

DAY-4 # Rock, paper, Scissor

Today concepts → 1. Randomisation
2. Python Lists

→ Randomisation → So, what you mean by word random, it's such like unpredictable, unexpected and alot more.

Ex - If you want select number b/w 1 to 10 by computer so, output will be 1 or 2 or 5 or 6.

It mean any number will be print in output, so it basically know as Randomisation.

- In python we use Random module, which help us to generate Random number or many.

→ First step is to → Import Random
↓

It basically we import Random modules for which we take help from this module.

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→ Functions are helpful to generate random numbers. →

① ~~rand~~ random.randint(1, 10)

↳ This function helps to generate numbers b/w a to b # a and b should be int.

Examples →

Import Random

range_random = random.randint(a:1, b:10)

print(range_random)

output → 2 or 4 or 1 or 10

basically any number b/w range of 1 to 10

Bonus → It also includes 10 also.

2. `random.random()` → This program function help to generate random number b/w 0 to 1, basically it generate float number.

Example -

Import Random

`float-random = random.random()`

`print(float-random)`

Output → 0.5 or 0.1245 or 0.789.

Bonus → `random.random()` not include 0 but it's include 1.

• If do this `random.random() * 10` the output would be 1.25 or 4.45 or 5.67, basically it convert the range of 0 to 1 float number into 0 to 10 float number.

• It can be change as per our require

3. `Random.Uniform(a, b)` - It's generate float number between a to b.

Example →

`Import random`

`Float2_random = random.Uniform(20, 30)`

`print(Float2_random)`

Output → 28.745 09 25.456 64
27.4589

Important → Modules? → It simply say that in python sometimes it so boring to write some code, something complicate code again and again.

It resolve the problem we use modules that split the particular code in form of modules

It basically split code in form of module.

→ List → It simply collection of variable data in a single variable

ex → `L = ["A", "B", "C"]`

↓
List

Doubts → Why list is important

2. Is we add any new data in list
3. Is we can modify any data in list
4. What was the indexing in list.

Ans 1 → As we know store multiple relevant data into a variable its time taking and make a head blast

`a = "x"`

`b = "z"` ⇒ Not a good way

`c = "y"`

Instead, `a = ["x", "y", "z"]`

Ans 2 → Yes, we can add new data in list by using append.

Ex → `a = ["x", "y", "z"]`

`a.append("A")`

output `a = ['x', 'y', 'z', 'A']`

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It simple add the item at the last

Ans 3 \rightarrow Yes, we can easily modify the existing data.

ex $\rightarrow L = ['x', 'y', 'z']$

$L[0] = 'A'$

output $\rightarrow L = ['A', 'y', 'z']$

Ans 4 \rightarrow Indexing in list.

$L = ['x', 'y', 'z']$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

0 1 2

\rightarrow positive indexing

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

-3 -2 -1

\rightarrow negative indexing

by using indexing we can easily access any data.

$oc = L[0]$

Output $\rightarrow x$

Bonus \rightarrow `random.choice()` help to generate any seq which we want to do.

ex. `random.choice(0, -1, 1)`

output \rightarrow 0 or -1 or 1