



AIR UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF MECHATRONICS ENGINEERING
SEMESTER: SPRING 2025
Computer Programming CE-112

Assignment-3

Instructor: Umer Farooq

Due Date: 11th May 2025

Soft Copy Time: 10:00 PM

Cover Page must be filled as per attached.

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Question No:	Write Status(Complete/Not complete and issue that you faced (compulsory Question will be checked on bases of this index))	Remarks Must be filled for every question	
1	Completed	Difficult	
2	Completed	Difficult	
3	Completed	Difficult	
4	Completed	Difficult	
5	Completed	Difficult	
6	Completed	Difficult	

Functions and Array

1. Write and test the following function that returns through its reference parameters both the maximum and the minimum values stored in an array: void getExtremes(float& min, float& max, float a[], int n);

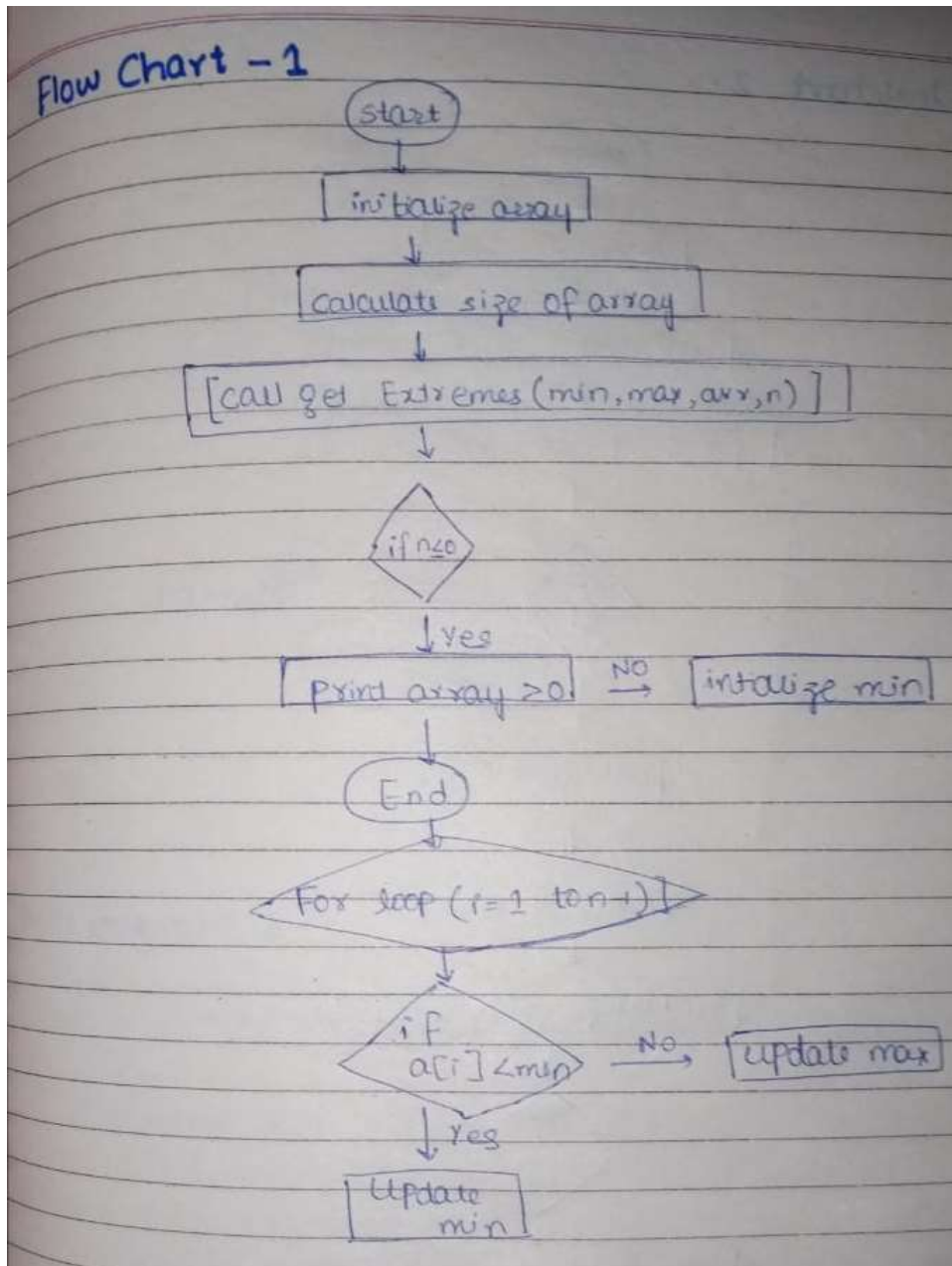
Solution:

```
cp A3 Q1.cpp
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3  //ARZOO
4  void getExtremes(float& min, float& max, float a[], int n) {
5      if (n <= 0) {
6          cout << "Array size must be greater than 0." << endl;
7          return;
8      }
9
10     min = max = a[0];
11
12     for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
13         if (a[i] < min)
14             min = a[i];
15         if (a[i] > max)
16             max = a[i];
17     }
18 }
19
20 int main() {
21     float arr[] = {22.2, 6.1, 89.8, 12.3, 0.9, -0.5};
22     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
23     float minVal, maxVal;
24
25     getExtremes(minVal, maxVal, arr, n);
26
27     cout << "Minimum value: " << minVal << endl;
28     cout << "Maximum value: " << maxVal << endl;
29
30     return 0;
31 }
```

