Name: Aryan Gupta

Partner: Anthony Samagaio

Video Link: https://youtu.be/gGr8TEWXEHc

**Objective:** The video will demonstrate a program to drive a vehicle following a line with a 45° bend then stop the vehicle at a perpendicular line. The vehicle must not deviate more than 2 cm from the center of the line.

**Reflection:** The first iteration of the program consisted of a simple if else if statement on the magnitude of the line position, however it was determined this algorithm was not sufficient in accurately driving the vehicle on the line. A PID tuned system was consequently implemented. Due to the fact that a line with a single 45° is not complex enough to tune a full PID system, only the P and I parts were tuned. Time and motivation permitting, a more complex line could be printed to further test a PID system.

## Code:

```
* File header excluded for brevity
#include "SimpleRSLK.h"
uint16 t sensorVal[LS NUM SENSORS];
uint16 t sensorCalVal[LS NUM SENSORS];
uint16 t sensorMaxVal[LS NUM SENSORS];
uint16_t sensorMinVal[LS NUM SENSORS];
/// PID Const Variables
#define PID OUT MIN -10
#define PID OUT MAX 10
#define PID Kp 0.004
#define PID Ki 0.0001
#define PID Kd 0 // D is not used currently
#define PID SETPOINT 3500
/// Binds a variable to a lower or upper bind
/// I thought it would be used more often, I guess not
#define LOWER BIND(X, Y) if ((X) < (Y)) \{ (X) = (Y); \}
#define UPPER BIND(X, Y) if ((X) > (Y)) { (X) = (Y); }
/// Update the PID values for the current system
/// and return the new output. If a value of
/// (-1, -1, -1) is passed in as parameters, it resets
/// the internal values to 0. This is useful if he vehicle
/// is moved and there are bad values in the integration
/// history.
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/// @ref https://gist.github.com/bradley219/5373998
/// @param dt change in time from last func call
/// @param cur current PID input value
/// @param setpoint value PID input should be
```

```
int8 t update pid(float dt, float cur, float setpoint = PID SETPOINT) {
   static float integral = 0;
   static float pre_error = 0;
   if (dt == -1 \text{ and } cur == -1) and setpoint == -1) {
       integral = 0;
       pre_error = 0;
   // Calculate error
   float error = setpoint - cur;
   // Proportional term
   float Pout = PID_Kp * error;
   // Integral term
   integral += error * (dt / 1000); // millis -> seconds
   Serial.print(" DT: ");
   Serial.print(dt);
   Serial.print(" ");
   Serial.print(" ER: ");
   Serial.print(error);
   Serial.print(" ");
   Serial.print(" IG: ");
   Serial.print(integral);
   Serial.print(" ");
   float Iout = PID Ki * integral;
   // Derivative term
   float ddt = (error - pre error) / dt;
   float Dout = PID Kd * ddt;
   // Calculate total output
   float output = Pout + Iout + Dout;
   // Restrict to max/min
   UPPER BIND (output, PID OUT MAX);
   LOWER BIND (output, PID OUT MIN);
   // Save error to previous error
   pre error = error;
   return output;
}
bool isCalibrationComplete = false;
void setup()
  Serial.begin(115200);
  setupRSLK();
   /* Left button on Launchpad */
   setupWaitBtn(LP LEFT BTN);
   /* Red led in rgb led */
   setupLed(RED LED);
   clearMinMax(sensorMinVal, sensorMaxVal);
   // Some default values so I dont have to calibrate
   // it every time during PID tuning
   sensorMinVal[0] = 830;
   sensorMinVal[1] = 904;
```

```
sensorMinVal[2] = 643;
   sensorMinVal[3] = 721;
  sensorMinVal[4] = 656;
  sensorMinVal[5] = 804;
  sensorMinVal[6] = 751;
  sensorMinVal[7] = 873;
  sensorMaxVal[0] = 944;
  sensorMaxVal[1] = 1033;
  sensorMaxVal[2] = 733;
  sensorMaxVal[3] = 829;
