Transactions

Non Conflicting Transactions

1. Serial Transactions - Updating the same data twice

```
START TRANSACTION;

START TRANSACTION;

SELECT * FROM User;

UPDATE User

SET pin_code = 123456

WHERE id = 1;

COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM User;

UPDATE User

SET pin_code = 123457

WHERE id = 1;

COMMIT;
```

2. Serial Transactions - Reading and accessing updated data from previous Transaction

```
START TRANSACTION;

START TRANSACTION;

SELECT * FROM User;

UPDATE User

SET password = '123456'

WHERE id = 1;

COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM User WHERE password LIKE '123456';

COMMIT;
```

3. Isolation - Working in 2 separate tables

```
START TRANSACTION;
START TRANSACTION;
SELECT * FROM User;
UPDATE User
```

```
SET password = '103456'
WHERE id = 20;
COMMIT;
SELECT * FROM Product;
UPDATE Product
SET name = 'lewis vitton'
WHERE price =100;
COMMIT;
```

4. Consistency - Transaction reading data ie updated by previous Transaction

```
START TRANSACTION;

START TRANSACTION;

DELETE FROM Product

WHERE price< 20;

COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM Product

WHERE price =100;

COMMIT;
```

• Conflicting Transactions

1. Write - Write Conflict

```
START TRANSACTION;

UPDATE User SET house_num = 'A_999' WHERE id = 1;

SELECT * FROM User;

START TRANSACTION;

UPDATE User SET house_num = 'A_888' WHERE id = 1;

SELECT * FROM User;

COMMIT;

COMMIT;
```

2. Dirty - Read Conflict

```
set SQL_SAFE_UPDATES=0;
start transaction; -- t1
start transaction; -- t2
```

```
update Brand set name ="a" where id=1; -- t2
select * from Brand; -- t1
commit; -- t2
commit; -- t1
```