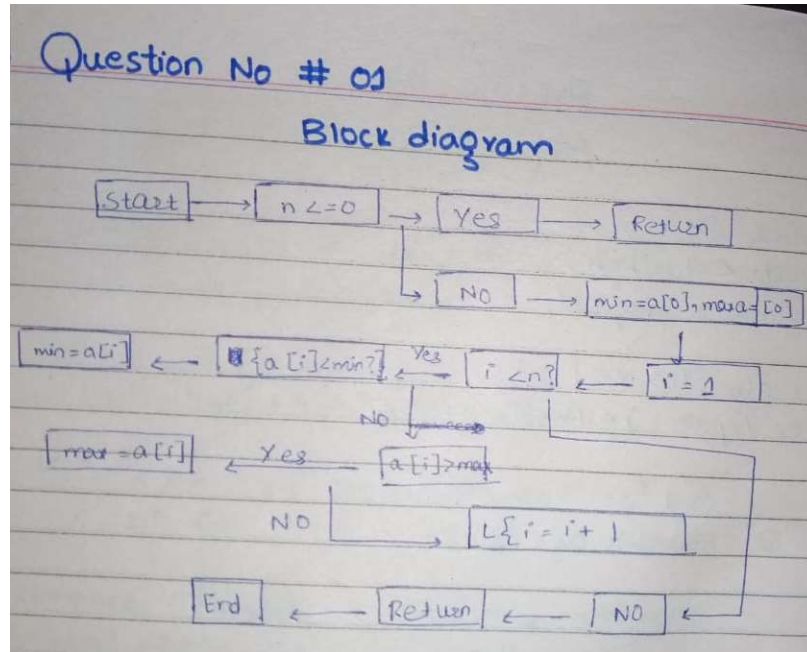
Result:

```
C:\Users\DELL\OneDrive\Documentos\cp A3 Q1.exe
Minimum value: -0.5
Maximum value: 89.8
-----
Process exited after 0.1842 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Flowchart:



Block diagram:

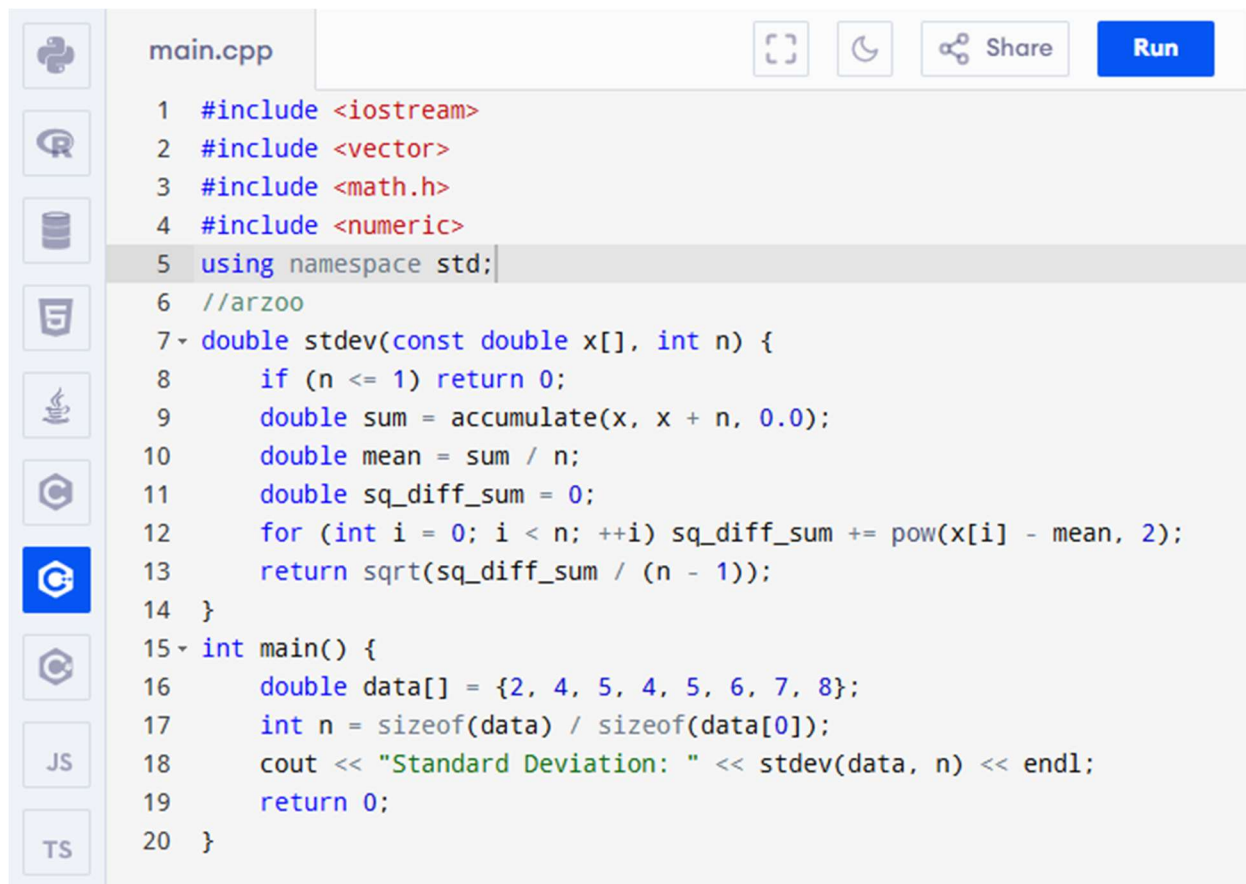


2. Write and test the following function: `double stdev(double x[], int n);` The function

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

returns the standard deviation of a data set of n numbers x_0, \dots, x_{n-1}

Solution:

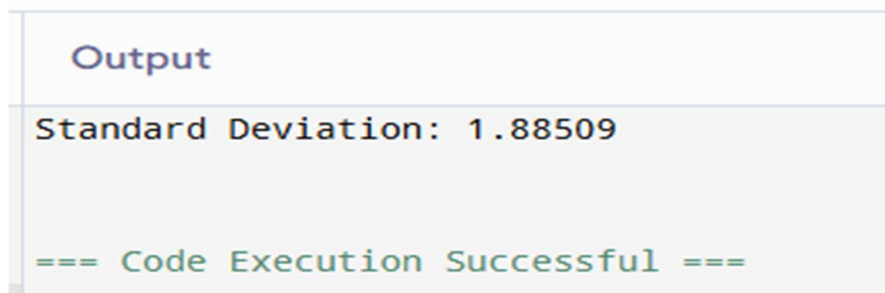


The image shows a C++ IDE interface. On the left is a sidebar with icons for Python, R, Java, C, JavaScript, and TypeScript. The main editor window is titled 'main.cpp' and contains the following code:

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <math.h>
4 #include <numeric>
5 using namespace std;
6 //arzo
7 double stdev(const double x[], int n) {
8     if (n <= 1) return 0;
9     double sum = accumulate(x, x + n, 0.0);
10    double mean = sum / n;
11    double sq_diff_sum = 0;
12    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) sq_diff_sum += pow(x[i] - mean, 2);
13    return sqrt(sq_diff_sum / (n - 1));
14 }
15 int main() {
16    double data[] = {2, 4, 5, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
17    int n = sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0]);
18    cout << "Standard Deviation: " << stdev(data, n) << endl;
19    return 0;
20 }
```

At the top right of the editor, there are icons for a full-screen view, a moon icon, a 'Share' button, and a 'Run' button.

