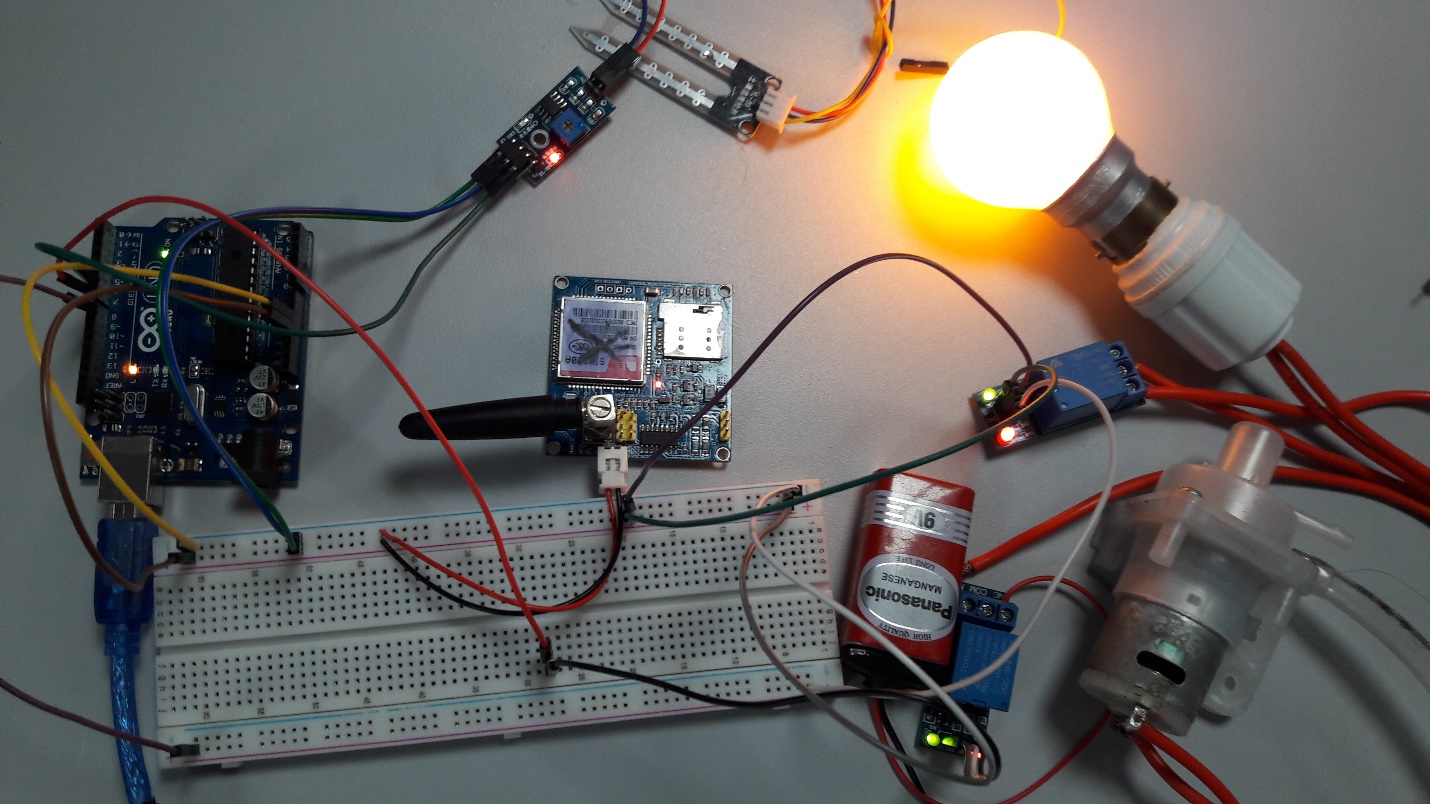
**Automatic Irrigation System**

**This project will develop a simple automatic irrigation system which will assist farmers during cultivation.**

****

**Figure: final developed product**

# Introduction

Our way of life requests everything to be remote controlled. Apart from couple of things man has made his life automated. And why not! In the realm of development gadgets, life of individuals ought to be simpler subsequently to make life easier and helpful". Irrigation is the backbone for the farming industry and it should be in adequate amount. Most percentage of water get wasted due to lack of proper attention and management. Beside water wastage, farmers are compelled to waste their valuable time doing monotonous faming job i.e. watering plants. Manual irrigation brings many problems from water wastage to inadequate supply of water in farm.

