

```
In [32]: import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing
# Load trade data
trade_data_raw = pd.read_csv(r'CSV/ES.TradeData(17.6.24-14.10.24).csv')
feature_data_raw = pd.read_csv(r'CSV/ES.FeatureData(21m,1Y,28.10.24).csv')
```

## TradePairing

```
In [33]: print("\nFirst Few Rows of Trade Data:")
print(trade_data_raw.head(5))
# Define the columns to drop
columns_to_drop = ['Position ID', 'Connection name', 'Comment', 'Unnamed: 15', 'Trade ID', 'Order ID', 'Account']
# Drop the specified columns from the trade_data_raw DataFrame
trade_data_clean = trade_data_raw.drop(columns=columns_to_drop, errors='ignore')
# Reset the index to make it easier to pair trades
trade_data_clean.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)

# Check if trade_data_clean has an even number of rows
if len(trade_data_clean) % 2 != 0:
    print("Warning: Odd number of trades; the last trade will be ignored.")
    trade_data_clean = trade_data_clean.iloc[1:] # Drop the last row to make the count even

# Create a list to store paired trades
paired_trades = []

# Iterate through the DataFrame in steps of 2 to pair trades
for i in range(0, len(trade_data_clean), 2):
    # Extract the closing trade (current row) and opening trade (next row)
    closing_trade = trade_data_clean.iloc[i]
    opening_trade = trade_data_clean.iloc[i + 1]

    # Store the paired trade details
    paired_trades.append({
        'Opening Date/Time': opening_trade['Date/Time'],
        'Closing Date/Time': closing_trade['Date/Time'],
        'Symbol': opening_trade['Symbol'],
        'Opening Side': opening_trade['Side'],
        'Closing Order Type': closing_trade['Order type'],
```

```
'Quantity': abs(opening_trade['Quantity']), # Absolute value of quantity
'Price': closing_trade['Price'], # Closing price as trade outcome price
'Gross PnL': closing_trade['Gross P/L'], # PnL from the closing trade
'Fees': opening_trade['Fee'] + closing_trade['Fee'], # Sum of opening and closing fees
'Net PnL': closing_trade['Gross P/L'] + (opening_trade['Fee'] + closing_trade['Fee']) # Net PnL after fees
})

# Convert the paired trades into a DataFrame
trade_data_clean = pd.DataFrame(paired_trades)

# Display the first few rows of the summarized trades
print("\nTrade Summary DataFrame:")
print(trade_data_clean.head())
```

First Few Rows of Trade Data:

	Account	Date/Time	Symbol	Side	Order type	\
0	Account (USD)	2024-10-14 7:05:00 AM -05:00	ES	Sell	Market	
1	Account (USD)	2024-10-14 7:03:00 AM -05:00	ES	Sell	Tr.stop	
2	Account (USD)	2024-10-14 1:12:01 AM -05:00	ES	Buy	Market	
3	Account (USD)	2024-10-13 11:44:05 PM -05:00	ES	Buy	Tr.stop	
4	Account (USD)	2024-10-13 10:01:00 PM -05:00	ES	Sell	Market	

	Quantity	Price	Gross P/L	Fee	Net P/L	Comment	Unnamed: 11
0	-1	5867.75	0.0	-2.18	-2.18	NaN	NaN
1	-1	5867.75	500.0	-2.18	497.82	NaN	NaN
2	1	5857.75	0.0	-2.18	-2.18	NaN	NaN
3	1	5857.00	-212.5	-2.18	-214.68	NaN	NaN
4	-1	5852.75	0.0	-2.18	-2.18	NaN	NaN

Warning: Odd number of trades; the last trade will be ignored.

Trade Summary DataFrame:

	Opening Date/Time	Closing Date/Time	Symbol	\
0	2024-10-14 1:12:01 AM -05:00	2024-10-14 7:03:00 AM -05:00	ES	
1	2024-10-13 10:01:00 PM -05:00	2024-10-13 11:44:05 PM -05:00	ES	
2	2024-10-13 6:36:00 PM -05:00	2024-10-13 9:04:39 PM -05:00	ES	
3	2024-10-11 3:59:00 PM -05:00	2024-10-13 6:36:00 PM -05:00	ES	
4	2024-10-11 2:46:00 PM -05:00	2024-10-11 3:58:07 PM -05:00	ES	

	Opening Side	Closing Order Type	Quantity	Price	Gross PnL	Fees	Net PnL
0	Buy	Tr.stop	1	5867.75	500.0	-4.36	495.64
1	Sell	Tr.stop	1	5857.00	-212.5	-4.36	-216.86
2	Buy	Tr.stop	1	5853.25	-237.5	-4.36	-241.86
3	Sell	Market	1	5858.25	112.5	-4.36	108.14
4	Buy	Tr.stop	1	5860.25	-12.5	-4.36	-16.86

## FeatureCleaning

```
In [34]: # Clean NaN columns
first_non_nan_indices = feature_data_raw.notna().idxmax()
print(f"\n{first_non_nan_indices}")
first_valid_index = first_non_nan_indices.max() # Use the earliest non-NaN index
print(f"\nFirst non-NaN index for market regime: {first_valid_index}")

# Create a new DataFrame with only rows from `start_index` onward
feature_data_clean = feature_data_raw.iloc[first_valid_index:].reset_index(drop=True)
# Drop all columns that contain 'Unnamed' in their name
```

```

feature_data_clean = feature_data_clean.loc[:, ~feature_data_clean.columns.str.contains('^Unnamed')]

# Rename columns to the desired names
column_rename_map = {
    "EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA1": "EMA8",
    "EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA2": "EMA21",
    "EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA3": "EMA55",
    "ATR (5: SMA)_ATR": "ATR5",
    "AROON (34)_Aroon up Line": "AroonUp",
    "AROON (34)_Aroon down Line": "AroonDown",
}
feature_data_clean.rename(columns=column_rename_map, inplace=True)

# Display the cleaned and renamed feature data
print("\nClean Feature Data")
print(feature_data_clean.head())

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Define a function to plot distribution with thresholds
def plot_distribution_with_thresholds(df, column):
    # Calculate median and standard deviation
    median = df[column].median()
    std = df[column].std()

    # Define thresholds
    low_threshold = median - 0.5 * std
    high_threshold = median + 0.5 * std

    # Plot the histogram
    plt.figure(figsize=(5, 3))
    plt.hist(df[column], bins=50, alpha=0.7, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
    plt.axvline(low_threshold, color='red', linestyle='--', label=f'Low Threshold ({low_threshold:.2f})')
    plt.axvline(high_threshold, color='green', linestyle='--', label=f'High Threshold ({high_threshold:.2f})')

    # Add labels and title
    plt.title(f"Distribution of {column}")
    plt.xlabel(column)
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()

    print(f"low threshold: {low_threshold}")

