

Operating System

Module – 3

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PRP – 217 4

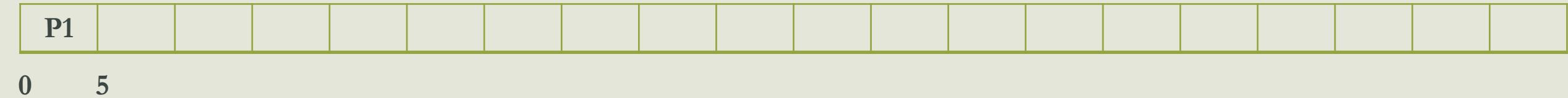
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

- Consider three processes, P1, P2, and P3, that arrive at time $t = 0$ with the following characteristics:
- Assume a Round Robin scheduler with a time quantum of 5 ms. Each context switch takes 1 ms. Processes begin with a CPU burst, followed by an I/O burst, and finally another CPU burst. Calculate average waiting time, average turnaround time, Response time, CPU utilization time and No. of Context switch.

Process	CPU Burst 1(ms)	I/O Burst(ms)	CPU Burst 2(ms)
P1	10	20	5
P2	7	15	3
P3	12	25	8

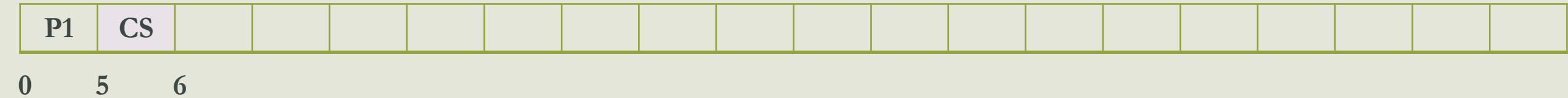
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 0: P1 runs for its first 5ms quantum.



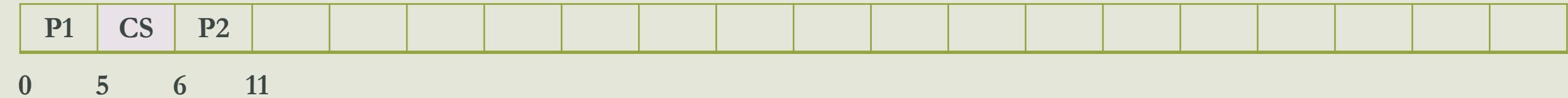
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 5: Context switch.



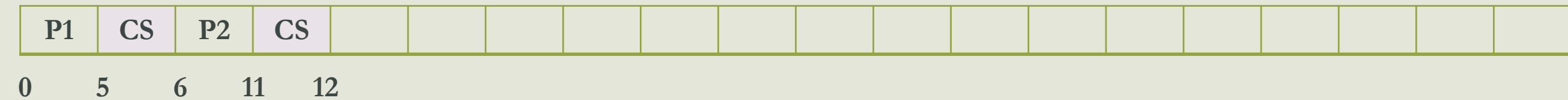
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 6: P2 runs for its 5ms quantum..



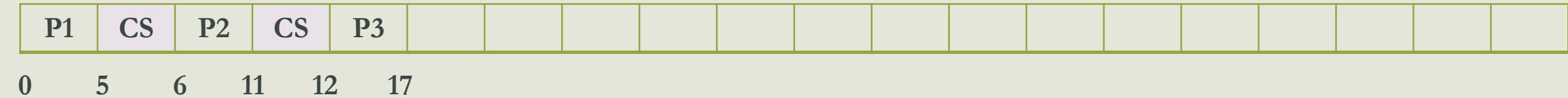
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 11: Context switch.



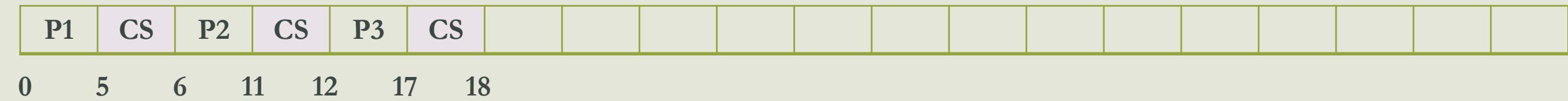
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 12: P3 runs for its 5ms quantum.