Result:



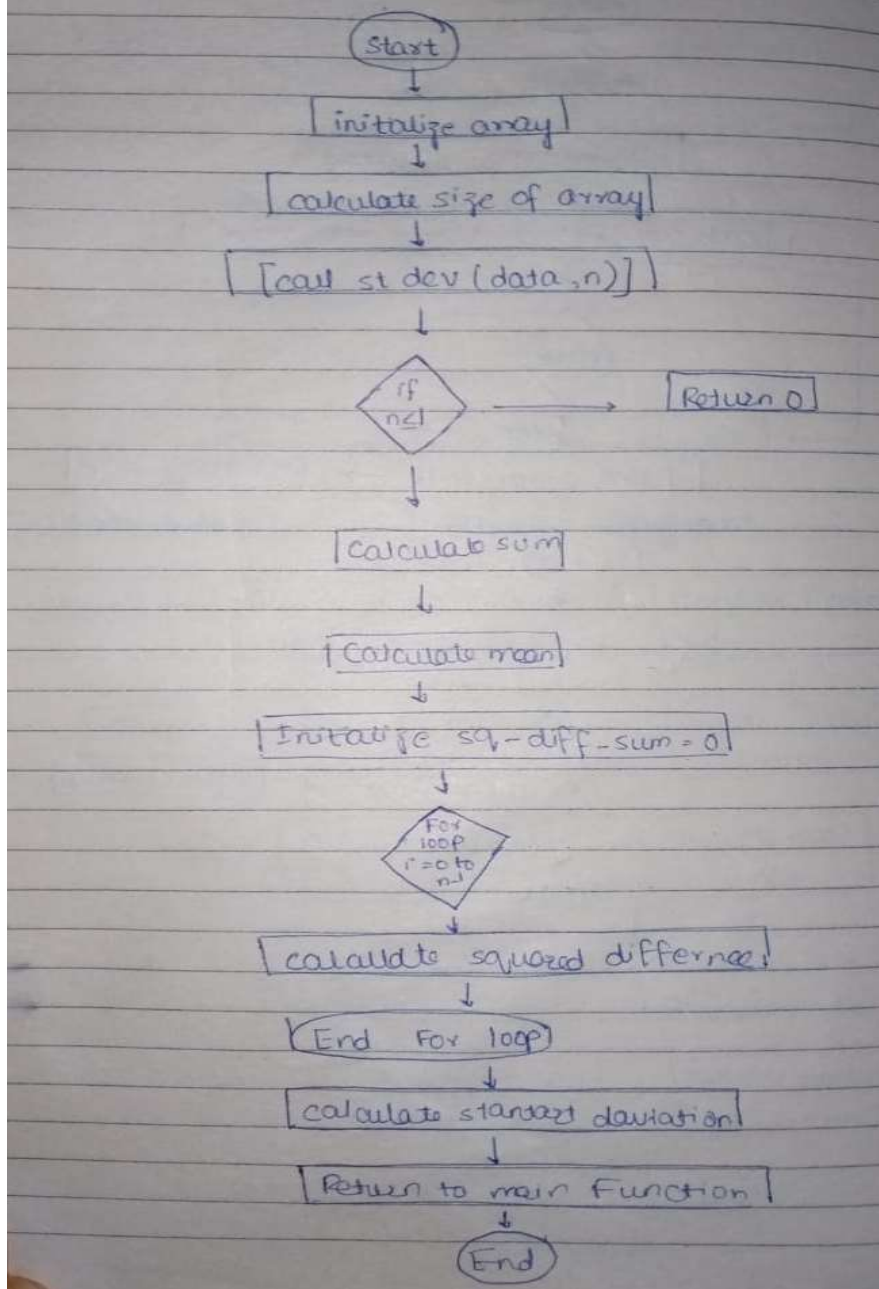
The image shows the output of the C++ program. It has a title bar 'Output' and contains the following text:

```
Standard Deviation: 1.88509

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Flowchart:

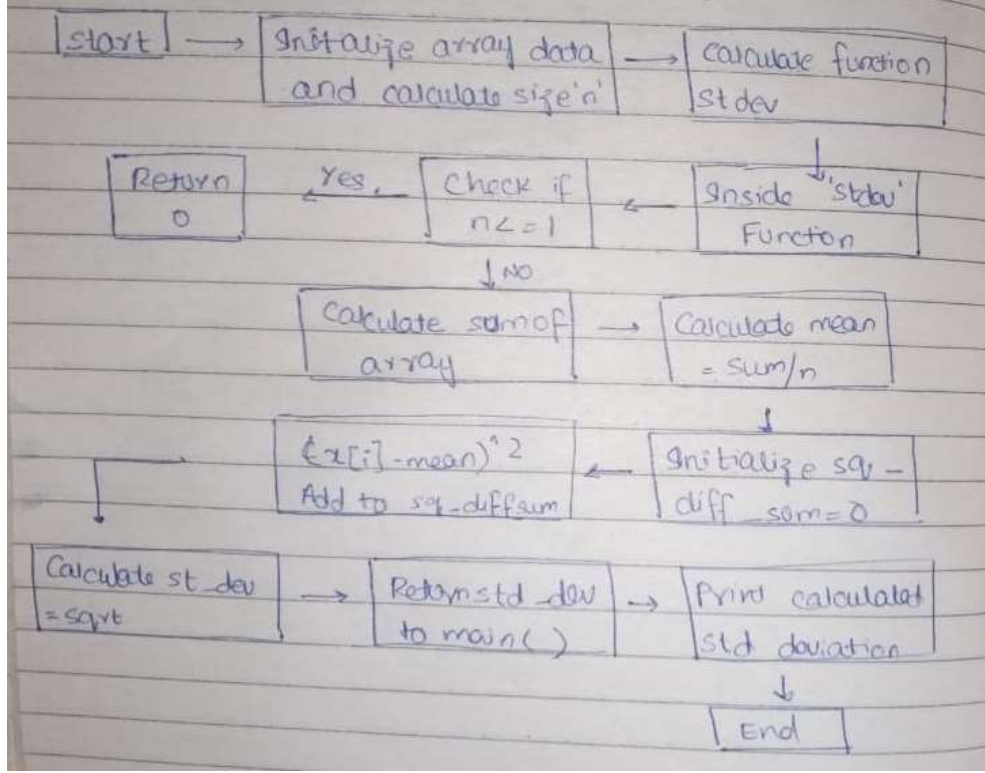
Flowchart 2.



Block diagram:

























Question # 02

Block diagram






- Write a and test a program to calculate ;write a program to multiply two 3x3 matrices.

Solution:



main.cpp

 Share

Run

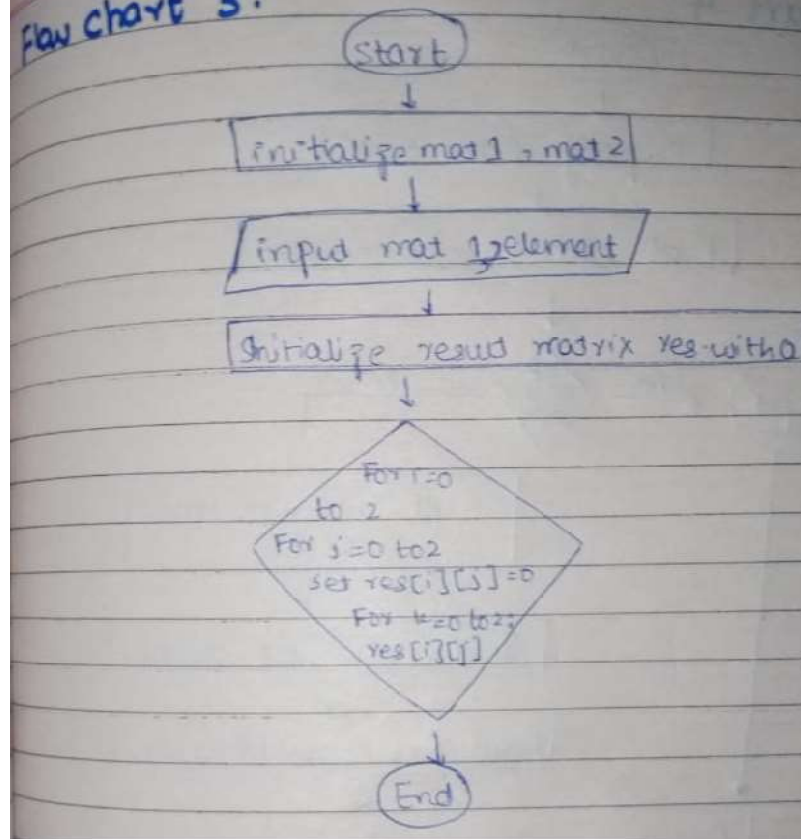
```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 using namespace std;
4 //arzo
5 using Mat3 = vector<std::vector<int>>>;
6 Mat3 multiply(const Mat3& a, const Mat3& b) {
7     Mat3 res(3,vector<int>(3, 0));
8     for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
