INF-BIOx121 2017

RNA-seq

differential expression analysis

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RNA-seq analysis

Case Study

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Case study

- Compare two conditions with three replicates
- *in silico* simulated dataset
- NCBI GEO: GSE32038

TopHat
A spliced read mapper for RNA-Seq

- DOI: 10.1038/nprot.2012.016

PROTOCOL

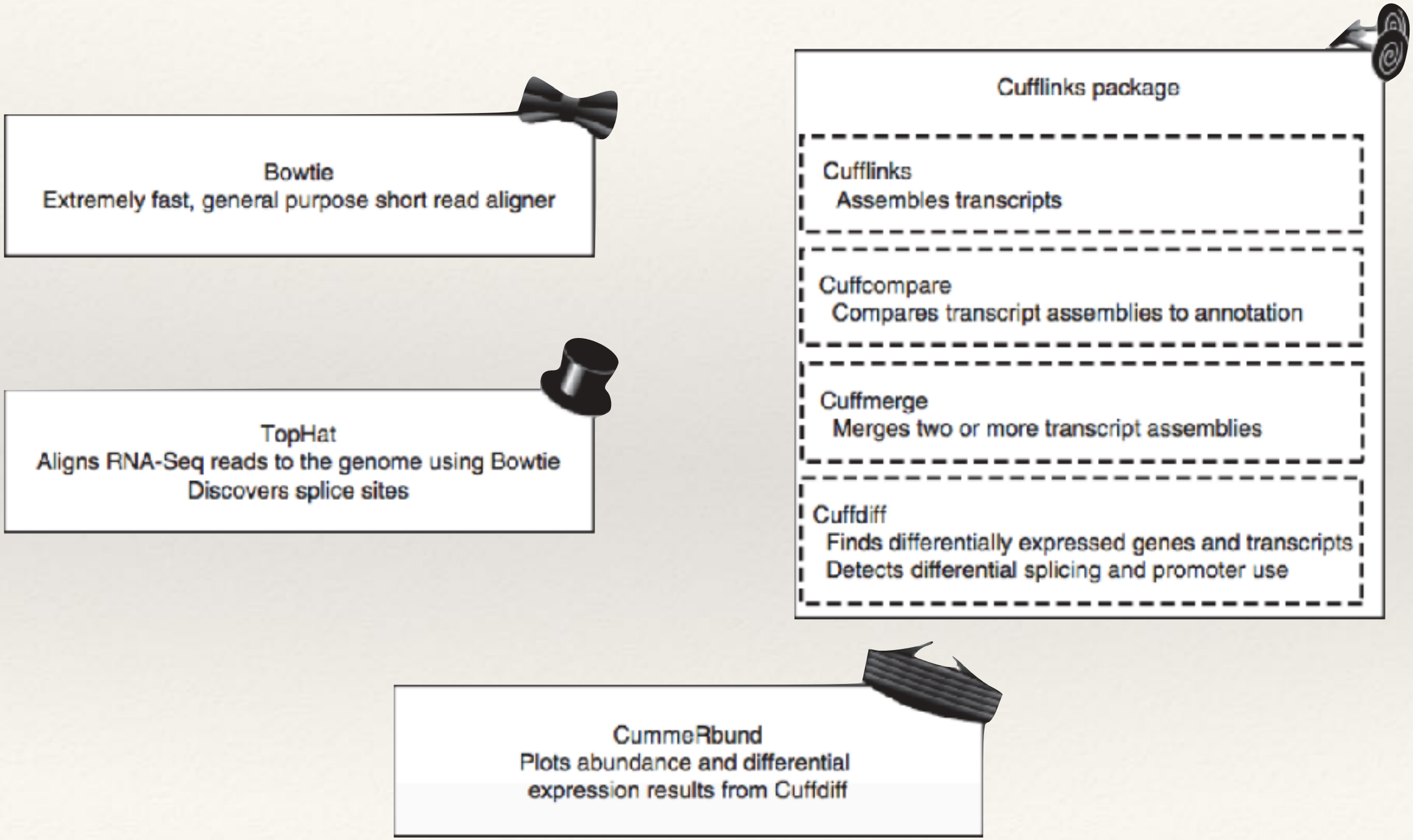
Differential gene and transcript expression analysis of RNA-seq experiments with TopHat and Cufflinks

