



T&C Snapshots Data Note



Korea, Rep.

GDP (US\$	Population	Land area (sq.	Income per	Unemployment	Ease of Doing
billions) (2017)	(millions)	km) (2015)	capita (current	rate (2016)	Business Rank
	(2017)		US\$) (2017)		(2016)
1,579.6	51.1	97,466.0	30,920.5	3.5	4.0

Macro Indicators

Macro indicators	Avg 2003-2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GDP growth (annual %)	4.20	2.90	3.31	2.50	3.20	3.80
Current account balance	1.82	6.14	6.59	7.06	7.47	7.51
Fiscal balance (% of GDP)	1.71	0.63	0.46	0.74	1.57	2.29
Remittances, received (% of GDP) [1]	0.63	0.49	0.46	_	_	_
General government gross debt [3]	27.29	33.76	35.12	35.94	37.30	_
Real Effective Exchange Rate (2010=100)	116.64	101.74	107.34	112.73	111.23	109.62
Consumer Price Index, annual percent change	3.17	1.27	1.24	0.25	0.06	-0.04



Investment indicators

investment indicators	Avg 2003-2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic investment (% GDP)	32.17	29.11	28.83	28.16	27.00	26.29
Gross domestic investment, of w: Private investment (% GDP) [1]	31.90	29.10	29.16	_	_	_
Inward FDI (% of GDP) [2]	1.04	0.98	0.70		_	
Inward FDI, % of private investment [2]	3.38	3.30	NA	_	_	_



Trade Indicators

Trade Indicators	Avg 2003-2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total Trade in Goods and Services (% of GDP, real terms)	82.9	106.8	105.9	107.3	108.6	110.0
Trade balance (% GDP, real terms)	0.4	6.6	7.1	7.5	8.1	8.3
Exports, Goods and Services, annual percent change (real terms)	9.8	4.1	3.0	4.2	4.9	5.2
Imports, Goods and Services, annual percent change (real terms)	8.0	1.4	1.9	3.5	3.9	5.0
Total reserves in months of imports [1]	6.9	6.2	6.6	_	_	_

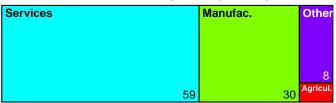


Sources: MFM note, [1] World Development Indicators (WDI), [2] UNCTADSTAT, [3] World Economic Outlook (WEO)

Goods Export and Import volume growth, 2012-2015

Data not available

Gross Value Added by Economic Activity 2013 (% GDP)



Source: Development Prospects Group (DECPG)

Source: World Development Indicators (WDI)

Top 5 Exports by % of Total Value, 2014

Electronic integrated circuits	Petroleum oils & oils obtained from	Motor vehicles for the transport of	Telephone sets, including telephone
			Liquid crystal devices, n.e.s.; las
9	9	8	4

Imports Categories by % of Total Value, 2014

Raw materials	Capital goods	Consumer goods	Intermediate
			goods
29	27	25	19

Source: World Integrated Trade Solution (WITS)

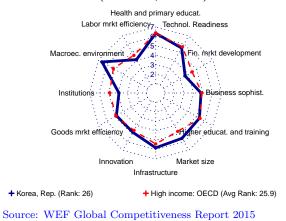
Doing Business 2015 Distance to Frontier (DTF) and Rank

		DTF			Rank	
	2015	2016	Change	2015	2016	Change
Ease of Doing Business	83.91	83.88	-0.03	4	4	0
Dealing with Construction Permits	77.82	77.83	0.01	30	28	2
Enforcing Contracts	84.84	84.84	0	2	2	0
Getting Credit	65	65	0	36	42	-6
Getting Electricity	99.87	99.88	0.01	1	1	0
Paying Taxes	85.18	84.53	-0.65	27	29	-2
Protecting Minority Investors	73.33	73.33	0	8	8	0
Registering Property	76.16	76.22	0.06	38	40	-2
Resolving Insolvency	90.06	90.31	0.25	5	4	1
Starting a Business	94.36	94.36	0	16	23	-7
Trading Across Borders	92.48	92.48	0	30	31	-1

Source: Doing Busines Report 2015

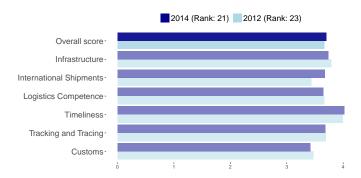
WEF Competitiveness Indicators

(Scale 1-7, 7=best)



Logistics Performance Index

(Scale 1-5, 5=best)



Source: Logistics Performance Index (World Bank)

World Governance indicators

(Std. score, High=best)



Trade Policy

	2010	2015
Applied Tariff (Incl. Prefers. and Trade-Weighted)	10.1	5.0
Binding (%)	94.7	95.2
Dispersion (Standard Deviation)	51.5	51.7
MFN Tariff (Agriculture)	48.6	46.5
MFN Tariff (Non-Agriculture)	6.3	6.2
MFN Tariff (Simple Average)	12.1	11.5

Sources: WITS, [1] WTO Trade Profiles

Private Sector View

Enterprise Survey 2005

ŀ	Korea, Rep.	East Asia and Pacific	All Countries
Number of electrical outages in a typical month	_	3.20	6.30
Percent of firms with a bank loan/line of credit	_	31.20	35.20
Proportion of investments financed by banks (%)	20	9.50	14.60
Proportion of investments financed internally (%)	65	79.50	71.20
Senior management time spent dealing with the requirements of government regulation (%)	0.1	4.60	10.00

Source: Enterprise Survey 2005

Top 5 constraints according to ES 2005 (% respondants)

Data not available

Top 5 constraints according to WEF 2015 survey (% respondants among 88 executives)

Policy instability 17.3 Inefficient government bureaucracy 16.4 Restrictive labor regulations 13.3 12.3 Access to financing Insufficient capacity to innovate 9.5

Source: WEF Global Competitiveness Report 2015

Source: Enterprise Survey 2005

