Page

Kitab CRUD Laravel

Web Prog

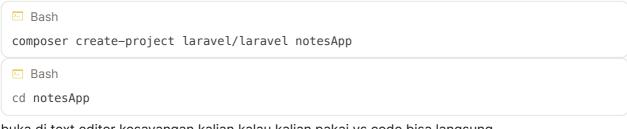
Todo \rightarrow membuat **aplikasi simple notes** yang bisa create notes, update notes, show notes, delete notes

Setup

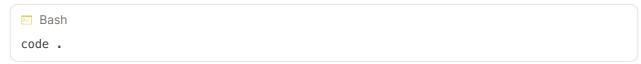
First things first, pastikan environment kita udah oke yaitu

- xampp/herd/laragon
- nodes + npm
- buka dokumentasi laravel https://laravel.com/docs

create project → sesuaikan pathnya

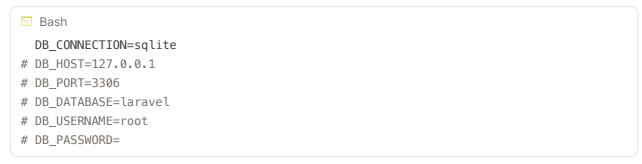


buka di text editor kesayangan kalian kalau kalian pakai vs code bisa langsung



sebelum kita ubah apapun di dalam codingannya selalu pastikan kita settings project kita dulu dengan membuka .env

config envnya yang awalnya seperti ini



menjadi seperti ini

```
DB_CONNECTION=mysql
DB_HOST=127.0.0.1
DB_PORT=3306
DB_DATABASE=notesApp #nama database kalian
DB_USERNAME=root
DB_PASSWORD=
```

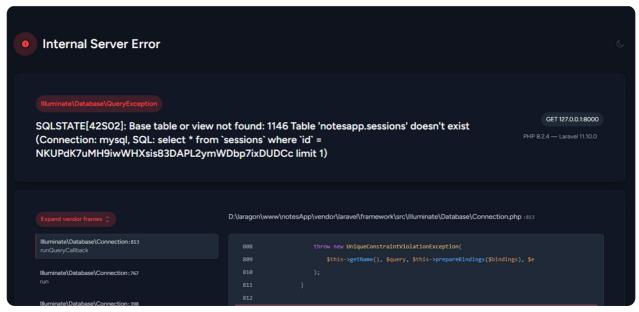
buat database notesApp → di phpMyAdmin

jalankan project

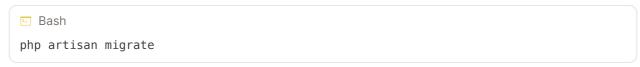
```
≥ Bash
php artisan serve
```

buka http://127.0.0.1:8000 di browser kesayangan kalian

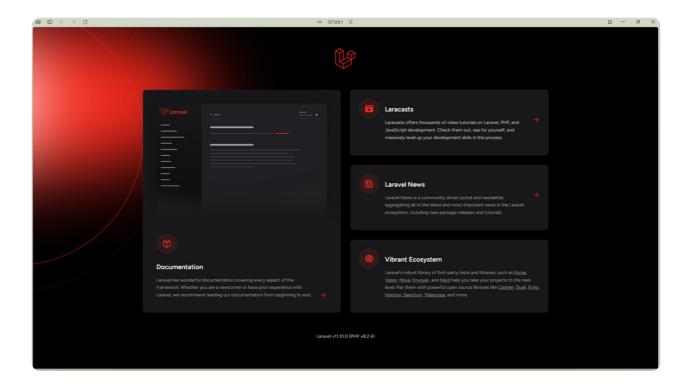
kalau kalian mendapatkan error ini tandanya kalian belum punya table session which table bawaan laravel



cara troubleshootnya kita migrate dulu friends



taraa.. seharusnya sudah bisa



Analisis

sebelum kita mulai membuat sebuah project baiknya kita analisis dulu soalnya. di soalnya kita diminta buat apaa... disini instruksi soalnya cuman minta "simple notes application" kira kira apa aja yang harus kita pikirkan pertama?

 schema database kita mau seperti apa? asumsi ada seorang user yang mau membuat notes berarti ada table user dan notes dengan isi judul notes, body notes, dibuat kapan. gimana dengan tampilan? mungkin ada tampilan yang menunjukkan list notesnya, create notesnya, show detail notesnya, edit notesnya, sama delete notesnya dong yaa... operasi ada apa aja? store data, update data, destroy data

dari hasil itu kita bisa menyimpulkan beberapa hal yaitu

- 1. model user dan notes
- 2. views index, create, show, edit
- 3. controller, store, update, destroy

biasanya flow yang bisa aku lakuin:

- 1. model + migration + seeder
- 2. views
- 3. controller + route

Model + Migration + Seeder

kita bisa membuat model , migration dan seeder secara independent tapi disini ada command yang membantu kita membuat semuanya sekaligus

