

Tutorial 1

1. Discuss the applicability of Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = 2 + (x - 1)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
2. Discuss applicability of Rolle's theorem to the function $|x|$ in $[-1, 1]$
3. For what values of a, m and b does the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3, & \text{if } x = 0 \\ -x^2 + 3x + a, & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ mx + b, & \text{if } 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

satisfy the hypothesis of Mean Value Theorem on the interval $[0, 2]$?
Find the value of c that satisfy the equation

$$\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = f'(c)$$

In the conclusion of Mean Value Theorem for the functions and intervals in exercise 4-5

4. $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$ in $[\frac{1}{2}, 2]$.
5. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, & \text{if } -2 \leq x \leq 2 \\ x^2, & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$
6. Find the value of θ Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem $f(a + h) = f(a) + hf'(a + \theta h)$ for the function $f(x) = x^2 + 2px + q$, p and q being constants.
7. Use Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem to show that

$$\frac{x}{1+x} < \log(1+x) < x \quad \forall \quad x$$

8. Discuss the applicability of LMVT of $f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ in $[-1, 1]$
9. Find the Taylor's polynomial $P_6(x)$ for the following functions
(i) e^x (ii) $\sin x$ (iii) $\cos x$ (iv) a^x
10. Find the critical points and identify the intervals on which the function is increasing or decreasing
(i) $f(x) = x^3 - 12x - 5$ (ii) $f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}(x - 4)$.
11. Discuss the maxima and minima for the following functions
(i) $f(x) = (x - 1)^3(x - 2)(x - 4)$ (ii) $f(x) = x^5$ (iii) $f(x) = c(x - 1)^3 - 2$
12. Find the following limits.

$$\begin{array}{llll} (i) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - x}{x^2 \tan x} & (ii) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_e(1 + x^3)}{\sin^3 x} & (iii) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log x^2}{\cot x^2} & (iv) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_e x}{a^x}, a > 1 \\ (v) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x \cdot \log x & (vi) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \log_e \sin x & (vii) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left\{ \frac{2}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{x - 1} \right\} & (viii) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos x)^{\cot x} \\ (ix) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\operatorname{cosec} x)^{\frac{1}{\log_e x}} & (x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} & (xi) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x)^{\tan x} & (xii) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^{2 \sin x} \end{array}$$

13. Find the value of a, b and c so that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ae^x - b \sin x + ce^{-x}}{x \sin x} = 2$$