```

```

    print(f"high threshold: {high_threshold}")

# Plot distribution for 'ATR5' column
plot_distribution_with_thresholds(feature_data_clean, 'ATR5')

# Plot distribution for 'EMA8 - EMA55' (Divergence) column
feature_data_clean['Divergence'] = (feature_data_clean['EMA8'] - feature_data_clean['EMA55']).abs() # Calculate divergence
plot_distribution_with_thresholds(feature_data_clean, 'Divergence')

# Calculate thresholds for ATR5 using Median  $\pm$  0.5 * Std
atr_median = feature_data_clean['ATR5'].median()
atr_std = feature_data_clean['ATR5'].std()
atr_low = atr_median - 0.5 * atr_std
atr_high = atr_median + 0.5 * atr_std
# Calculate divergence and then thresholds for Divergence using Median  $\pm$  0.5 * Std
feature_data_clean['Divergence'] = (feature_data_clean['EMA8'] - feature_data_clean['EMA55']).abs() # Calculate divergence
divergence_median = feature_data_clean['Divergence'].median()
divergence_std = feature_data_clean['Divergence'].std()
divergence_low = divergence_median - 0.5 * divergence_std
divergence_high = divergence_median + 0.5 * divergence_std

# Calculate regimeClass, atrBucket, and divergenceBucket and add them as new columns
feature_data_clean['RegimeClass'] = feature_data_clean.apply(
    lambda row: 'UpTrend' if row['EMA8'] > row['EMA21'] and row['AroonUp'] > 66 else
                'DownTrend' if row['EMA8'] < row['EMA21'] and row['AroonDown'] > 66 else
                'NoTrend', axis=1
)

feature_data_clean['ATRBucket'] = feature_data_clean['ATR5'].apply(
    lambda x: 'High' if x > atr_high else 'Low' if x < atr_low else 'Medium'
)

feature_data_clean['DivergenceBucket'] = (feature_data_clean['EMA8'] - feature_data_clean['EMA55']).abs().apply(
    lambda x: 'High' if x > divergence_high else 'Low' if x < divergence_low else 'Medium'
)

# Display the modified DataFrame
print("\nFeature Data with Regime Classifications:")
print(feature_data_clean.head())

```

```
DateTime      0
EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA1      8
EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA2     21
EMA (8, 21, 55)_EMA3     55
ATR (5: SMA)_ATR          4
AROON (34)_Aroon up Line  33
AROON (34)_Aroon down Line 33
Unnamed: 7              0
dtype: int64
```

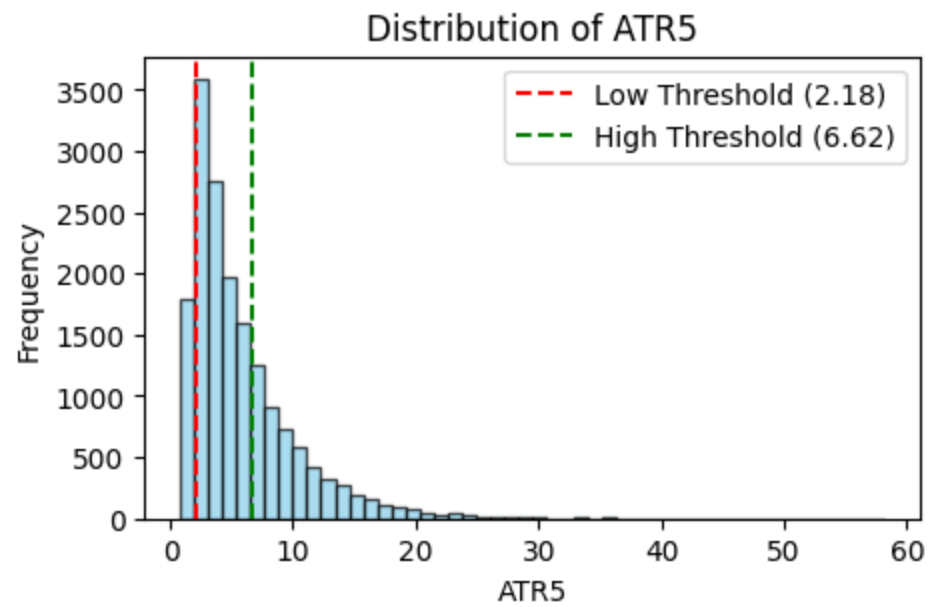
First non-NaN index for market regime: 55

Clean Feature Data

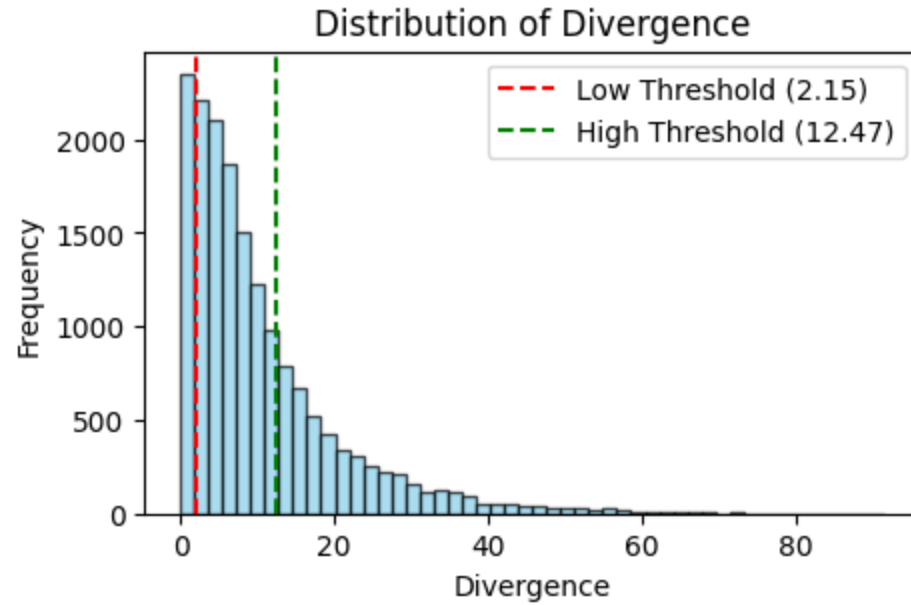
	DateTime	EMA8	EMA21	EMA55	ATR5	\
0	2023-10-30 1:03:00 PM -05:00	4165.780153	4164.430392	4160.642857	9.45	
1	2023-10-30 1:24:00 PM -05:00	4169.384563	4166.027629	4161.405612	10.15	
2	2023-10-30 1:45:00 PM -05:00	4172.854660	4167.752390	4162.248269	9.85	
3	2023-10-30 2:06:00 PM -05:00	4175.220291	4169.183991	4163.007259	9.45	
4	2023-10-30 2:27:00 PM -05:00	4178.949115	4171.258174	4164.042714	9.95	

	AroonUp	AroonDown
0	73.529412	5.882353
1	100.000000	2.941176
2	100.000000	73.529412
3	97.058824	70.588235
4	100.000000	67.647059



low threshold: 2.1768695660246324  
high threshold: 6.623130433975368



low threshold: 2.1463089245365436  
high threshold: 12.466862886972802

Feature Data with Regime Classifications:

	DateTime	EMA8	EMA21	EMA55	ATR5	\
0	2023-10-30 1:03:00 PM -05:00	4165.780153	4164.430392	4160.642857	9.45	
1	2023-10-30 1:24:00 PM -05:00	4169.384563	4166.027629	4161.405612	10.15	
2	2023-10-30 1:45:00 PM -05:00	4172.854660	4167.752390	4162.248269	9.85	
3	2023-10-30 2:06:00 PM -05:00	4175.220291	4169.183991	4163.007259	9.45	
4	2023-10-30 2:27:00 PM -05:00	4178.949115	4171.258174	4164.042714	9.95	

	AroonUp	AroonDown	Divergence	RegimeClass	ATRBucket	DivergenceBucket
0	73.529412	5.882353	5.137295	UpTrend	High	Medium
1	100.000000	2.941176	7.978951	UpTrend	High	Medium
2	100.000000	73.529412	10.606391	UpTrend	High	Medium
3	97.058824	70.588235	12.213032	UpTrend	High	Medium
4	100.000000	67.647059	14.906401	UpTrend	High	High

