Answer Key Table

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Consider the vertices,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

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$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

I. VECTORS

parameter	value	description
\mathbf{m}_1	$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	AB
m ₂	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$	BC
m ₃	$\begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	AC
B - A	5.83	AB
C - B	6.40	BC
A - C	9.21	AC
rank	3	points are not collinear
$\mathbf{n}_1^{ op}$	(3 -5)	AB
c_1	-3	Ab
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(-5 -4)	BC
c_2	5	ВС
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{ op}$	(2 9)	AC
<i>c</i> ₃	-39	AC
area	18.5	area of triangle
∠A	43.49°	Anglo
∠B	97.69°	Angle
∠C	38.81°	

TABLE I.1 Vectors

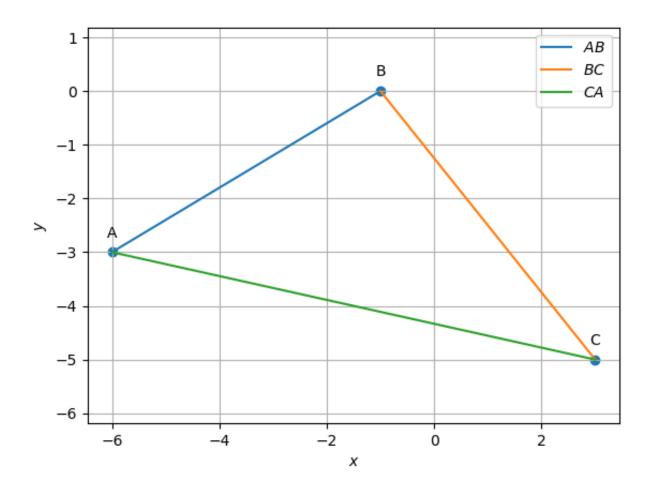


Fig. I.1. Triangle ABC

II. MEDIANS

parameter	value	description
D	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line BC
E	$\begin{pmatrix} -1.5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AC
F	$\begin{pmatrix} -3.5 \\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AB
$\mathbf{n}_{4}^{ op}$	(0.5 -7)	AD
c_4	18	AD
$\mathbf{n}_{5}^{ op}$	(-4 0.5)	BE
<i>c</i> ₅	4	BE
$\mathbf{n}_{6}^{ op}$	(3.5 6.5)	- CF
c_6	-22	CF
G	$ \begin{pmatrix} -1.33 \\ -2.66 \end{pmatrix} $	centroid of triangle

TABLE II.1 Medians

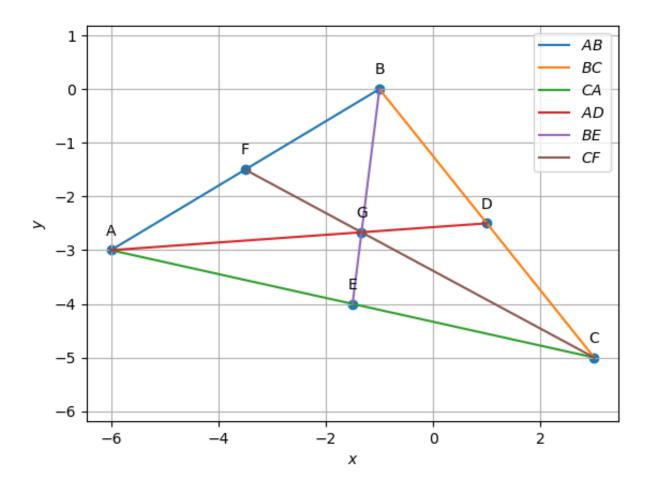


Fig. II.1. Triangle ABC with medians AD, BE and CF

III. ALTITUDES

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{7}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$	AD_1
<i>c</i> ₇	-9	AD_1
$\mathbf{n}_{8}^{ op}$	(-9 2)	BE_1
c_8	9	BE_1
$\mathbf{n}_{9}^{ op}$	(5 3)	CF ₁
<i>C</i> 9	0	Cr ₁
Н	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.73 \\ 1.21 \end{pmatrix}$	orthocentre of triangle
TADICALI		