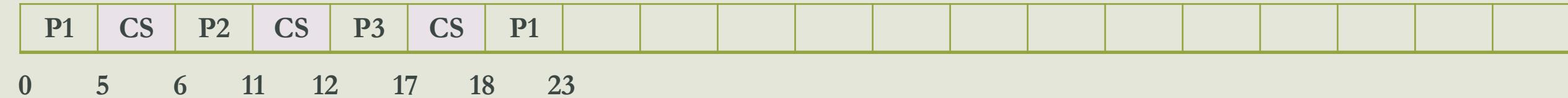
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 17: Context Switch



CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 18: P1 runs for its remaining 5ms of CPU Burst 1, then begins its 20ms I/O burst, which will complete at t = 43ms



CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

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CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 23: Context switch.



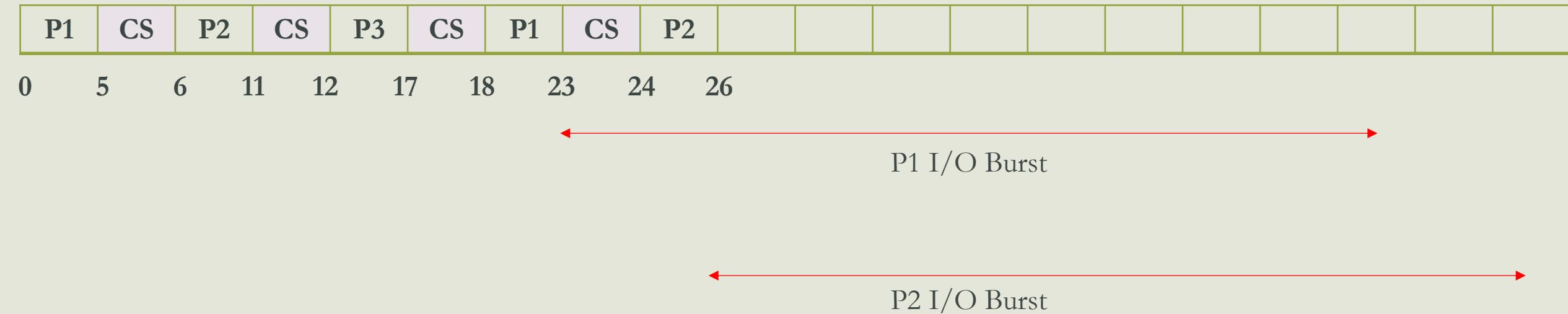
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 24: P2 runs for its remaining 2ms of CPU Burst 1, then begins its 15ms I/O burst, which will complete at t = 41ms.



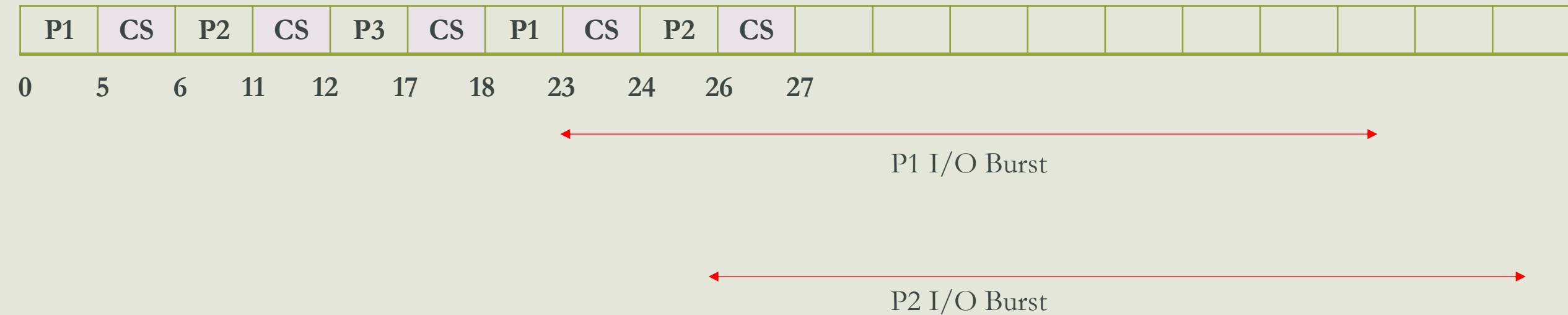
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 24: P2 runs for its remaining 2ms of CPU Burst 1, then begins its 15ms I/O burst, which will complete at t = 41ms.



