Roll No: 20BCE204

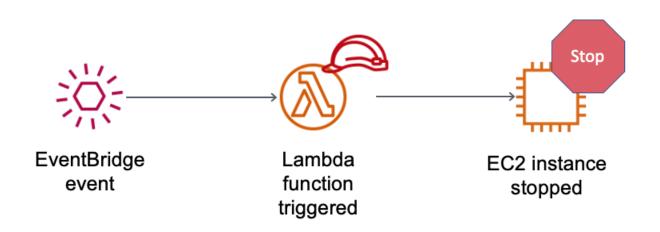
Course: 2CSDE67 Cloud Computing

Practical No: 4

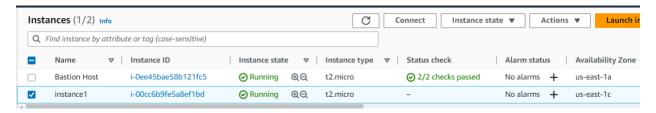
Aim: Working with an laaS Cloud Computing: Using AWS (Amazon Web Services) to understating the following concept. Do load balancing in amazon EC2

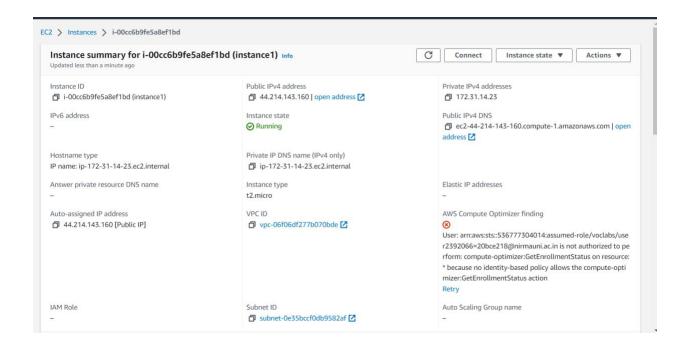
Introduction:

AWS Lambda is an event-driven, serverless computing platform provided by Amazon as a part of Amazon Web Services. It is a computing service that runs code in response to events and automatically manages the computing resources required by that code.

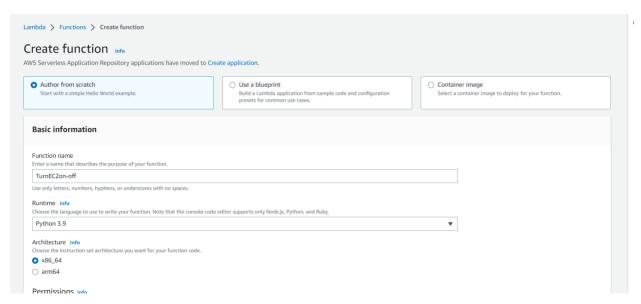


Already running instances of EC2

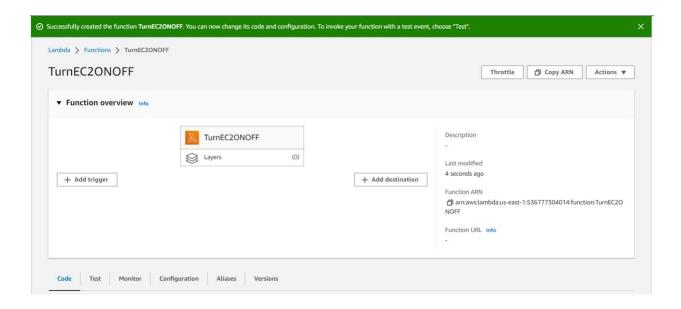




Creating a Lambda function in AWS console



Lambda function dashboard:



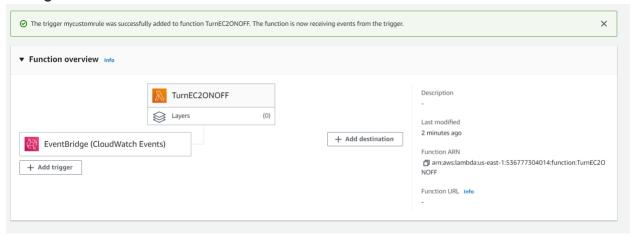
Creating a trigger for the function to run:

Trigger configuration Info EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) events management-tools Rule Pick an existing rule, or create a new one. Create a new rule Existing rules Rule name Enter a name to uniquely identify your rule. mycustomrule Rule description Provide an optional description for your rule. Rule type Trigger your target based on an event pattern, or based on an automated schedule. Event pattern Schedule expression Schedule expression Self-trigger your target on an automated schedule using Cron or rate expressions. Cron expressions are in UTC. - - --+-/1 dout ----/0 17 2 * MON FDI *\ Providing the rate of execution Rule description Provide an optional description for your rule. Rule type Trigger your target based on an event pattern, or based on an automated schedule. Event pattern Schedule expression Schedule expression Self-trigger your target on an automated schedule using Cron or rate expressions. Cron expressions are in UTC. rate(1 minute)

