Report on the week of November 18

The search for suitable dx

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Numerical Derivative:
                f(x+dx) = f(x) + f'(x) dx + / f'(x) dx2 + ...
    keeping only the first two terms:
                  f(x) = \frac{f(x+dx) - f(x)}{dx}
Order unity rendom selective \sim [f(x) + f'(x) dx + \frac{1}{2} f''(x) dx^2](1+g+\varepsilon) - f(x)(1+g_0\varepsilon)
      \varepsilon \sim 10^{-7} Single, 10^{-16} dauble
```

Deniv:
$$\frac{f(x)}{dx} + f'(x) + \frac{1}{2} f''(x) dx (1+g_{+}\varepsilon) - \frac{f(x)}{dx} (1+g_{\varepsilon})$$

Leading Order: $f'(x) + \frac{f(x)}{dx} (g_{\varepsilon}\varepsilon) + \frac{1}{2} f''(x) dx$

$$\frac{d}{d(dx)} = \frac{-f_{\varepsilon}g_{\varepsilon}}{dx^{2}} + \frac{1}{2} f''(x) = 0 \implies \frac{f_{\varepsilon}}{dx^{2}} = \frac{1}{2} f''$$

$$\implies dx^{2} = \frac{2f_{\varepsilon}}{f''}$$

$$\implies dx = \left(\frac{2f_{\varepsilon}}{f''}\right)^{1/2}$$

Two Sided Derivative

if we do the same process with:

$$\frac{f(x+dx)-f(x-dx)}{2dx}$$

We get:
$$dx \sim \left(\frac{f\varepsilon}{f'''}\right)^{1/3}$$

But this is not easy for a multivariable function

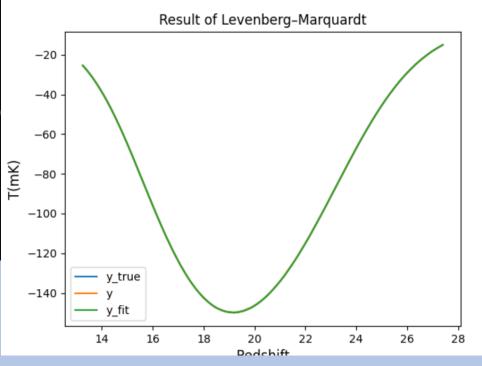
Another option:

- Divide and multiply the dx by a constant factor iteratively until you find a covariance that is reasonable
- First tried writing the algorithm for this but it was really messy
- So, I decided to do it by hand
- And I found the suitable dx:

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dx = parameter / (4E5)
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Checking LM with a known ares curve

```
on iteration 8 chisq is 35.11993817510575 and lamda is 0
step [ 0.00825153 -0.00527821  0.00190958 -0.00283937]
new params [ 4.02044549 37.65625335 5.00283505 0.87302918]
on iteration 9 chisq is 18.683737356955312 and lamda is 0
step [ 1.10105765e-02 -1.30126242e-01 1.27976633e-02 5.14061093e-05]
new params [ 4.03145606 37.52612711 5.01563271 0.87308059]
on iteration 10 chisq is 1.9524549158272093 and lamda is 0
step [-0.00409884 -0.08953417 0.00198708 0.00043634]
new params [ 4.02735722 37.43659294 5.01761979 0.87351692]
on iteration 11 chisq is 1.9524549158272093 and lamda is 1
step [ 0.00179082 -0.00457116  0.00152309  0.00407376]
new params [ 4.02914805 37.43202178 5.01914289 0.87759068]
on iteration 12 chisq is 1.8734032140742372 and lamda is 0.6666666666666666
step [ 4.90170891e-05 -2.72518052e-03 4.91323808e-05 3.04302293e-04]
on iteration 13 chisq is 1.8461104697760566 and lamda is 0
step [-3.17231704e-05 -2.32366875e-03 2.72045457e-05 2.91208368e-06]
Converged after 14 iterations of LM
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Other points

Chapters of my thesis