



Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science  
(Deemed to be University under the *de novo* category)

Integrated Bachelor's-Master's Program

Mid-Semester (Sem I) Examination-Autumn 2022

Subject: Introductory Classical and Quantum mechanics  
Full marks: 25

Subject Code(s): PHS 1101  
Time allotted: 2 hr

1. (a) If  $\vec{A}$  is any vector field then show that  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = 0$  (2 marks)  
(b) If  $\phi(x, y, z) = 5x^2yz - x^3z^2y$  is a scalar function then find  $\vec{\nabla}\phi$  at the point  $(1, 2, -1)$  (2 marks)  
(c) Show that  $\vec{\nabla}\phi$  is perpendicular to  $\phi = \text{constant}$  hypersurface (2 marks)
2. (a) Show that a central force  $\vec{F}$  can be expressed in terms of a scalar potential  $V$  as  $\vec{F} = -\vec{\nabla}V$  (2 marks)  
(c) Show that for motion in a central force total mechanical energy is conserved. Is angular momentum also conserved? Explain. (2 marks)
3. (a) Force  $F$  on a particle of mass 1 Kg moving along a line is given as  $F = -k_1x - k_2\frac{dx}{dt}$ , where  $k_1 = 4 \text{ Newton/m}$  and  $k_2 = 6 \text{ Newton sec/m}$ . The particle starts from rest at  $x = 2 \text{ m}$ . Find the position of the particle after 10 seconds. What is the nature of the motion of the particle? Is total mechanical energy conserved in this motion (3 marks)  
(b) Find the moment of inertia of a uniform circular disc of radius  $R$  and mass  $M$  about an axis perpendicular to the disc and passing through its centre (2 marks)
4. (a) Find the expressions for the radial and cross-radial accelerations  $a_r$  and  $a_\theta$  for motion in a plane. Show that for a uniform circular motion  $a_r = -\frac{v^2}{r}$  and  $a_\theta = 0$  (3 marks)  
(b) Explain why the motion of a planet is confined in a plane when it moves in the gravitational field of the sun? (2 marks)
5. Show that the path of an object moving in a repulsive central force is a hyperbola (5 marks)  
*inverse square*