To deal with every individual farmer’s problem, this project puts forward the solution that is nothing but “Automatic Irrigation System”. This system controls and provide adequate amount of water which intern saves the greenery of the lawn and Farm. In the developed system, Sensor (soil moisture) sense the moisture value in soil and microcontroller controls the water motor according to the soil moisture value and notifies the water motor sates by glowing blub insight and with SMS notification remotely. (Shah, 2015)

# Aim and Objectives

## Aim

To develop an Arduino based smart Irrigation system thereby saving time & power for the farmer.

## Objectives

* Detect moisture of soil using soil moisture sensor.
* Operate water motor according to the soil moisture detected by the sensor.
* Notify the status of soil moisture and water motor to the individual through GSM Module remotely and locally indicate through on-sight light bulb.
* To build the working model of Automatic Irrigation system.
* To test the developed prototype.

# Justification for project

Farmer have acers and acers of land and they cannot look after every corner of field. The manual irrigation is time consuming and creates scarcity of water at the same time. Also, there are times, when individual get himself into home and then realize to have forgotten to water a large part of farm and the farm seems to be mile away. Manual watering usually supplies inadequate amount to some part and excessive in some area. This seems to be the big problem and even worse during summer when water amount will be relatively low.

Here is a scenario representing the everyday farmers problem for which we look forward to have a solution.



Figure : Rich picture showing problem domain

Individuals have to watch each and every place and manually water all areas in the field. In this scenario, wouldn’t it be great if any system could control this, he could utilize this time working on other stuffs. This project focus on creating a daily irrigation solution which could aid almost all farmers.



Figure : Rich picture showing solution

Look at the image above, how happy this farmer seems to be right now. All the stuffs now are controlled automatically by smart Irrigation system. The most monotonous part of cultivating is now handled by system and he will be notified for everything. (Upadhyay, 2015)