Cole Trapnell[1,2], Adam Roberts[3], Loyal Goff[1,2,4], Geo Pertea[5,6], Daehwan Kim[5,7], David R Kelley[1,2], Harold Pimentel[3], Steven L Salzberg[5,6], John L Rinn[1,2] & Lior Pachter[3,8,9]

HISAT2
graph-based alignment of next generation sequencing reads to a population of genomes

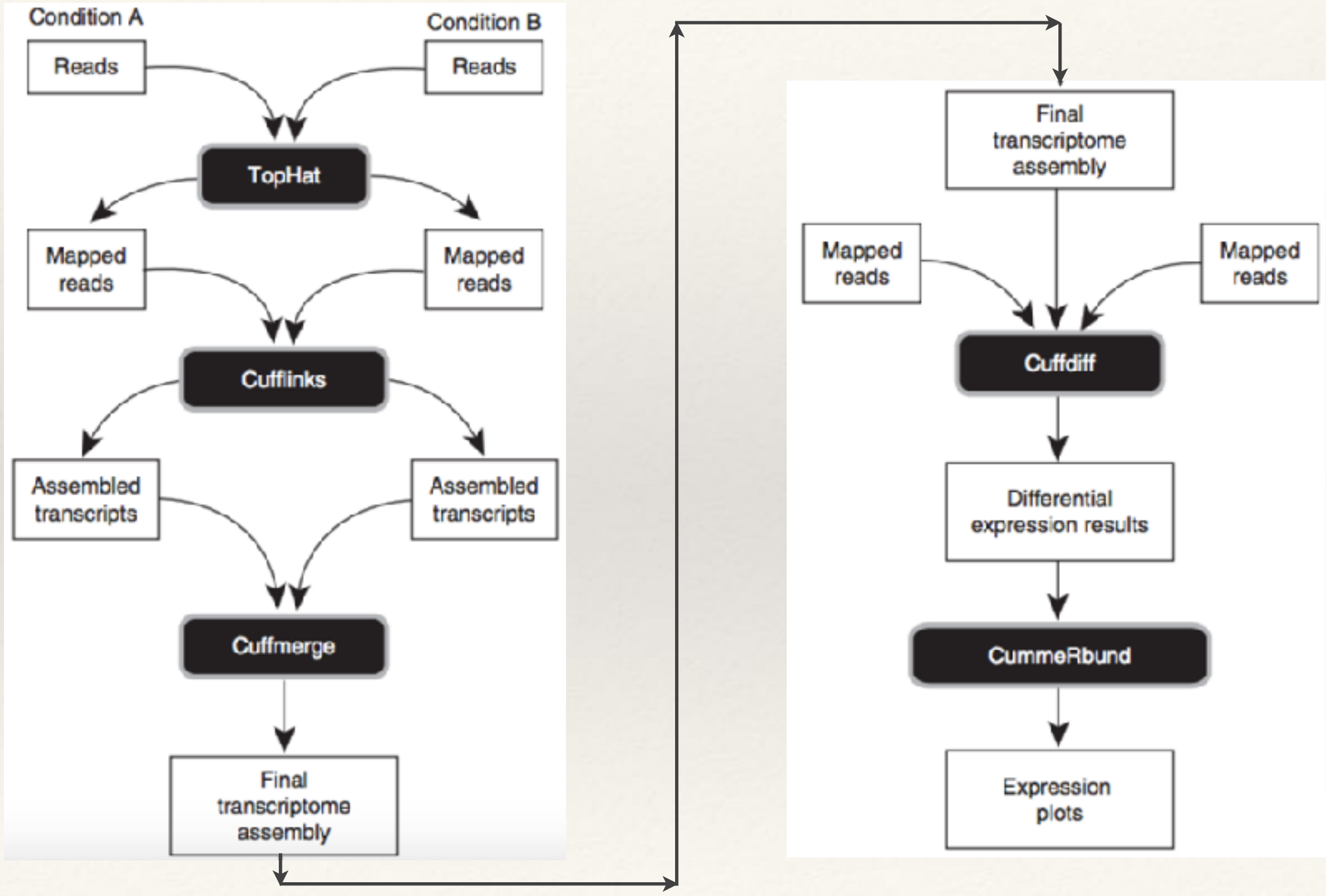
https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