### Combining Trades and Features

```
In [35]: trade_data_clean['Opening Date/Time'] = pd.to_datetime(trade_data_clean['Opening Date/Time'])
trade_data_clean['Closing Date/Time'] = pd.to_datetime(trade_data_clean['Closing Date/Time'])
feature_data_clean['DateTime'] = pd.to_datetime(feature_data_clean['DateTime'])
# Sort the raw feature data and trade data by their time columns to prepare for merge
feature_data_clean = feature_data_clean.sort_values(by='DateTime')
trade_data_clean = trade_data_clean.sort_values(by='Opening Date/Time')

# Perform an asof merge to align trade entries with the nearest preceding time in feature_data_clean
# This will align each trade with the closest previous time in the `feature_data_clean`
trade_data_featured = pd.merge_asof(
    trade_data_clean,
    feature_data_clean,
    left_on='Opening Date/Time',
    right_on='DateTime',
    direction='backward'
)

# Drop the 'DateTime' column from the merged DataFrame as it's now redundant
trade_data_featured = trade_data_featured.drop(columns=['DateTime'])

# Create the TradeProfitBinary column based on Net PnL
trade_data_featured['TradeProfitBinary'] = (trade_data_featured['Net PnL'] > 0).astype(int)
```



```
print("\nFeatured Trade Data")
print(trade_data_featured.head())
```

C:\Users\prath\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_111484\877092753.py:3: UserWarning: Could not infer format, so each element will be parsed individually, falling back to `dateutil`. To ensure parsing is consistent and as-expected, please specify a format.

```
feature_data_clean['DateTime'] = pd.to_datetime(feature_data_clean['DateTime'])
```

Featured Trade Data

	Opening Date/Time	Closing Date/Time	Symbol	Opening Side	\
0	2024-06-17 12:18:00-05:00	2024-06-17 12:25:30-05:00	ES	Buy	
1	2024-06-17 12:26:00-05:00	2024-06-17 12:55:15-05:00	ES	Buy	
2	2024-06-17 13:17:00-05:00	2024-06-17 13:33:17-05:00	ES	Buy	
3	2024-06-17 13:36:00-05:00	2024-06-17 14:46:00-05:00	ES	Buy	
4	2024-06-17 15:12:00-05:00	2024-06-17 15:18:14-05:00	ES	Sell	

	Closing Order Type	Quantity	Price	Gross PnL	Fees	Net PnL	...	\
0	Tr.stop	1	5455.25	237.5	-4.36	233.14	...	
1	Tr.stop	1	5464.25	337.5	-4.36	333.14	...	
2	Tr.stop	1	5476.00	225.0	-4.36	220.64	...	
3	Tr.stop	1	5486.00	312.5	-4.36	308.14	...	
4	Tr.stop	1	5493.00	-237.5	-4.36	-241.86	...	

	EMA21	EMA55	ATR5	AroonUp	AroonDown	Divergence	\
0	5438.235853	5435.523723	6.45	100.000000	79.411765	7.164947	
1	5440.373503	5436.460376	8.20	100.000000	76.470588	10.464145	
2	5445.300416	5438.720490	8.50	100.000000	70.588235	16.919035	
3	5448.364014	5440.159044	10.00	100.000000	67.647059	20.671698	
4	5463.704252	5448.247772	8.30	91.176471	52.941176	32.688439	

	RegimeClass	ATRBucket	DivergenceBucket	TradeProfitBinary
0	UpTrend	Medium	Medium	1
1	UpTrend	High	Medium	1
2	UpTrend	High	High	1
3	UpTrend	High	High	1
4	UpTrend	High	High	0

[5 rows x 21 columns]

**Regime Stats**

```

In [36]: # Shuffle the DataFrame to randomize the order of trades
trade_data_shuffle1 = trade_data_featured.sample(frac=1, random_state=34).reset_index(drop=True)
trade_data_shuffle2 = trade_data_featured.sample(frac=1, random_state=55).reset_index(drop=True)
trade_data_shuffle3 = trade_data_featured.sample(frac=1, random_state=89).reset_index(drop=True)

# Calculate the size of each subset (approximately one-third of the total rows)
subset_size = len(trade_data_featured) // 3

# Split the data into three parts
subset_1 = trade_data_shuffle1.iloc[:subset_size]
subset_2 = trade_data_shuffle1.iloc[subset_size:2 * subset_size]
subset_3 = trade_data_shuffle1.iloc[2 * subset_size:]
subset_4 = trade_data_shuffle2.iloc[:subset_size]
subset_5 = trade_data_shuffle2.iloc[subset_size:2 * subset_size]
subset_6 = trade_data_shuffle2.iloc[2 * subset_size:]
subset_7 = trade_data_shuffle3.iloc[:subset_size]
subset_8 = trade_data_shuffle3.iloc[subset_size:2 * subset_size]
subset_9 = trade_data_shuffle3.iloc[2 * subset_size:]

def analyze_data(data, subset_name):
    # Group by ATR, regime, and opening side
    performance = data.groupby(['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket'], observed=False).agg(
        'Net PnL': ['mean', 'sum', 'count'],
        'TradeProfitBinary': 'mean' # Mean gives the Win% directly
    ).reset_index()

    # Flatten the column names
    performance.columns = ['_'.join(col).strip('_') for col in performance.columns.values]

    # Display the summarized performance for the combined conditions
    return performance

# Analyze each subset by the combined conditions
subset_1_performance = analyze_data(subset_1, "Subset 1")
subset_2_performance = analyze_data(subset_2, "Subset 2")
subset_3_performance = analyze_data(subset_3, "Subset 3")
subset_4_performance = analyze_data(subset_4, "Subset 4")
subset_5_performance = analyze_data(subset_5, "Subset 5")
subset_6_performance = analyze_data(subset_6, "Subset 6")
subset_7_performance = analyze_data(subset_7, "Subset 7")
subset_8_performance = analyze_data(subset_8, "Subset 8")

```

```

subset_9_performance = analyze_data(subset_9, "Subset 9")

# Define a function to filter and sum Total Net PnL for a given subset
def filter_and_sum_pnl(performance_data, subset_name):
    # Filter the performance DataFrame to include only rows where Average Net PnL > 10 and Trade Count > 5
    filtered_performance = performance_data[
        (performance_data['Net PnL_mean'] > 10) &
        (performance_data['Net PnL_count'] > 5)
    ]

    return filtered_performance

# Apply the filter and summation function to each subset
subset_1_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_1_performance, "Subset 1")
subset_2_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_2_performance, "Subset 2")
subset_3_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_3_performance, "Subset 3")
subset_4_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_4_performance, "Subset 4")
subset_5_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_5_performance, "Subset 5")
subset_6_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_6_performance, "Subset 6")
subset_7_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_7_performance, "Subset 7")
subset_8_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_8_performance, "Subset 8")
subset_9_filtered = filter_and_sum_pnl(subset_9_performance, "Subset 9")

# Combine the filtered subsets
combined_subsets = pd.concat([
    subset_1_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_2_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_3_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_4_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_5_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_6_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_7_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_8_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']],
    subset_9_filtered[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket', 'Net PnL_sum', 'Net PnL_mean']]
], ignore_index=True)

# Group by conditions and compute aggregates
final_regimes = combined_subsets.groupby(
    ['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket'], observed=True
).agg(
    Count=('Opening Side', 'size'),
    AvgTotalNetPnl=('Net PnL_sum', 'mean'),

```

```

    AvgWinRate=('TradeProfitBinary_mean', 'mean'),
    AvgMeanNetPnl=('Net PnL_mean', 'mean')
).reset_index()

# Filter for Count >= 5 and sort by Count in descending order
final_regimes = final_regimes[final_regimes['Count'] >= 5]
#.sort_values(by='Count', ascending=False)

# Display the filtered DataFrame
print("\nNumber of times each regime appeared in the filtered results across the nine subsets:")
print(final_regimes)

