                        35463.65
                        25-45
                                        32322.25
                                        20754.08
investments
                        45-65
                                       186254.78
bills & utilities
household & groceries
                                        74534.43
                        45-65
                                        55125.51
                        45-65
                                        54271.77
entertainment
                        45-65
                                        47036.31
                                        40163.10
                                        35738.60
                        45-65
                                        35615.89
                                        16560.24
 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

Monthly Average Spending for Each User

select u.nric, u.name, temp.account_number, temp.average_monthly_expenditure from users u left join (
select a.nric, t.account_number, round(sum(t.amount)/count(distinct date_format(t.transaction_date, '%m')),2) as average_monthly_expenditure from transactions t left join accounts a on t.account_number = a.account_number group by t.account_number) as temp on u.nric = temp.nric;



Most Frequent Transaction Type

select transaction_type, count(transaction_type) as total_count from transactions group by transaction_type;

```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client
mysql> select transaction type, count(transaction type) as total count from transactions
   -> group by transaction type;
 transaction type | total count
 mobile apps
                            2782
                            4524
  paywave
 cash
                             895
  funds transfer
                             927
 NETS
                            1838
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql>
```

Information of Customers with the Highest and Lowest Balance

select u.nric, u.name, u.mobile, u.email, a.account_number, a.balance, u.gender, u.age_group, u.monthly_income, u.marital_status, u.dependants, u.debts_os from users u inner join (
select nric, account_number, balance from accounts
where balance in (select max(balance) from accounts)) as a
on u.nric = a.nric;

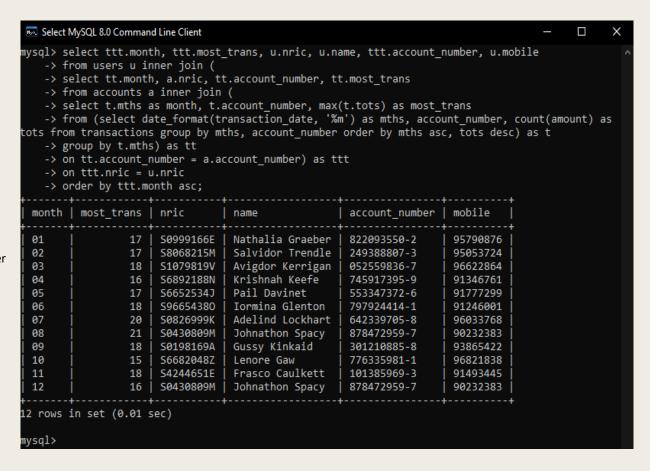
select u.nric, u.name, u.mobile, u.email, a.account_number, a.balance, u.gender, u.age_group, u.monthly_income, u.marital_status, u.dependants, u.debts_os from users u inner join (
select nric, account_number, balance from accounts
where balance in (select min(balance) from accounts)) as a
on u.nric = a.nric;

-> from (-> selection -> where	users u inner t nric, accou	join (int_number, select max(le, u.email, a.a balance from acc balance) from ac		.balance, u.,	gender, u.	age_group,	u.monthly_	income,	u.marital _.	_status,	u.dependa	ants, u.debts	_os	
nric	++- name	mobile	email	account_number	+ balance	++ gender	age_group	monthly_	income	marital_s	status	dependant	s debts_os	debts_os	
S5407228E			00 0					10-15k		M			1 >12 x monthly pay		
-> from (-> selection -> where	users u inner t nric, accou balance in (nric = a.nric	join (int_number, select min(;	balance from acc balance) from ac				0 20 11	7-		-				-	
nric	name	mobile	email	acc	ount_number	balance	gender	age_group	monthl	monthly_income		l_status	dependants	debts_os	
S9154193E			trait2g@miibe	eian.gov.cn 748	088466-4	1232.01	Female	<25	<5k	S			0	0	
row in set	(0.00 sec)	-+	-+			+	+		+					+	

QN 4: LAST QUERY

Users who had the most transactions (all transaction types) for each month

select ttt.month, ttt.most_trans, u.nric, u.name, ttt.account_number, u.mobile from users u inner join (
select tt.month, a.nric, tt.account_number, tt.most_trans from accounts a inner join (
select t.mths as month, t.account_number, max(t.tots) as most_trans from (select date_format(transaction_date, '%m') as mths, account_number, count(amount) as tots from transactions group by mths, account_number order by mths asc, tots desc) as t group by t.mths) as tt on tt.account_number = a.account_number) as ttt on ttt.nric = u.nric order by ttt.month asc;



END