# Hardware Required

* *Arduino Uno*

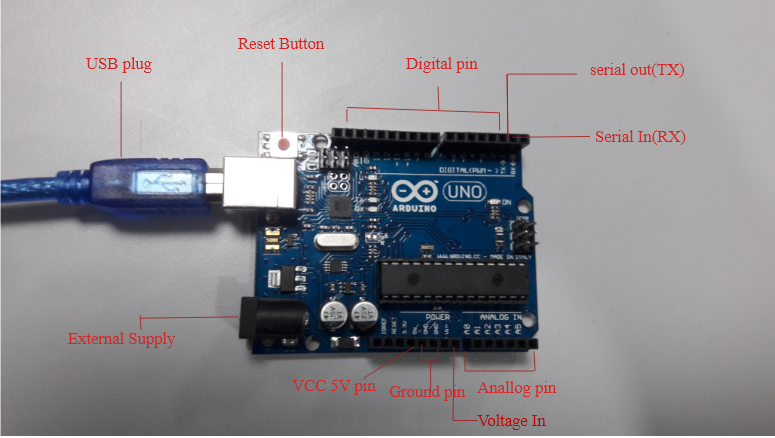


Figure : Arduino UNO as Microcontroller

* *GSM Module*

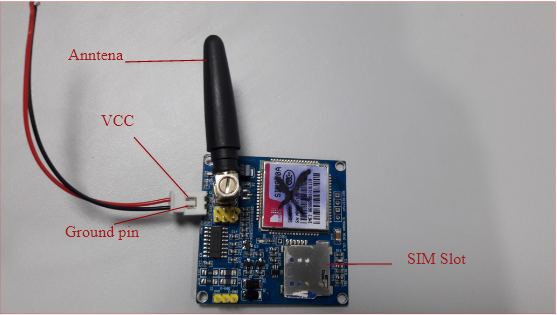


Figure :GSM module

* *Breadboard*

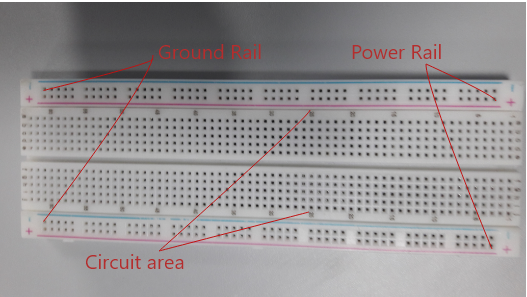


Figure : Breadboard

* *Jumper Wires (Both M-M and M-F)*

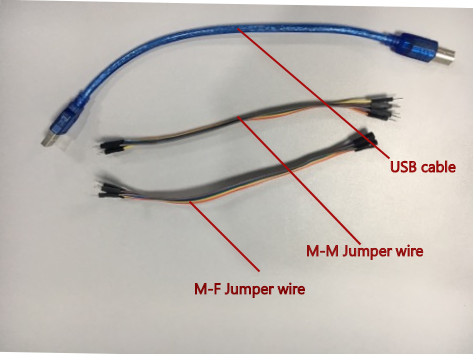


Figure : Jumper wires

* *Moisture Sensor*

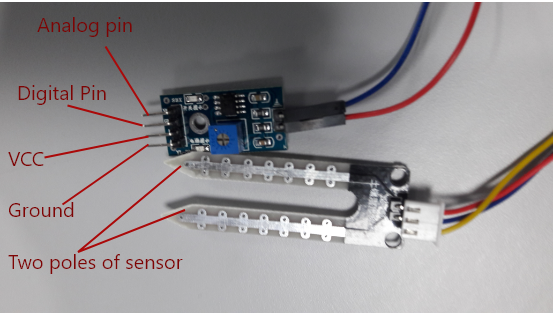


Figure : Soil Moisture Sensor

* *Bulb with its fitting holder*

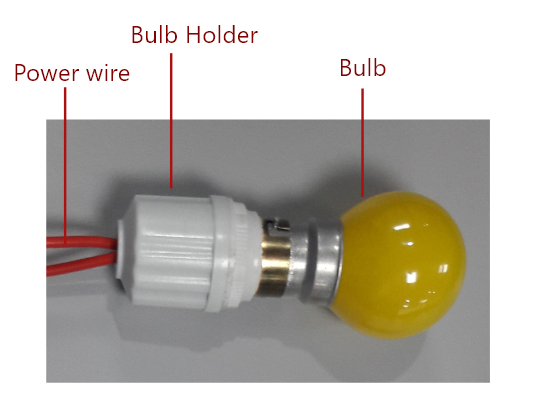


Figure : Bulb for Notification

*Power (Battery 9v)*



Figure : Power 9V battery to operate Water motor

* *Relay (Multiple)*

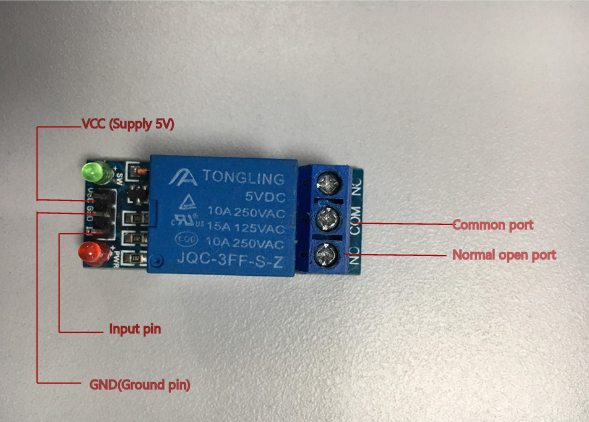


Figure : Relay

* *Water Motor (9v)*

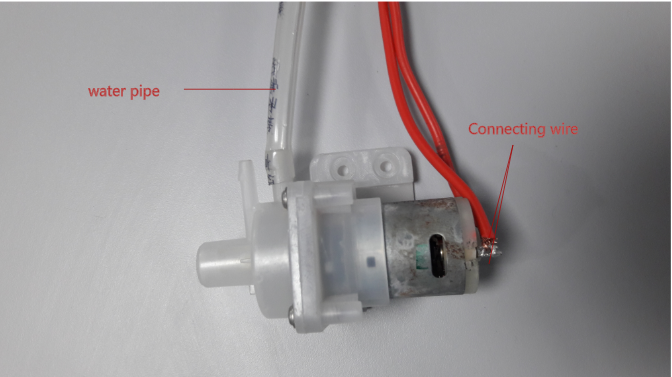


Figure : Water Motor

# Software Used:

* Adobe Xd
* Adobe Photoshop

# How it works?

Working of Automatic Irrigation system is quite simple. Here soil moisture sensor obtains the moisture value when small current is passed through it. A resistance value to measure the moisture value is acquired when two probes of sensor drives current through the soil. It depends on the water intensity in soil as soil conduct more electricity when soil have high moisture means less resistance. (Jojo, 2018) The digital value obtained is processed by microcontroller. When the moisture in soil is low then microcontroller puts both relays “OFF”. When relay is on “OFF” state both water motor on and Light will glow because relay work right opposite. At the same time microcontroller actives, the attached GSM module which will sends message to individual’s cell phone. Here glowing red light will notify the motor state locally and Message will notify wherever individual is. (Kirkebut, 2014)