```

Number of times each regime appeared in the filtered results across the nine subsets:

	Opening Side	ATRBucket	RegimeClass	DivergenceBucket	Count	AvgTotalNetPnl \
2	Buy	High	DownTrend	Medium	7	4272.945714
4	Buy	High	NoTrend	Medium	5	1809.952000
7	Buy	High	UpTrend	Medium	8	3612.302500
8	Buy	Medium	DownTrend	Medium	6	1168.026667
9	Buy	Medium	NoTrend	Low	7	1230.194286
13	Sell	High	DownTrend	Low	7	1418.277143
15	Sell	High	NoTrend	High	8	1903.027500
16	Sell	High	NoTrend	Medium	6	2364.156667
21	Sell	Medium	NoTrend	Medium	6	1242.063333
22	Sell	Medium	UpTrend	High	5	752.156000

	AvgWinRate	AvgMeanNetPnl
2	0.430013	87.447242
4	0.420493	83.947610
7	0.502971	78.308422
8	0.565278	146.265000
9	0.615646	180.564178
13	0.570728	145.894812
15	0.460924	78.150450
16	0.504025	122.926908
21	0.442026	62.936595
22	0.296024	73.548092

### Backtesting

In [37]: `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

```
# Extract the unique combinations in the order they appear
```

```

target_conditions_list = (
    final_regimes[['Opening Side', 'ATRBucket', 'RegimeClass', 'DivergenceBucket']]
    .drop_duplicates()
    .to_dict(orient='records')
)

# Display the ordered target conditions List
print("Ordered Target Conditions List:")
for condition in target_conditions_list:
    print(condition)

# List to store the results
backtest_results = []

# Loop through each combination
for conditions in target_conditions_list:
    # Filter trades based on the current combination of conditions
    filtered_data = trade_data_featured[
        (trade_data_featured['ATRBucket'] == conditions['ATRBucket']) &
        (trade_data_featured['RegimeClass'] == conditions['RegimeClass']) &
        (trade_data_featured['DivergenceBucket'] == conditions['DivergenceBucket']) &
        (trade_data_featured['Opening Side'] == conditions['Opening Side'])
    ].copy()

    # Calculate Backtest Metrics for the current combination
    total_trades = len(filtered_data)
    total_pnl = filtered_data['Net PnL'].sum()
    win_rate = filtered_data['TradeProfitBinary'].mean() * 100 # Convert to percentage
    average_pnl_per_trade = filtered_data['Net PnL'].mean()

    # Calculate Drawdown
    filtered_data['Cumulative PnL'] = filtered_data['Net PnL'].cumsum()
    drawdown = filtered_data['Cumulative PnL'].cummax() - filtered_data['Cumulative PnL']
    max_drawdown = drawdown.max()

    # Store the results in a dictionary
    backtest_results.append({
        'Side': conditions['Opening Side'],
        'ATRBucket': conditions['ATRBucket'],
        'RegimeClass': conditions['RegimeClass'],
        'DivergenceBucket': conditions['DivergenceBucket'],
    })

```

```

        'Total Trades': total_trades,
        'Total Net P&L': total_pnl,
        'Win Rate (%)': win_rate,
        'Avg P&L per Trade': average_pnl_per_trade,
        'Max Drawdown': max_drawdown
    })

    # Create a Label for the plot based on the current condition
    label = f"Side: {conditions['Opening Side']}, ATR: {conditions['ATRBucket']}, Regime: {conditions['RegimeClass']}"

    # Plot cumulative PnL for this combination
    plt.plot(filtered_data['Cumulative PnL'].values, label=label)
    plt.xlabel('Trade Number')
    plt.ylabel('Cumulative Net P&L')
    plt.title('Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()

# Convert results to a DataFrame for easy viewing
backtest_results_df = pd.DataFrame(backtest_results)

# Display the backtest results
print("\nBacktest Results for Multiple Condition Combinations:")
print(backtest_results_df)

# Calculate overall totals and averages
total_net_pnl = backtest_results_df['Total Net P&L'].sum()
total_trades = backtest_results_df['Total Trades'].sum()
average_win_rate = (backtest_results_df['Win Rate (%)'] * backtest_results_df['Total Trades']).sum() / total_trades

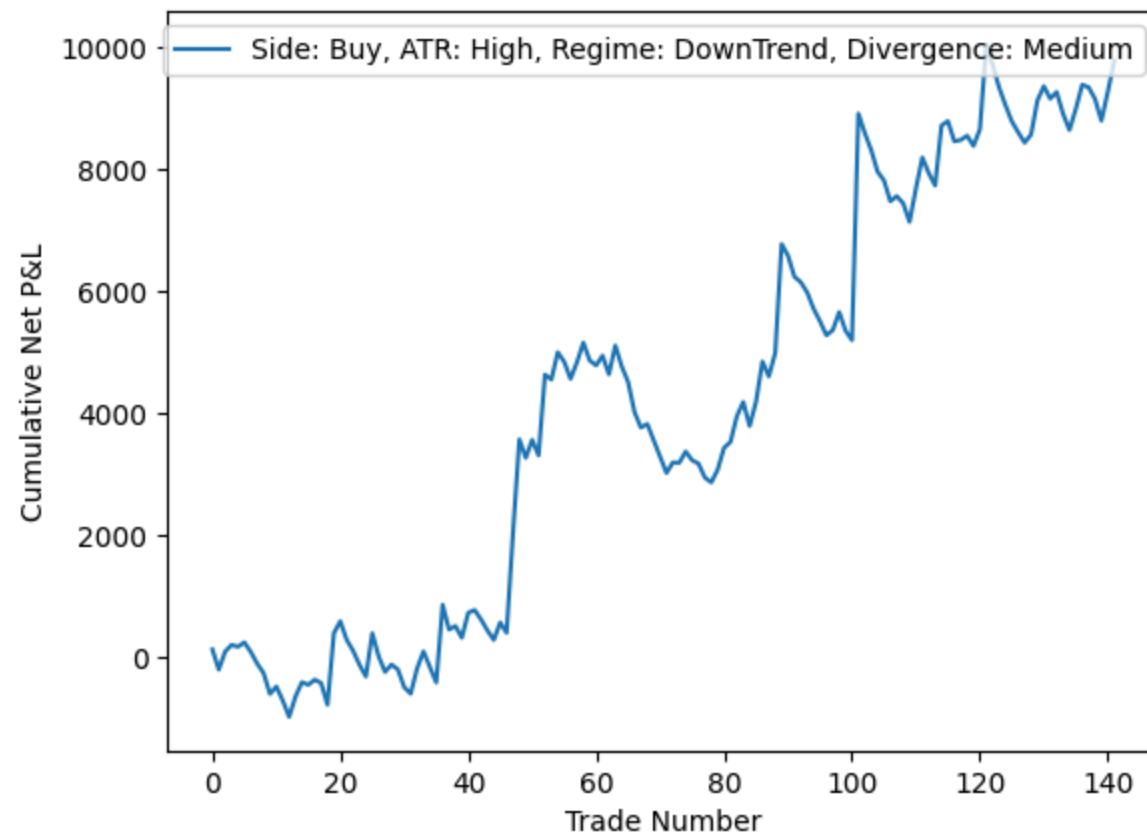
# Display the aggregated stats
print("\nOverall Backtest Statistics Across All Conditions:")
print(f"Total Net P&L: {total_net_pnl:.2f}")
print(f"Total Trades: {total_trades}")
print(f"Average Win Rate (%): {average_win_rate:.2f}")

