

All Known Solutions Follow the Theoretical Magnitude Curve

----- Exact: $k = \sqrt{\lfloor n + a \rfloor!} + 1$
..... Approximation: $k \approx \sqrt{(n + a)!}$
■ a=1 (Consecutive Pairs)
● a=0 (Brocard-Ramanujan)
★ a=4 (Exceptional)

$\log_{10}(k)$

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

0.0

1

k=2

2

k=3

3

k=5

4

k=11

5

k=29

6

k=71

7

k=215

8

$x = n + a$ (Index of largest factorial term)