Bash
php artisan make:model NamaModel -m -s

overview sedikit, model itu yang menghubungkan laravel dengan database, migration membantu kita membuat schema database, dan seeder adalah tools untuk menambahkan data posisi saat ini laravel sudah membuatkan kita model user, migration untuk user seperti dibawah ini User.php

```
PHP
<?php
namespace App\Models;
// use Illuminate\Contracts\Auth\MustVerifyEmail;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Foundation\Auth\User as Authenticatable;
use Illuminate\Notifications\Notifiable;
class User extends Authenticatable
    use HasFactory, Notifiable;
    * The attributes that are mass assignable.
    * @var array<int, string>
    protected $fillable = [
        'name',
        'email',
        'password',
    ];
    * The attributes that should be hidden for serialization.
    * @var array<int, string>
    protected $hidden = [
        'password',
        'remember_token',
    ];
    * Get the attributes that should be cast.
    * @return array<string, string>
    protected function casts(): array
    {
        return [
            'email_verified_at' => 'datetime',
            'password' => 'hashed',
       ];
    }
}
```

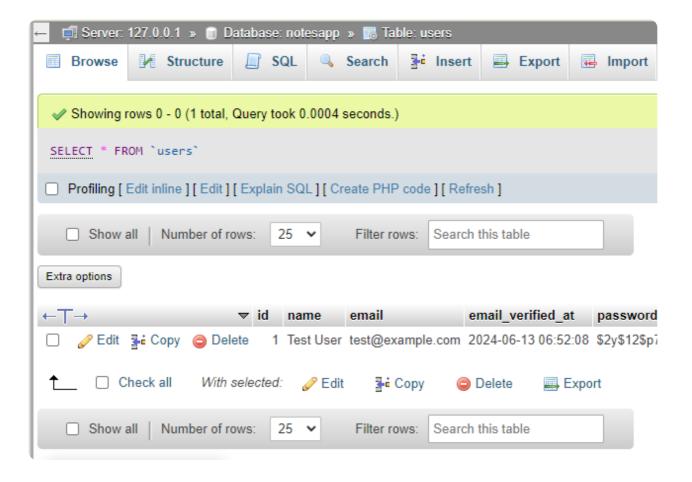
0001_01_01_000000_create_users_table.php

```
PHP
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
return new class extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.
    */
    public function up(): void
    {
        Schema::create('users', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('name');
            $table->string('email')->unique();
            $table->timestamp('email verified at')->nullable();
            $table->string('password');
            $table->rememberToken();
            $table->timestamps();
        });
        Schema::create('password_reset_tokens', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->string('email')->primary();
            $table->string('token');
            $table->timestamp('created_at')->nullable();
        });
        Schema::create('sessions', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->string('id')->primary();
            $table->foreignId('user_id')->nullable()->index();
            $table->string('ip_address', 45)->nullable();
            $table->text('user_agent')->nullable();
            $table->longText('payload');
            $table->integer('last_activity')->index();
        });
    }
    * Reverse the migrations.
    */
    public function down(): void
    {
        Schema::dropIfExists('users');
        Schema::dropIfExists('password_reset_tokens');
        Schema::dropIfExists('sessions');
    }
};
```

laravel juga membuat sebuah factory user (membuat user sama seperti seeder) yang di panggil di DatabaseSeeder.php

```
PHP
<?php
namespace Database\Seeders;
use App\Models\User;
// use Illuminate\Database\Console\Seeds\WithoutModelEvents;
use Illuminate\Database\Seeder;
class DatabaseSeeder extends Seeder
{
    /**
    * Seed the application's database.
    */
    public function run(): void
        // User::factory(10)->create();
        User::factory()->create([
            'name' => 'Test User',
            'email' => 'test@example.com',
        ]);
    }
}
```

kita bisa mengulang migration kita dan menambahkan factory dengan menjalankan command ini



yuk kita buat model migration dan seeder untuk notes

```
Bash
php artisan make:model Note -m -s
```

maka akan terbuat 3 file yaitu model Note.php, seeder NoteSeeder.php, sama create notes table selanjutnya apa?

- 1. setup migration
- 2. setup seeder (kalau ujian tida dibutuhkan skip aja)
- 3. setup model

Setup migrations

```
Bash
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
return new class extends Migration
{
    * Run the migrations.
    */
    public function up(): void
        Schema::create('notes', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('Title');
            $table->longText('body');
            $table->timestamps();
        });
    }
    /**
    * Reverse the migrations.
    */
    public function down(): void
        Schema::dropIfExists('notes');
    }
};
```

ada macem" tipe column yang bisa kita isi ada integer, string, longtext,unsignedBigInteger di laravel primarykey selalu 'id' dan autoincrement yaa tapi kita tetep bisa customize ko

migrate saja langsung

```
▶ Bash
php artisan migrate:fresh
```

Setup Seeder

mengupdate seeder supaya bisa langsung isi notes

```
Bash
<?php
namespace Database\Seeders;
use Illuminate\Database\Console\Seeds\WithoutModelEvents;
use Illuminate\Database\Seeder;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\DB;
class NoteSeeder extends Seeder
    /**
    * Run the database seeds.
    public function run(): void
        DB::table('notes')->insert([
            'Title' => 'Notes 1',
            'Body' => 'Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos
voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque
harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad
inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto,
mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id,
voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic
corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus
velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?',
        ]);
    }
}
```