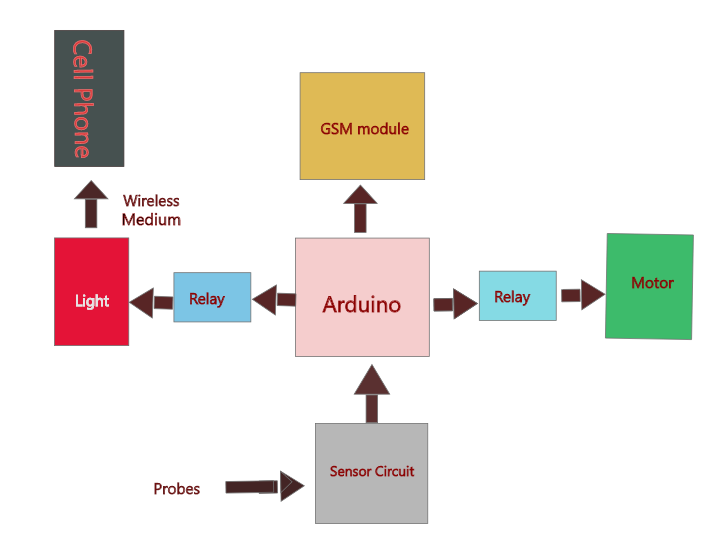


Figure : Block diagram

Similarly, when moisture value detected is HIGH, then microcontroller puts water motor and light OFF. The GSM module is triggered which sends message to individual’s cell phone about the motor is OFF.

# The Sketch

Here Arduino Uno is used as microcontroller and make sure to download Arduino IDE first of all.

* Take Soil moisture sensor and connect its pin to microcontroller as below:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| VCC | 5V |
| GND | Ground pin (GND) |
| DO |  |

* Take Water motor and connect its one wire with relay (NO port) and another with direct battery. The Common port (COM) in relay is connected to another pole of batter. Here, 9v DC motor is taken where we have to provide power of 9v battery. The relay is then connected with microcontroller in pin as below:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| VCC | 5V |
| GND | Ground port (GND) |
| IN | To pin to control |

* As for delivering message notification, GSM module (SIM900A) is now connected to microcontroller where GND pin is connected with Ground pin and 5V power is supplied using VCC pin.
* Now for water motor on/off notification locally, light is controlled using relay. The VCC and GND port in relay is connected to 5V and GND at microcontroller respectively. The IN port is connected to microcontroller using M-F jumper wire.
* Breadboard was used to support these devices connection microcontroller. They have many rows and columns of conductive points for connecting device with controller using jumper wires.
* Lastly, two consecutive points of light wire are connected to direct AC current and the working model is ready.
* Once it is confirmed connected setup match with the circuit diagram provided below, upload the code and make sure to download library required in Arduino IDE. (Arduino, 2017)