```

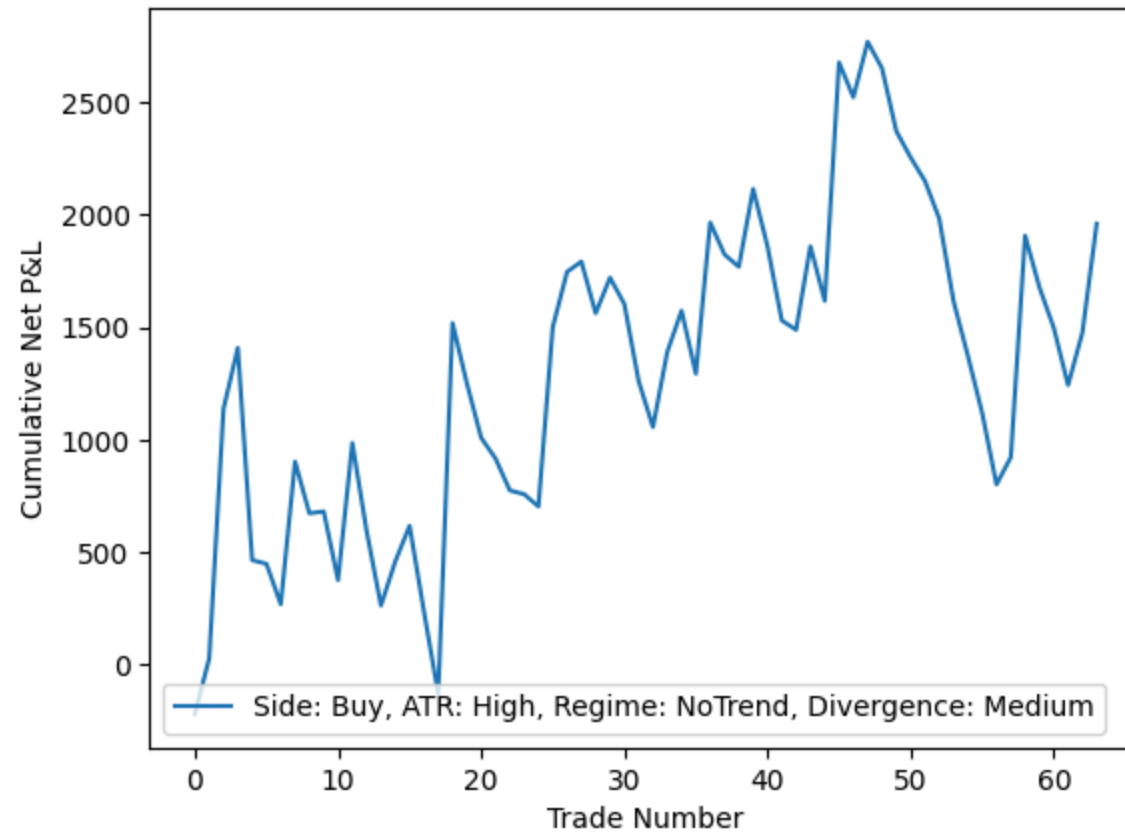
Ordered Target Conditions List:

```
{'Opening Side': 'Buy', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'DownTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Buy', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'NoTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Buy', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'UpTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Buy', 'ATRBucket': 'Medium', 'RegimeClass': 'DownTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Buy', 'ATRBucket': 'Medium', 'RegimeClass': 'NoTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Low'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Sell', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'DownTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Low'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Sell', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'NoTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'High'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Sell', 'ATRBucket': 'High', 'RegimeClass': 'NoTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Sell', 'ATRBucket': 'Medium', 'RegimeClass': 'NoTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'Medium'}  
{'Opening Side': 'Sell', 'ATRBucket': 'Medium', 'RegimeClass': 'UpTrend', 'DivergenceBucket': 'High'}
```

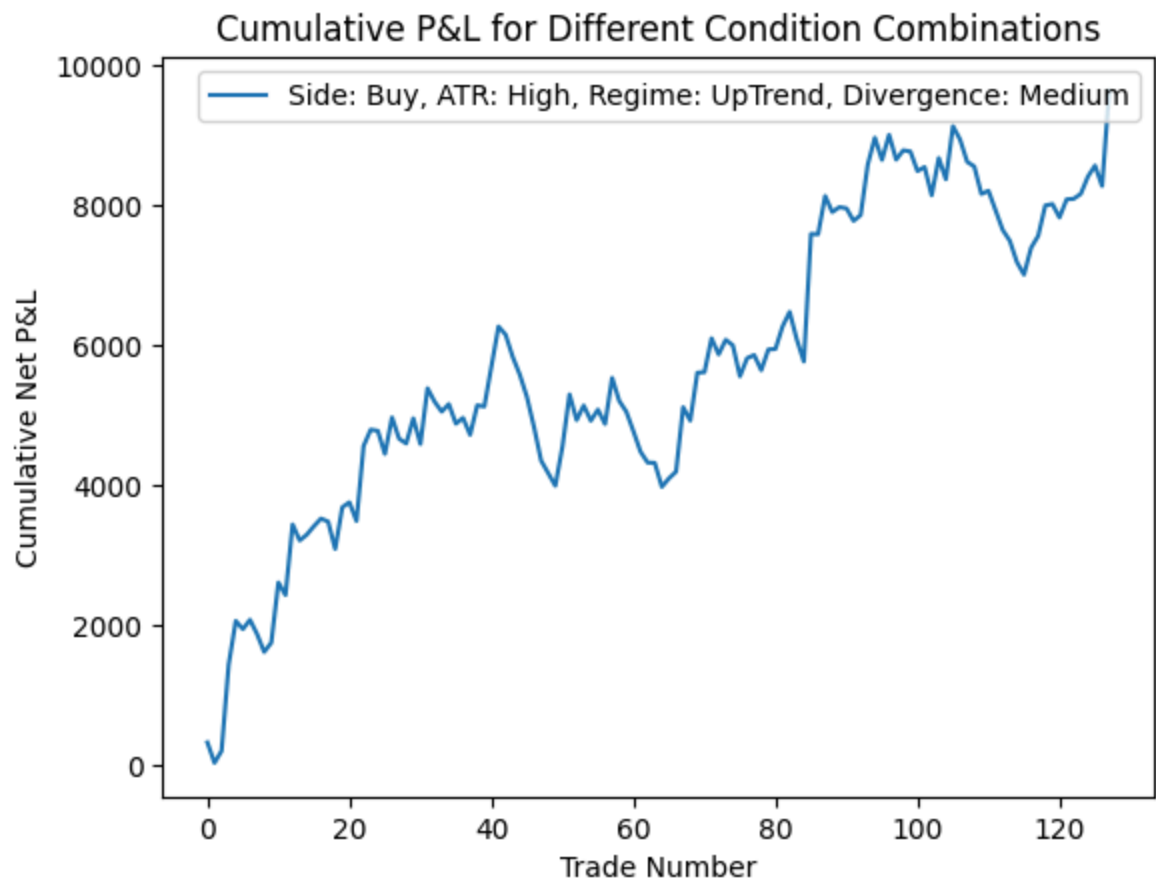
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



