

Bias Analysis towards Fair AI in Education

By utilizing Student Score Prediction Dataset

Team: Multi-Agents

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Problem Definition

- Identify potential inequalities in student performance based on race/ethnicity, parental education and gender.
- Addressing unfair opportunities is crucial for creating a more equitable learning environment.
- Target Group:
 - Educators, researchers, and students interested in educational equity.
- Use of Insights:
 - Adjusting teaching strategies and student grouping to promote fairness.
 - Provides actionable insights to help create equitable educational environments.

Goals and Objectives

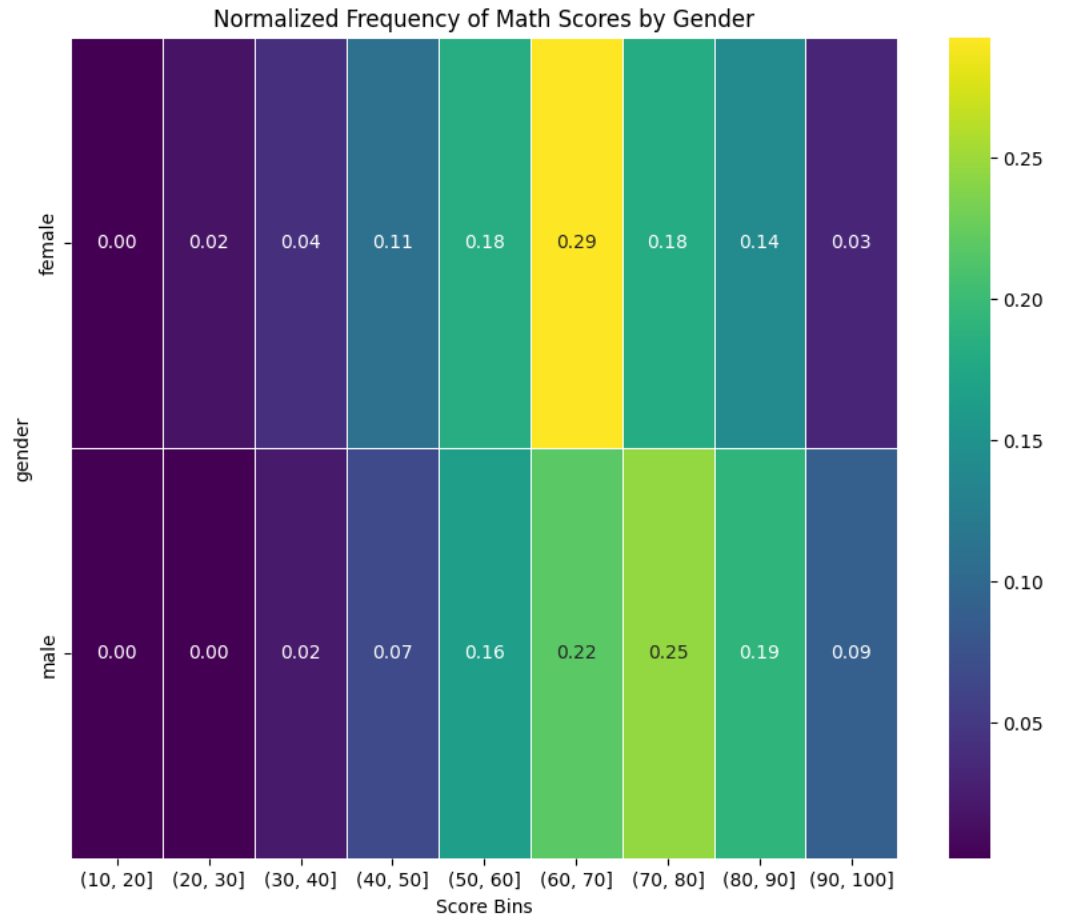
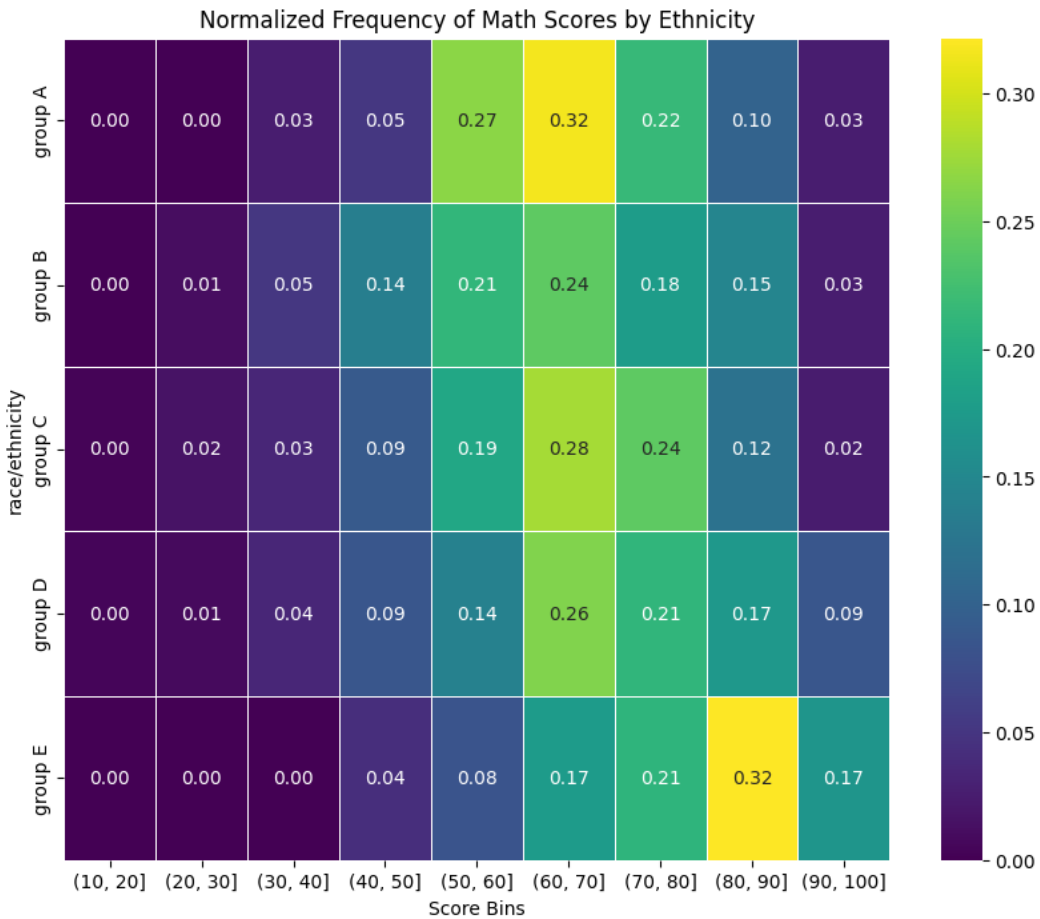
- Showcase inequalities in student performance.
- Provide data-driven insights to support fairer educational practices.
- Validate through ML models
- **Key Questions:**
 - Are there disparities in performance among different groups?
 - Could these disparities suggest unfair opportunities?
 - How can educators use this data to reduce bias?
- **Goals:**
 - Highlight inequalities in student performance.
 - Provide insights for educators to enhance fairness in educational practices.