9         for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
10             for (int k = 0; k < 3; ++k)
11                 res[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
12     return res;
13 }
14 void print(const Mat3& m) {
15     for (const auto& row : m) {
16         for (int val : row) cout << val << " ";
17         cout << endl;
18     }
19 }
20
21 int main() {
22     Mat3 mat1(3, vector<int>(3));
23     Mat3 mat2(3, vector<int>(3));
24     cout << "Enter first 3x3 matrix:\n";
25     for (auto& row : mat1) for (int& val : row) cin >> val;
26     cout << "Enter second 3x3 matrix:\n";
27     for (auto& row : mat2) for (int& val : row) cin >> val;
28     cout << "\nProduct:\n";
29     print(multiply(mat1, mat2));
30     return 0;
31 }
```

Result:

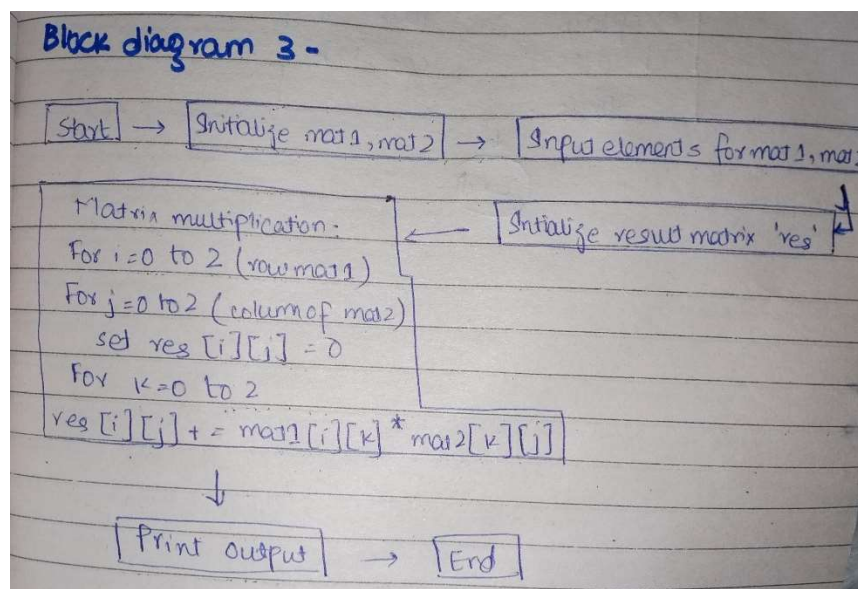