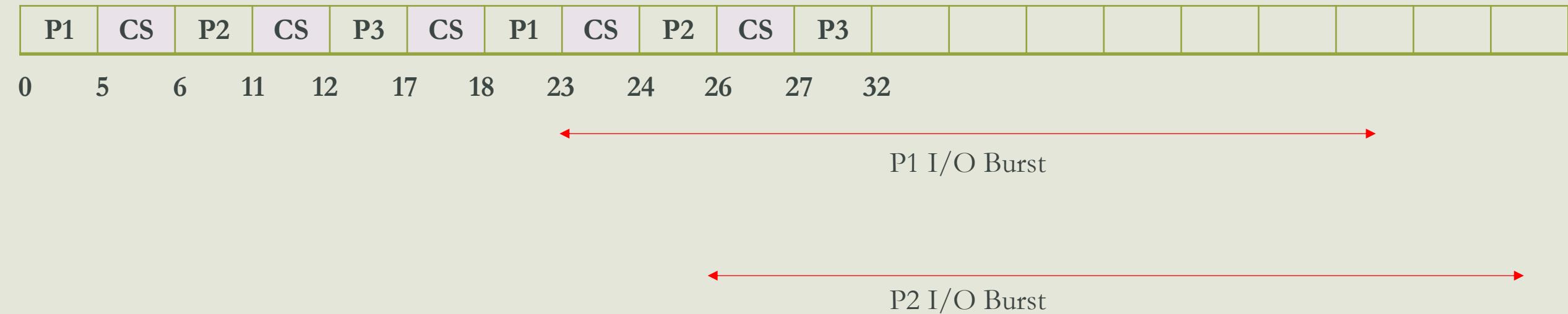
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 26: Context Switch



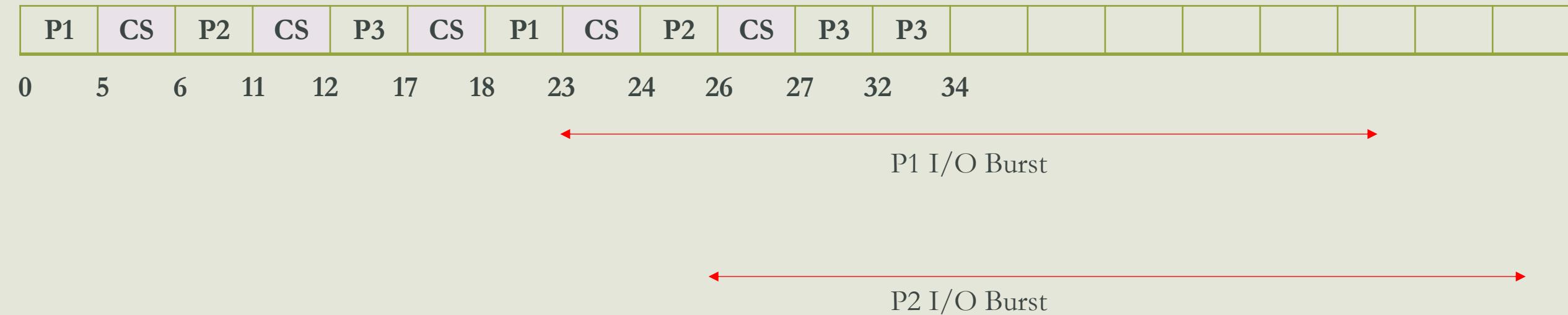
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 27: P3 runs for another 5ms quantum.