Student dataset

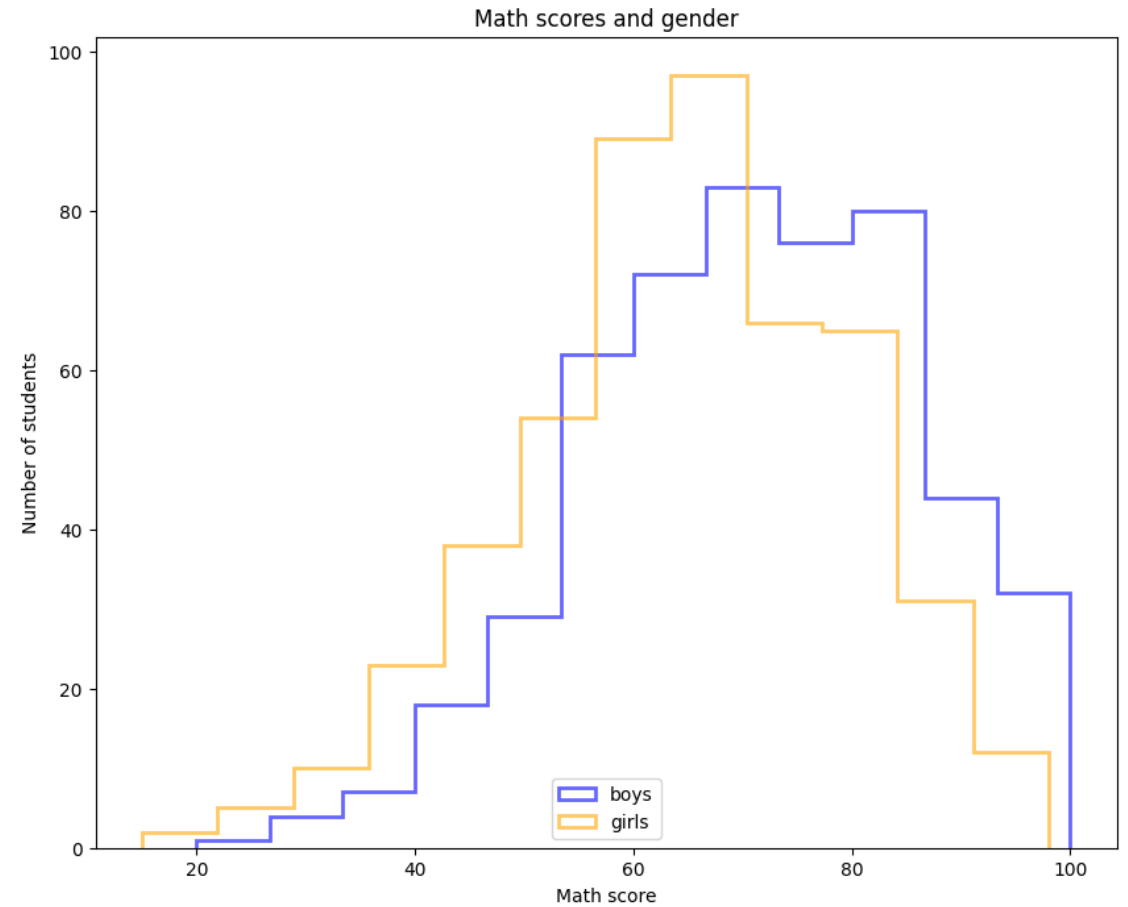
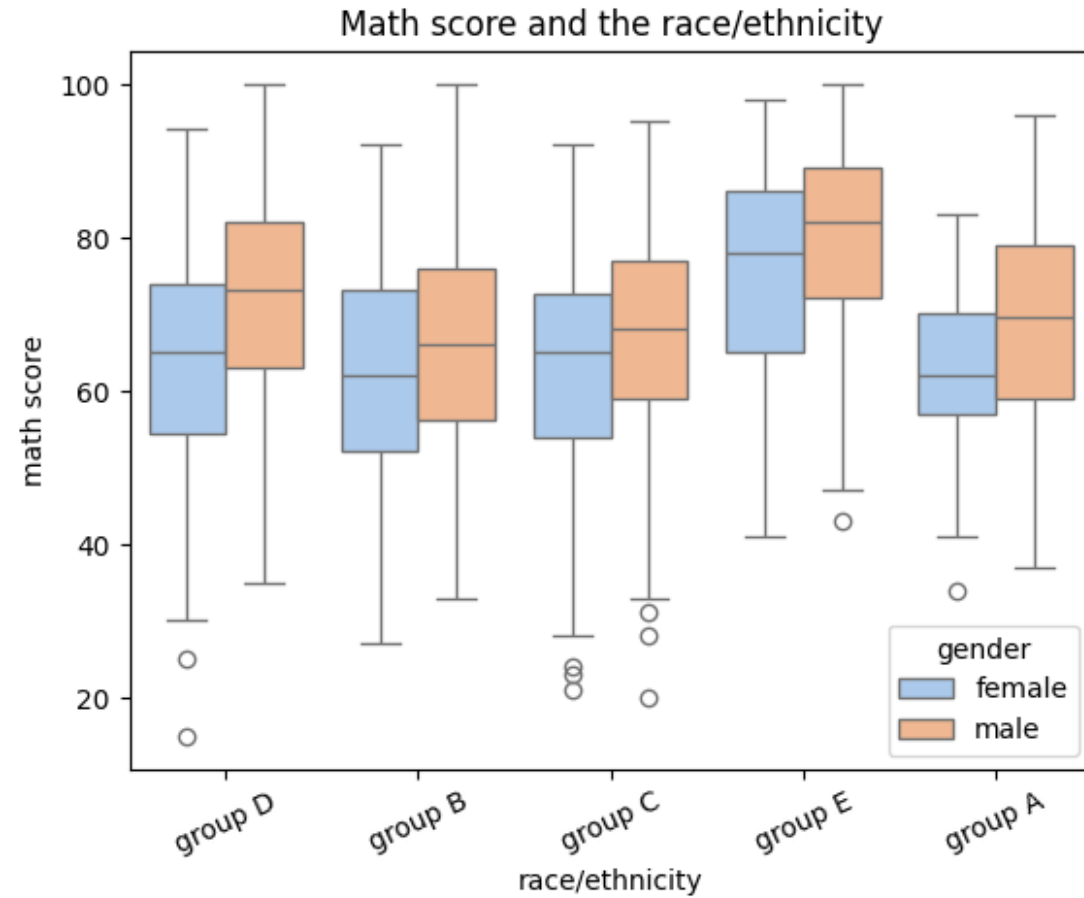
- Data Source: Kaggle - Student Performance Prediction dataset.
 - Gender
 - race/ethnicity
 - parental level of education
 - test scores across subjects (math, reading, writing)

	gender	race/ethnicity	parental level of education	lunch	test preparation course	math score	reading score	writing score
0	female	group D	some college	standard	completed	59	70	78
1	male	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	96	93	87
2	female	group D	some college	free/reduced	none	57	76	77
3	male	group B	some college	free/reduced	none	70	70	63
4	female	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	83	85	86

