

Computer Networks – I

1. Which among the following is a Second layer of OSI model?
A. Physical
B. Network
C. Data link
D. Application
2. At network layer data is in the form of _____.
A. Frames
B. Bits
C. Packets
D. Segments
3. Division of large frame into smaller one is called as _____.
A. Dividing
B. Fragmentation
C. Bits
D. None
4. Service point addressing is also called as _____ address.
A. Port
B. Logical
C. Physical
D. All
5. Presentation layer of OSI model is concerned with _____ of information which is exchanged between two systems.
A. Syntax
B. Semantics
C. A & B
D. Logic
6. Byte count, byte and bit stuffing all these are _____.
A. Error detection method
B. Error correction method
C. Framing method
D. All
7. X.25 is a protocol used in _____.
A. LAN
B. MAN
C. Switched WAN
D. All
8. In block coding message is divided into blocks each of K-bits is called as _____.

- A. Block code
- B. Code word
- C. Code
- D. Block**

9. In which among the following receiver needs to know only that the received codeword is invalid.

- A. Error detection**
- B. Error correction
- C. A & B
- D. None

10. Hamming distance between two codewords is the number of differences between the corresponding

-----.

- A. Bytes
- B. Words
- C. Character
- D. Bits**

11. In which type of error detection method one's complement is used.

- A. CRC
- B. Reed Solomon Code
- C. Hamming code
- D. None**

12. In CSMA, M stands for -----.

- A. Medium
- B. Multiple**
- C. Media
- D. Material

13. In IEEE second E stands for -----.

- A. Electrical
- B. Electronics**
- C. Engineers
- D. None

14. Piconets can be combined to form -----.

- A. 2 piconets
- B. Multiple piconet
- C. Scatternet**
- D. A&B

15. IEEE 802.11 defines which type of station based on their mobility.

- A. No transition
- B. BSS transition**
- C. ESS transition
- D. All

16. TCP/IP protocol suite supports which protocol.

- A) IP
- B) ARP
- C) RARP
- D) All**

17. Which among the following is a shortest path algorithms.

A) Dijkstra's

- B) Bellman Ford
- C) Floyd Warshall
- D) All

18. Each octet contains ----- bits.

- A) 16
- B) 8**
- C) 4
- D) 2

19. Which among the following is the function of network layer

- A) Addressing
- B) Packeting
- C) Routing
- D) All**

20. What is the error in this IPv4 address 221.34.7.8.20

- A) It cannot have more than 4 bytes**
- B) It cannot have 0
- C) It is out of range
- D) All

21. In IGMP what does M stands for

- A) Message
- B) Multi
- C) Management**
- D) None

22. Which among the following is congestion control algorithm

- A) Leaky bucket**
- B) Token bucket
- C) Bellman Ford
- D) A & B

23. ICMP message contains which among the following

- A) Type
- B) Code
- C) Checksum
- D) All**

24. IPv4 address is of ----- bits

- A) 24
- B) 32**
- C) 8
- D) 4

25. In Class C of IPv4 address network id is --- bits and host id is ----- bits

- A. 8 & 24**
- B. 16 & 16
- C. 24 & 8
- D. None