kalau kalian jalanin php artisan migrate:fresh --seed si seeder notes ini tidak akan jalan temen" karena dia nda di call di DatabaseSeeder jadi kita modify dulu DatabaseSeeder nya

```
PHP
<?php
namespace Database\Seeders;
use App\Models\User;
// use Illuminate\Database\Console\Seeds\WithoutModelEvents;
use Illuminate\Database\Seeder;
class DatabaseSeeder extends Seeder
    /**
    * Seed the application's database.
    public function run(): void
        // User::factory(10)->create();
        User::factory()->create([
            'name' => 'Test User',
            'email' => 'test@example.com',
        ]);
        $this->call([
            NoteSeeder::class,
        ]);
    }
}
```

jangan lupa import yaa, takutnya dia ga otomatis, ini berlaku untuk semua seeder yang kalian buat yaa kalau mau pakai command

```
■ Bash
php artisan migrate:fresh --seed
```

boleh dijalanin lagi, command diatas

```
        $ php artisan migrate: fresh --seed
        43.70ms DONE

        INFO
        Preparing database.

        Creating migration table
        10.32ms DONE

        INFO
        Running migrations.

        0901_01_01_000000_create_users_table
        52.01ms DONE

        0901_01_01_000000_create_cache_table
        11.53ms DONE

        0901_01_01_0000002_create_jobs_table
        48.34ms DONE

        2024_06_13_065451_create_notes_table
        5.93ms DONE

        INFO
        Seeding database.

        Database\Seeders\NoteSeeders
        RUNNING

        Database\Seeders\NoteSeeders
        3 ms DONE
```

seharusnya si noteSeeder sudah jalan ya.. kalau kalian notice factorynya ko nda ada runningnya? iaa.. karena si laravel belum cs sama factory xd

seharusnya sekarang sudah ada data di table notes kalian



Setup Model

Note.php

```
PHP
<?php

namespace App\Models;

use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;

class Note extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;

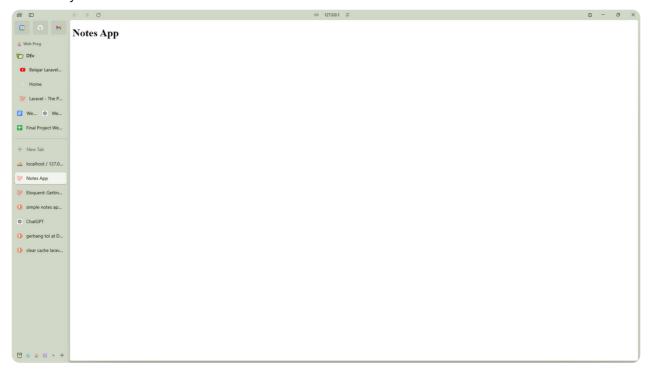
    protected $table = 'notes'; #buat pastiin tablenya bener
    protected $fillable = ['title','body']; #field apa aja yang bisa diisi
    protected $primaryKey = 'id'; #mastiin primarykeynya
}</pre>
```

protected ini template temen" ada beberapa yang harus di lihat, primarykey biasanya langsung kedetek

Views + Controller + Route

replace welcome.blade.php menjadi seperti ini

seharusnya kalau kalian refresh browser kalian



whats next? setup boostrap

setup boostrap ada banyak ya, cdn bisa sebagai variasi kalau kalian download lewat sini https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap/releases/download/v5.3.3/bootstrap-5.3.3-dist.zip extract here dan taruh di public project laravel kalian

import css, sama jsnya



sesuaikan dengan path dan nama folder kaliankalian

```
PHP
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/bootstrap-5.3.3-dist/css/bootstrap.min.css">

PHP

<script src="/bootstrap-5.3.3-dist/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script></script>
```

kalau ada customer css?

sama ya tinggal di tambahin aja

```
PHP
<link rel="stylesheet" href="/style.css">
```

sekarang kita bakal pake component dari boostrap kayak navbar dan footer dan mengimplementasikan include, yields dan section

settings navbar footer seperti ini

```
PHP
<nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg bg-body-tertiary">
   <div class="container">
      <a class="navbar-brand" href="#">Navbar</a>
      <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-bs-toggle="collapse" data-</pre>
bs-target="#navbarNav"
         aria-controls="navbarNav" aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle
navigation">
         <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
      <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="navbarNav">
         class="nav-item">
                <a class="nav-link active" aria-current="page" href="#">Home</a>
            class="nav-item">
                <a class="nav-link" href="#">Features</a>
            class="nav-item">
               <a class="nav-link" href="#">Pricing</a>
            class="nav-item">
               <a class="nav-link disabled" aria-disabled="true">Disabled</a>
            </div>
   </div>
</nav>
<main>
   <div class="container">
      <h1>Notes App</h1>
   </div>
</main>
<footer class="py-3 my-4">
   <a href="#" class="nav-link px-2 text-muted">Home</a>
<a href="#" class="nav-link px-2 text-</pre>
muted">Features</a>
      <a href="#" class="nav-link px-2 text-muted">Pricing</a>
<a href="#" class="nav-link px-2 text-muted">FAQs</a>
<a href="#" class="nav-link px-2 text-muted">About</a>
© 2021 Company, Inc
</footer>
```

