Output :- Fractional Knapsack Problem

```
"fractionalknapsack
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha DAA % cd "/Users/Don't Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/
t Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/DAA/Lab 3/"fractionalknapsack
Enter the weight of knapsack:   67

Enter the no of items:  3
Enter value and weight for item 1:      79 45
Enter value and weight for item 2:      45 67
Enter value and weight for item 3:      34 99
Maximum value we can obtain = 79 45 : 1.75556
45 67 : 0.671642
34 99 : 0.343434
93.7761%
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha Lab 3 %
```

Output :- Job Sequencing Problem

```
cing
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha DAA % cd "/Users/Don't Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/
 Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/DAA/Lab 3/"jobsequencing
Enter the no of jobs:   5
Enter id , deadline and profit for job 1: a 3 98
Enter id , deadline and profit for job 2: b 3 56
Enter id , deadline and profit for job 3: a 1 78
Enter id , deadline and profit for job 4: c 2 87
Enter id , deadline and profit for job 5: d 4 99
Following is maximum profit sequence of jobs a c a d %
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha Lab 3 %
```

Output :- Kruskal's Algorithm

```
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha DAA % cd "/Users/Don't Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/D
yan_28900/DAA/Lab 3/"Kruskal
Enter the number of vertices: 4
Enter the number of edges: 5
Enter source, destination, and weight of edge 1: 0 1 8
Enter source, destination, and weight of edge 2: 0 2 4
Enter source, destination, and weight of edge 3: 0 3 9
Enter source, destination, and weight of edge 4: 1 3 24
Enter source, destination, and weight of edge 5: 2 3 12
Following are the edges in the constructed MST
0 -- 2 == 4
0 -- 1 == 8
0 -- 3 == 9
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha Lab 3 %
```

Output :- Prim's Algorithm

```
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha DAA % cd "/Users/Don't Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/DA
28900/DAA/Lab 3/"prims
Enter the number of vertices: 5
Enter the adjacency matrix (enter 0 if there is no edge):
0 3 0 7 0
2 3 5 6 7
0 2 0 3 4
1 2 3 4 5
0 5 2 9 0
Edge    Weight
0 - 1   2
1 - 2   2
2 - 3   3
2 - 4   2
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha Lab 3 %
```

Output :- Dijkstra's Algorithm

```
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha DAA % cd "/Users/Don't Open/5th Sem/Lab/Aaryan_28900/DA
aryan_28900/DAA/Lab 3/"dijkstra
Enter the number of vertices: 9
Enter the adjacency matrix for the graph (9x9):
0 3 0 5 0 2 0 4 0
0 1 2 0 3 0 4 0 7
0 0 4 5 0 6 6 0 9
1 2 0 3 4 0 6 7 0
0 0 0 3 4 1 5 6 9
1 0 0 2 8 9 2 4 8
1 2 3 4 5 0 0 5 2
0 4 5 8 9 2 0 0 4
9 0 0 3 4 5 6 6 0
Enter the source vertex (0 to 8): 0
Vertex          Distance from Source
0               0
1               3
2               5
3               4
4               6
5               2
6               4
7               4
8               6
(base) aryankushwaha@Aryan-Kushwaha Lab 3 %
```

Output :- Huffman Coding