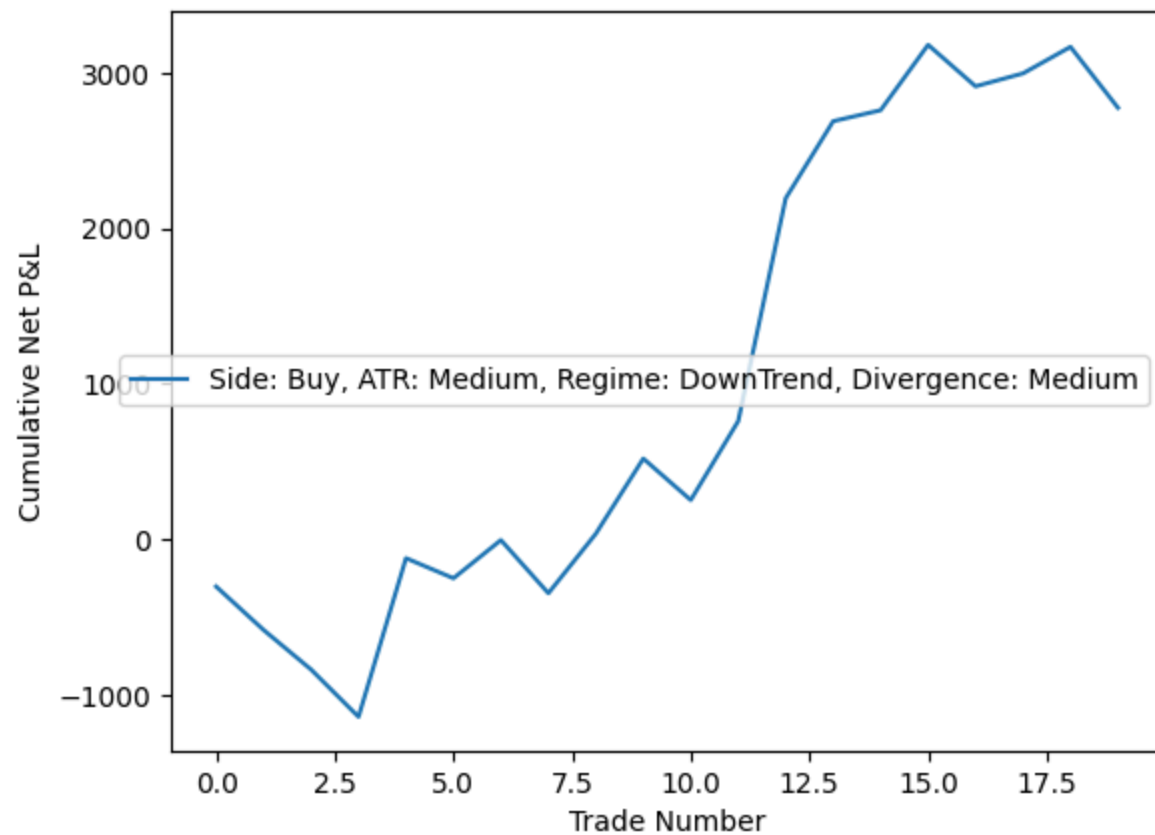
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



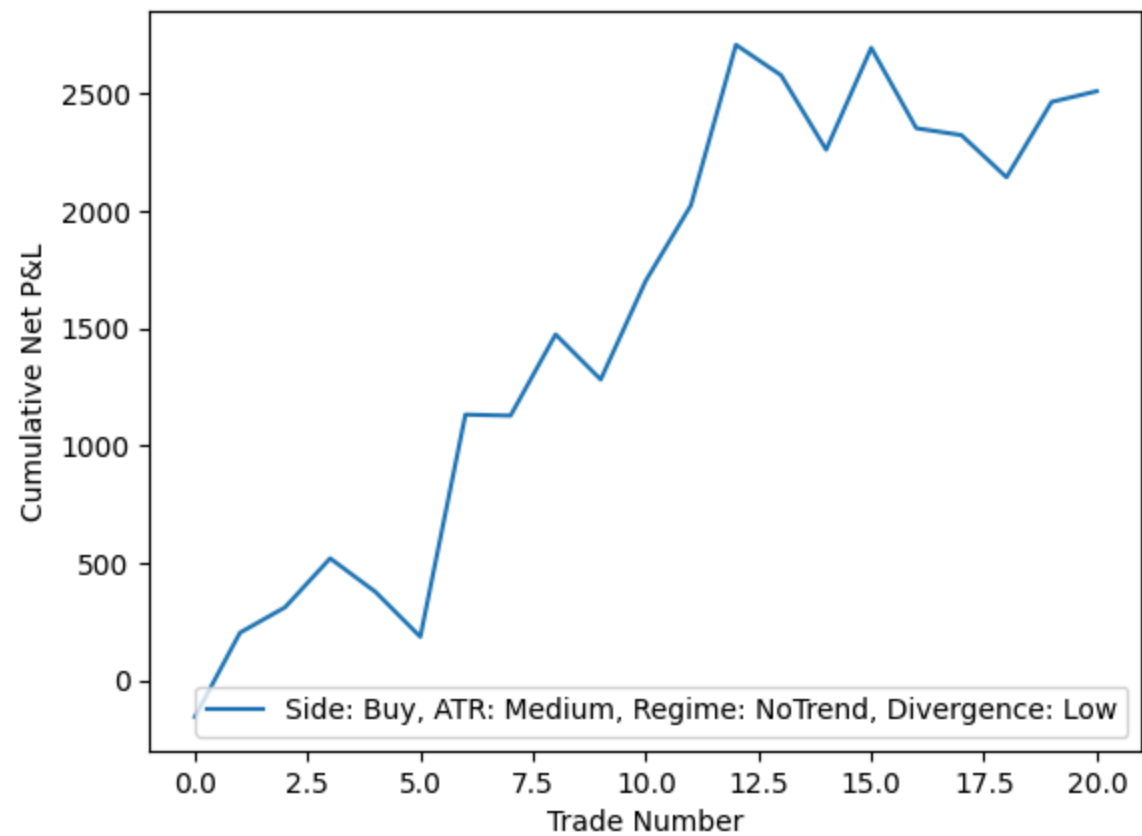




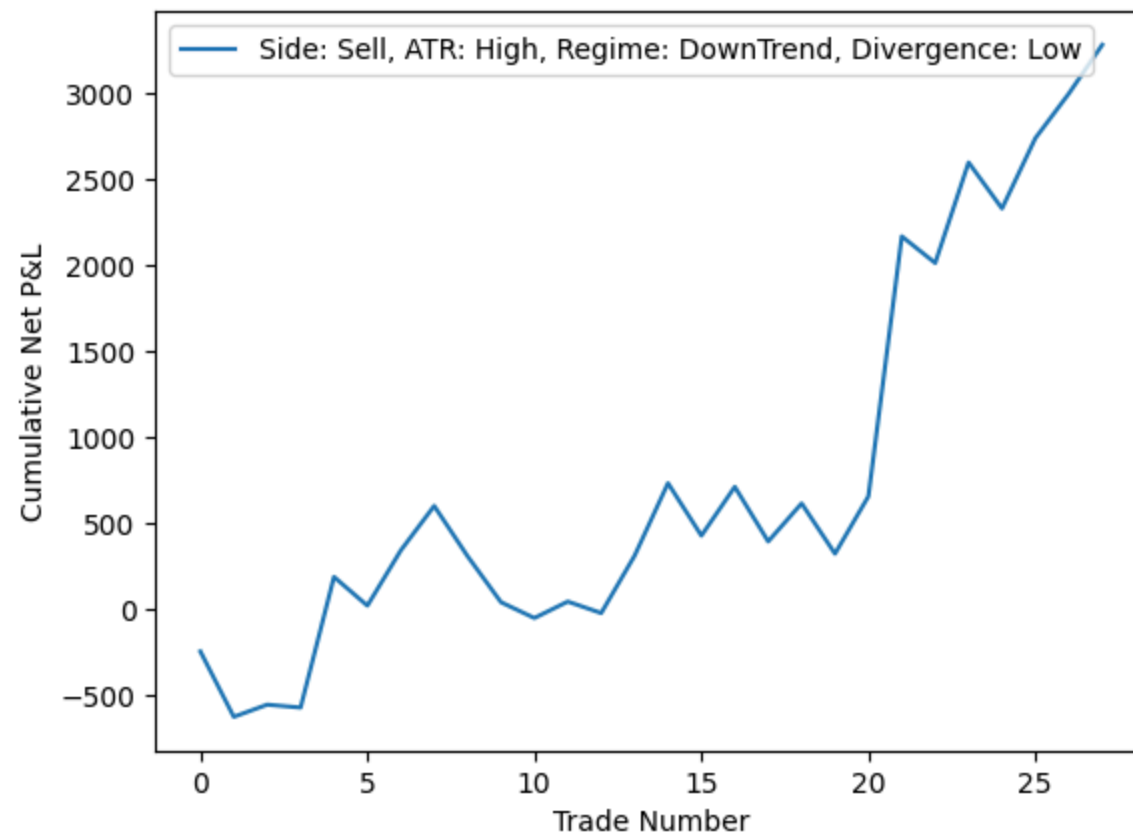
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