```
Output
Enter first 3x3 matrix:
1
2
2
4
4
6
6
2
2
Enter second 3x3 matrix:
9
9
2
2
6
6
3
3
1
Product:
19 27 16
62 78 38
64 72 26
```

Flowchart:

Flow chart 3.

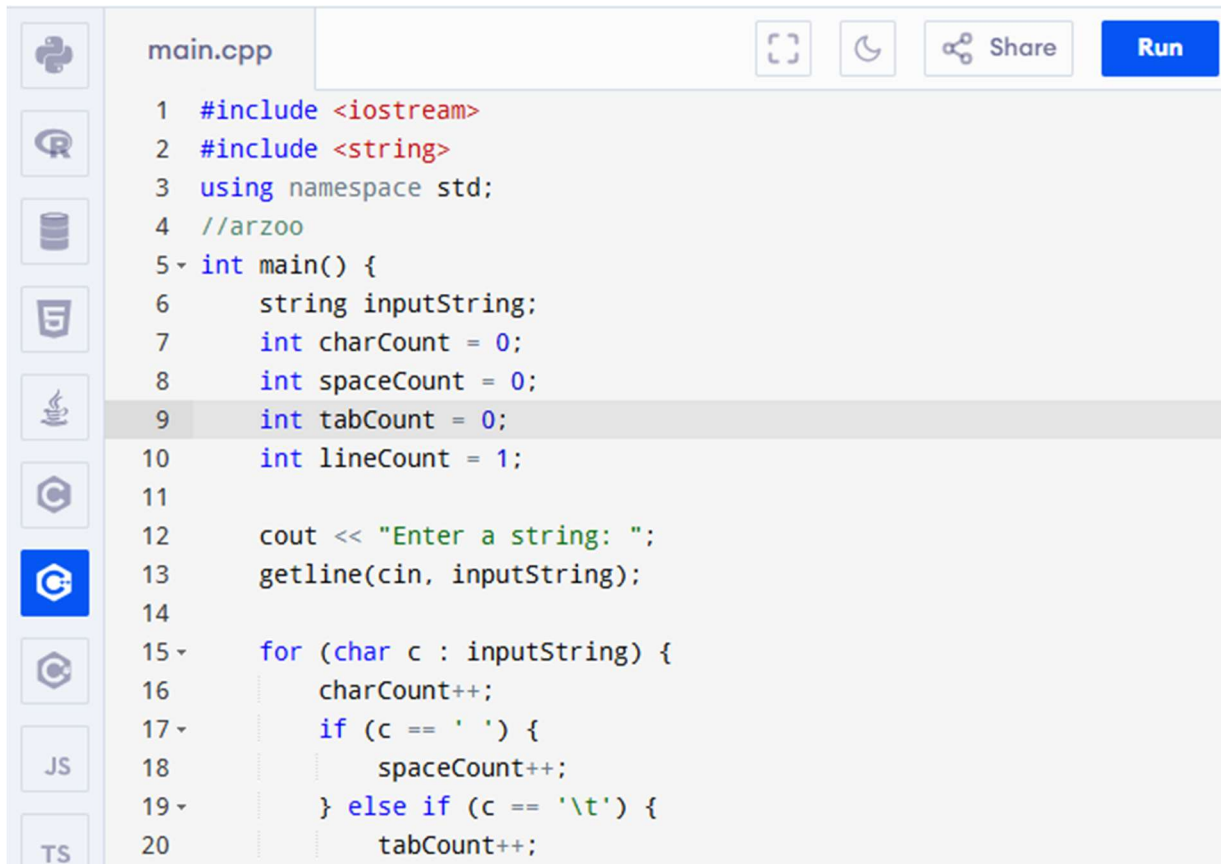


Block diagram:



4. Write a program that takes a string from the user. The program then calculates the
- ✓ Total number of Characters
 - ✓ Total number of Spaces
 - ✓ Total number of Tabs
 - ✓ Total number of Lines

Solution:



The screenshot shows a code editor with a sidebar on the left containing icons for various programming languages: Python, R, Java, C#, JavaScript, and TypeScript. The main editor area displays a C++ file named 'main.cpp'. The code is as follows:

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  using namespace std;
4  //arzoo
5  int main() {
6      string inputString;
7      int charCount = 0;
8      int spaceCount = 0;
9      int tabCount = 0;
10     int lineCount = 1;
11
12     cout << "Enter a string: ";
13     getline(cin, inputString);
14
15     for (char c : inputString) {
16         charCount++;
17         if (c == ' ') {
18             spaceCount++;
19         } else if (c == '\t') {
20             tabCount++;
```

```

21 } else if (c == '\n') {
22     lineCount++;
23 }
24 }
25 cout << "\n--- String Analysis ---" << endl;
26 cout << "Total number of Characters: " << charCount << endl;
27 cout << "Total number of Spaces:" << spaceCount << endl;
28 cout << "Total number of Tabs:" << tabCount << endl;
29 cout << "Total number of Lines:" << lineCount << endl;
30 return 0;
31 }

```

Result:

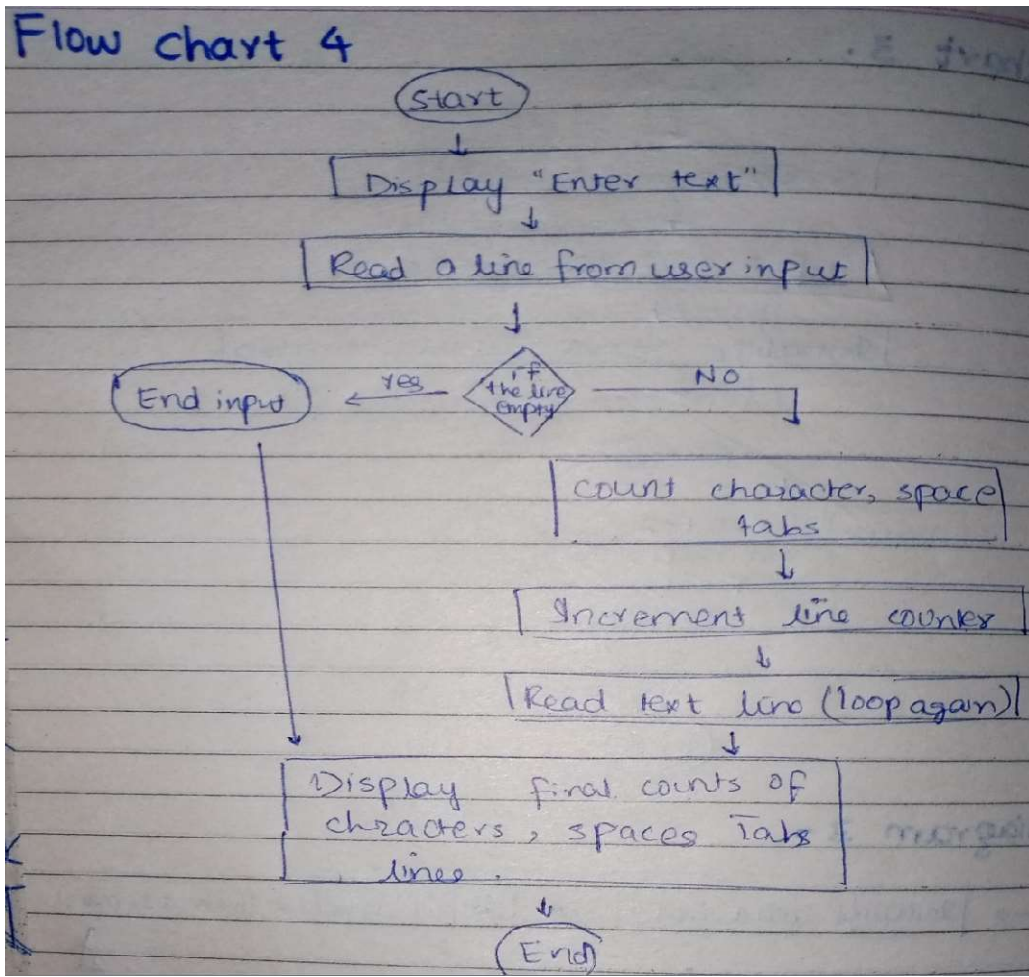
```

Output
Enter a string: arzoo

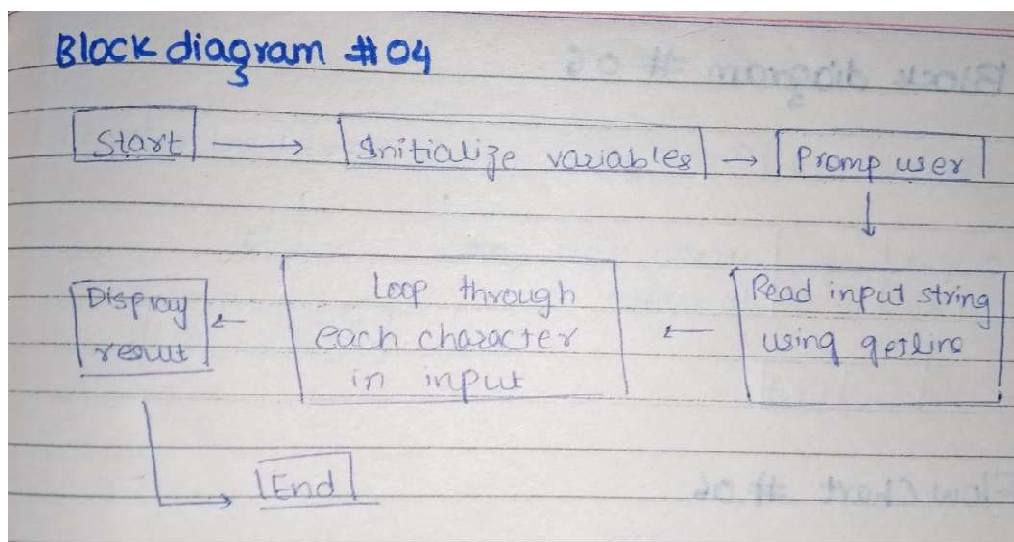
--- String Analysis ---
Total number of Characters: 5
Total number of Spaces:0
Total number of Tabs:0
Total number of Lines:1

```

Flowchart:

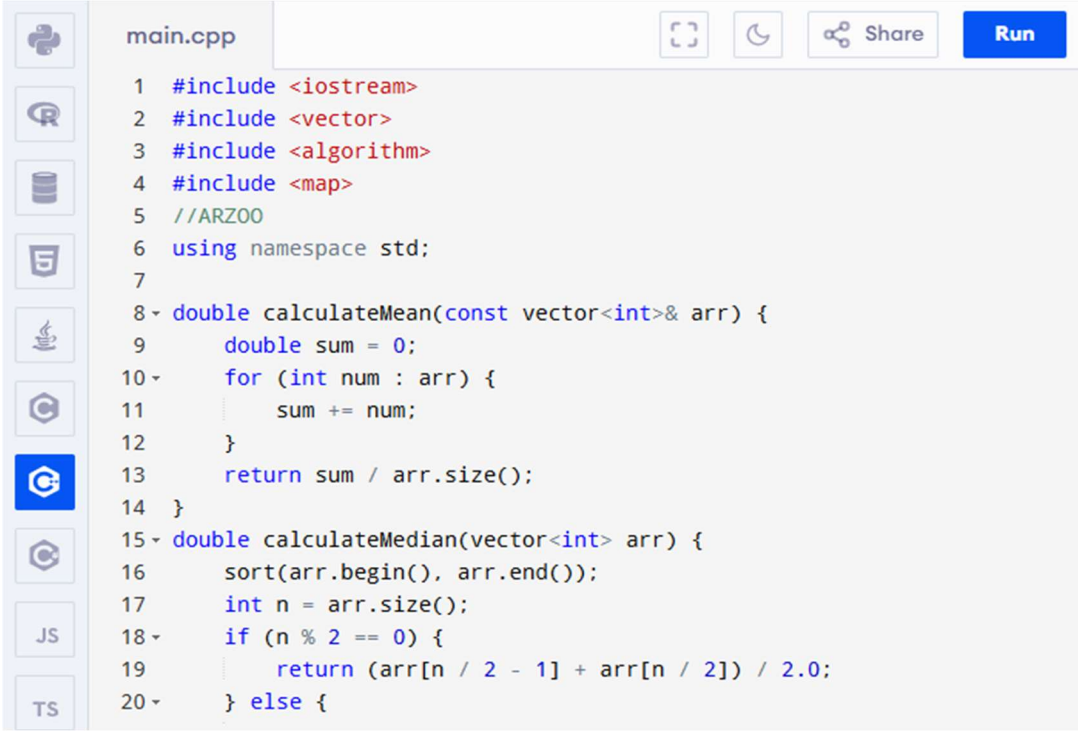


Block Diagram:



5. Write a program to calculate **mean**, **median** and **mode** of an array.

Solution:



```
main.cpp
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <algorithm>
4 #include <map>
5 //ARZOO
6 using namespace std;
7
8 double calculateMean(const vector<int>& arr) {
9     double sum = 0;
10    for (int num : arr) {
11        sum += num;
12    }
13    return sum / arr.size();
14 }
15 double calculateMedian(vector<int> arr) {
16     sort(arr.begin(), arr.end());
17     int n = arr.size();
18     if (n % 2 == 0) {
19         return (arr[n / 2 - 1] + arr[n / 2]) / 2.0;
20     } else {
```



```
main.cpp  [Full Screen] [Dark Mode] [Share] [Run]

21     return arr[n / 2];
22 }
23 }
24 vector<int> calculateMode(const vector<int>& arr) {
25     map<int, int> frequency;
26     for (int num : arr) {
27         frequency[num]++;
28     }
29     int maxCount = 0;
30     for (const auto& pair : frequency) {
31         if (pair.second > maxCount) {
32             maxCount = pair.second;
33         }
34     }
35     vector<int> modes;
36     for (const auto& pair : frequency) {
37         if (pair.second == maxCount) {
38             modes.push_back(pair.first);
39         }
40     }

main.cpp  [Full Screen] [Dark Mode] [Share] [Run]

41     return modes;
42 }
43 int main() {
44     vector<int> arr;
45     int n, input;
46     cout << "Enter the number of elements in the array: ";
47     cin >> n;
48     cout << "Enter the elements of the array: ";
49     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
50         cin >> input;
51         arr.push_back(input);
52     }
53     double mean = calculateMean(arr);
54     double median = calculateMedian(arr);
55     vector<int> mode = calculateMode(arr);
56
57     cout << "Mean: " << mean << endl;
58     cout << "Median: " << median << endl;
59     cout << "Mode: ";
60     for (int m : mode) {
```

```

61         cout << m << " ";
62     }
63     cout << endl;
64     return 0;
65 }

```

Result:

Output

```

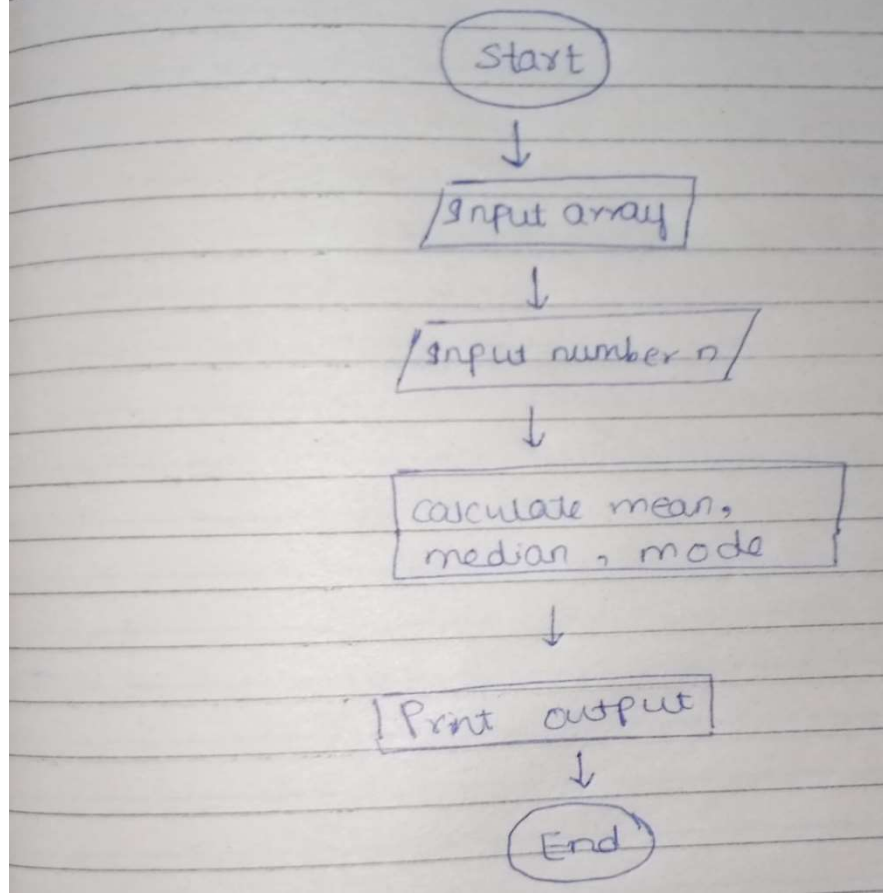
Enter the number of elements in the array: 8
Enter the elements of the array: 2
4
6
8
2

5
7
8
Mean: 5.25
Median: 5.5
Mode: 2 8

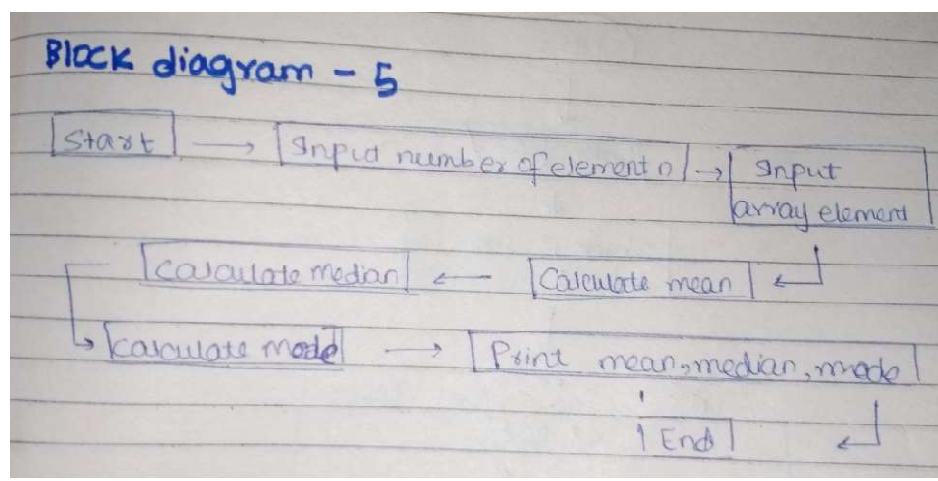
```