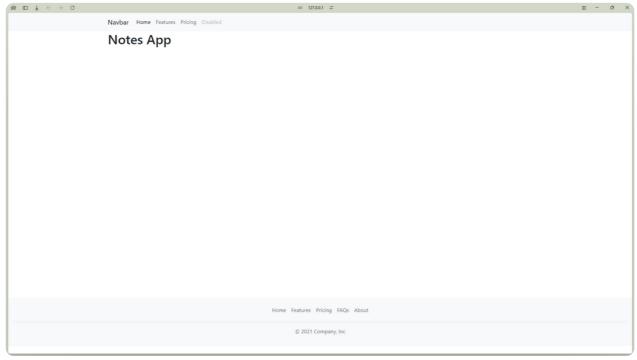
add style.css juga supaya footer selalu dibawah

```
body {
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: column;
    min-height: 100vh;
}

main {
    flex: 1;
}

footer {
    padding: 1rem;
    margin-top: auto;
    background-color: #f8f9fa; /* Example background color */
}
```

kira-kira tampilannya seperti ini



supaya code views kita lebih bagus kita bisa pakai templating engine dari laravel seperti include dan yield temen"

cut code nav dan buat nav.blade.php begitu juga dengan footer

kira" seperti ini

buat file baru dengan nama index.blade.php

dan cut h1 nya dan tambahin @yield setelah div dengan container container

file welcome.blade ini akan kita jadikan template / parent temen" yang akan di extend oleh page" lainnya. sekarang rename welcome.blade.php menjadi template.blade.php

ubah route ('/') menjadi views menjadi index seperti dibawah ini

```
PHP
<?php

use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;

Route::get('/', function () {
    return view('index');
});</pre>
```

seharusnya kalau kita refresh maka jadi seperti ini



tidak ada navbarnya dan footernya temen" karena di dalam index.blade php kita belum ngenalin parent bladenya jadi buka index.blade.php dan update isinya menjadi seperti berikut index.blade.php

intinya sambungin dengan extends file template.php, dengan isi sectionnya yaitu content kalau kalian notice sectionnya itu namanya sama kayak yang di @yield

selanjutnya kita bisa buka index.blade.php dan tambah code table untuk menampilkan data

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
  <h1>Notes App</h1>
  <button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Add Data/button>
  <thead>
      #
         First
         Last
         Handle
         </thead>
    1
         Mark
         0tto
         @mdo
         <button type="button" class="btn btn-warning">Edit/button>
           <button type="button" class="btn btn-danger">Delete/button>
         @endsection
```

sekarang saatnya membuat controller dan route untuk menampilkan data, create, update, delete serta membuat viewsnya

jalankan code ini

```
□ Bash
php artisan make:controller NoteController
```

seharusnya file NoteController.php terbuat

```
PHP
<?php
namespace App\Http\Controllers;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use App\Models\Note;
class NoteController extends Controller
    public function index()
    }
    public function create()
    }
    public function store(Request $request)
    }
    public function show(Note $note)
    }
    public function edit(Note $note)
    public function update(Request $request, Note $note)
    {
    }
    public function destroy(Note $note)
    {
    }
}
```

method ini template, index untuk menampilkan jadi tidak ada parameter, create \rightarrow views menambahkan data, store \rightarrow method save data, show \rightarrow menampilkan spesifik data, edit \rightarrow views edit, update \rightarrow method update data, destroy \rightarrow delete data

karena sudah membuat controller mari kita tampilkan data dari seeder yang kita buat

```
public function index()
{
    $notes = Note::all();
    return view('index',['notes' => $notes]);
}
```

menggunakan query builder kita meminta semua data di model atau table note dan assign di variable notes, setelah itu me return views yang akan dikirimkan array asosiatif notes yang isinya hasil querynya

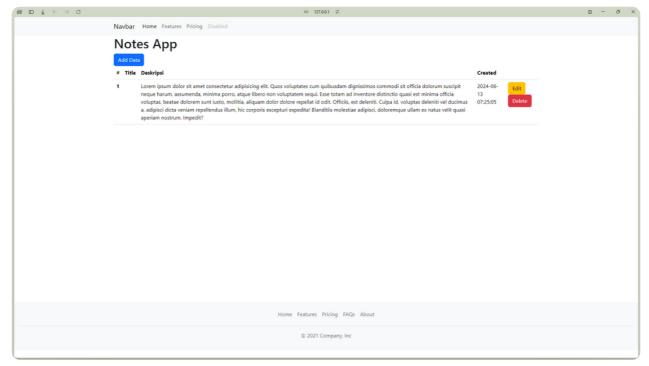
ubah route supaya bisa mengakses controller notes dan method index

```
PHP
Route::get('/',[NoteController::class, 'index']);
```

mengubah views kita supaya menampilkan data yang kita kirim

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
  <h1>Notes App</h1>
  <button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">Add Data/button>
  <thead>
       #
          Title
          Deskripsi
          Created
          </thead>
     @foreach ($notes as $note)
          {{ $note->id }}
            {{ $note->body }}
            {{ $note->created_at }}
               <button type="button" class="btn btn-warning">Edit</button>
              <button type="button" class="btn btn-danger">Delete/button>
            @endforeach
     @endsection
```

intinya foreach array assosiatif dengan nama note, \$note→id itu di dasari sama nama column



hasilnya akan seperti ini

gimana cara menambahkan data?