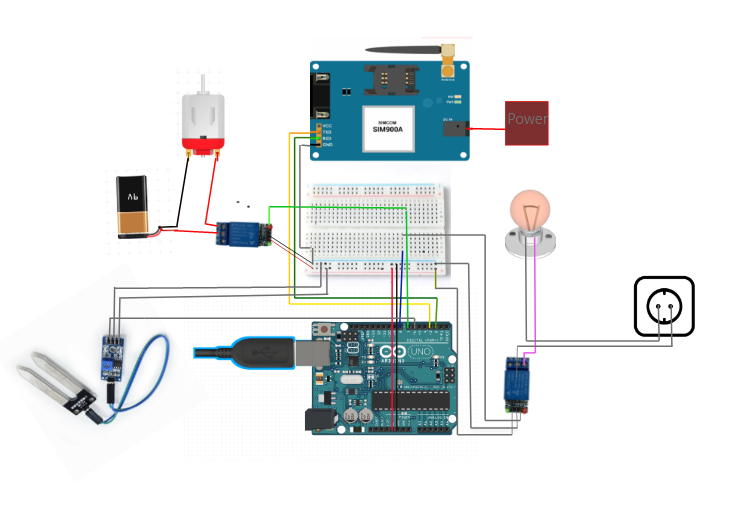
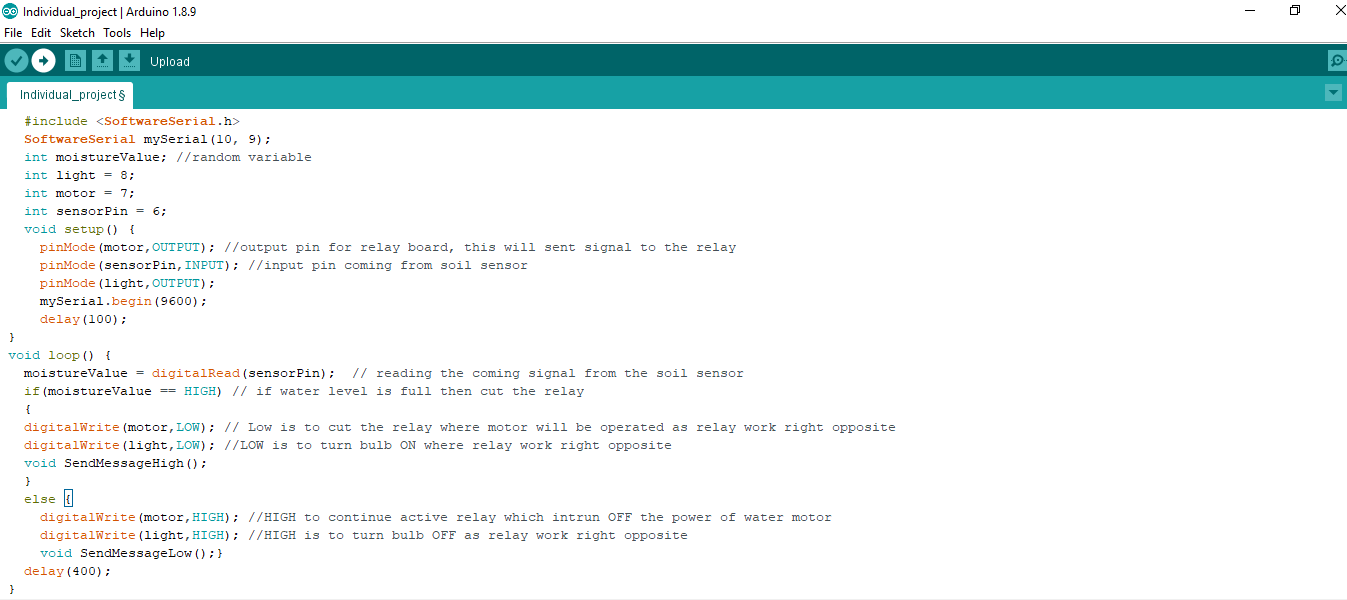


Figure : Circuit diagram of project

# The Sketch

Arduino IDE is utilized for programming microcontroller. Here a variable moistueValue is used to store moisture value provided by sensor. Arduino pin 8 is connected to relay that controls light, pin 7 is used for connecting motor using relay and for sensor value pin 6 is used. If the moisture value in soil is high, microcontroller puts pin 7 and 8 in High state because both are controlled by relay (relay works right opposite) and the connected GSM module will be trigged where it sends message that the motor is OFF and vice versa.