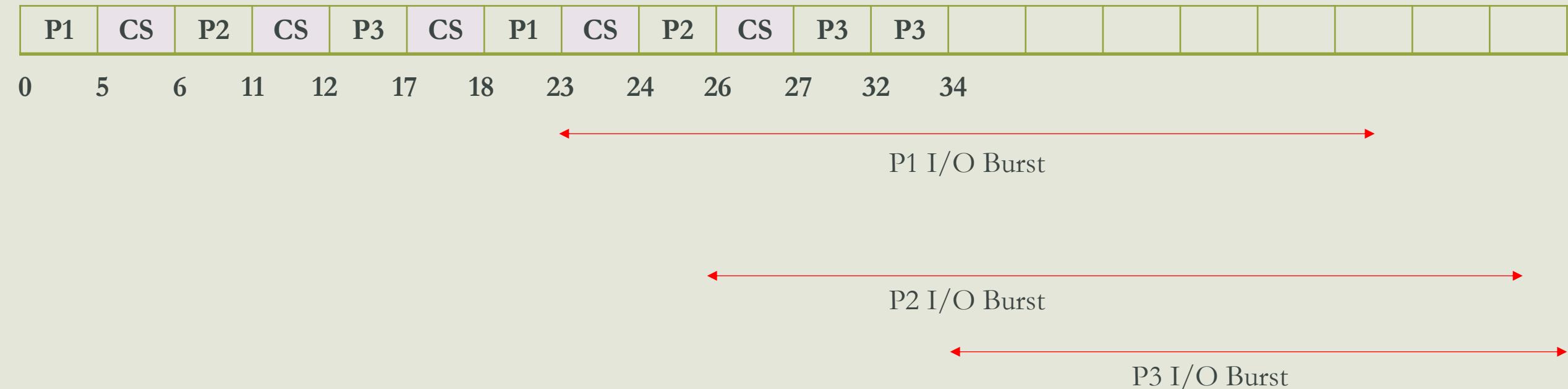
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 32: P3 runs for another 2ms quantum. It then begins its 25ms I/O burst, which will complete at t = 59ms.



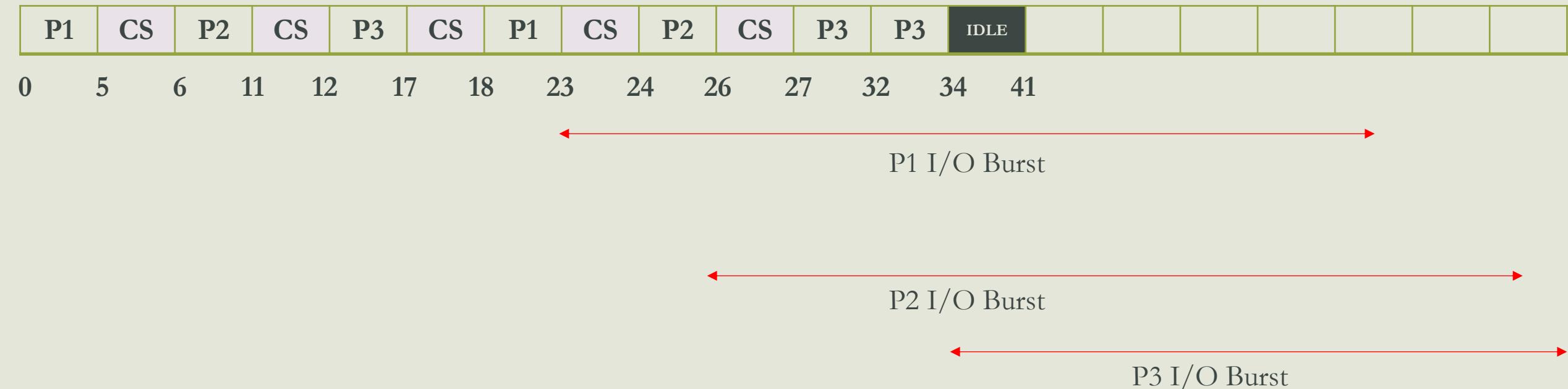
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 32: P3 runs for another 2ms quantum. It then begins its 25ms I/O burst, which will complete at t = 59ms.