Student dataset



Student dataset



ANOVA Table

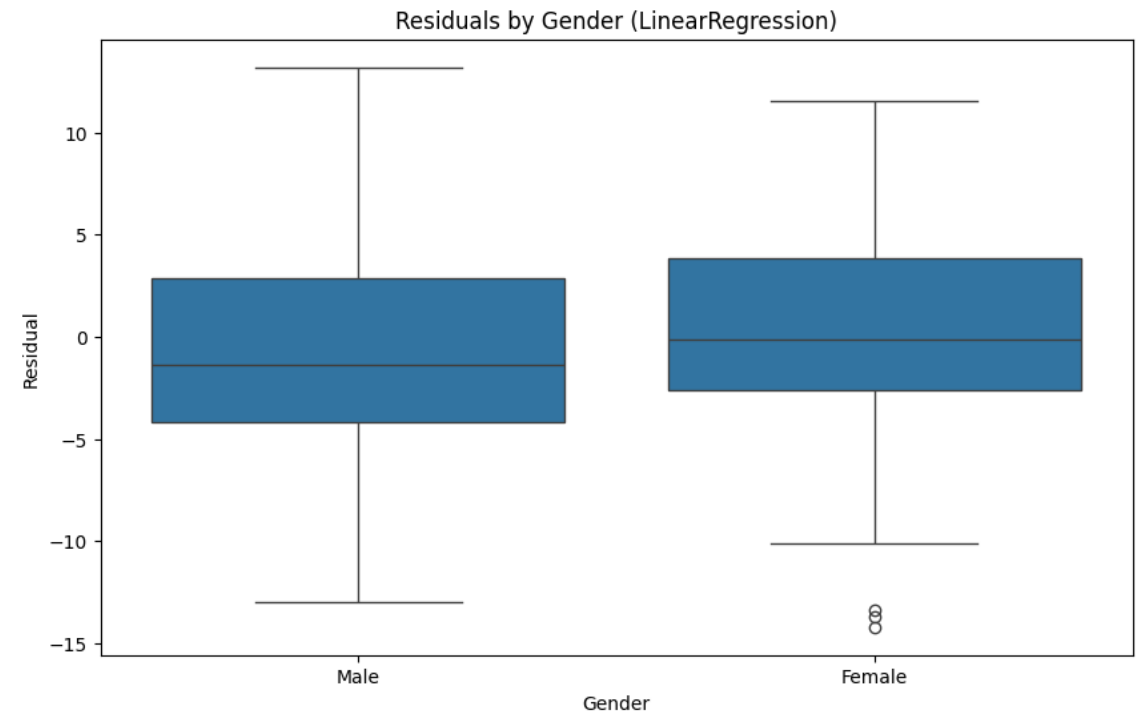
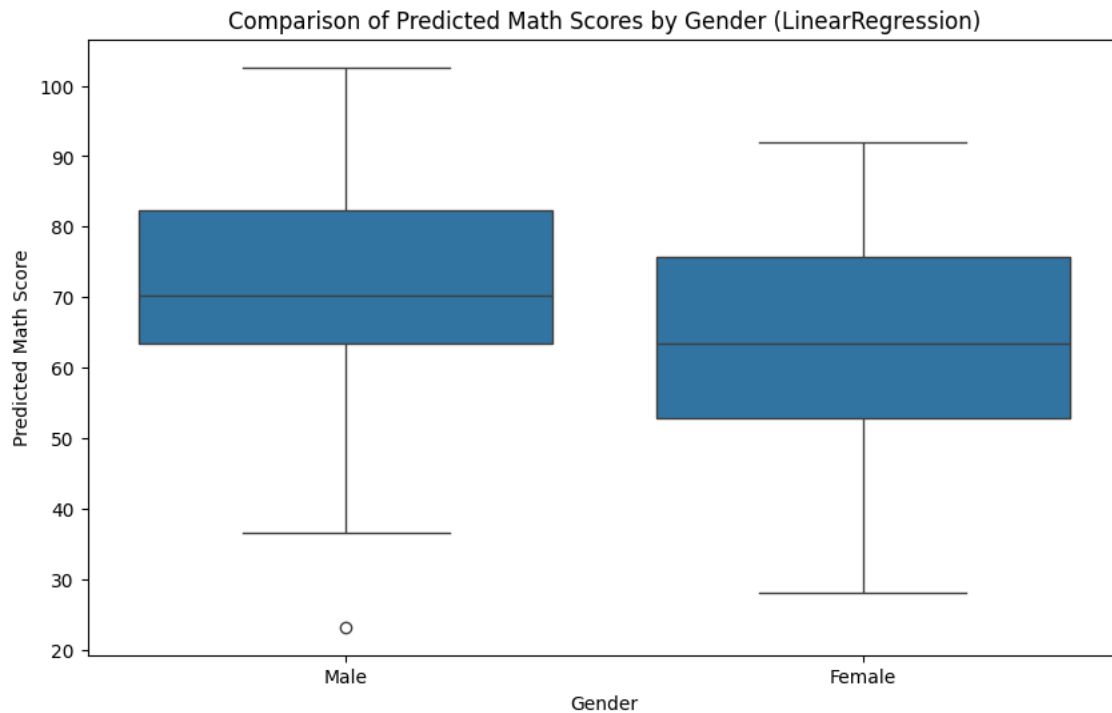
	sum_sq	df	F	PR(>F)
C(gender)	8092.095570	1.0	40.159076	3.551026e-10
C(parents_education)	6351.401902	5.0	6.304088	9.051222e-06
C(race)	18155.689375	4.0	22.525553	7.968034e-18
Residual	199284.528747	989.0	NaN	NaN