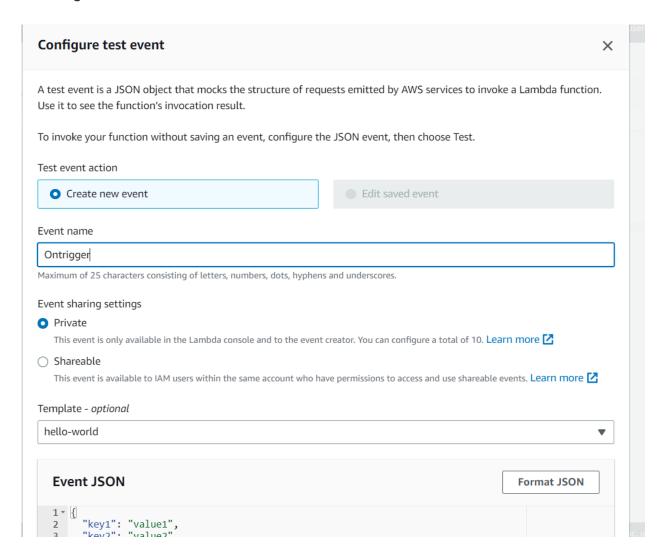
Lambda will add the necessary permissions for Amazon EventBridge (CloudWatch Events) to invoke your Lambda function from this trigger. <u>Learn more</u> about the Lambda permissions model.

e.g. rate(1 day), cron(0 17 ? * MON-FRI *)

Configured function



Creating a custom test event to test the function:



Function body:

```
lambda_function × Execution results × +

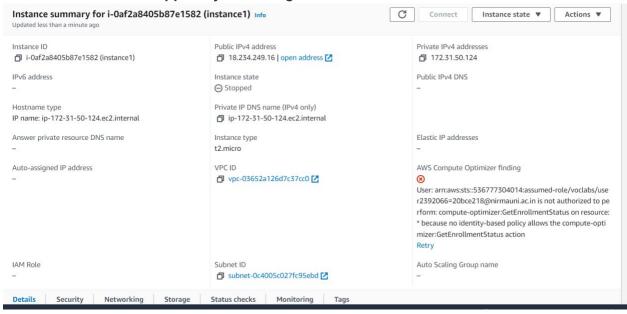
import boto3
region = 'us-east-1'
instances = ['i-0af2a8405b87e1582']
4 ec2 = boto3.client('ec2', region_name=region)

def lambda_handler(event, context):
    ec2.stop_instances(InstanceIds=instances)
    print('stopped your instances: ' + str(instances))
    return "Success!"
```

Execution result of the function:



The VM instance is stopped by executing the Function



Function body to turn the instance on:

```
lambda_function ×

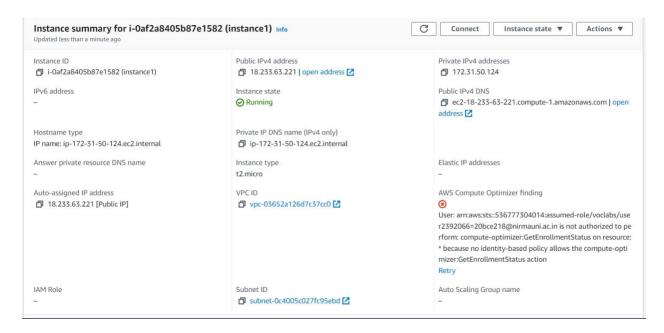
import boto3
region = 'us-east-1'
instances = ['i-0af2a8405b87e1582']
ec2 = boto3.client('ec2', region_name=region)

def lambda_handler(event, context):
    response = client.start_instances(InstanceIds=instances)
    return response
```

Execution result:

```
T
         lambda_function.× Execution result: × +
▼ Execution results
Test Event Name
OnStartSERVER
Response
  "StartingInstances": [
    {
    "CurrentState": {
         "Code": 0,
"Name": "pending"
       },
"InstanceId": "i-0af2a8405b87e1582",
"PreviousState": {
         "Code": 80,
"Name": "stopped"
    }
  ],
"ResponseMetadata": {
-+**d": "fc0b50
     "RequestId": "fc0b5d29-f0f1-4fff-90b1-e3dfc81315f6",
     "HTTPStatusCode": 200,
     "HTTPHeaders": {
       "x-amzn-requestid": "fc0b5d29-f0f1-4fff-90b1-e3dfc81315f6",
       "cache-control": "no-cache, no-store",
"strict-transport-security": "max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains",
      "content-type": "text/xml;charset=UTF-8",
"content-length": "579",
"date": "Tue, 14 Mar 2023 18:24:44 GMT",
       "server": "AmazonEC2"
    },
"RetryAttempts": 0
  }
}
```

The instance is started by executing the function:



Conclusion:

In this practical I have learnt about the Amazon Lambda function service. I have created a Lambda function on the AWS cloud and configured it to start and stop the VM instance provided by AWS.