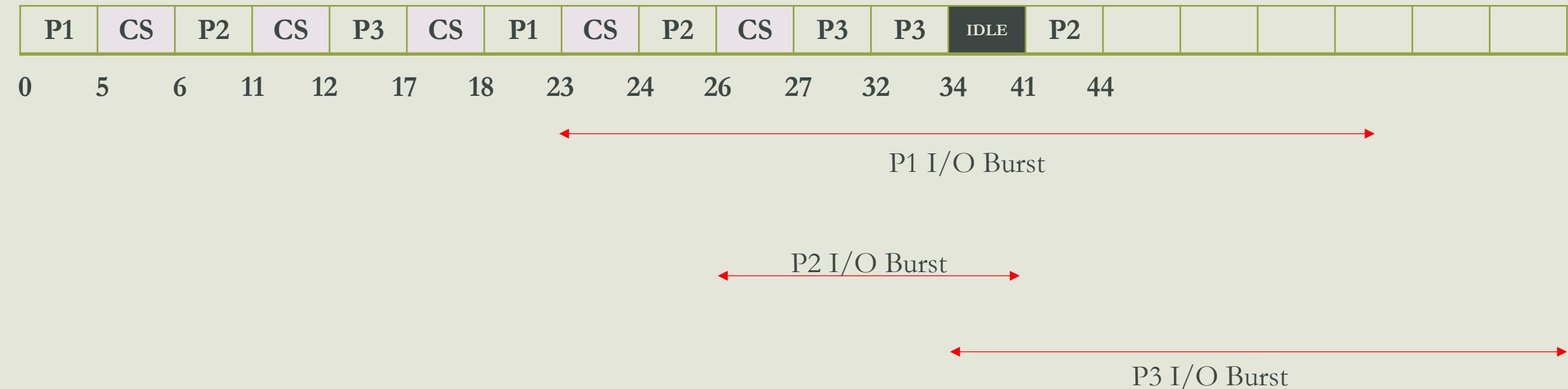
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 34: CPU is IDLE



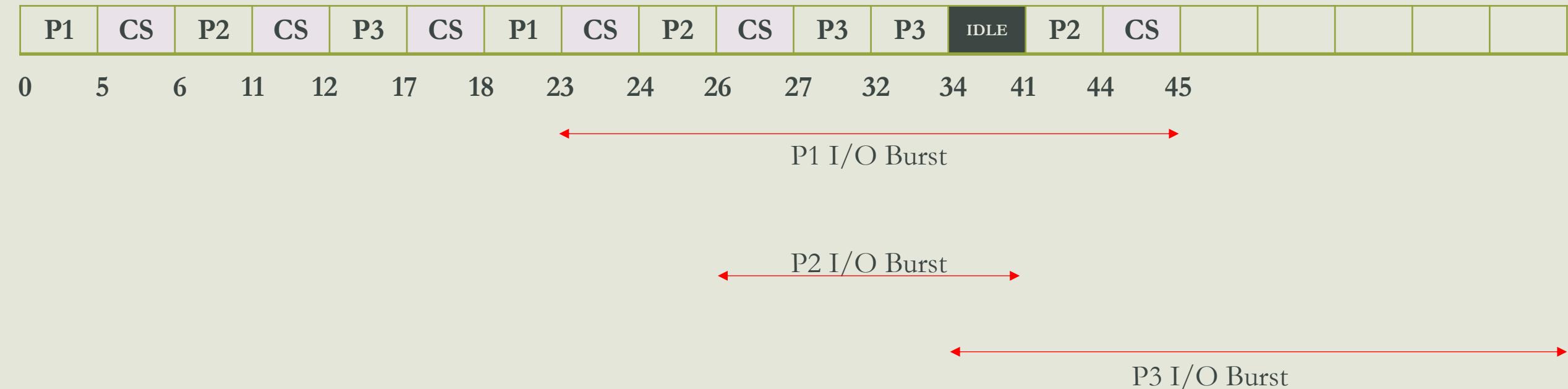
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 41: P2's I/O completes. It runs for its 3ms CPU Burst 2. P2 finishes at t = 44ms.