  sensorMaxVal[4] = 732;
  sensorMaxVal[5] = 908;
  sensorMaxVal[6] = 860;
  sensorMaxVal[7] = 975;
   /* Run this setup only once */
   if(isCalibrationComplete == false) {
      floorCalibration();
      isCalibrationComplete = true;
  Serial.println("Finished with setup");
}
void floorCalibration() {
  /* Place Robot On Floor (no line) */
  delay(2000);
  String btnMsg = "Push left button on Launchpad to begin calibration.\n";
  btnMsq += "Make sure the robot is on the floor away from the line.\n";
  /* Wait until button is pressed to start robot */
  waitBtnPressed(LP LEFT BTN,btnMsg,RED LED);
  delay(1000);
  Serial.println("Running calibration on floor");
  simpleCalibrate();
  Serial.println("Reading floor values complete");
  btnMsg = "Push left button on Launchpad to begin line following.\n";
  btnMsg += "Make sure the robot is on the line.\n";
  /* Wait until button is pressed to start robot */
  waitBtnPressed(LP LEFT BTN, btnMsg, RED LED);
  delay(1000);
  enableMotor(BOTH MOTORS);
void simpleCalibrate() {
  /* Set both motors direction forward */
  setMotorDirection(BOTH MOTORS, MOTOR DIR FORWARD);
  /* Enable both motors */
  enableMotor(BOTH_MOTORS);
   /* Set both motors speed 20 */
  setMotorSpeed(BOTH MOTORS, 20);
   for (int x = 0; x<100; x++) {
      readLineSensor(sensorVal);
       setSensorMinMax(sensorVal, sensorMinVal, sensorMaxVal);
   }
```

```
/* Disable both motors */
   disableMotor(BOTH MOTORS);
void loop() {
   static bool done = false;
   // Wait for button press after a run so we can run again
   if (done) {
       disableMotor(BOTH MOTORS);
       waitBtnPressed(LP LEFT BTN, "Waiting for Button Press", RED LED);
      delay(2000);
       enableMotor(BOTH_MOTORS);
      update_pid(-1, -\overline{1}, -1);
       done = false;
   }
   static unsigned long last time = 0;
   uint8 t normalSpeed = 10;
   // read sensor values
   readLineSensor(sensorVal);
   readCalLineSensor(sensorVal, sensorCalVal, sensorMinVal, sensorMaxVal, DARK LINE);
   // If more than 5 sensors read a black line, then assume that we are
   // at the end of the track and stop. This assumes a calibrated sensor
   // value of more than 750 (values go from 0 to 1000) is a line.
   int count = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < LS NUM SENSORS; ++i) {
       if (sensorCalVal[i] > 750) {
           ++count;
   }
   if (count >= 5) {
      Serial.println("End Found");
       done = true;
      return;
   // Get line position
   uint32 t linePos = getLinePosition(sensorCalVal,DARK LINE);
   Serial.print(linePos);
   // if the position is 0 then no line is under the vehicle
   // and line is lost
   if (linePos == 0) {
       Serial.println("Line Lost");
       done = true;
   }
   // calculate delta time for PID
   auto current time = millis();
   auto dt = current_time - last_time;
   last_time = current_time;
   // PID
   int8_t change = update_pid(dt, linePos);
   Serial.print("\t");
  Serial.print(change);
```

```
// calculate wheel speeds from PID values
int8 t leftMotorSpeed = normalSpeed - change;
int8_t rightMotorSpeed = normalSpeed + change;
// If PID value makes one of the wheel speed go
// out of bounds, add it to the opposite wheel
if (leftMotorSpeed < 0) {</pre>
    rightMotorSpeed += -leftMotorSpeed;
    leftMotorSpeed = 0;
}
if (rightMotorSpeed < 0) {</pre>
    leftMotorSpeed += -rightMotorSpeed;
    rightMotorSpeed = 0;
Serial.print("\t");
Serial.print(leftMotorSpeed);
Serial.print("\t");
Serial.print(rightMotorSpeed);
// update wheel speed
setMotorSpeed(LEFT MOTOR, leftMotorSpeed);
setMotorSpeed(RIGHT MOTOR, rightMotorSpeed);
Serial.println();
```