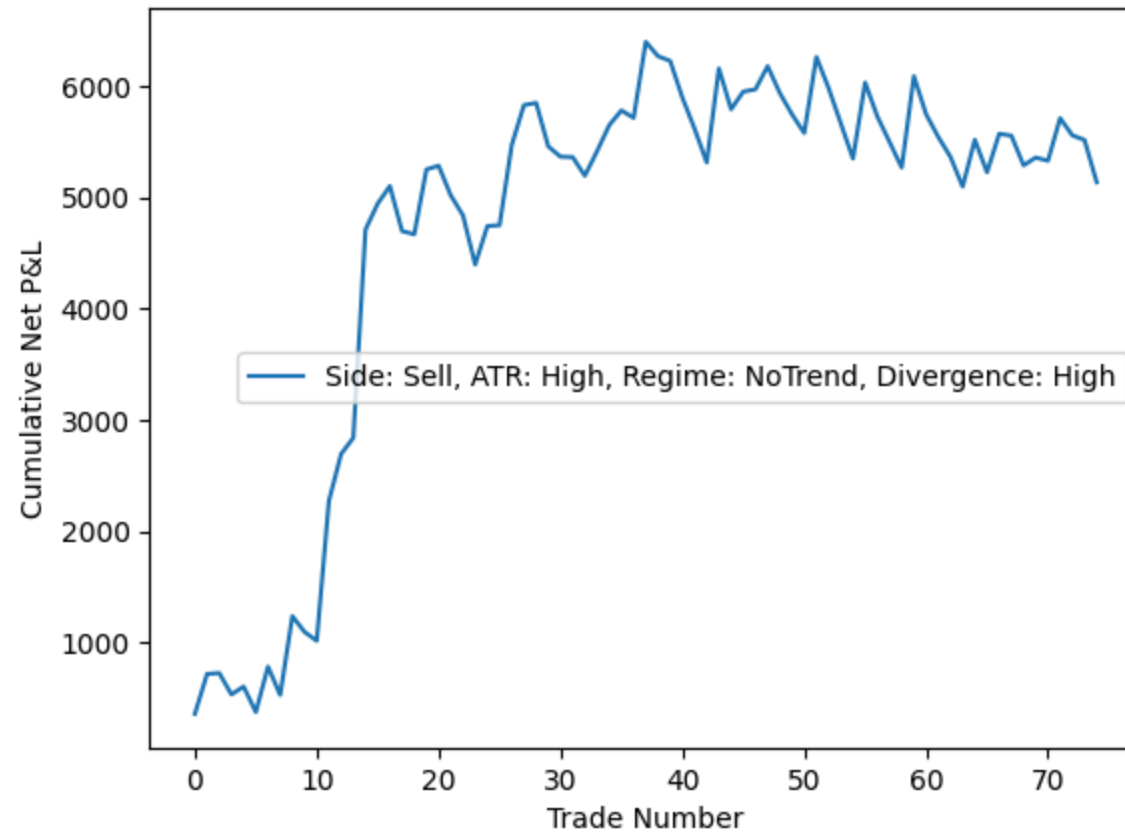
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



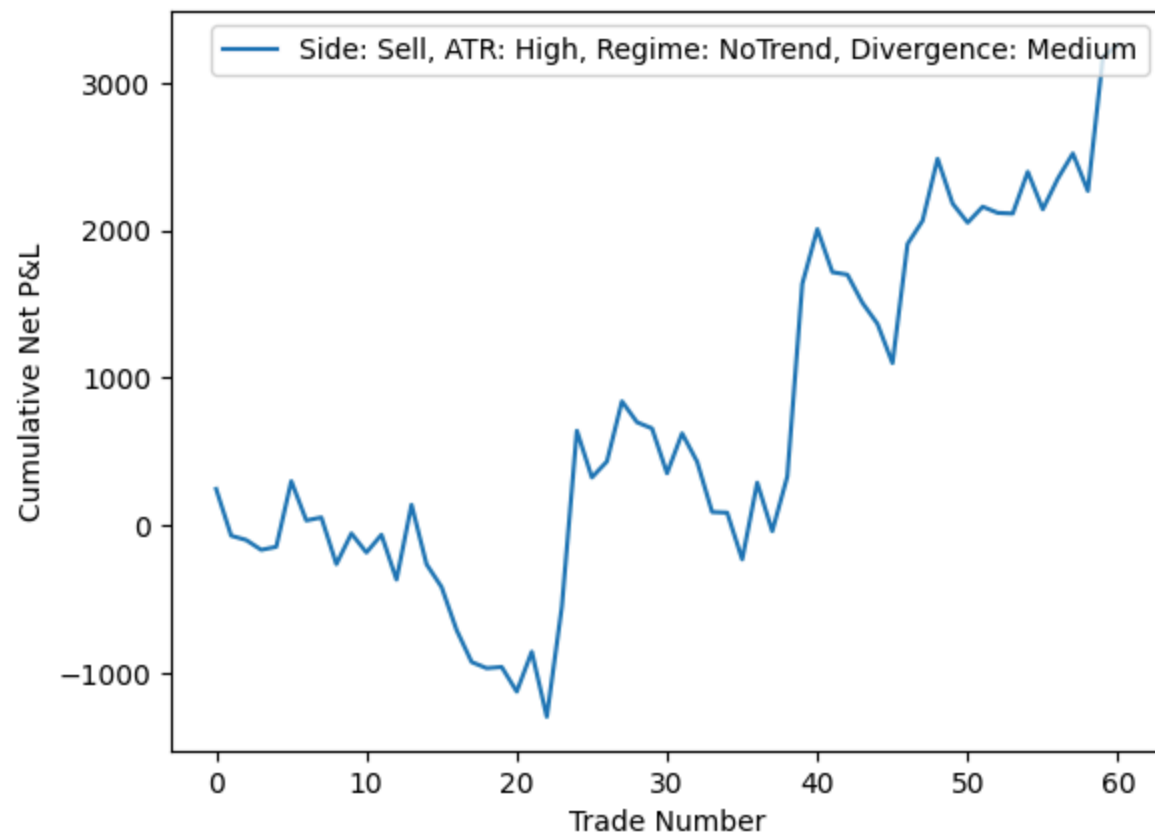
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