- **Gender (C(gender)):**
 - F-statistic: **40.16**, p-value: **3.55e-10**
 - Strong evidence that gender impacts student performance.
- **Parental Education (C(parents_education)):**
 - F-statistic: **6.30**, p-value: **9.05e-06**
 - Suggests a significant, but lesser impact compared to gender.
- **Race (C(race)):**
 - F-statistic: **22.53**, p-value: **7.97e-18**
 - Indicates a strong influence of race on student performance.
- **Residual:**
 - Sum of squares: **199,284.53**
 - Represents unexplained variability within the data.

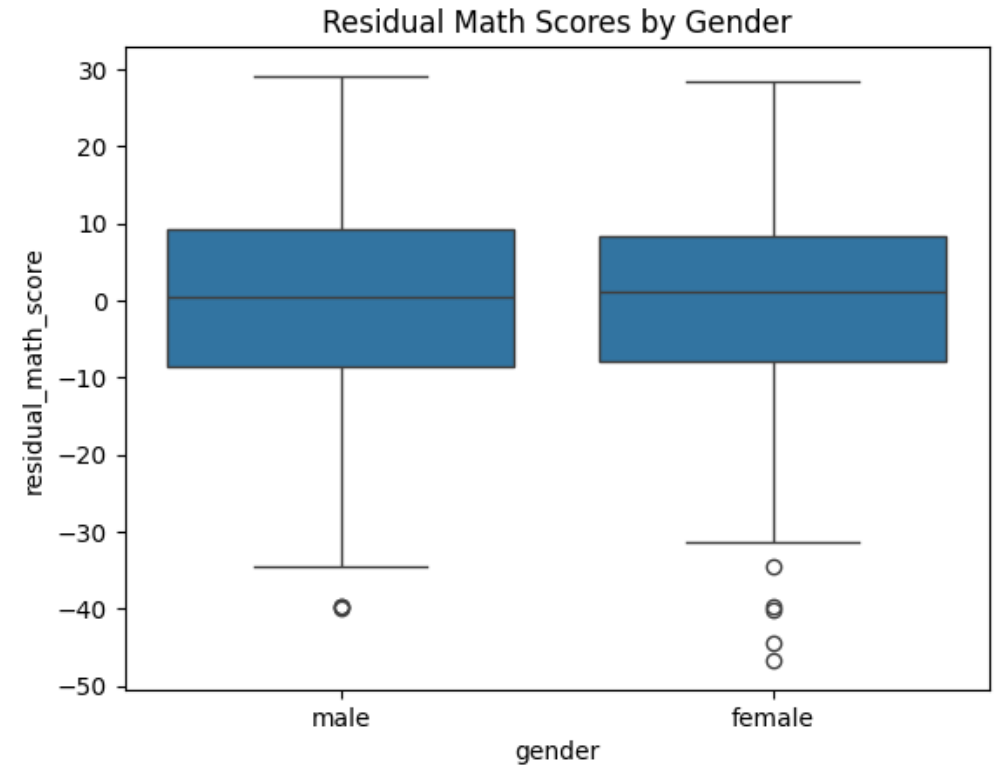
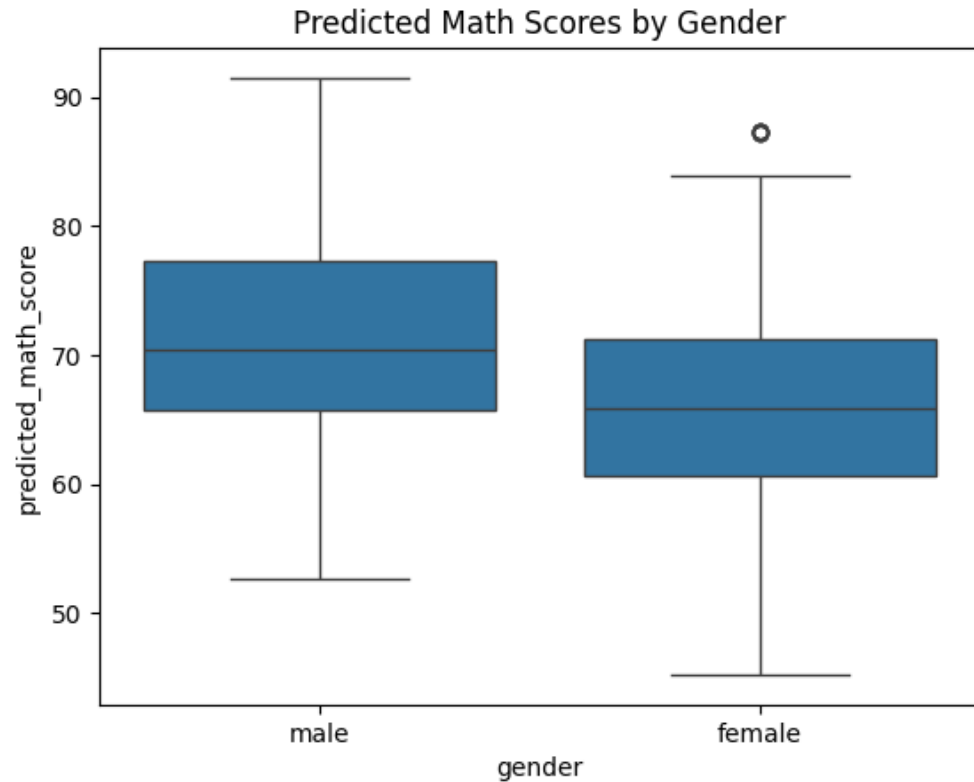
Methodology