add controllernya untuk bisa menambahkan data

```
public function create()
{
    return view('create');
}
```

buat views create.blade.php, jangan lupa extend dan section dan end sectionnya

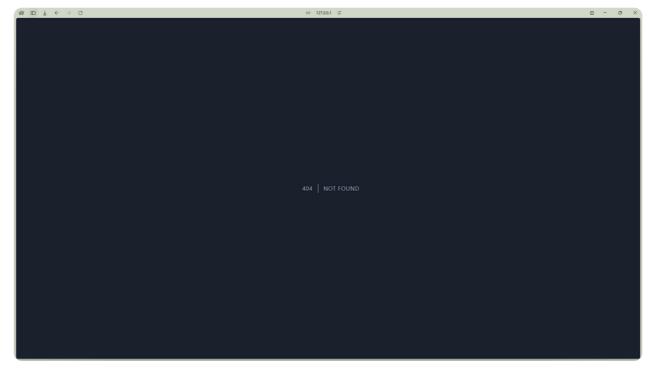
```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
    <h1>Create Notes</h1>
    <form action="" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
    @csrf
        <div class="mb-3">
            <label for="title" class="form-label">Title</label>
            <input type="text" class="form-control" id="title" placeholder="title"</pre>
name="title">
        </div>
        <div class="mb-3">
            <label for="body" class="form-label">Body</label>
            <textarea class="form-control" id="body" rows="3" name="body"></textarea>
        <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit/button>
    </form>
@endsection
```

selanjutnya menambahkan link dan route untuk create notes ubah di index bagian button replace menjadi tag a

```
PHP
<a href="/create" class="btn btn-primary">Add Data</a>
```

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
  <h1>Notes App</h1>
  <a href="/create" class="btn btn-primary">Add Data</a>
  <thead>
       #
         Title
         Deskripsi
         Created
         </thead>
    @foreach ($notes as $note)
         {{ $note->id }}
           {{ $note->created_at }}
              <button type="button" class="btn btn-warning">Edit</button>
              <button type="button" class="btn btn-danger">Delete/button>
           @endforeach
    @endsection
```

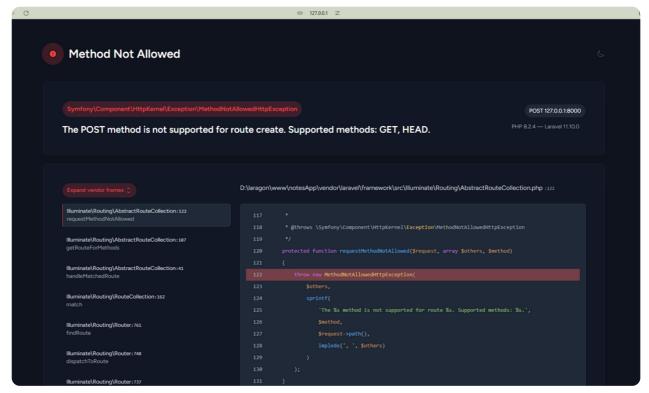
kalau kalian pencet akan error temen"



karena belum ada routenya mari kita tambahkan route di web.php



kalau kalian isi bakal error seperti ini karena belum ada route, action pada form dan methodnya



jadi mari kita benahi satu"

tambahkan action ke /store

dan buat route dengan methoid post yang merujjuk ke method store di controller note

```
PHP
Route::post('/store',[NoteController::class, 'store']);
```

mengupdate store method di NoteController

```
public function store(Request $request)
{
    $validatedData = $request->validate([
         'title' => 'required|max:255',
         'body' => 'required',
    ]);
    Note::create($validatedData);
    return redirect('/');
}
```

disini kita memvalidasi data temen" dimana title require dan max 255

kalian bisa check validation di halaman ini tapi yang paling penting kita bisa validasi dikit" dulu yaa kayak required dan max

selanjutnya kita minta model dengan query builder untuk create datanya

lalu return redirect ke halaman index

seharusnya jika sudah maka data berhasil di insert



kalau kita mau nampilin error messagenya gimana?

berikut caranya

menbahkan @error('namafield') is-invalid @enderror di class input supaya munculin warna error menambahkan

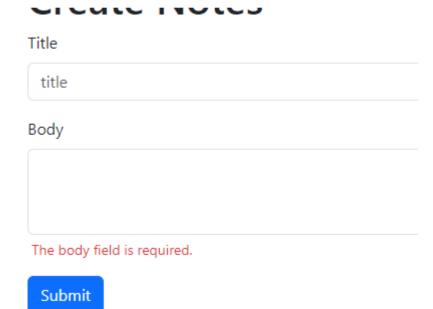
```
@PHP
@error('namafield')
          {{ $message }}
@enderror
```

untuk memunculkan error message

full codenya sebagai berikut

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
<h1>Create Notes</h1>
<form action="/store" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
    @csrf
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="title" class="form-label @error('title') is-invalid</pre>
@enderror">Title</label>
        <input type="text" class="form-control" id="title" placeholder="title"</pre>
name="title">
        @error('title')
            <div class="invalid-feedback m-1">
                {{ $message }}
            </div>
        @enderror
    </div>
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="body" class="form-label @error('title') is-invalid</pre>
@enderror">Body</label>
        <textarea class="form-control" id="body" rows="3" name="body"></textarea>
        @error('title')
            <div class="invalid-feedback m-1">
                {{ $message }}
            </div>
        @enderror
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button>
</form>
@endsection
```

kadang ada case kita udah input title tapi lupa input body atau salah satu field, tapi inputan value kita ilang seperti ini



gimana caranya? kasih value="{{ old('namafield') }}" khusus text area langsung di dalamnya ya karena tidak ada valuenya untuk text area