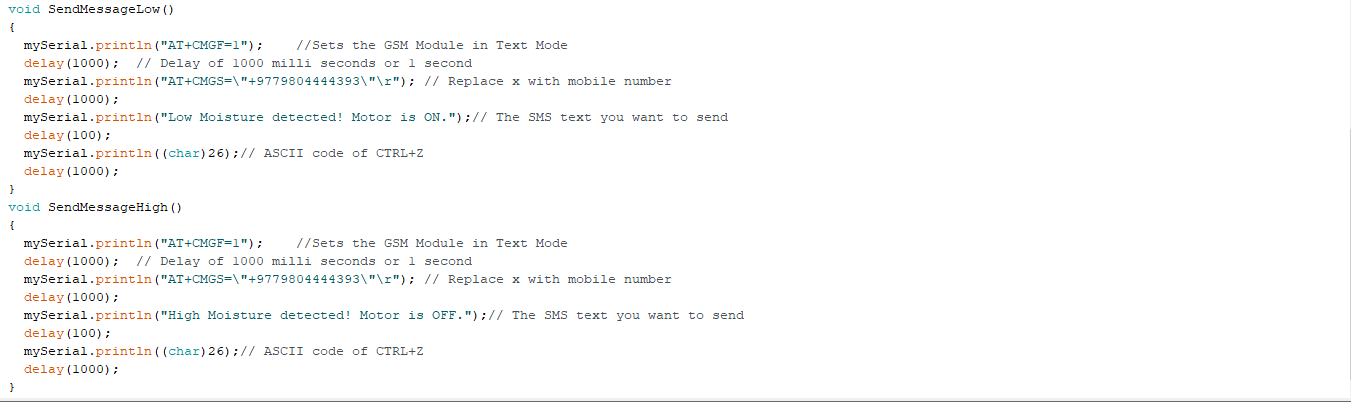


Figure : Working code of project

# Troubleshooting

In case of any errors during the build, the following steps can assist in troubleshooting.

* There may be a condition when the soil moisture sensor may not cause the water motor to operate. During then, we can check if it is working or not by looking at the serial the serial motor.
* If there are values showing up, then we can check the connectivity of water motor.
* Similarly, if there is no notification on the user’s phone, we can double check the connectivity of the GSM module and the sim card inserted.

# Other Application

This is magnificent that the project developed can also be used at multiple locations like,

* *Household Water tank*

We can put the sensor at the lid of tank and when the water level touches sensor, the moisture value obtained will be high and controller can cut off the circuit of water motor and vice versa.

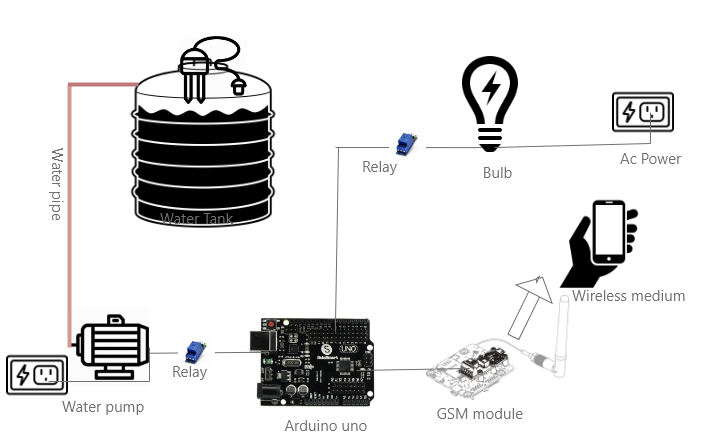


Figure : Smart water tank

* Lawn

This system is also suitable for our home lawns. This will help to keep greenery of your lawn without any human interaction.

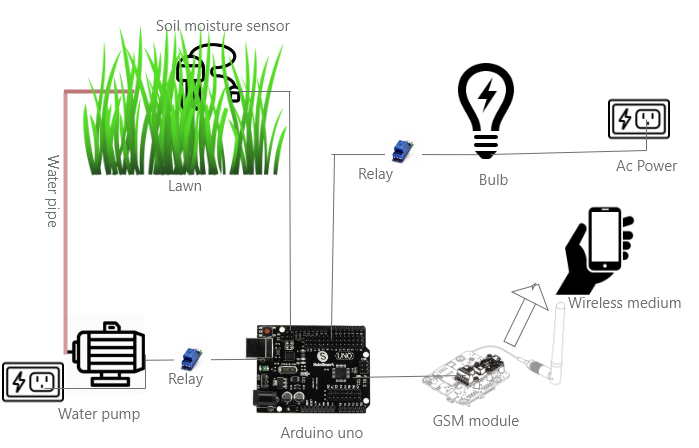


Figure : Smart Lawn

# Future Scope

We can add improvements in this project in near future.

* We can add pesticides and fertilizers automatically in water as required.
* Other parameters such as humidity, temperature, light intensity can be used which will additionally improve cultivating.
* The whole system can be powered using solar panels which will make system trouble-free to use in remote farm.
* Currently the system does not store any log information. We can add database that will store all data log which can be further processed to obtain different information.

(Dhore, 2017)

# Conclusion

Mostly, farmers had to ruin their time watering their plants and waste high quantity of water. This project Automatic irrigation system will save farmers time, effort and save water wastage at the same time. Sensor’s are to be deployed in different place of farm and collected moisture value are processed by microcontroller. The motor state is notified using GSM and light controlled by relay. All of the conclusion is farmer no longer spend their valuable time watering plant. This will help to grow plants in adequate use of water supply.