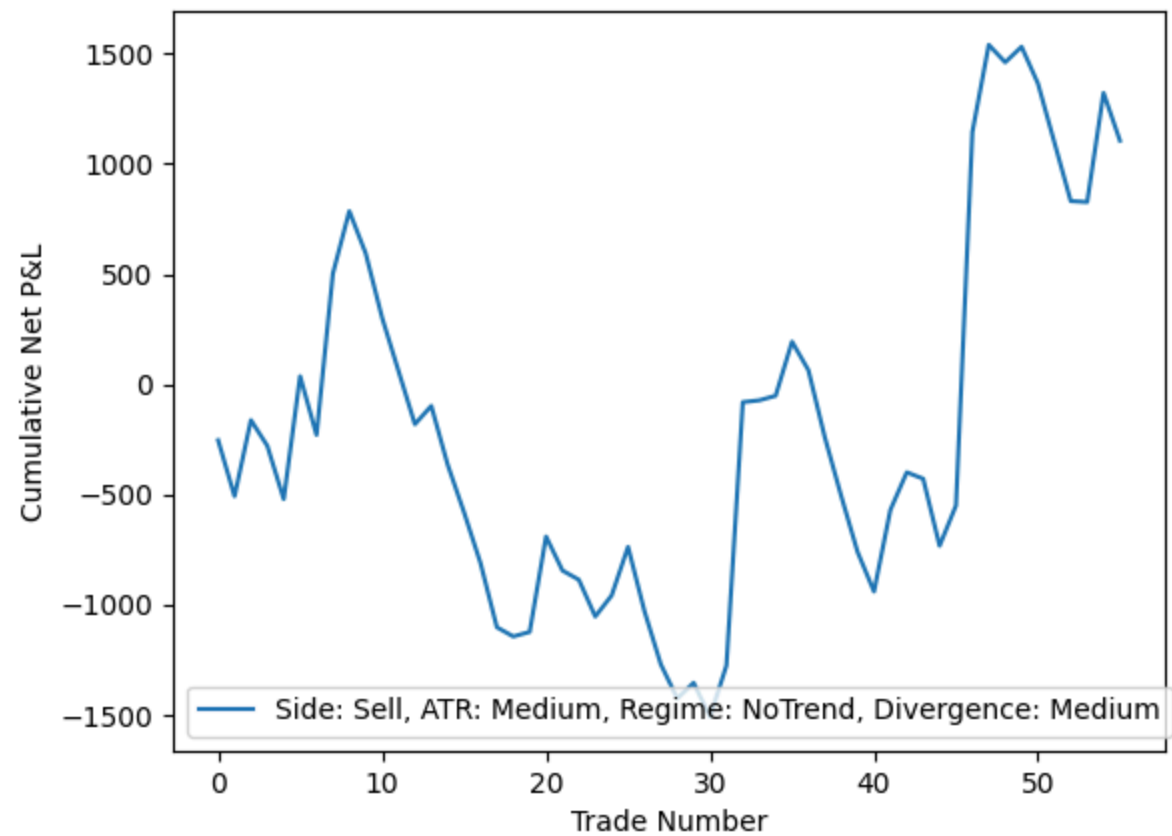
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



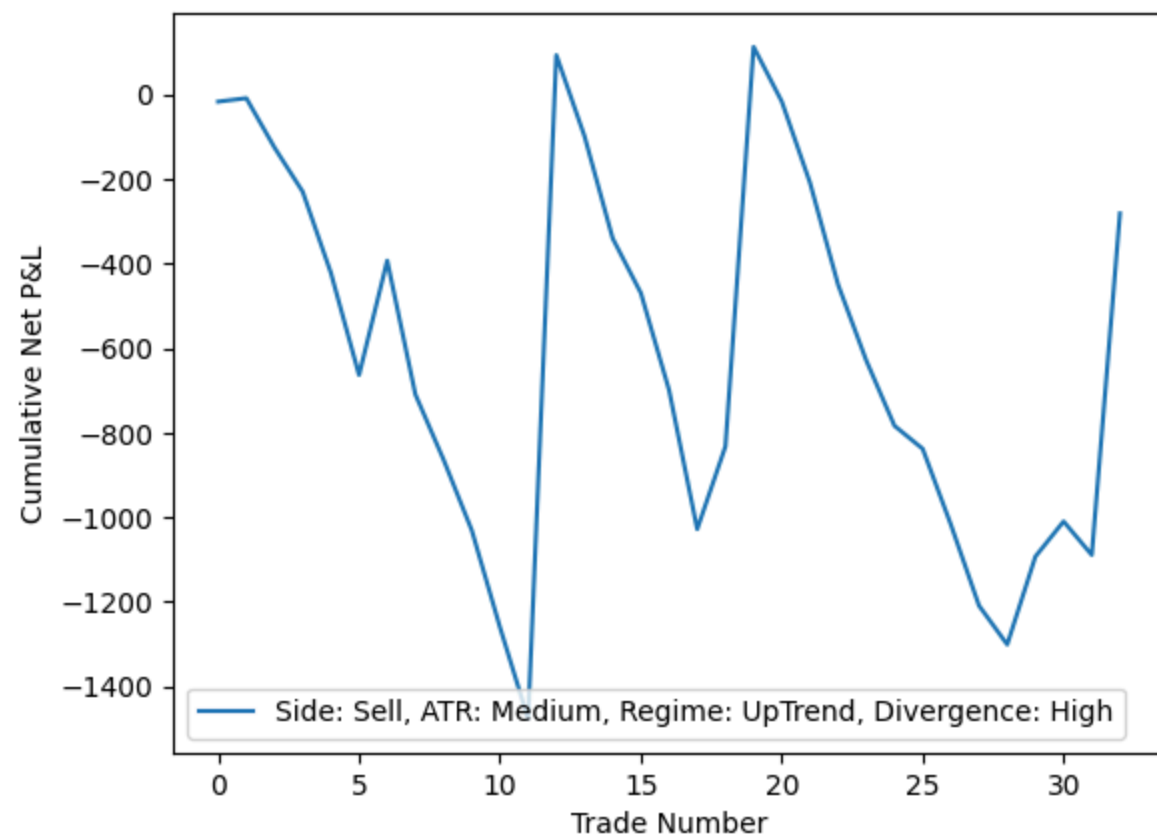
Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations



Cumulative P&L for Different Condition Combinations





# Backtest Results for Multiple Condition Combinations:

	Side	ATRBucket	RegimeClass	DivergenceBucket	Total Trades	Total Net P&L \
0	Buy	High	DownTrend	Medium	142	9768.38
1	Buy	High	NoTrend	Medium	64	1958.46
2	Buy	High	UpTrend	Medium	128	9629.42
3	Buy	Medium	DownTrend	Medium	20	2775.30
4	Buy	Medium	NoTrend	Low	21	2508.44
5	Sell	High	DownTrend	Low	28	3277.92
6	Sell	High	NoTrend	High	75	5135.50
7	Sell	High	NoTrend	Medium	61	3259.04
8	Sell	Medium	NoTrend	Medium	56	1105.84
9	Sell	Medium	UpTrend	High	33	-281.38

	Win Rate (%)	Avg P&L per Trade	Max Drawdown
0	42.253521	68.791408	2287.20
1	37.500000	30.600937	1964.24
2	49.218750	75.229844	2287.78
3	55.000000	138.765000	838.08
4	52.380952	119.449524	563.66
5	53.571429	117.068571	650.58
6	45.333333	68.473333	1300.86
7	44.262295	53.426885	1599.12
8	39.285714	19.747143	2295.92
9	24.242424	-8.526667	1468.60

## Overall Backtest Statistics Across All Conditions:

Total Net P&L: 39136.92

Total Trades: 628

Average Win Rate (%): 43.79

\*\*Next steps are to test a couple of these conditions that seem to possess an edge on more data and other symbols followed by a walk-forward before demo deployment\*\*\*