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
<h1>Create Notes</h1>
<form action="/store" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
    @csrf
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="title" class="form-label @error('title') is-invalid</pre>
@enderror">Title</label>
        <input type="text" class="form-control" id="title" placeholder="title"</pre>
name="title"
            value="{{ old('title') }}">
        @error('title')
            <div class="invalid-feedback m-1">
                {{ $message }}
            </div>
        @enderror
    </div>
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="body" class="form-label @error('body') is-invalid</pre>
@enderror">Body</label>
        <textarea class="form-control" id="body" rows="3" name="body">{{ old('body')
}}</textarea>
       @error('body')
            <div class="invalid-feedback m-1">
                {{ $message }}
            </div>
        @enderror
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit/button>
</form>
@endsection
```

Title

adsfa

Body

The body field is required.

Submit

selanjutnya edit dan update yang harus kita siapin yaiut, route, method nampilin views, method updatenya dan link editnya

pertama link updatenya

di index.blade.php

ubah button edit

```
PHP
<a href="/edit/{{ $note->id }}" class="btn btn-warning">Edit</a>
```

buat routesnya

tandanya kita minta parameter id

```
PHP
Route::get('/edit/{note:id}',[NoteController::class, 'edit']);
```

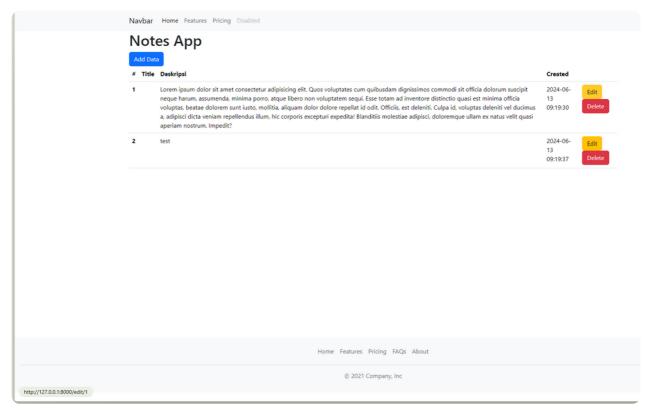
method edit di NoteCOntroller

```
public function edit(Note $note)
{
    return view('edit',['note' => $note]);
}
```

view edit, dengan pasing datanya notenya

jangan lupa buat edit.blade.php → duplicate saja dan rename dari create

seharusnya kalau kita hover button edit



akan muncul link berikut, kalau udah pencet

ubah menjadi edit notes anehnya kita belum tampilin value awalnya, gimana caranya?





aku baru sadar... titlenya seharusnya Tnya gede ges jadi kita jalanin migration ulang yaa \$note→title di views edit sama index

jangan lupa untuk mengubah action ke path update dengan @method('put')

```
<h1>Edit Notes</h1>
<form action="/update/{{ $note->id }}" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
    @method('put')
    @csrf
    {{-- {{ dd($note) }} --}}
```

siapkan routes put sesuai dengan action yang kita buat

```
PHP
Route::put('/update/{note:id}',[NoteController::class,'update']);
```

method updatenya gimana?

```
public function update(Request $request, Note $note)
{
    $validatedData = $request->validate([
         'title' => 'required|max:255',
         'body' => 'required',
    ]);

    Note::where('id', $note->id)
    ->update($validatedData);
    return redirect('/');
}
```

seharusnya bisa

Notes App

Add Data			
# Title	Deskripsi	Created	
1 Notes 1 update	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?	2024-06- 13 15:24:00	Edit Delete

gimana dengan delete?

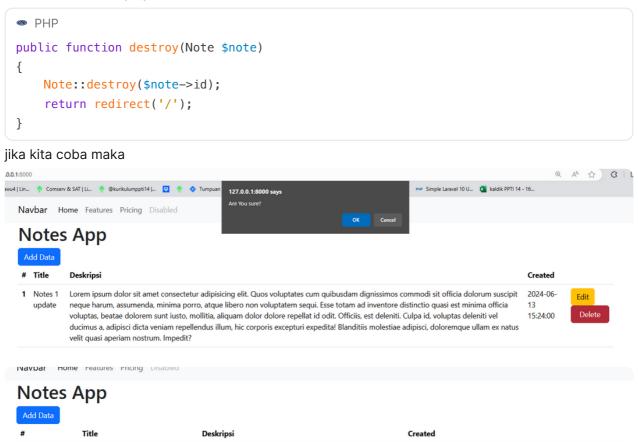
pertama kita siapkan buttonya terlebih dahulu

di index.blade.php

siapkan routenya

```
PHP
Route::delete('/delete/{note:id}',[NoteController::class,'destroy']);
```

method controllernya yaitu



data berhasil di delete

kita bisa menambahkan if supaya jika tidak ada data kita bisa tampilin text atua apa gitu dengan cara seperti berikut

