

Report – Challenge 4: Scaling a Node.js Application Using Docker Compose

Introduction

This guide focuses on effectively scaling a Node.js application using Docker Compose, moving from a single instance to three to enhance the application's ability to manage increased traffic and maintain availability.

Prerequisites

- **Docker Installation:** Docker must be installed on your system. Installation instructions are available on Docker's official website.
- **Command-Line Proficiency:** Basic familiarity with terminal or command prompt commands is necessary.
- **Technical Understanding:** Foundational knowledge of Node.js and Docker concepts is beneficial for this tutorial.

Setup Instructions

1)Environment Preparation

- Install Docker by following the instructions provided on Docker's official website.
- Verify the installation by checking Docker's version in your command-line interface.

2)Docker Compose File Overview

- **nginx:** Acts as the reverse proxy for the Node.js application.
- **node-service:** The Node.js application you will scale.
- **db:** The database used by the application.

3)Modifying Docker Compose for Scaling

- Open your Docker Compose file and modify the node-service section to enable scaling.
- This involves specifying multiple instances (replicas) for the Node.js service.

4)Launching and Scaling the Application

- Start and scale your services by executing a command in your command-line interface that instructs Docker Compose to scale the Node.js service to three instances.
- Verify the scaling by observing if the responses come from different instances when accessing the application's statistics page.

5)Output Documentation

- View the list of running containers to ensure that three instances of the Node.js service are active.
- Record the output and responses from different instances as evidence of successful scaling.

References

Docker, "Docker Documentation" [Online] Available: <https://docs.docker.com> [Accessed: Apr 22,2024]

Screenshots





