



T&C Snapshots Data Note

2016

2017

2015



Swaziland

GDP (US\$	Population	Income per	Poverty rate	Unemployment
billions) (2017)	(millions)	capita (current	(2009)	rate (2014)
	(2017)	US\$) (2017)		
3.0	1.3	2,288.1	42.0	22.3

2014

2013

Macro Indicators

	11.6 2000 2012	2010	2011	2010	2010	2011
GDP growth (annual %)	2.22	3.01	2.46	1.30	0.80	0.80
Current account balance	-3.19	6.93	2.97	-1.77	-5.75	-6.29
Fiscal balance (% of GDP)	-1.60	0.89	-2.29	-3.68	-4.33	-6.63
Remittances, received (% of GDP) [1]	2.59	0.66	0.56	_	_	
Real Effective Exchange Rate (2010=100)	92.17	115.68	111.52	109.47	111.08	112.18
Consumer Price Index, annual percent change	7.21	5.62	5.70	4.90	5.20	5.50

Δνσ 2003-2012



Investment indicators

	Avg 2003-2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Gross domestic investment (% GDP)	18.44	19.03	18.88	18.37	17.10	16.44	
Gross domestic investment, of w: Private investment (% GDP) [1]	13.91	_			_	_	
Inward FDI (% of GDP) [2]	2.09	2.40	0.38		_	_	
Inward FDI, % of private investment [2]	18.84	NA	_	_	_	_	



Trade Indicators

Trade Indicators	Avg 2003-2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total Trade in Goods and Services (% of GDP, real terms)	247.34	173.63	173.58	174.38	176.01	177.87
Trade balance (% GDP, real terms)	-12.29	-13.01	-12.58	-12.43	-11.98	-11.43
Exports, Goods and Services, annual percent change (real terms)	5.34	5.71	2.70	1.90	2.10	2.28
Imports, Goods and Services, annual percent change (real terms)	4.97	0.09	2.20	1.65	1.44	1.50
Total reserves in months of imports [1]	2.82	3.11	_	_	_	_



Sources: MFM note, [1] World Development Indicators (WDI), [2] UNCTADSTAT, [3] World Economic Outlook (WEO)

Goods Export and Import volume growth, 2012-2015

Gross Value Added by Economic Activity 2013 (% GDP)

Dlume growth, 2012-201



Data not available

Source: Development Prospects Group (DECPG)

Source: World Development Indicators (WDI)

Top 5 Exports by % of Total Value, NA

of Total Value, NA Doing Business 2015 Ranks (among all countries)

Data not available

Imports Categories by % of Total Value, NA

Data not available

	DB 2015 Rank	DB 2016 Rank	Change in Rank
Dealing with Construction Permits	73	80	-7
Ease of Doing Business Rank	102	105	-3
Enforcing Contracts	175	175	0
Getting Credit	61	70	-9
Getting Electricity	153	155	-2
Paying Taxes	77	79	-2
Protecting Minority Investors	133	134	-1
Registering Property	111	113	-2
Resolving Insolvency	94	96	-2
Starting a Business	146	156	-10
Trading Across Borders	29	30	-1

Source: World Integrated Trade Solution (WITS)

Source: Doing Busines Report 2015

WEF Competitiveness Indicators

(Scale 1-5, 5=best)

Logistics Performance Index (Scale 1-5, 5=best)

Health and primary educat.

Labor mrkt efficiency, Technol. Readiness

4

Macroec. environment

2

Institutions

Business sophist.

Goods mrkt efficiency

Higher educat. and training

Swaziland

Innovation

Market size

Sub–Saharan Africa

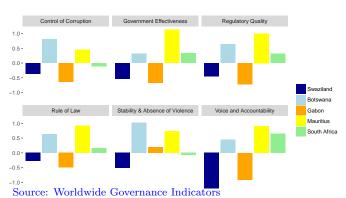
Infrastructure

Data not available

Source: WEF Global Competitiveness Report 2015

Source: Logistics Performance Index (World Bank)

World Governance indicators (Std. score, High=best)



Trade Policy

	2010	2014
Applied Tariff (Incl. Prefers. and Trade-Weighted)	10.5	3.9
Binding (%)	96	96.9
Dispersion (Standard Deviation)	15.2	13.1
Import duties collected [1]	_	_
MFN Tariff (Agriculture)	8.9	9.1
MFN Tariff (Non-Agriculture)	7.6	7.5
MFN Tariff (Simple Average)	7.7	7.7
Services sectors with GATS commitments [1]	_	9

Sources: WITS, [1] WTO Trade Profiles

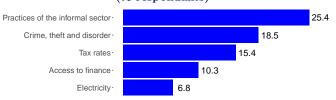
Private Sector View

Enterprise Survey 2006

	Swaziland	Sub-Saharan Africa	All Countries
Number of electrical outages in a typical month	1.80	8.30	6.30
Percent of firms with a bank loan/line of credit	21.90	23.10	34.30
Proportion of investment financed by banks (%)	12.00	9.90	14.30
Proportion of investment financed internally (%)	75.80	76.70	71.80
Senior management time spent dealing with the requirements of government regulation (%)	4.40	8.20	9.90

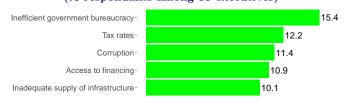
Source: Enterprise Survey 2006

Top 5 constraints according to ES 2006 (% respondants)



Source: WEF Global Competitiveness Report 2015

Top 5 constraints according to WEF 2015 survey (% respondants among 88 executives)





Source: Enterprise Survey 2006