- Data Preparation:
 - Trainings/Test split
 - Normalization of Data
- Model Selection:
 - Linear Regression, Random Forests
 - Neural Networks
 - 3 hidden layer, ReLU, Dropout-rate 0.2
 - Learning-rate 0.0005
- Data Splitting:
 - K-Fold Cross-Validation
 - 70-20-10 split
 - $K = 5$
- Metrics for Evaluation:
 - R2 Score
 - MSE/MAE

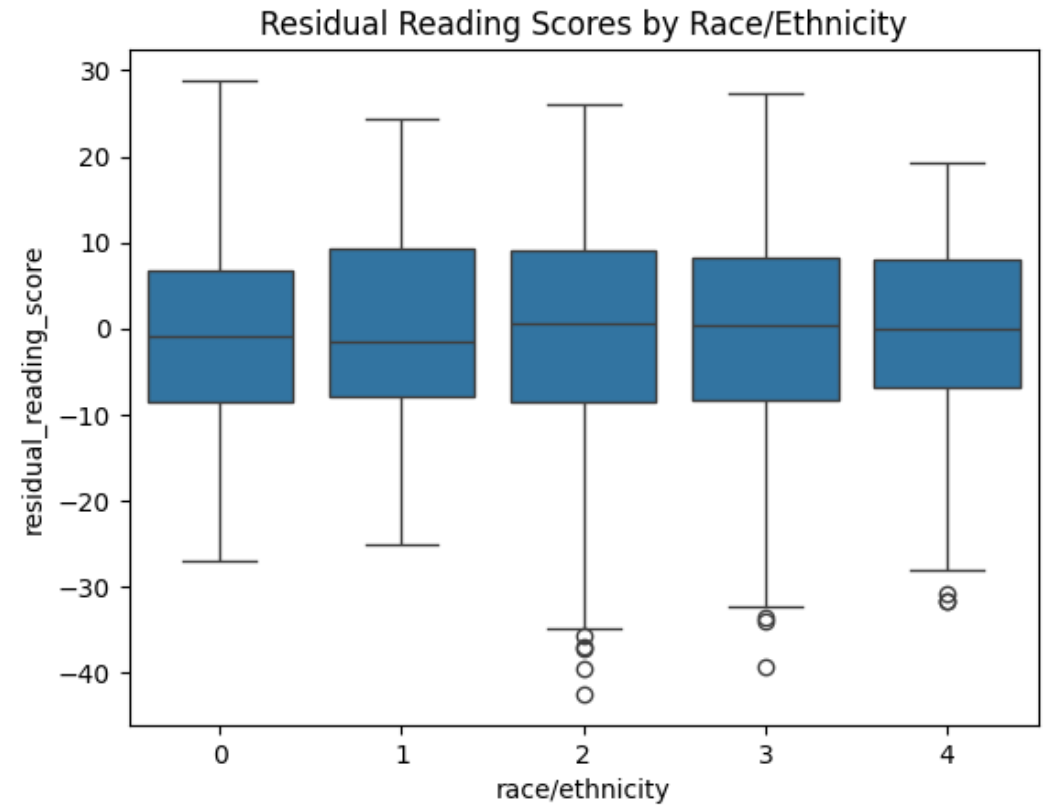
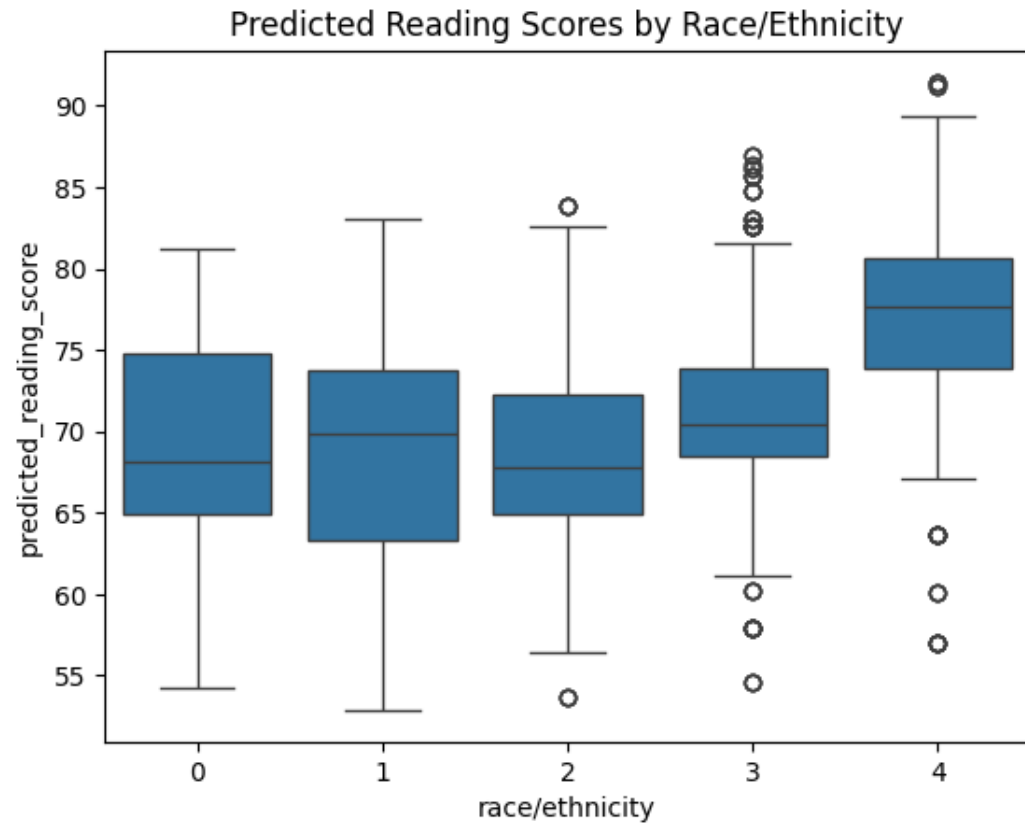
Linear Regression