TUXEDO pipeline



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

TUXEDO pipeline



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

TUXEDO pipeline

Genome

Reads (fastq) | Genome (fasta)

Tophat2

BAM

Cufflinks

Sample GTF

Cuffmerge

Project GTF

Genome + Transcriptome

Reads (fastq) | Genome (fasta) | Genome GTF

Tophat2

BAM

Differential Expression

BAM | Genome (fasta) | GTF

Cuffdiff

Output dir

CummeRbund

Cuffnorm

Cuffquant

https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

TUXEDO input

- Sequenced data - Fastq files
  - Single read
  - Paired end reads
  - pre-processed and cleaned*

Not necessary but a good practice

- Reference genome
- Reference annotation (GTF)*
  - Good to provide one if decent annotation exists

https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

Tophat aka Tophat2

- Tophat2 uses bowtie2 aligner engine
  - Bowtie2 is not a splice-aware aligner
  - Tophat2 is a splice-aware *aligner*
- Identifies potential exons and possible splice junctions in the genome and uses aligned data to confirm the same.

Handles **STRANDED** RNA data

https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

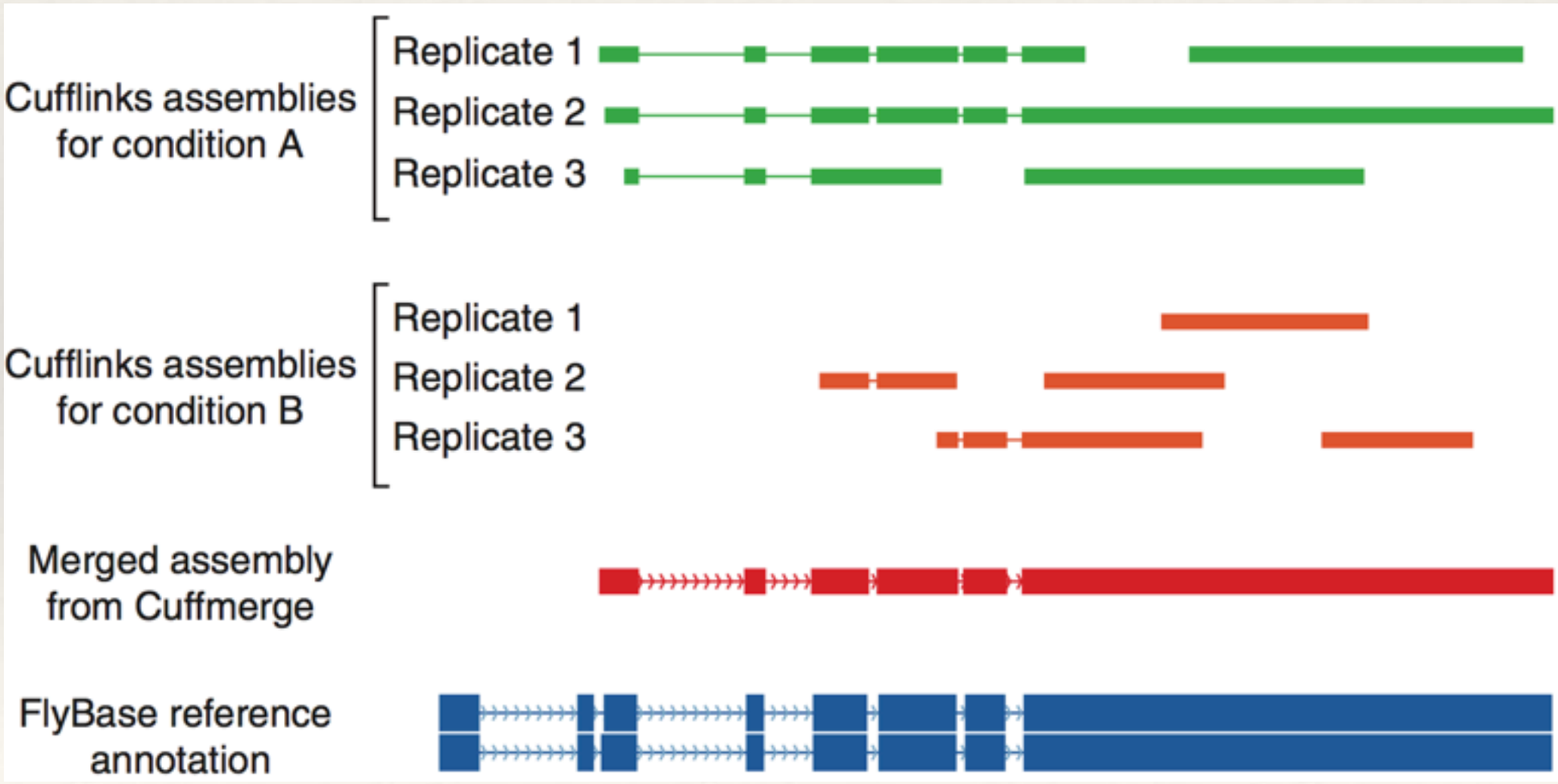
Cufflinks

- Transcript assembly
  - A parsimonious strategy to resolve isoforms
- First level transcript quantification
  - Immature vs mature transcripts

https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

Cuffmerge

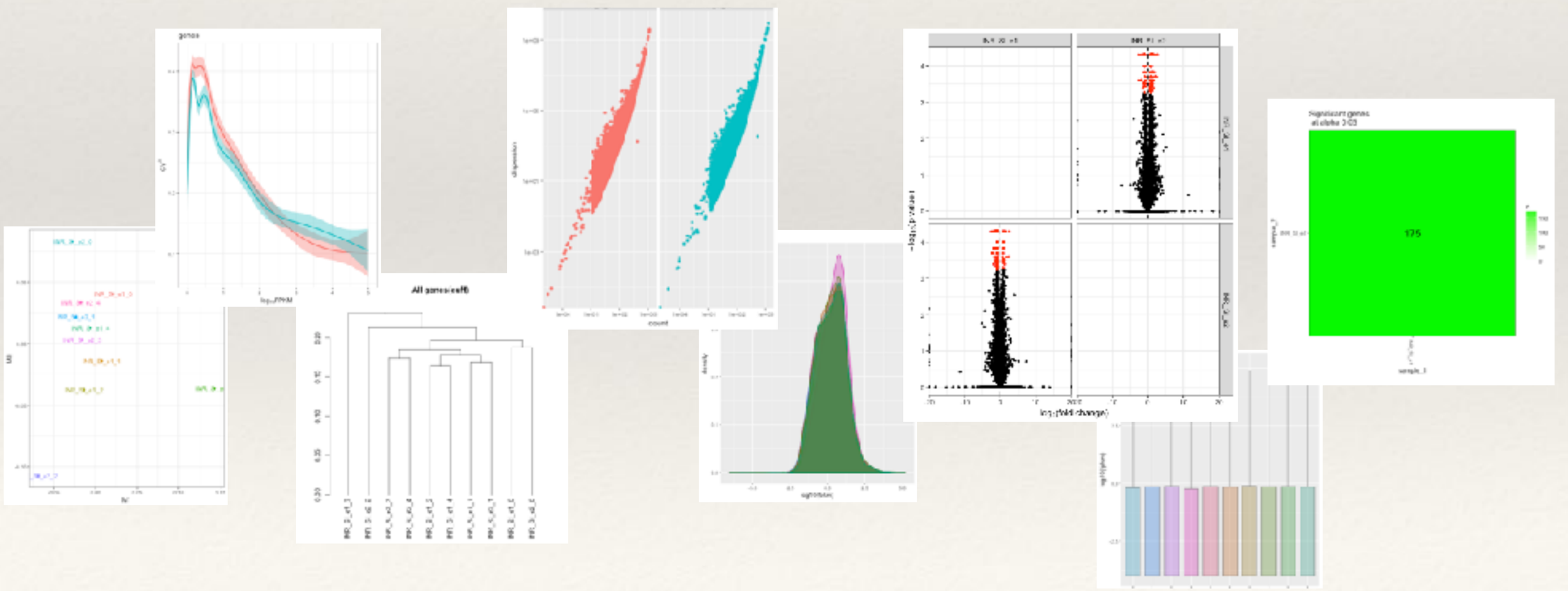
- Pooling of cufflinks data per sample to ensure proper overall experiment ”present transcripts” overview



