Problem Set 1, Q2:

In Q1, I showed that in the limit of large  $\lambda$ , paisson distribution goes to gaussian.

$$p(n) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^n}{n!}$$

$$n = n + \lambda$$

$$p(n) = e^{-\frac{1}{2} n^2 \lambda}$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2} (\frac{x - n}{n})^2}$$

 $f(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}$ 

We know that o in this case will be:

$$\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{2\pi}m} = \sqrt{m} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}m} = \sqrt{m} + \sqrt{m}$$