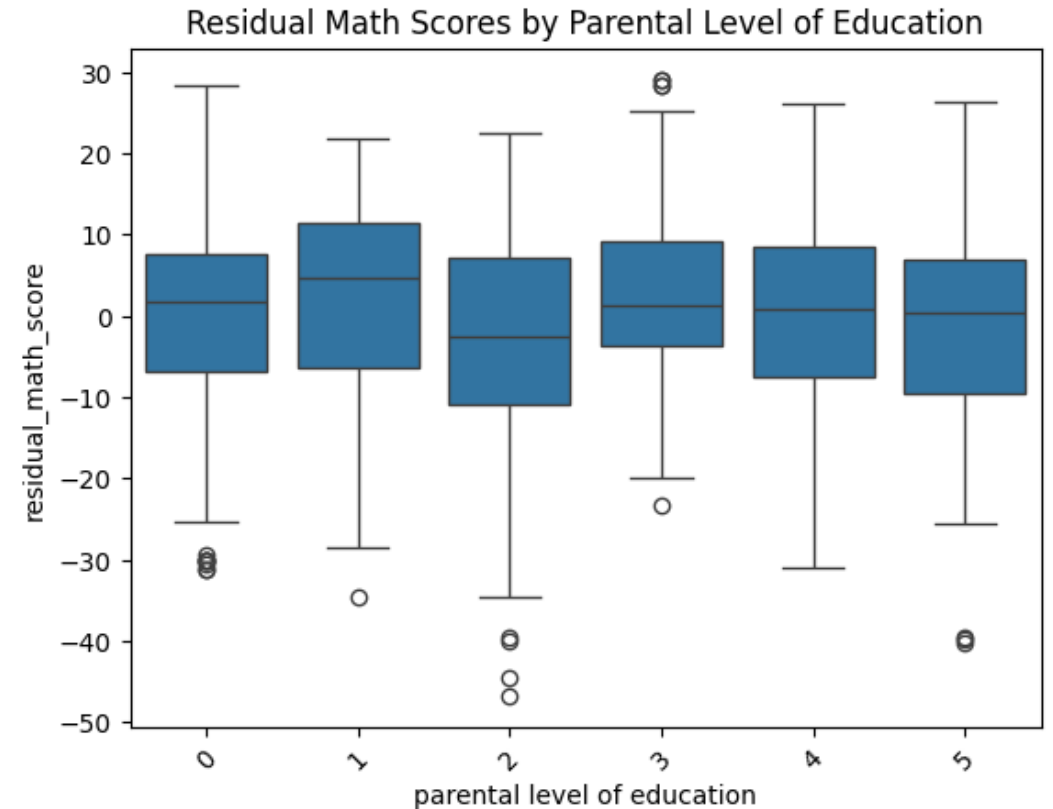
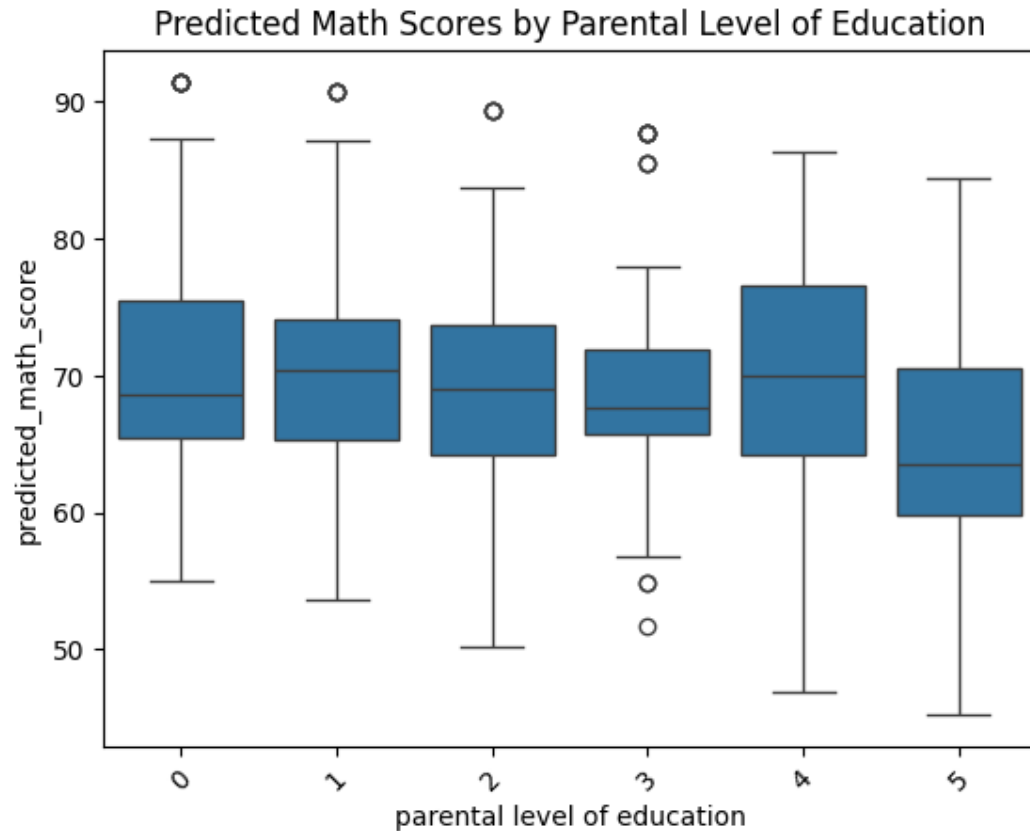
Neural Networks



Neural Networks



Neural Networks



Key Questions: Answers

- Are there disparities in performance among different groups?
 - Yes there are disparities, but they are not necessarily caused by biases
- Could these disparities suggest unfair opportunities?
 - These disparities do not favor / disfavor new students (backed by prediction results)
- How can educators use this data to reduce bias?
 - Educators can shuffle student groups during task assignments to create more diversity

Results

- The prediction models gave similar results
 - We decided going with neural networks, due to flexibility
- There are disparities within gender and ethnicity
 - But the prediction models showed, that they have little to no residual
 - Hence we can conclude that the model reduces any bias as no class is favored / disfavored by the model
- Key take aways: teachers can shuffle students who are performing well with students with worse performances to increase their respective influence

Thank you for your attention!