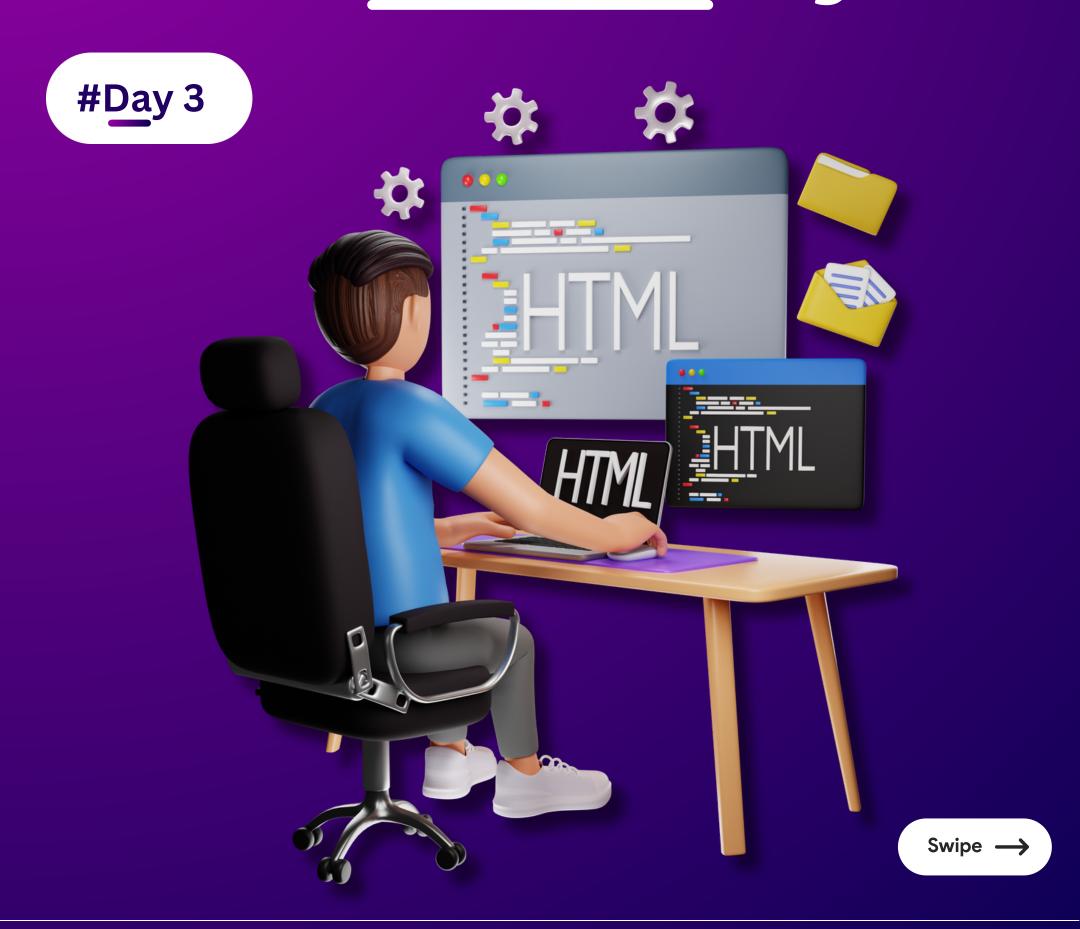






#HTML30Days









HTML Tags

HTML tags are keywords enclosed in angle brackets that define the structure and content of a webpage. Tags are used to create headings, paragraphs, lists, links, and more.









Introducing common HTML tags

<h1> - Heading 1

Explanation:

 The <h1> tag represents the highest level of heading on a webpage. It's typically used for the main title or headline of a page. HTML provides six levels of headings, with <h1> being the most important and <h6> the least important.

Example:



1 <h1>Welcome to Our Online Store</h1>

Usage:

 Use <h1> for your webpage's primary title or the most significant section heading. It's crucial for search engine optimization (SEO) because search engines use it to understand the main topic of the page.









- Paragraph

Explanation:

 The tag is used to define paragraphs of text. It's essential for organizing and presenting textual content on your webpage.

Example:



This is a paragraph of text. It can contain multiple sentences and provides a structured way to present information.

Usage:

 Use <h1> for your webpage's primary title or the most significant section heading. It's crucial for search engine optimization (SEO) because search engines use it to understand the main topic of the page.

Swipe ->







- Unordered List

Explanation:

 The

 tag creates an unordered list, which is a list of items with bullet points. Each item is defined using the (list item) tag.

Example:

```
1 
    Item 1
    Item 2
    Item 3
```

Usage:

 Use

 ul> when you want to present a list of items that don't have a specific order or sequence, such as a list of features, benefits, or options.







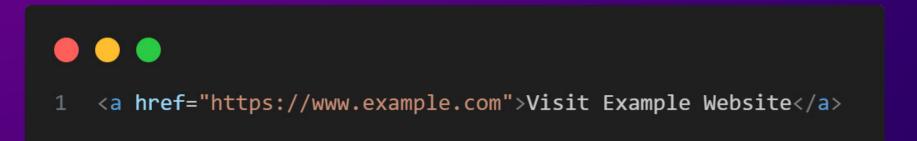


<a>- Anchor (Link)

Explanation:

 The <a> tag defines hyperlinks or links. It's used to link to other webpages or resources by specifying the destination URL in the href attribute.

Example:



Usage:

 Use <a> to create clickable links that allow users to navigate to other webpages, websites, or resources. The href attribute holds the URL of the destination.







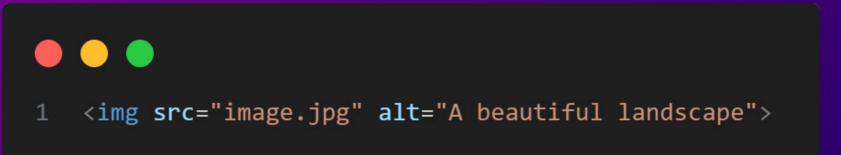


 - Image

Explanation:

 TThe tag embeds images within your webpage. It allows you to display pictures or graphics.

Example:



Usage:

 Use to display images on your webpage. The src attribute specifies the image file's path, and the alt attribute provides alternative text for accessibility and SEO.









These HTML tags are building blocks for structuring and presenting content on your webpage. When used correctly, they improve the readability, accessibility, and organization of your content, making it more engaging for your website's visitors.











Created By: Aryan Pariyar

- @aryanpariyarofficial
- (O) @aryanpariyarofficial
- @aryanpariyar12



