

Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science (Deemed to be University under *de novo* Category) Integrated Bachelor's-Master's Program End-Semester Examination-Autumn 2024

Subject: Chemical Reactivity

Full Marks: 50

Subject Code(s): CHS 2101

Time Allotted: 3 h

Section-A

(There are FIVE questions in this section. Q1 is COMPULSORY.

Answer any THREE from Q2-Q5)

1. Answer any four of the following questions.

[2.5x4]

- (a) Predict the ¹H NMR spectrum of propyl acetate.
- (b) Predict the major products of the reactions given below with proper stereochemistry.

$$H$$
 + NH_2OMe H_3O+ ? $HaoMe$?

(c) Among the salts I and II, which one would react at a faster rate with benzylamine? Provide a suitable explanation.

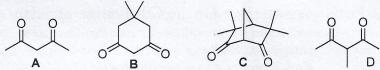
- (d) Draw the most stable conformer of all *cis* and *trans* hexachlorocyclohexane and predict which one would undergo base-mediated E2 elimination faster.
- (e) Predict all possible products of the reaction given below. What conclusion can you draw about the reaction mechanism based on the reaction outcome?

$$S \longrightarrow H_2O$$
 heat

(f) Complete the following reaction and justify your answer.

2. Answer the following questions:

(a) Arrange the following di-ketones in increasing rate of enolization in water. Justify your answers. [3]



[2]

- (b) Explain homoaromaticity with a proper example.
- 3. Answer the following questions:
- (a) Propose a shorted synthetic route for the selective conversion of benzene to *n*-propyl benzene with proper explanation and the reaction mechanism. [3]
- (b) Complete the following transformations indicating the structure of **X** and suitable reagents for the subsequent steps. [2]

4. Answer the following questions:

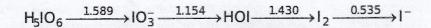
- (a) In a given condition, chlorobenzene does not undergo a reaction with PhSK in DMF solvent, but para-nitro chlorobenzene delivers the desired product. Draw the product expected for the later reaction and explain the observation. [2]
- (b) Predict the number of signals expected in ¹H NMR spectra of the following alkenes. [2]

- (c) How can you distinguish between vinyl chloride and ethyl chloride using a single reagent? [1]
- 5. Complete the following transformation predicting the structure of products and suitable reagents. Provide reaction mechanism for steps 2 and 3. [5]

Section-B

(There are FIVE questions in this section. Q6 is compulsory. Answer any THREE from Q7-Q10)

6. Consider the Latimer diagram below for Iodine in an acidic solution (pH =0).



- (i) Show the formation of H₅IO₆ in the hydration-hydrolysis of I ion in its appropriate oxidation state. (ii) Draw the Lewis structure of IO3. What would be the electron pair and molecular geometry of the molecule? [1.5] (iii) What would be expected pKa of the oxo acids, H₅IO₆ and HIO₃? [2] (iv) Why is IO_3^- anionic whereas H_5IO_6 is protonated in the diagram? [1.5][1.5] (v) Calculate the skipped reduction potential for IO₃⁻ to I₂. (vi) Write the balanced reaction for the reduction of IO₃⁻ to IO⁻. [1.5]
- 7. (i) Construct the Frost diagram for iodine in aqueous acidic solution. [3] (ii) From the Frost diagram that you have drawn, indicate the most stable species [1]of iodine? (iii) Identify any species that are unstable to disproportionation. What would [1] happen if IO₃ and I were mixed?
- 8. (i) What are the symmetry elements present in PCl₃? What is its point group? [1.5](ii) Explain why BF3 possesses an S3 axis, but NF3 does not. [1.5](iii) Schematically show how the molecular orbitals would 'look' like when a sigma MO from p orbitals (p_z) and a sigma MO from s orbitals mixed as shown [2] below: out-of-phase

in-phase



- 9. (i) Consider the molecule NF and the ions NF+ and NF-. Write the molecular orbital description of the ground state for each species. Determine which of the three species would be paramagnetic. Predict the bond orders for all three species. [2.5]
 - (ii) For the following reaction, indicate with an explanation whether the equilibrium will favor the reactants or the products. $TiF_4 + 2TiI_2 \rightarrow TiI_4 + 2TiF_2$
 - (iii) What is the strongest acid and base allowed in liquid hydrofluoric acid?[1]

10. (i) For the complex, [Cr(acetylacetonate)₃], indicate the primary and secondary valency of the metal center. Does the complex display stereoisomerism? If so, draw the isomers. [2]

(ii) Draw the *d*-orbital splitting of the complex assuming an octahedral field at the metal center and calculate the 10Dq value. (CPSE in terms of 10Dq.) [1.5]

(iii) What would be the spin-only magnetic moment value for a tetrahedral cobalt(II) complex? [1.5]