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

Cuffdiff

- Cuffdiff ”learns the variation for each gene across replicates” to calculate differential expression
- CummeRbund in R used for visualisation



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

RNA-seq analysis

Reference

- Prepare reference
  - Index genome using bowtie2-build
  - If you are using the annotation in GTF format, you ‘tophat2’ to create a ‘transcriptome index’

```
$ cd
$ cd Desktop
$ mkdir rna_seq
$ cd rna_seq
$ mkdir reference
$ cd reference
$ ln -s /data/RNA-seq/reference/* .
```

script.sh

```
bowtie2-build genome.fa genome
tophat2 -G genes.gtf --transcriptome-index=known genome
```

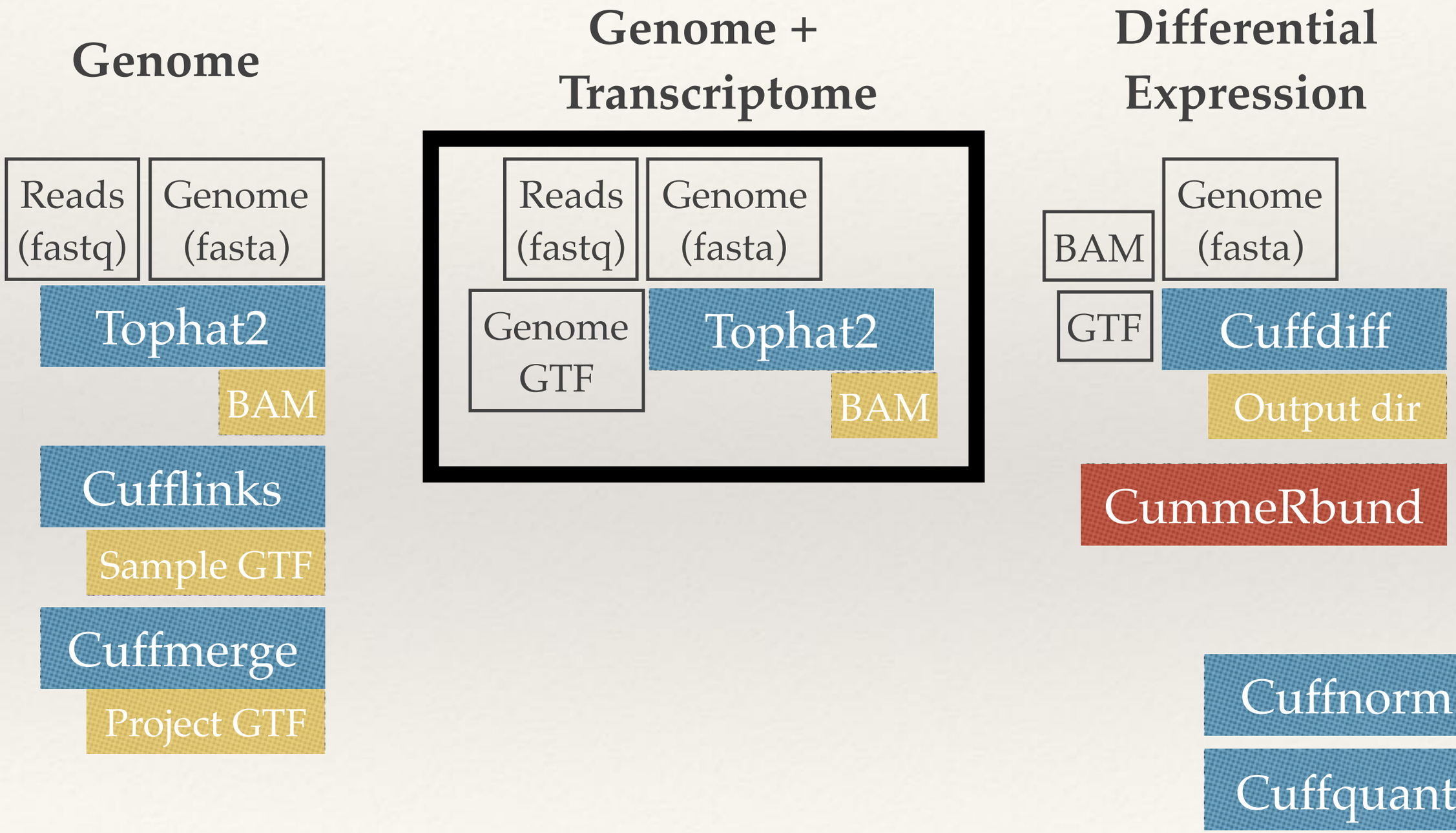
Raw data

- Compare two conditions (C1, C2) with three replicates (R1, R2, R3)
- *in silico* simulated dataset from *Drosophila melanogaster*
- NCBI GEO: GSE32038

```
$ cd
#
$ check if you are in your home page
$ cd Desktop
$ mkdir rna_seq
$ cd rna_seq
$ mkdir 00_raw_data
$ cd 00_raw_data
$ ln -s /data/RNA-seq/00_raw_data/C* .

## Run fastQC to check raw data
```

TUXEDO pipeline



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

Tophat2

- Raw data is available in folder `raw_data`
- Tophat2 has to be run for individual samples - 6 times for this case study

```
tophat2 <options> -o output_folder genome_bowtie2_idx Read1 Read2
```

```
tophat2
 -p 8
 -G reference/genes.gtf
 --transcriptome-index=reference/known
 -o C1_R1_thout
 reference/genome
 00_raw_data/C1_R1_1.fq.gz
 00_raw_data/C1_R1_2.fq.gz
```

Tophat2

- If your tophat2 has not completed, copy the output as below

```
$ cd
$ cd Desktop
$ cd rna_seq
$ mkdir 10_tophat
$ cd 10_tophat
$ cp /data/RNA-seq/10_tophat/C1_R1_thout.tar .
$ tar -xvf C1_R1_thout.tar
```

Tophat2

- Tophat2 produces a lot of output files in the directory
  - `accepted_hits.bam` contain the aligned data
    - mapped reads only
  - `align_summary.txt` contains mapping statistics

