# Assignment-1 Report

# Logistic Regression on Pima Indians Diabetes Dataset

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#### 1 Introduction

The objective of this assignment is to apply a machine learning algorithm covered in class to a real-world dataset. Logistic Regression was chosen as the algorithm, and the Pima Indians Diabetes dataset was selected from the UCI repository.

### 2 Dataset Description

The dataset consists of 768 instances with 8 medical attributes and a binary target variable (diabetic or non-diabetic). Missing values were imputed with median values.

## 3 Methodology

Steps followed:

- 1. Data preprocessing and imputing missing values.
- 2. Train-test split (80-20, stratified).
- 3. Standardization of features.
- 4. Training Logistic Regression.
- 5. Evaluation with Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1, ROC-AUC.
- 6. Cross-validation (5-fold).
- 7. Visualization with Confusion Matrix and ROC curve.

#### 4 Results

On the test set:

• Accuracy: 0.6948

• Precision: 0.5745

• Recall: 0.5000

• F1-score: 0.5347

• ROC AUC: 0.8128

Cross-validation ROC AUC scores:

[0.8250, 0.8672, 0.8515, 0.8294, 0.8096] Mean AUC = 0.8366

## 5 Visualizations

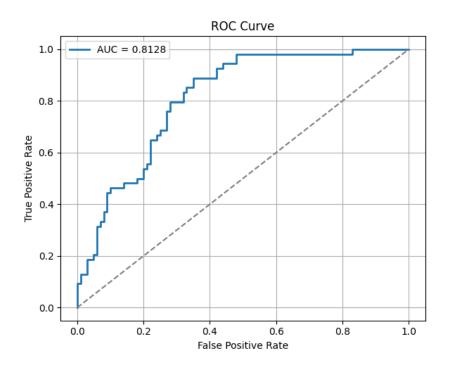


Figure 1: ROC Curve (AUC = 0.8128).

### 6 Conclusion

The Logistic Regression model achieved an accuracy of  $\sim 69.5\%$  with ROC AUC of 0.81. Though precision and recall for the diabetic class were modest, the model demonstrated stable generalization across cross-validation folds.

## Appendix: Code

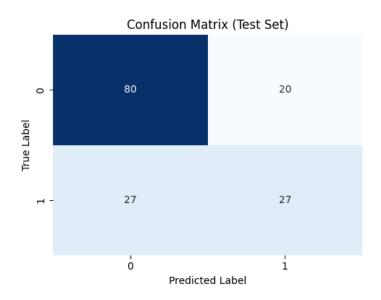


Figure 2: Confusion Matrix.

```
# === Logistic Regression on Pima Indians Diabetes
!pip install -q joblib
# 1) Imports
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, StratifiedKFold,
   cross_val_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import (accuracy_score, precision_score,
   recall_score, f1_score,
                             roc_auc_score, confusion_matrix,
                                classification_report, roc_curve)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import joblib
import os
# 2) Load dataset (public UCI mirror, no Kaggle login required)
URL = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/master/pima
   -indians-diabetes.data.csv"
cols = ["Pregnancies", "Glucose", "BloodPressure", "SkinThickness",
        "Insulin", "BMI", "DiabetesPedigreeFunction", "Age", "Outcome"]
df = pd.read_csv(URL, header=None, names=cols)
print("Dataset_shape:", df.shape)
print(df.head())
# 3) Handle invalid zeros (replace with NaN)
cols_with_zeros = ["Glucose", "BloodPressure", "SkinThickness", "
   Insulin", "BMI"]
df[cols_with_zeros] = df[cols_with_zeros].replace(0, np.nan)
# Fill NaNs with median values
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for c in cols_with_zeros:
    df[c].fillna(df[c].median(), inplace=True)
# 4) Features and target
X = df.drop("Outcome", axis=1)
y = df["Outcome"]
# 5) Train/test split (stratified to preserve class balance)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, stratify=y
# 6) Scale features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
# 7) Train logistic regression model
clf = LogisticRegression(solver="liblinear", penalty="12", random_state
clf.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
# 8) Predictions
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test_scaled)
y_proba = clf.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
# 9) Metrics
acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
prec = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
rec = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred)
auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_proba)
print("\n===_Evaluation_on_Test_Set_===")
print(f"Accuracy_:_{\perp}{acc:.4f}")
print(f"Precision: | {prec:.4f}")
print(f"Recalluuu:u{rec:.4f}")
print(f"F1-score_:_:[f1:.4f}")
print(f"ROC_AUC__:_{\alpha}{auc:.4f}\n")
print("Classification ureport:\n")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, digits=4))
# 10) Confusion Matrix Plot
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", cbar=False)
plt.title("Confusion_Matrix_(Test_Set)")
plt.ylabel("True_Label")
plt.xlabel("Predicted_Label")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("confusion_matrix.png")
plt.show()
# 11) ROC Curve Plot
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_proba)
plt.figure(figsize=(6,5))
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plt.plot([0,1],[0,1], linestyle="--", color="gray")
plt.xlabel("False_Positive_Rate")
plt.ylabel("True_Positive_Rate")
plt.title("ROC__Curve")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("roc_curve.png")
plt.show()
# 12) Cross-Validation (5-fold ROC AUC)
cv = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
cv_scores = cross_val_score(clf, scaler.fit_transform(X), y, cv=cv,
   scoring="roc_auc")
print("5-fold_CV_ROC_AUC_scores:", cv_scores)
print("MeanuCVuAUC:u{:.4f}".format(cv_scores.mean()))
# 13) Save artifacts
os.makedirs("artifacts", exist_ok=True)
joblib.dump(clf, "artifacts/logistic_model.joblib")
joblib.dump(scaler, "artifacts/scaler.joblib")
with open("artifacts/metrics.txt", "w") as f:
    f.write(f"Accuracy: [acc:.4f]\n")
    f.write(f"Precision: [prec:.4f}\n")
    f.write(f"Recall:_{\sqcup}{rec:.4f}\n")
    f.write(f"F1:_{\sqcup}\{f1:.4f\}\n")
    f.write(f"ROC_{\sqcup}AUC:_{\sqcup}{auc:.4f}\n")
    f.write("5-fold_{\sqcup}CV_{\sqcup}AUCs:_{\sqcup}" \ + \ ",_{\sqcup}".join([f"\{s:.4f\}" \ for \ s \ in \ for \ s))))
        cv_scores]) + "\n")
print("\nSaved:")
print("-\( confusion_matrix.png")
print("-uroc_curve.png")
print("-uartifacts/logistic_model.joblib")
print("-□artifacts/scaler.joblib")
print("-\u00edartifacts/metrics.txt")
```