TABLE III.1 Altitudes

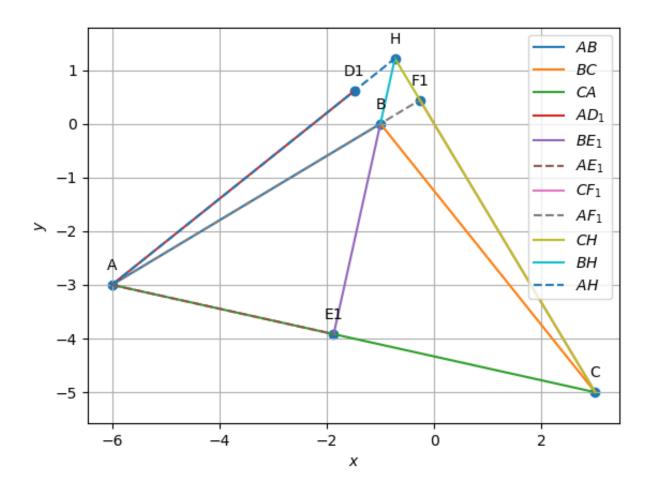


Fig. III.1. Triangle ABC with altitudes AD_1 , BE_1 and CF_1

IV. PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{10}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -5 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$	Perpendicular bisector of AB
c_{10}	22	r espesial cutai bisector of AB
$\mathbf{n}_{11}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$	Perpendicular bisector of BC
c_{11}	-16.5	respendicular disector of Be
$\mathbf{n}_{12}^{ op}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$	Perpendicular bisector of CA
c_{12}	-5.5	respendicular discetor of CA
0	(-1.63)	Circumcircle
	(-4.60)	
radius	4.65	
TABLE IV.1		

PERPENDICULAR BISECTORS

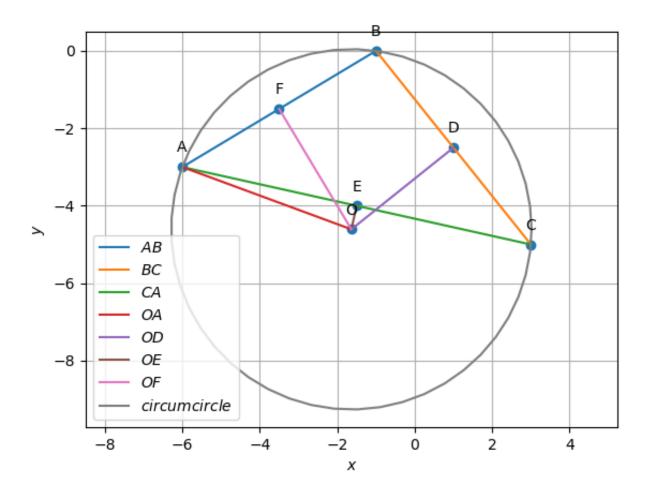


Fig. IV.1. circumcircle of triangle ABC with circumcentre O

V. ANGULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_{13}^{ op}$	(0.29 -1.83)	Angular bisector of A
c_{13}	3.71	Aligural disector of A
$\mathbf{n}_{14}^{ op}$	(-1.29 0.23)	Angular bisector of B
C ₁₄	1.29	Aligural disector of b
$\mathbf{n}_{15}^{ op}$	(0.99 1.60)	Angular bisector of C
c_{15}	-10.78	Aligular disector of C
I	(-1.40)	
1	(-2.25)	Incircle
radius	1.72	
\mathbf{D}_3	(-0.05)	
D3	(-1.17)	points of contact of incircle
E ₃	(-2.29)	
L3	(-0.77)	
E	(-1.77)	
\mathbf{F}_3	(-3.93)	

TABLE V.1
Angular Bisectors

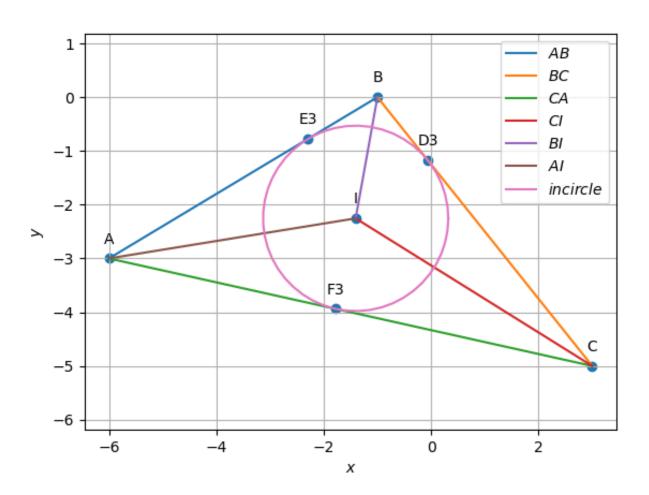


Fig. V.1. incircle of triangle ABC with incentre I