Flowchart:

Flow chart # 05



Block diagram:



6. Write a program to convert a given year to its Roman equivalent i.e.,

Decimal	Roman	Decimal	Roman
1	i	100	c
5	v	500	d
10	x	1000	m
50	l		

e.g. 1988 = mdccclxxxviii
1525 = mdxxv

Solution:

```
main.cpp
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  #include <vector>
4  #include <map>
5  #include <algorithm>
6  using namespace std;
7  string intToRoman(int num) {
8  map<int,string> romanMap = {
9      {1, "I"}, {4, "IV"}, {5, "V"}, {9, "IX"}, {10, "X"},
10     {40, "XL"}, {50, "L"}, {90, "XC"}, {100, "C"},
11     {400, "XD"}, {500, "D"}, {900, "CM"}, {1000, "M"}
12 };
13 vector<int> integers;
14 vector<string> symbols;
15 for (const auto& pair : romanMap) {
16     integers.push_back(pair.first);
17     symbols.push_back(pair.second);
18 }
19 reverse(integers.begin(), integers.end());
20 reverse(symbols.begin(), symbols.end());
```

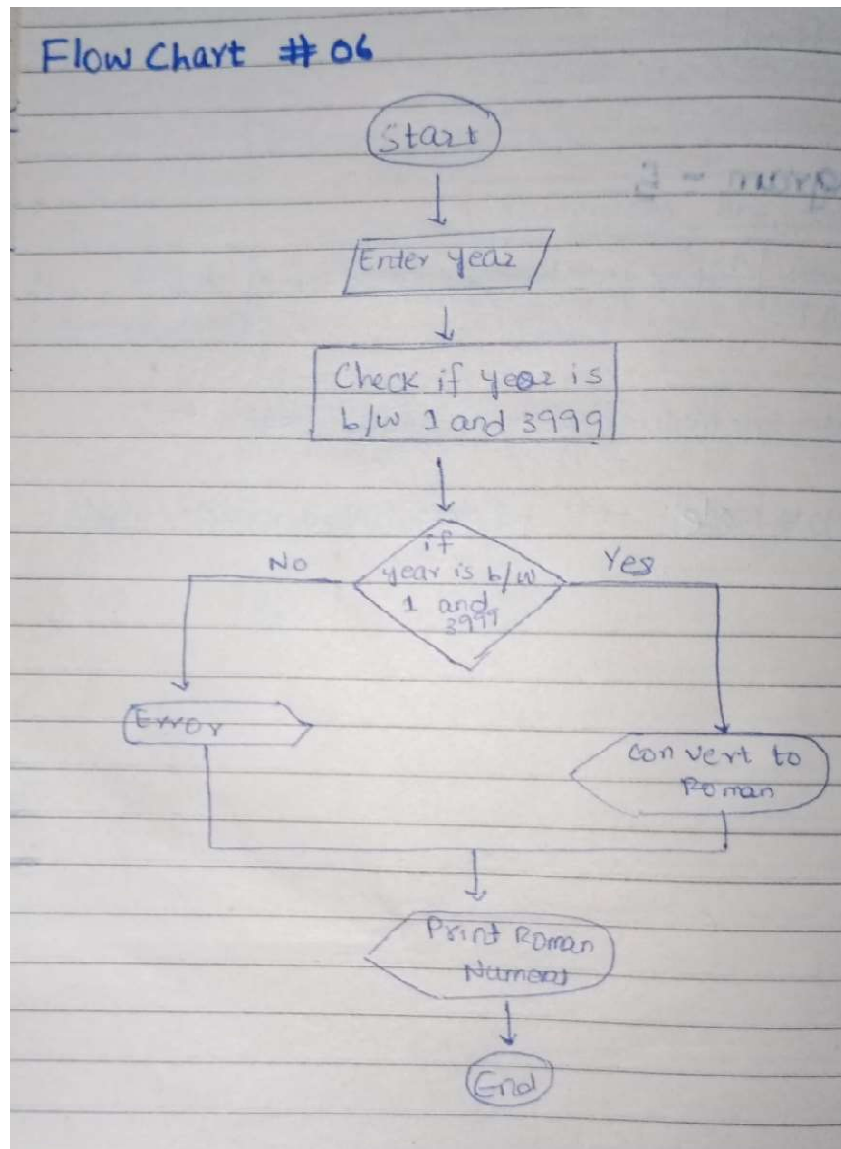
```
main.cpp
21
22     string romanNum = "";
23     for (size_t i = 0; i < integers.size(); ++i) {
24         while (num >= integers[i]) {
25             romanNum += symbols[i];
26             num -= integers[i];
27         }
28     }
29     return romanNum;
30 }
31 int main() {
32     int year;
33     cout << "Enter a year to convert to Roman numerals: ";
34     cin >> year;
35     if (year >= 1 && year <= 3999) {
36         string romanEquivalent = intToRoman(year);
37         cout << "The Roman equivalent of " << year << " is: " <<
            romanEquivalent << endl;
38     } else {
39         cout << "Please enter a year between 1 and 3999." << endl;
40     }
41     return 0;
42 }
```

Result:

```
Output
Enter a year to convert to Roman numerals: 2006
The Roman equivalent of 2006 is: MMVI

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Flowchart:



Block diagram:

