

HW3

Andrew Shao

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Problem 1

(a)

$$CI = \hat{A} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.2, n = 5, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{17}{8}, t_{\frac{0.2}{2}, 5-2} = t_{0.1, 3} = 1.638, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}}$$

$$CI = \frac{17}{8} \pm 1.638 \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} = [1.667, 2.583]$$

(b)

$$CI = \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.2, n = 5, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\hat{B} = \frac{13}{8}, t_{\frac{0.2}{2}, 5-2} = t_{0.1, 3} = 1.638, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}}$$

$$CI = \frac{13}{8} \pm 1.638 \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} = [1.167, 2.083]$$

(c)

$$CI = \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.2, n = 5, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{17}{8}, \hat{B} = \frac{13}{8}, t_{\frac{0.2}{2}, 5-2} = t_{0.1, 3} = 1.638, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}}$$

$$CI = \frac{17}{8} + \frac{13}{8} \pm 1.638 \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = [3.221, 4.279]$$

(d)

$$CI = \hat{A} - \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.2, n = 5, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = (1 \quad -1) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 1$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{17}{8}, \hat{B} = \frac{13}{8}, t_{\frac{0.2}{2}, 5-2} = t_{0.1, 3} = 1.638, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}}$$

$$CI = \frac{17}{8} - \frac{13}{8} \pm 1.638 \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} \sqrt{1} = [-0.248, 1.248]$$

(e)

$$CI = \hat{A} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{1 + x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new}}$$

$$\alpha = 0.2, n = 5, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = (1 \quad 0) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{17}{8}, t_{\frac{0.2}{2}, 5-2} = t_{0.1, 3} = 1.638, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}}$$

$$CI = \frac{17}{8} \pm 1.638 \sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{8}} = [1.248, 3.002]$$

(f)

```
y_1 <- c(2, 1, 4, 2, 2)
a_1 <- c(1, 0, 1, 1, 0)
b_1 <- c(0, 1, 1, 0, 1)

mod_1 <- lm(y_1 ~ a_1 + b_1 -1)
predict(mod_1, data.frame(a_1 = 1, b_1 = 0), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.8)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 2.125 1.667237 2.582763

predict(mod_1, data.frame(a_1 = 0, b_1 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.8)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 1.625 1.167237 2.082763
```

```
predict(mod_1, data.frame(a_1 = 1, b_1 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.8)
```

```
##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 3.75 3.22142 4.27858
```

```
predict(mod_1, data.frame(a_1 = 1, b_1 = -1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.8)
```

```
##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 0.5 -0.2475246 1.247525
```

```
predict(mod_1, data.frame(a_1 = 1, b_1 = 0), interval = 'prediction', level = 0.8)
```

```
##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 2.125 1.24845 3.00155
```

Problem 2

(a)

$$CI = \hat{A} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.1, n = 6, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{7}{3}, t_{\frac{0.1}{2}, 6-2} = t_{0.05, 4} = 2.132, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}}$$

$$CI = \frac{7}{3} \pm 2.132 \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} = [1.539, 3.128]$$

(b)

$$CI = \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.1, n = 6, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.1}{2}, 6-2} = t_{0.05, 4} = 2.132, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}}$$

$$CI = \frac{11}{6} \pm 2.132 \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} = [1.039, 2.628]$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
CI &= \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1} \\
\alpha &= 0.1, n = 6, p = 2 \\
x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
d_1 &= x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \\
\hat{A} &= \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.1}{2}, 6-2} = t_{0.05, 4} = 2.132, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \\
CI &= \frac{7}{3} + \frac{11}{6} \pm 2.132 \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} = [3.372, 4.961]
\end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
CI &= \hat{A} - \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1} \\
\alpha &= 0.1, n = 6, p = 2 \\
x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\
d_1 &= x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \\
\hat{A} &= \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.1}{2}, 6-2} = t_{0.05, 4} = 2.132, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \\
CI &= \frac{7}{3} - \frac{11}{6} \pm 2.132 \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \sqrt{1} = [-0.876, 1.876]
\end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}
CI &= \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{1 + x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new}} \\
\alpha &= 0.1, n = 6, p = 2 \\
x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \\
\hat{A} &= \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.1}{2}, 6-2} = t_{0.05, 4} = 2.132, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \\
CI &= \frac{7}{3} + \frac{11}{6} \pm 2.132 \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{3}} = [2.578, 5.756]
\end{aligned}$$

(f)

```
y_2 <- c(2, 1, 4, 2, 2, 5)
a_2 <- c(1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1)
b_2 <- c(0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)

mod_2 <- lm(y_2 ~ a_2 + b_2 -1)
predict(mod_2, data.frame(a_2 = 1, b_2 = 0), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.9)

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 2.333333 1.538841 3.127826

predict(mod_2, data.frame(a_2 = 0, b_2 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.9)

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 1.833333 1.038841 2.627826

predict(mod_2, data.frame(a_2 = 1, b_2 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.9)

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 4.166667 3.372174 4.961159

predict(mod_2, data.frame(a_2 = 1, b_2 = -1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.9)

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 0.5 -0.8761012 1.876101

predict(mod_2, data.frame(a_2 = 1, b_2 = 1), interval = 'prediction', level = 0.9)

##          fit          lwr          upr
## 1 4.166667 2.577682 5.755651
```

Problem 3

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} CI &= \hat{A} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1} \\ \alpha &= 0.05, n = 7, p = 2 \\ x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ d_1 &= x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{16} & -\frac{3}{16} \\ -\frac{3}{16} & \frac{5}{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{5}{16} \\ \hat{A} &= \frac{39}{16}, t_{\frac{0.05}{2}, 7-2} = t_{0.025, 5} = 2.571, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \\ CI &= \frac{39}{16} \pm 2.571 \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \sqrt{\frac{5}{16}} = [1.487, 3.388] \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned} CI &= \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1} \\ \alpha &= 0.05, n = 7, p = 2 \\ x_{new} &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{16} & -\frac{3}{16} \\ -\frac{3}{16} & \frac{5}{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{5}{16}$$

$$\hat{B} = \frac{31}{16}, t_{\frac{0.05}{2}, 7-2} = t_{0.025, 5} = 2.571, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}}$$

$$CI = \frac{31}{16} \pm 2.571 \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \sqrt{\frac{5}{16}} = [0.987, 2.888]$$

(c)

$$CI = \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.05, n = 7, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{16} & -\frac{3}{16} \\ -\frac{3}{16} & \frac{5}{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{39}{16}, \hat{B} = \frac{31}{16}, t_{\frac{0.05}{2}, 7-2} = t_{0.025, 5} = 2.571, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}}$$

$$CI = \frac{39}{16} + \frac{31}{16} \pm 2.571 \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = [3.525, 5.225]$$

(d)

$$CI = \hat{A} - 2\hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.05, n = 7, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{16} & -\frac{3}{16} \\ -\frac{3}{16} & \frac{5}{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{37}{16}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{39}{16}, \hat{B} = \frac{31}{16}, t_{\frac{0.05}{2}, 7-2} = t_{0.025, 5} = 2.571, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}}$$

$$CI = \frac{39}{16} - 2 \cdot \frac{31}{16} \pm 2.571 \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \sqrt{\frac{37}{16}} = [-4.023, 1.148]$$

(e)

$$CI = \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{1 + x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new}}$$

$$\alpha = 0.05, n = 7, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{16} & -\frac{3}{16} \\ -\frac{3}{16} & \frac{5}{16} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{5}{16}$$

$$\hat{B} = \frac{31}{16}, t_{\frac{0.05}{2}, 7-2} = t_{0.025, 5} = 2.571, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}}$$

$$CI = \frac{31}{16} \pm 2.571 \sqrt{\frac{7}{16}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{5}{16}} = [-0.010, 3.885]$$

(f)

```
y_3 <- c(2, 1, 4, 2, 2, 5, 5)
a_3 <- c(1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)
b_3 <- c(0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1)

mod_3 <- lm(y_3 ~ a_3 + b_3 -1)
predict(mod_3, data.frame(a_3 = 1, b_3 = 0), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.95)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 2.4375 1.487015 3.387985

predict(mod_3, data.frame(a_3 = 0, b_3 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.95)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 1.9375 0.9870145 2.887985

predict(mod_3, data.frame(a_3 = 1, b_3 = 1), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.95)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 4.375 3.52486 5.22514

predict(mod_3, data.frame(a_3 = 1, b_3 = -2), interval = 'confidence', level = 0.95)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 -1.4375 -4.0231 1.1481

predict(mod_3, data.frame(a_3 = 0, b_3 = 1), interval = 'prediction', level = 0.95)

##      fit      lwr      upr
## 1 1.9375 -0.01041553 3.885416
```

Problem 4

(a)

$$CI = \hat{A} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$
$$\alpha = 0.3, n = 3, p = 2$$
$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{3}$$
$$\hat{A} = \frac{7}{3}, t_{\frac{0.3}{2}, 3-2} = t_{0.15, 1} = 1.963, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$
$$CI = \frac{7}{3} \pm 1.963 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = [1.408, 3.259]$$

(b)

$$CI = \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$
$$\alpha = 0.3, n = 3, p = 2$$
$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.3}{2}, 3-2} = t_{0.15, 1} = 1.963, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$CI = \frac{11}{6} \pm 1.963 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = [0.908, 2.759]$$

(c)

$$CI = \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.3, n = 3, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.3}{2}, 3-2} = t_{0.15, 1} = 1.963, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$CI = \frac{7}{3} + \frac{11}{6} \pm 1.963 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = [3.241, 5.092]$$

(d)

$$CI = \hat{A} - \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{d_1}$$

$$\alpha = 0.3, n = 3, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_1 = x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 2$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.3}{2}, 3-2} = t_{0.15, 1} = 1.963, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$CI = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{11}{6} \pm 1.963 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{2} = [-1.102, 2.102]$$

(e)

$$CI = \hat{A} + \hat{B} \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-p} \hat{\sigma} \sqrt{1 + x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new}}$$

$$\alpha = 0.3, n = 3, p = 2$$

$$x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_{new}^T (X^T X)^{-1} x_{new} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\hat{A} = \frac{7}{3}, \hat{B} = \frac{11}{6}, t_{\frac{0.3}{2}, 3-2} = t_{0.15, 1} = 1.963, \hat{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$CI = \frac{7}{3} + \frac{11}{6} \pm 1.963 \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{3}} = [2.704, 5.630]$$

(f)

With more measurements the confidence intervals are smaller. With less balls being measured the confidence interval is also smaller. In general, the confidence intervals are quite large so more measurements are needed for precise point estimations using this method.