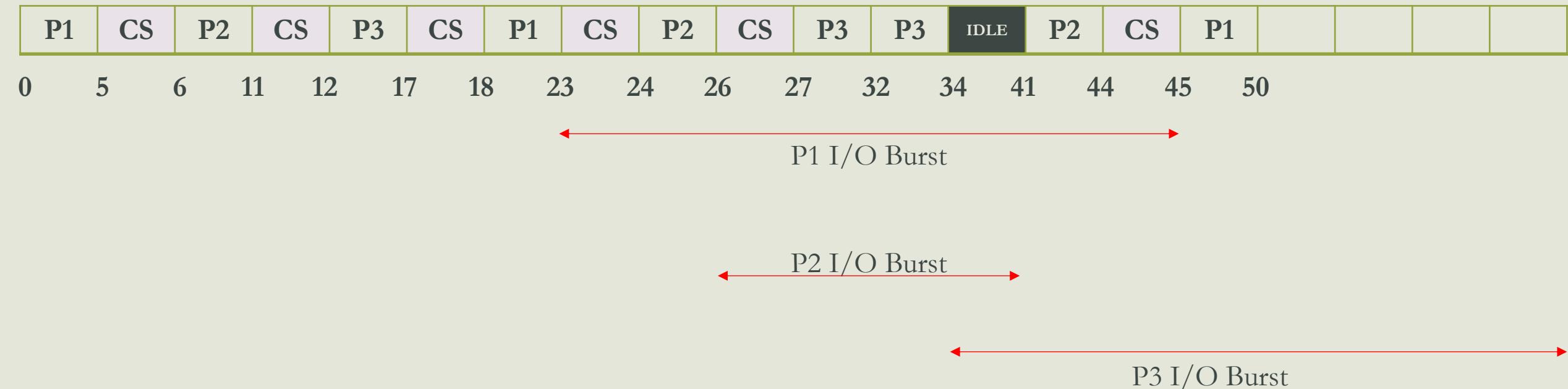
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 44: Context Switch



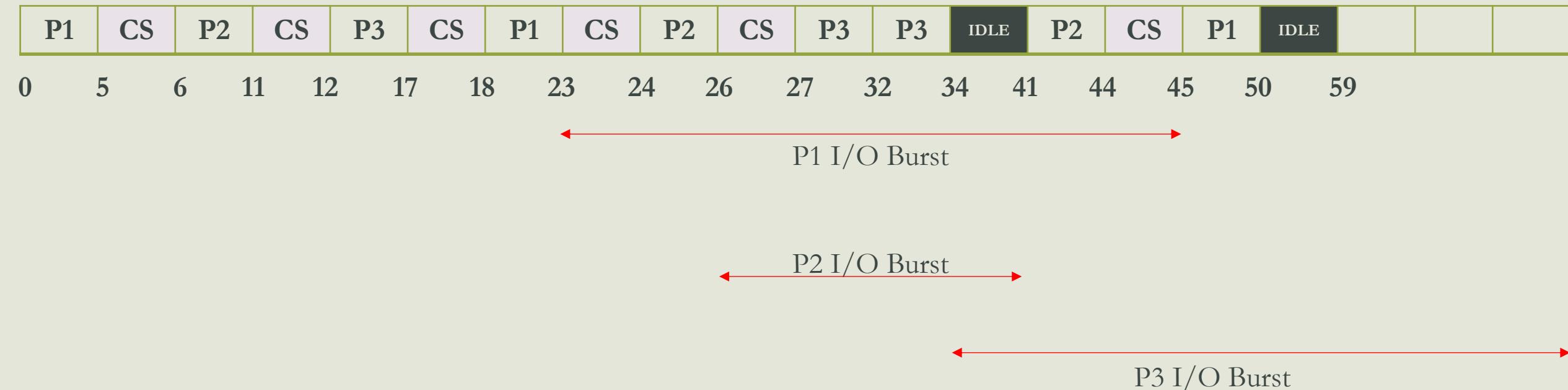
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 45: P1's I/O completes (at t=43). It runs for its 5ms CPU Burst 2. P1 finishes at t = 50ms.



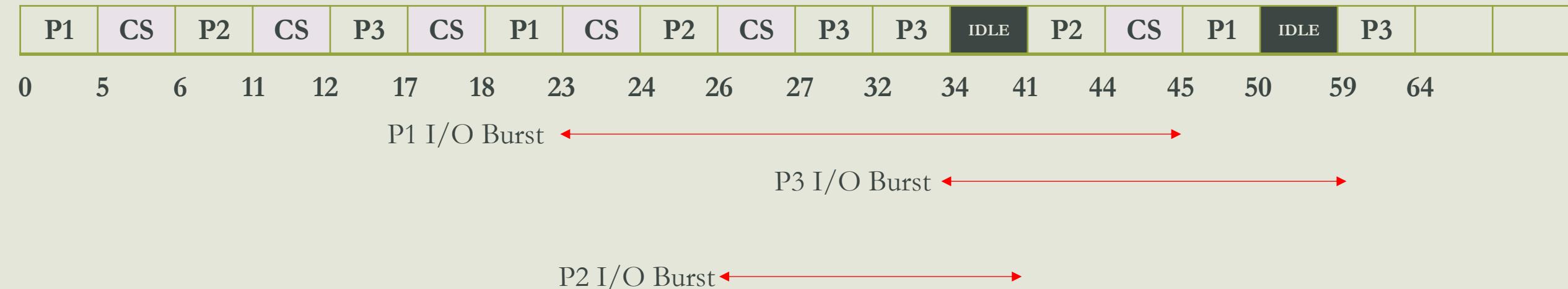
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 50: The CPU is idle.



