Contents

1 Math

1.1 快速冪

```
//x^y % p
int func(int x,int y,int p){
  int res = 1;
  while(y != 0){
    if(y%2==1){
      res *= x;
      res %=p;
    }
    x *= x;
    y /= 2;// 5^8 => (5^2)^4
    x %= p;//((5^2) % 7)^4
  }
  return res;
}
```

1.2 擴展歐幾里得

```
int gcd(int a, int b)
{
  return b == 0 ? a : gcd(b, a % b);
}

int lcm(int a, int b)
{
  return a * b / gcd(a, b);
}

pair<int, int> ext_gcd
    (int a, int b) //擴展歐幾里德 ax+by = gcd(a,b)
{
  if (b == 0)
    return {1, 0};
  if (a == 0)
    return {0, 1};
  int x, y;
  tie(x, y) = ext_gcd(b % a, a);
  return make_pair(y - b * x / a, x);
}
```

2 Graph

2.1 Tarjan SCC

```
class tarjan{
    int time = 1;
    stack<int> s;
    vector<int> dfn;
    vector<int> low;
    vector<bool> in_stack;
    vector<vector<int>> ans;
    void dfs(int node, vector<vector<int>> &graph){
      in_stack[node] = true;
      s.push(node);
      dfn[node] = low[node] = time++;
      for(auto &j : graph[node]){
        if(dfn[j] == 0){
          dfs(j, graph);
          // 看看往下有沒有辦法回到更上面的點
          low[node] = min(low[node], low[j]);
        }
        else if(in_stack[j]){
          low[node] = min(low[node], low[j]);
        }
      }
      vector<int> t; // 儲存這個強連通分量
      if(dfn[node] == low[node]){
        while(s.top() != node){
          t.push_back(s.top());
          in_stack[s.top()] = false;
          s.pop();
        }
        t.push_back(s.top());
        in_stack[s.top()] = false;
        s.pop();
      }
      if(!t.empty()) ans.push_back(t);
    }
  public:
    vector
        <vector<int>> scc(vector<vector<int>> &graph){
      int num = graph.size();
      dfn.resize(num, 0);
      low.resize(num, 0);
      in_stack.resize(num, false);
      for(int i = 1; i < num; i++){
        if(dfn[i] == 0) dfs(i, graph);
      }
      return ans;
    }
};
```

2.2 AP/Bridge

```
// adj[u] = adjacent nodes of u
// ap = AP = articulation points
// p = parent
// disc[u] = discovery time of u
// low[u] = 'low' node of u

int dfsAP(int u, int p) {
  int children = 0;
  low[u] = disc[u] = ++Time;
  for (int& v : adj[u]) {
    if (v == p) continue; //
        we don't want to go back through the same path.
                          // if we go back is because
                              we found another way back
    if (!disc
        [v]) { // if V has not been discovered before
      children++;
      dfsAP(v, u); // recursive DFS call
      if (disc[u] <= low[v]) // condition #1
        ap[u] = 1;
      low[u] = min(low[u],
           low[v]); // low[v] might be an ancestor of u
    } else // if v was already
        discovered means that we found an ancestor
      low[u] = min(low[u], disc[v]); // finds
           the ancestor with the least discovery time
  }
  return children;
}

void AP() {
  ap = low = disc = vector<int>(adj.size());
  Time = 0;
  for (int u = 0; u < adj.size(); u++)
    if (!disc[u])
      ap[u] = dfsAP(u, u) > 1; // condition #2
}

// br = bridges, p = parent

vector<pair<int, int>> br;

int dfsBR(int u, int p) {
  low[u] = disc[u] = ++Time;
  for (int& v : adj[u]) {
    if (v == p) continue; //
        we don't want to go back through the same path.
                          // if we go back is because
                              we found another way back
    if (!disc
        [v]) { // if V has not been discovered before
      dfsBR(v, u);  // recursive DFS call
      if (disc
          [u] < low[v]) // condition to find a bridge
        br.push_back({u, v});
      low[u] = min(low[u],
           low[v]); // low[v] might be an ancestor of u
    } else // if v was already
        discovered means that we found an ancestor
      low[u] = min(low[u], disc[v]); // finds
           the ancestor with the least discovery time
  }
}
```

```
void BR() {
  low = disc = vector<int>(adj.size());
  Time = 0;
  for (int u = 0; u < adj.size(); u++)
    if (!disc[u])
      dfsBR(u, u)
}
```

2.3 Max flow

```
ll adj[505][505];
int parent[505];
bool vis[505];

bool check() {
  memset(vis, false, sizeof(vis));
  queue<int> q;
  q.push(1);
  while (!q.empty()) {
    int now = q.front();
    q.pop();
    for (int nxt = 1; nxt <= n; nxt++) {
      if (adj[now][nxt] && !vis[nxt]) {
        vis[nxt] = 1;
        parent[nxt] = now;
        q.push(nxt);
      }
    }
  }
  return vis[n];
}

void solve() {
  cin >> n >> m;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    ll a, b, w;
    cin >> a >> b >> w;
    adj[a][b] += w;
  }
  int u, v;
  ll maxflow = 0;
  while (check()) {
    ll flow = 1e18;
    for (v = n; v != 1; v = parent[v]) {
      u = parent[v];
      flow = min(flow, adj[u][v]);
    }
    maxflow += flow;
    for (int v = n; v != 1; v = parent[v]) {
      u = parent[v];
      adj[u][v] -= flow;
      adj[v][u] += flow;
    }
  }
  cout << maxflow << endl;
}
```

3 String

3.1 Hash

```
vector<int> Pow(int num){
  int p = 1e9 + 7;
  vector<int> ans = {1};
  for(int i = 0; i < num; i++)
    ans.push_back(ans.back() * b % p);
  return ans;
}

vector<int> Hash(string s){
  int p = 1e9 + 7;
  vector<int> ans = {0};
  for(char c:s){
    ans.push_back((ans.back() * b + c) % p);
  }
  return ans;
}

// 閉區間[l, r]
int query
    (vector<int> &vec, vector<int> &pow, int l, int r){
  int p = 1e9 + 7;
  int length = r - l + 1;
  return
       (vec[r + 1] - vec[l] * pow[length] % p + p) % p;
}
```

3.2 Zvalue

```
vector<int> z_func(string s1){
  int l = 0, r = 0, n = s1.size();
  vector<int> z(n, 0);
  for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){
    if(i
        <= r and z[i - l] < r - i + 1) z[i] = z[i - l];
    else{
      z[i] = max(z[i], r - i + 1);
      while(i + z
          [i] < n and s1[i + z[i]] == s1[z[i]]) z[i]++;
    }
    if(i + z[i] - 1 > r){
      l = i;
      r = i + z[i] - 1;
    }
  }
  return z;
}
```

4 Geometry

4.1 Static Convex Hull

```
#define mp(a, b) make_pair(a, b)
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define F first
#define S second

template<typename T>
pair<T, T> operator-(pair<T, T> a, pair<T, T> b){
    return mp(a.F - b.F, a.S - b.S);
}

template<typename T>
T cross(pair<T, T> a, pair<T, T> b){
    return a.F * b.S - a.S * b.F;
}

template<typename T>
vector<pair
    <T, T>> getConvexHull(vector<pair<T, T>>& pnts){
    sort(pnts.begin
        (), pnts.end(), [](pair<T, T> a, pair<T, T> b)
    { return
         a.F < b.F || (a.F == b.F && a.S < b.S); });
    auto cmp = [&](pair<T, T> a, pair<T, T> b)
    { return a.F == b.F && a.S == b.S; };
    pnts.erase(unique
        (pnts.begin(), pnts.end(), cmp), pnts.end());
    if(pnts.size()<=1)
        return pnts;
    int n = pnts.size();
    vector<pair<T, T>> hull;
    for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
        int t = hull.size();
        for(pair<T, T> pnt : pnts){
            while(hull.size() - t >= 2 &&
                cross(hull.back() - hull[hull.size() -
                2], pnt - hull[hull.size() - 2]) <= 0){
                hull.pop_back();
            }
            hull.pb(pnt);
        }
        hull.pop_back();
        reverse(pnts.begin(), pnts.end());
    }
    return hull;
}
```