```
PHP
@extends('template')
@section('content')
   <h1>Notes App</h1>
   <a href="/create" class="btn btn-primary">Add Data</a>
   <thead>
         #
            Title
            Deskripsi
            Created
            </thead>
      @if ($notes->isNotEmpty())
         @foreach ($notes as $note)
               {{ $note->id }}
                  {{ $note->title }}
                  {{ $note->body }}
                  {{ $note->created_at }}
                  <br/>td>
                     <a href="/edit/{{ $note->id }}" class="btn btn-
warning">Edit</a>
                     <form action="/delete/{{ $note->id }}" method="post"
class="d-inline">
                         @method('delete')
                         @csrf
                         <button class="btn btn-danger w-100" onclick="return</pre>
confirm('Are You sure?')"><span</pre>
                               data-feather="x-circle"></span>
Delete</button>
                     </form>
                  @endforeach
         @else
         <div class="row my-3 text-center">
            <h2>No Notes found</h2>
         </div>
      @endif
   @endsection
```

kalau datanya banyak gimana cara pakai paginate?

pertama kita siapkan data 10 terlebih dahulu kita bisa menggunakan seeder awalnya notes seeder kita seperti ini

```
PHP
<?php
namespace Database\Seeders;
use Illuminate\Database\Console\Seeds\WithoutModelEvents;
use Illuminate\Database\Seeder;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\DB;
class NoteSeeder extends Seeder
    /**
    * Run the database seeds.
    public function run(): void
        DB::table('notes')->insert([
            'Title' => 'Notes 1',
            'Body' => 'Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos
voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque
harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad
inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto,
mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id,
voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic
corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus
velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?',
            'created_at' => now(),
            'updated_at' => now(),
        ]);
    }
}
```

kalau lebih gimana?

buat array lagi seperti berikut

```
PHP
DB::table('notes')->insert([
                'Title' => 'Notes 1',
                'Body' => 'Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit.
Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque
harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad
inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto,
mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id,
voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic
corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus
velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?',
                'created_at' => now(),
                'updated at' => now(),
            ],
            Γ
                'Title' => 'Notes 2',
                'Body' => 'Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit.
Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque
harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad
inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto,
mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id,
voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic
corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus
velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?',
                'created_at' => now(),
                'updated_at' => now(),
            ]
        1);
```

tugas buat kan 12 data

kalian bisa menggunakan faker jika mau

selanjutnya mengubah query builder kita sehingga bisa menggunakan paginate

```
public function index()
{
    $notes = Note::paginate(10);
    return view('index',['notes' => $notes]);
}
```

kalian juga bisa memodifikasi yaa pakai where dan temen"

panggil links/paginate di view index kita dibagian bawah table

```
PHP
{{ $notes->links() }}
```

hasilnya jelek temen" karena belum menggunakan bootsrap, caranya gimana supaya pake yang bootsrap?

10 Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit
10 neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia
voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel
ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedital Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus
velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?

2024-06-13 15:55:33



« Previous Next »
Showing 1 to 10 of 12 results



buka AppServiceProvider.php

```
PHP
<?php
namespace App\Providers;
use Illuminate\Pagination\Paginator;
use Illuminate\Support\ServiceProvider;
class AppServiceProvider extends ServiceProvider
    /**
    * Register any application services.
    public function register(): void
        //
    /**
    \ast Bootstrap any application services.
    public function boot(): void
        Paginator::useBootstrapFive();
    }
}
```

import pagination paginator dan tambahkan paginator bootstrapfive() di boot

seharusnya sudah bisa



terakhir, gimana cara relationship data? sebagai contoh sebuah notes memiliki sebuah category yang reference table categorynya

pertama kita harus siapkan schemanya

buka migration notes

tambahkan column baru

```
PHP
$table->unsignedBigInteger('idKategori');
```

buat migration model dan seeder kategori

```
● PHP

php artisan make:model Kategori -m -s
```

modifikasi migration

```
PHP
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
return new class extends Migration
   /**
    * Run the migrations.
    public function up(): void
       Schema::create('kategoris', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('kategori');
            $table->timestamps();
       });
   }
    * Reverse the migrations.
    */
    public function down(): void
       Schema::dropIfExists('kategoris');
    }
};
```

update model

```
PHP

<?php

namespace App\Models;

use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;

class kategori extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    protected $table = 'kategoris';
    protected $fillable = ['kategori'];
    protected $primaryKey = 'id';
}</pre>
```

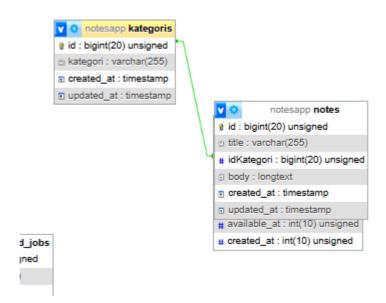
buat migration lagi untuk membuat relation antara notes dan kategoris

```
PHP
php artisan make:migration referencekategoris
PHP
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
return new class extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.
    public function up(): void
        Schema::table('notes', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->foreign('idKategori')->references('id')->on('kategoris');
        });
    }
    * Reverse the migrations.
    public function down(): void
       //
    }
};
```

intinya kita minta laravel buat tambahin foreign key di idkategori yang references id di table kategori

```
● PHP
php artisan migrate:fresh
```

seharusnya di table views kita sudah ada relation nya



selanjutnya apa? kita info ke masing" model kalau kita ada references notemodel