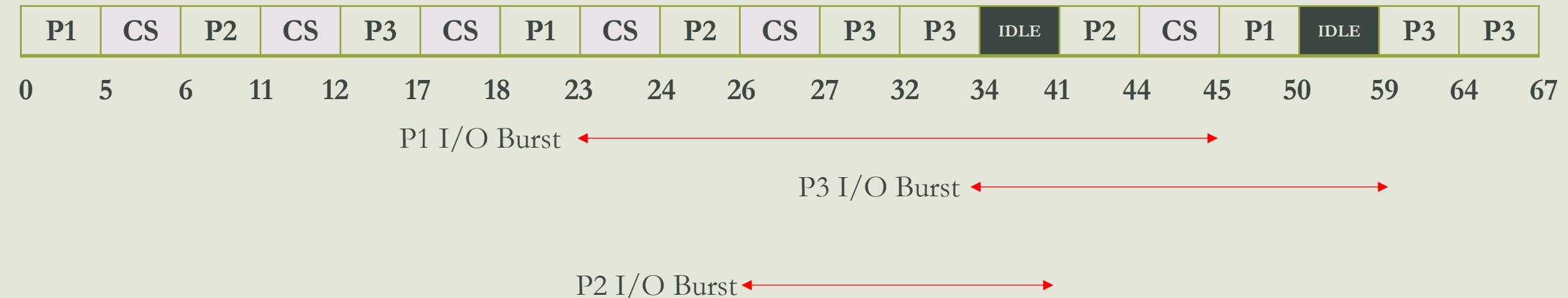
CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 59: P3's I/O completes. It runs for a 5ms quantum of its CPU Burst 2.

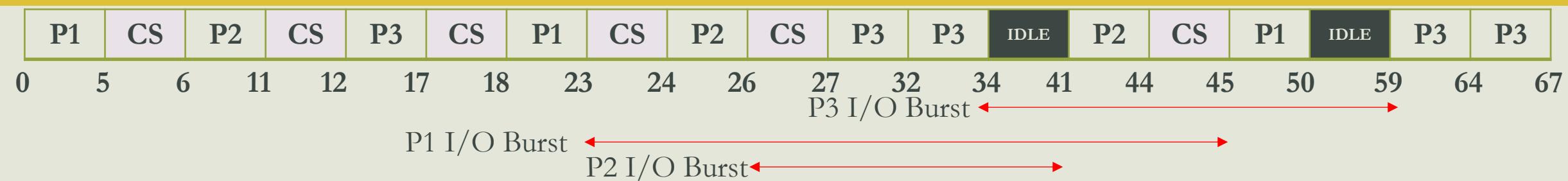


CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem

At time 64: P3 runs for its final 3ms of CPU Burst 2. P3 finishes at t = 67ms.



CPU Scheduling – Sample Problem



Process	Arrival Rate	Burst Time	Completion Time	Turnaround Time	Waiting Time	Response Time	CPU Utilization
P1	0	15	50	$50 - 0 = 50$	$50 - 15 = 35$	$0 - 0 = 0$	$15 / 51 = 29.41$
P2	0	10	44	$44 - 0 = 44$	$44 - 10 = 34$	$6 - 0 = 6$	$10 / 51 = 19.60$
P3	0	20	67	$67 - 0 = 67$	$67 - 20 = 47$	$12 - 0 = 12$	$20 / 51 = 39.21$

$$\text{Total CPU Burst Time} = 15 + 10 + 20 + 6 = 51$$

$$\text{Total Elapsed Time} = 67$$

$$\text{Total CPU utilization} = (51 / 67) * 100 = 76.11$$

$$\text{Idle CPU time} = 67 - 51 = 16$$

$$\text{Total Idle time} = (16/67) * 100 = 23.88$$

No. of Context Switch = 06