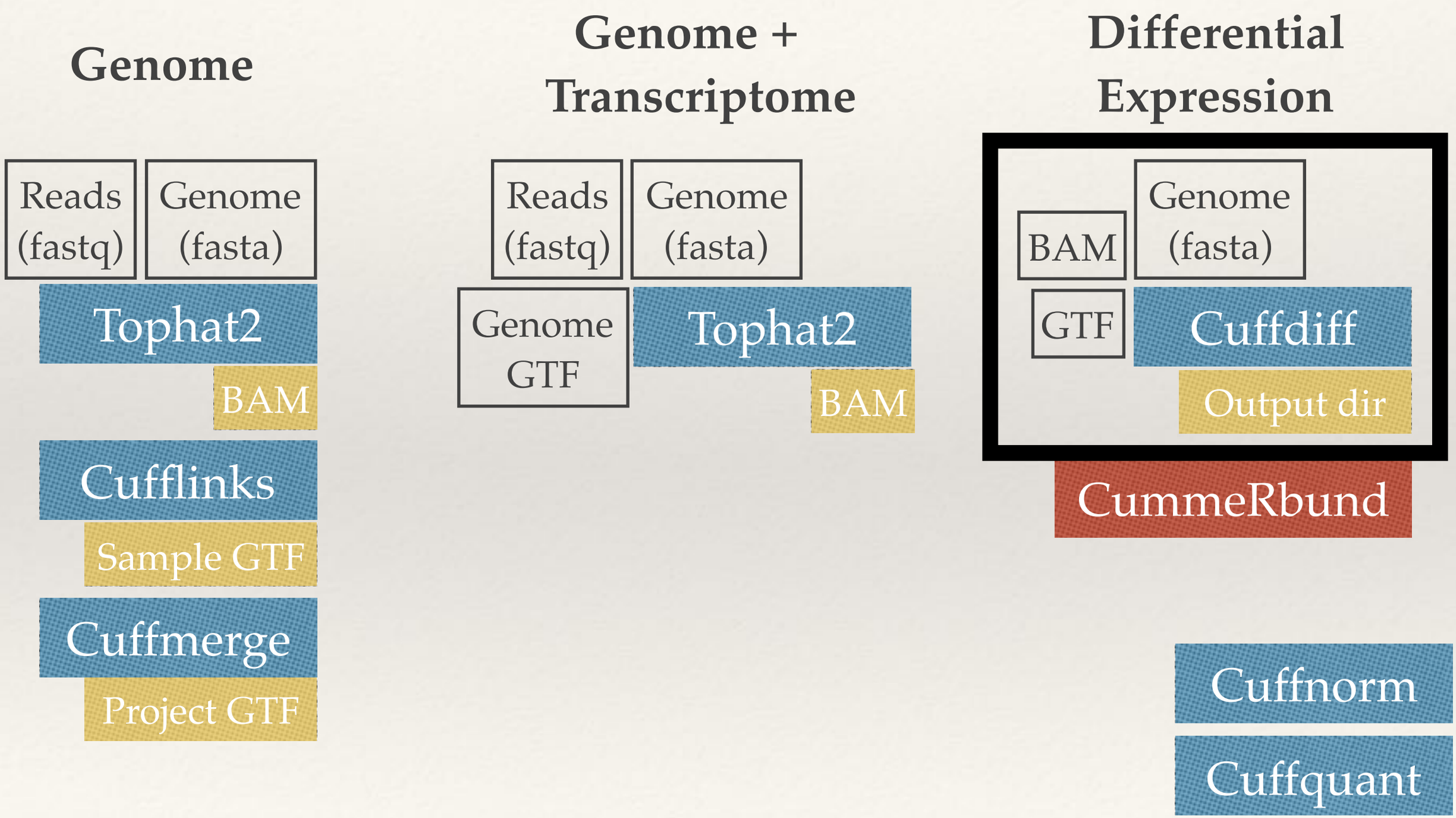
tophat2 output dir

```
C1_R1_thout/
  accepted_hits.bam
  align_summary.txt
  deletions.bed
  insertions.bed
  junctions.bed
  logs/
  prep_read.info
  unmapped.bed
```

```
bash-4.2$ cat align_summary.txt
Left reads:
          Input     :   1000000
           Mapped   :    670287 (67.0% of input)
            of these:     22216 ( 3.3%) have multiple alignments (421 have >20)
Right reads:
          Input     :   1000000
           Mapped   :    682380 (68.2% of input)
            of these:     22618 ( 3.3%) have multiple alignments (410 have >20)
67.6% overall read mapping rate.

Aligned pairs:    607227
     of these:     19173 ( 3.2%) have multiple alignments
                   20393 ( 3.4%) are discordant alignments
58.7% concordant pair alignment rate.
```