```
PHP
<?php
namespace App\Models;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Relations\BelongsTo;
class Note extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    protected $table = 'notes';
    protected $fillable = ['title','body'];
    protected $primaryKey = 'id';
    public function kategori(): BelongsTo
    {
        return $this->belongsTo(Kategori::class,'id');
    }
}
```

aku ada kesalahan ya temen" seharusnya Kategori::class model Kategori besar intinya kita kasih tau bahwa satu note itu belongsto 1 to kategori

```
PHP
<?php

namespace App\Models;

use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Relations\HasMany;

class kategori extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    protected $table = 'kategoris';
    protected $fillable = ['kategori'];
    protected $primaryKey = 'id';

    public function notes(): HasMany
    {
        return $this->hasMany(Note::class,'idKategori');
    }
}
```

intinya kita kasih tau kalau 1 kategori di miliki banyak notes, dan referencenya idKategori

gimana kita testnya kalau bener? lakuin seed kategori dulu lalu seed notesnya dengan tambahan kategorisnya

```
PHP
<?php
namespace Database\Seeders;
use Illuminate\Database\Console\Seeds\WithoutModelEvents;
use Illuminate\Database\Seeder;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\DB;
class KategoriSeeder extends Seeder
    /**
    * Run the database seeds.
    public function run(): void
        DB::table('kategoris')->insert([
            [
                'kategori' => 'kategori 1',
            ],
            [
                'kategori' => 'kategori 2',
            ],
                'kategori' => 'kategori 3',
            ],
       ]);
    }
}
```

call di database seeder

```
$this->call([
    KategoriSeeder::class,
    NoteSeeder::class,
]);
```

modifikasi modelnya supaya idKategori menjadi fill able

```
PHP
protected $fillable = ['title','body','idKategori'];
```

tambahkan idKategori di seeder

```
PHP
'idKategori' => rand(1,3),
```

random saja

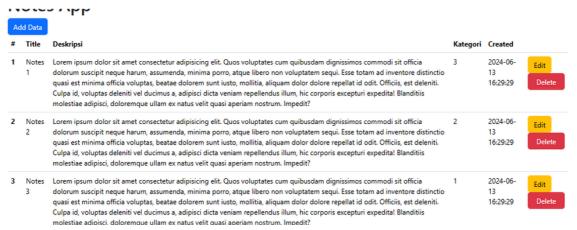
migrate dan seed

```
● PHP
php artisan migrate:fresh --seed
```

tampilkan idkategorinya di index

```
PHP
{{ $note->idKategori }}
```

sudah bisaa



tapi kan yang mau di tampilin nama kategorinya... gimana caranya?

seharusnya

```
PHP
fungsidimodel>fieldnya }}

PHP
kategori->kategori }}
```

Notes App # Title Kategori Created 1 Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia kategori 2024-06dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem segui. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio 13 quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Delete Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit? 2 Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia 2024-06kategori dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. 16:56:32 Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia 2024-06dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem segui. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio 13 quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. 16:56:32 Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit? 4 Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia 2024-06kategori dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. 16:56:32 Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit? 5 Notes Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia kategori 2024-06-

oiya created atnya jelek temen" kita bisa pakai ini →diffForHumans()

```
PHP
{{ $note->created_at->diffForHumans() }}
```

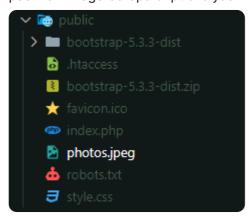
maka jadi begini

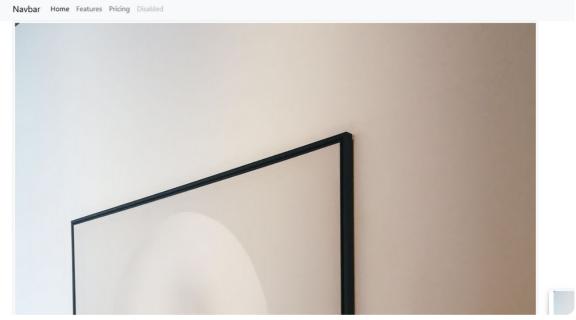
Ad	d Data				
#	Title	Deskripsi	Kategori	Created	
1	Notes 1	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quos voluptates cum quibusdam dignissimos commodi sit officia dolorum suscipit neque harum, assumenda, minima porro, atque libero non voluptatem sequi. Esse totam ad inventore distinctio quasi est minima officia voluptas, beatae dolorem sunt iusto, mollitia, aliquam dolor dolore repellat id odit. Officiis, est deleniti. Culpa id, voluptas deleniti vel ducimus a, adipisci dicta veniam repellendus illum, hic corporis excepturi expedita! Blanditiis molestiae adipisci, doloremque ullam ex natus velit quasi aperiam nostrum. Impedit?	kategori 2	1 minute ago	Edit Delete
2	Notes	Laram incum dalar cit amat concectatur adinicicina alit. Quae valuntatae cum auilhucdam dianiccimae commodi cit afficia dalarum	katagori	1 minuto	

cara tampilin gambar gimana?

```
PHP
<img src="{{ asset('/photos.jpeg') }}" alt="" class="img-thumbnail">
```

pastikan image berapa di public yaa





taraa bisa

finish, whats next?

- factory
- custom validate
- insert image
- component laravel

June 14, 2024, 00:04 June 14, 2024