

N 6

$$N = 200$$

$$m_1 = 10$$

$A_1$  - не сон

$$L = 0,05$$

$$m_2 = 181$$

$A_2$  - сон 1 раз

$$n = 2$$

$$m_3 = 9$$

$A_3$  - сон 2 раз

$$H_0: P(m) = C_n^m p^m q^{n-m} = C_2^m p^m (1-p)^{2-m}$$

$$H_1: \bar{H}_0$$

$$P(A_1) = C_2^0 \cdot p^0 (1-p)^2 = (1-p)^2 = p_1$$

$$P(A_2) = C_2^1 \cdot p^1 \cdot (1-p)^1 = 2p(1-p) = p_2$$

$$P(A_3) = C_2^2 \cdot p^2 \cdot (1-p)^0 = p^2 = p_3$$

$$L(\hat{\theta}) = p_1^{10} \cdot p_2^{181} \cdot p_3^9 = 2^{181} \cdot p^{199} (1-p)^{201}$$

$L \rightarrow \max$ :

$$\ln L \rightarrow \max: 181 \ln 2 + 199 \ln p + 201 \ln (1-p)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial p} = \frac{199}{p} - \frac{201}{1-p} = 0 \Rightarrow p = \frac{199}{400}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ln L}{\partial p^2} = -\frac{199}{p^2} - \frac{201}{(1-p)^2} < 0 \Rightarrow \max$$

$$N \geq 50, N p_i \geq 5 \Rightarrow \hat{\Delta} = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{(N p_i - m_i)^2}{N p_i} \approx \dots \textcircled{\approx}$$

$$\textcircled{\approx} 32,48 + 65,62 + 33,14 = 131,24$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{\Delta} | H_0) = \int_{131,24}^{\infty} P \chi^2_{(3-1-1)} dx < 10^{-5} < 0,05$$

$\Rightarrow$  нужно не отвергать

N 7

$n_1 = 100$

$H_0$ : не забывает размер от N парм

$n_2 = 100$

$H_1$ :  $\bar{H}_0$  (если забывает)

	забыв.	помн.	забыв.
I	25	50	25
II	52	41	7
Всего	77	91	32

$$p_1 = \frac{25}{100}$$

$$p_2 = \frac{52}{100}$$

$$p_3 = \frac{25}{100}$$

$n_j p_i$ :

I 36,5 45,5 16

II 36,5 45,5 16

$n_j \geq 50$ ;  $n_j p_i \geq 5 \Rightarrow$ :

$$\hat{\Delta} = \Delta_1 + \Delta_2 = \left( \frac{(36,5 - 25)^2}{36,5} + \frac{(45,5 - 50)^2}{45,5} + \frac{(16 - 25)^2}{16} \right) +$$

$$+ \left( \frac{(36,5 - 52)^2}{36,5} + \frac{(45,5 - 41)^2}{45,5} + \frac{(16 - 7)^2}{16} \right) \approx$$

$$\approx 4,73 + 0,45 + 5,06 + 4,73 + 0,45 + 5,06 = 20,46$$

$$\Delta \sim \chi^2((n-1)(m-1)) = \chi^2((3-1)(2-1)) = \chi^2(2)$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{\Delta} | H_0) = \int_{\hat{\Delta}}^{\infty} P\chi^2(2) dx \approx 0,00036 < \alpha$$

$\Rightarrow$  отвергаем  $H_0$   $\alpha_{0,46}$



N 8

$$n_1 = 300; n_2 = 300; \alpha = 0,05$$

$H_0$ : нет разницы

$H_1$ :  $H_0$

$$p_1 = \frac{72}{600}$$

$$p_2 = \frac{72}{600}$$

$$p_3 = \frac{152}{600}$$

$$p_4 = \frac{288}{600}$$

	2	3	4	5
I	33	43	20	144

II	39	35	72	154
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Всего	72	78	152	298
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$n_j p_i$ :

	2	3	4	5
I	36	39	76	149

II	36	39	76	149
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$$n_j \geq 50; n_j p_i \geq 5 \Rightarrow \hat{\Delta} = \Delta_1 + \Delta_2 = \frac{(36-33)^2}{36} + \dots + \frac{(149-154)^2}{149} = 2,03$$

$$\Delta \sim \chi^2((k-1)(m-1)) = \chi^2(3)$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{\Delta} | H_0) = \int_{2,03}^{\infty} P\chi^2(3) dx = 0,556$$

$$p\text{-value} > \alpha \Rightarrow \text{не отверг. } H_0$$

N 8

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
$m_i$	5	8	6	12	14	18	11	6	13	7

$$n = 100; \alpha = 0,05$$

a)  $H_0: g \sim K(0,4); H_1: \bar{H}_0$

$$p = 0,1$$

$$\hat{\Delta} = \sum_{i=1}^{10} \Delta_i = \sum_{i=0}^9 \frac{(100 \cdot \frac{1}{10} - m_i)^2}{10} = \sum_{i=0}^9 \frac{(10 - m_i)^2}{10} = \dots = 16,4$$

$$\Delta \sim \chi^2(10-1) = \chi^2(9) \text{ по таблице}$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{\Delta} | H_0) = \int_{16,4}^{\infty} p \chi^2(9) dx = 0,05898 > \alpha$$

$\Rightarrow$  не отвергаем  $H_0$

Пример 2 Колмогорова

$$\tilde{\Delta} = \sqrt{n} \max_x |\hat{F}(x) - F(x)| \sim K(x)$$

$$K(x) = P(\tilde{\Delta} < x) = 1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k e^{-2k^2 x^2} (0; +\infty)$$

$$\hat{\Delta} = \sqrt{n} \max_{i=1..n} (\max(|\hat{F}(x_i - 0) - F(x_i)|, |\hat{F}(x_i + 0) - F(x_i)|))$$

$$\hat{\Delta} \approx 1,43$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \tilde{\Delta} | H_0) = 1 - P(\tilde{\Delta} < x) =$$

$$= 1 - (1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \cdot e^{-2k^2 x^2}) \approx 0,03 < 0,05 \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow$  отвергаем  $H_0$



8)  $H_0: x \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  - нормаль

$$N(\mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma} \right)^2}$$

$$L(\mu, \sigma^2) = \prod_{i=1}^n p(x_i, \mu, \sigma) \rightarrow \max \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mu = 4,77 \\ \sigma = 2,7 \end{cases}$$

используем task9-ms.ipynb

$$\hat{A} = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{(m_i - np_i)^2}{np_i} = 9,8$$

$$\Delta \sim \chi^2(m-1 \cdot 5) = \chi^2(10-1 \cdot 2) = \chi^2(7)$$

$$p\text{-value} = P(\Delta \geq \hat{A} | H_0) = \int_{9,8}^{\infty} P\chi^2(7) dx = 0,11 > \alpha \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow$  не отвергаем  $H_0$

Критерий Колмогорова и bootstrap

используем task9-ms.ipynb

$$N = 10'000; \alpha = 0,05; n = 952; p\text{-value} = 0,8048 > \alpha$$

$\Rightarrow$  не отвергаем  $H_0$