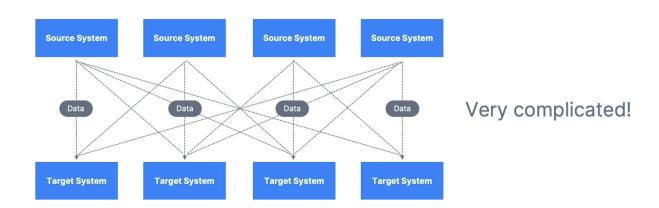
## **How companies start**



\_\_\_\_\_

## After a while...



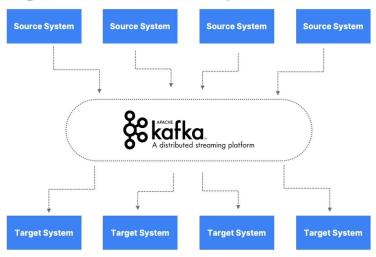
\_\_\_\_\_

- If you have 4 source systems, and 6 target systems, you would need to write 24 integrations!
- Each integration comes with difficulties.
  - Protocol: how the data is transported(TCP/HTTP/REST/FTP/JDBC
  - Data Format: how the data is parsed(Binary, csv, json, avro, protobuf...)

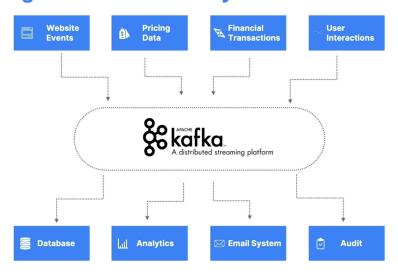
- Data schema and validation: how the data is shaped and may change
- Each source system will have an increased load from connections.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

# Why Apache Kafka: Decoupling of data streams & systems



## Why Apache Kafka: Decoupling of data streams & systems



### Why Apache Kafka?

- Created by LinkedIn, now open source project and maintained mainly maintained by Confluent, IBM, Cloudera
- Distributed, Resilient architecture, fault tolerant.
- Horizontal scalability:
  - Can scale to 100s of brokers
  - Can scale to millions of messages per second
- High performance (latency of less than 10ms) ~ real time
- Used by 2000+ firms, 80% of fortune 100
- Consumers: airBnb, Netflix, LinkedIn, Walmart, Uber

#### **Use Cases:**

- Messaging System
- Activity Tracking
- Gather metrics from many different locations
- Application Logs Gathering
- Stream processing(with Kafka streams Api for example)
- Decoupling of system dependencies
- Integration with Big Data tools like spark, Flink, Storm, Hadoop.
- Microservices pub/sub

#### For Example:

- Netflix uses Kafka to apply recommendations in real-time while you're watching TV shows
- **Uber** uses Kafka to gather user, taxi, and trip data in real time to compute and forecast demand, and compute surge pricing in real time.
- **LinkedIn** uses Kafka to prevent spam, collect user interactions to make better connection recommendations in real time.
- Remember that Kafka is only used as a transportation mechanism, which allows HUGE data flow in your company!