TUXEDO pipeline



https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2012.016

Cuffdiff

- Cuffdiff calculates differential expression between two conditions
  - takes care of replicates
  - produces statistical information

```
cuffdiff
 -p 8
 -b reference/genome.fa
 -u reference/genes.gtf
 -o diff_out
 -L C1,C2

 C1_R1_thout/accepted_hits.bam,
 C1_R2_thout/accepted_hits.bam,
 C1_R3_thout/accepted_hits.bam

 C2_R1_thout/accepted_hits.bam,
 C2_R2_thout/accepted_hits.bam,
 C2_R3_thout/accepted_hits.bam
```

CummeRbund

```
$ cd
$ cd Desktop/rna_seq
$ cp /data/RNA-seq/20_cuffdiff.tar .
$ tar -xvf 20_cufflinks.tar
$ mkdir 30_cummeRbund
$ cd 30_cummeRbund

## R using Rstudio
$ rstudio

> getwd()
# should point to 30_cummeRbund
> library("cummeRbund")
> cuff <- readCufflinks("../20_cuffdiff")
> cuff
```

CummeRbund

```
> dispersionPlot(genes(cuff))
> csDensity(genes(cuff), replicates=T)
> csBoxplot(genes(cuff), replicates=T)
> csScatterMatrix(genes(cuff))
> csDendro(genes(cuff), replicates=T)
> fpkmSCVPlot(genes(cuff))
> csVolcanoMatrix(genes(cuff))
> MDSplot(genes(cuff), replicates=T)
> sigMatrix(cuff)
> sigMatrix(cuff, level="isoforms")

> diff.genes <- diffData(genes(cuff))
> annot.genes <- annotation(genes(cuff))[,c(1,4)]
> diff.genes.annot <- merge(diff.genes, annot.genes, by = "gene_id")
> diff.genes.sig <- subset(diff.genes.annot, significant=="yes")
> write.table(diff.genes.sig, 'DE_cuff_genes.txt', quote=F, sep="\t", row.names=F)

> diff.iso <- diffData(isoforms(cuff))
> annot.iso <- annotation(isoforms(cuff))[,c(1,2,4)]
> diff.iso.annot <- merge(diff.iso, annot.iso, by = "isoform_id")
> diff.iso.sig <- subset(diff.iso, significant=="yes")
> write.table(diff.iso.sig, 'DE_cuff_isoforms.txt', quote=F, sep="\t",
row.names=F)
```

featureCounts

```
## Correct

$ featureCounts -p -s 2 -a ../reference/genes.gtf -o
counts_paired_stranded ../35_tophat_for_featureCounts/*bam

## Try the following, run DESeq2 and check the difference from
above

$ featureCounts -p -a ../reference/genes.gtf -o
counts_paired ../35_tophat_for_featureCounts/*bam

$ featureCounts -a ../reference/genes.gtf -o counts ../
35_tophat_for_featureCounts/*bam
```

DESeq2

```
> library(“DESeq2”)
# Check folder
> data <- read.delim("../35_tophat_for_featureCounts/counts_paired", skip=1)

> countData <- data[,c(7:12)]
> rownames(countData) <- data[,1]
> colnames(countData) <- c("C1_R1", "C1_R2", "C1_R3", "C2_R1", "C2_R2", "C2_R3")
> colData <- data.frame(condition = c("C1", "C1", "C1", "C2", "C2", "C2"))
> rownames(colData) <- colnames(countData)

> dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = countData, colData = colData, design =~
condition)
> dds_process <- DESeq(dds)
> res <- results(dds_process)
> summary(res)

> res_05 <- results(dds_process, alpha=0.05)
> diff.genes <- subset(res_05, padj <= 0.05)
> write.table(diff.genes, "DE_DESeq2_genes.txt", quote=F)

> plotDispEsts(dds_process)
> plotPCA(DESeqTransform(dds_process))
> plotMA(dds_process)

> sizeFactors(dds_process)
```