

**Roll No. :- 20BCE204**  
**Course Code :- 2CS701**  
**Course Name:- Compiler Construction**

**AIM :-** To implement a Type Checker.

**Code:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int n,i,k,flag=0;
    char vari[15],typ[15],b[15],c;
    printf("Enter the number of variables:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the variable[%d]:",i);
        scanf(" %c",&vari[i]);
        printf("Enter the variable-type[%d] (float-f,int-i):",i);
        scanf(" %c",&typ[i]);
        if(typ[i]=='f')
            flag=1;
    }
    printf("Enter the Expression(end with $):");
    i=0;
    getchar();

    while((c=getchar())!='$')
    {
        b[i]=c;
        i++;
    }
    k=i;
    for(i=0; i<k; i++)
    {
```

```

        if(b[i]=='/')
        {
            flag=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if(b[0]==vari[i])
        {
            if(flag==1)
            {
                if(typ[i]=='f')
                {
                    printf("\nThe datatype of %c is correctly defined \n",vari[i]);
                    break;
                }
                else
                {
                    printf("Identifier %c must be a float type \n",vari[i]);
                    break;
                }
            }
            else
            {
                printf("\nThe datatype of %c is correctly defined\n",vari[i]);
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

## Output:

```

Enter the number of variables:4
Enter the variable[0]:A
Enter the variable-type[0](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[1]:B
Enter the variable-type[1](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[2]:C
Enter the variable-type[2](float-f,int-i):f
Enter the variable[3]:D
Enter the variable-type[3](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the Expression(end with $):A=B*C/D$
Identifier A must be a float type

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 42.889 s
Press any key to continue.

```

```
Enter the number of variables:3
Enter the variable[0]:x
Enter the variable-type[0](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[1]:y
Enter the variable-type[1](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[2]:z
Enter the variable-type[2](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the Expression(end with $):x=y*z$

The datatype of x is correctly defined

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 49.836 s
Press any key to continue.
```