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Assignment

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Question: A person buys a lottery ticket in 50 lotteries in each of which his chance of winning a prize is $\frac{1}{100}$. What is the probability that he will win a prize

- (a) atleast once
- (b) exactly once
- (c) atleast twice?

Solution: Let us define:

Parameter	Value	Description
n	50	number of lotteries
p	0.01	probability of winning a prize
q	0.99	probability of not winning
$\mu = np$	0.5	mean of the distribution
$\sigma^2 = npq$	0.495	variance of the distribution
Y	0,1,2,3,,50	Number of successes

(a) using Gaussian

$$Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$
 (1)

The CDF of *Y*:

$$F_Y(y) = 1 - \Pr(Y > y) \tag{2}$$

$$=1-\Pr\left(\frac{Y-\mu}{\sigma}>\frac{y-\mu}{\sigma}\right) \tag{3}$$

But,

$$\frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \tag{4}$$

(5)

the Q-function is defined as:

$$Q(x) = \Pr(Y > x) \ \forall x \in Y \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \tag{6}$$

therefore the cdf will be:

$$F_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} 1 - Q\left(\frac{y - \mu}{\sigma}\right), & y > \mu \\ Q\left(\frac{\mu - y}{\sigma}\right), & y < \mu \end{cases}$$
 (7)

The probabbility of winning the prize atleast once is given by: Considering 0.3 as the correction term,

$$Pr(Y > 0.7) = 1 - F_Y(0.7) \tag{8}$$

$$=Q\left(\frac{0.7-\mu}{\sigma}\right) \quad from(7) \tag{9}$$

$$= Q(0.2842) \tag{10}$$

$$= 0.3881$$
 (11)

(b) using Gaussian

the gaussian distribution function is defined as:

$$p_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$
 (12)

the probability of the person winning the prize exactly once is given by:

$$p_Y(1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(1-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$
 (13)

$$= 0.44$$
 (14)

(c) using Gaussian

the probability of the person winning the prize atleast twice is given by: considering 0.5 as the correction term,

$$Pr(Y > 1.5) = 1 - F_Y(1.5) \tag{15}$$

$$=Q\left(\frac{1.5-\mu}{\sigma}\right) \quad from(7) \tag{16}$$

$$=Q\left(\frac{0.1}{\sqrt{0.495}}\right) \tag{17}$$

$$= Q(1.42) \tag{18}$$

$$=0.0776$$
 (19)

Gaussian vs Binomial Table

Y	Gaussian	Binomial
atleast one	0.3881	0.395
exactly one	0.441	0.305
atleast two	0.0776	0.089

Gaussian vs Binomial graph

