

Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to solve **Single Destination Shortest Path** problem. Single destination shortest path is finding shortest path from all the vertices to the given vertex

Input graph to be read from the file adjacencylist.txt

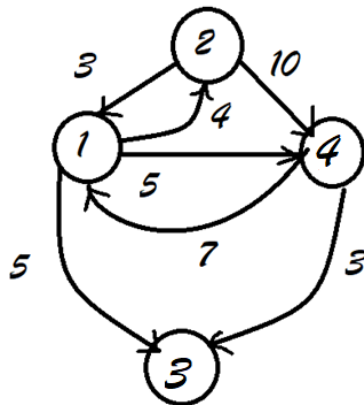
Input file

- Vertices are numbered 1 to n
- First line represents number of vertices
- This is followed by a set of lines
- Each line starts with a integer (any integer from 1 to n in any order) which represents vertex number (v_id) followed by space followed by a set of d pairs where d represents outdegree of the vertex v_id . First number in the pair represents neighbour vertex id and second number weight of the edge which connects vertex to the neighbour. Weight is always a non-negative integer

Sample Input file

```
4
1 2 4 3 5 4 5
4 1 7 3 3
2 1 3 4 10
```

Represents the graph



The input file provided in the assignment folder should be read to create a graph which should be represented in memory using **adjacency list representation**

Implementation

- Program should consider the last vertex ($v_id = n$) as the destination
(Example destination is 4 for the graph mentioned in example above)
- Using Dijkstra's algorithm Program should determine shortest distance from all the vertices to the destination
- Priority queue used by dijkstra's algorithm should be implemented using min heap. Each node in the heap contains vertex number, d value (distance of path from source to the vertex), and p value (Vertex id of predecessor vertex on the path from the source to the vertex). d value should be used as key to perform various operations (insert/delete/update)
- Program should print shortest path from all the vertices to the destination.

Output Format

- Each paths to be printed on new line (starting with path from 1 to destination then from 2,3-----n-1).If no path exists from a particular vertex to the destination vertex 'NO PATH' should be printed on the respective line number
- Each line should print a single path and length of the path (space separated), where the vertices in a path are space separated
(No other format for output is accepted)

Sample output:

1 1 4 5

2 2 1 4 8

3 NO PATH

C programming language should be used for implementation

Implementation should consists of three files

- Header file (function prototypes, user defined data type definitions)
- Implementation File (function definitions)
- Client file (Driver function)

The file names should be

SRN_H.h

SRN_F.c

SRN_C.c

List of functionalities your code should support

1. Reading data from file and creating Graph
(Adjacency list and **not adjacency matrix**)
2. Implementation for Priority queue using min heap
(Insert, delete, search update)
3. Implementation of Dijkstra's algorithm to determine shortest path from all vertices to n^{th} vertex in the list
(Single Destination Shortest path)
4. Determining shortest path distance and shortest path from all the vertices to destination vertex (**Dijkstra's module to be invoked only once**)
5. Printing shortest path and shortest path distance from all the vertices to the destination starting with vertex numbered 1,2,3---n-1 as per the output format specified

Marks distribution

Functionality	Max Marks
1+5	5 marks
2, 3, 4	5 marks each

