Creating Slides

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¹My University is somewhere in the middle of nowhere ²Their University is somewhere in the middle of nowhere



Contents

1. Introduction

- 2. Variety of Content Types to Display
- 3. Plotting and DataFrame
- 4. Interactive Widgets
- 5. Simple Animations with Frames
- 6. Controlling Content on Frames
- 7. Miscellaneous Content
- 8. Custom Objects Serilaization
- 9. Code to Generate Slides

≚ Show Code

Introduction

To see how commands work, use Slides.docs() to see the documentation. Here we will focus on using all that functionality to create slides.



Note

This is inline markdown parsed by magic

Version: 3.2.2 as executed from below code in markdown.

Python

```
1 # get the slides instance under a python block in Markdown file, we will
2 myslides = get_slides_instance()
3 import ipyslides as isd
4 version = myslides.version
5 %xmd #### This is inline markdown parsed by magic {.note .warning}
```

I was added at end by a given proxy, see the how it was done at the end of the slides

IPySlides Online Running Sources

- Edit on Kaggle
- Launch example Notebook 8 launch binder
- Watch a Youtube Video

1. Add references like this per slide. Use slides.cite() or in markdown cite'key' to add citations generally. ←

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IPython Display Objects

Any object with following methods could be inwrite command:

```
_repr_pretty_, _repr_html_, _repr_markdown_, _repr_svg_, _repr_png_, _repr_jpeg_, _repr_latex_, _repr_json_, _repr_javascript_, _repr_pdf_ Such as IPython.display.[HTML,SVG,Markdown,Code] etc. or third party such as plotly.graph_objects.Figure.
```

Plots and Other Data Types

These objects are implemented to be writable in write command:

matplotlib.pyplot.Figure, altair.Chart, pygal.Graph, pydeck.Deck, pandas.DataFrame, bokeh.plotting.Figure, IPython.display.Image Many will be extentended in future. If an object is not implemented, use display(obj) to show inline or use

Interactive Widgets

Any object in ipywidgets

Link to ipywidgtes right here using textbox command

or libraries based on ipywidgtes such as bqplot,ipyvolume,plotly's FigureWidget ¹ (reference at end) can be included as well.

Commands which do all Magic!

Slides.write(*objs, widths=None)

Write objs to slides in columns. To create rows in a column, wrap objects in a list or tuple. You can optionally specify widths as a list of percentages for each column.

Write any object that can be displayed in a cell with some additional features:

- Strings will be parsed as as extended markdown that can have citations/python code blocks/Javascript etc.
- Display another function in order by passing it to a lambda function like lambda: func(). Only body of the function will be displayed/printed. Return value will be ignored.
- Dispaly IPython widgets such as ipywidgets or ipyvolume by passing them directly.
- Display Axes/Figure form libraries such as matplotlib, plotly altair, bokeh, ipyvolume ect. by passing them directly.
- Display source code of functions/classes/modules or other languages by passing them directly or using Slides.source API.
- Use Slides.alt(widget, obj) function to display widget on slides and alternative content in exported slides/report.
- ipywidgets.HTML and its subclasses will be displayed as Slides.alt(widget, value). The value of exported HTML will be oldest one.
- Other options include but not limited to:
 - Output of functions in ipyslides.utils module that are also linked to Slides object.
 - PIL images, SVGs etc.

- Any object that has a _repr_html_ method, you can create one for your own objects/third party objects by:
 - Slides.serializer API.
 - IPython.core.formatters API for third party libraries.

Note

- write is a robust command that can handle most of the cases. If nothing works, repr(obj) will be displayed.
- You can avoid repr(obj) by lambda: func() e.g. lambda: plt.show().
- A single string passed to write is equivalent to parse command.
- You can add mini columns inside a column by markdown syntax or Slides.cols, but content type is limited in that case.

```
Slides.parse(xmd, display_inline=True, rich_outputs=False)
```

Parse extended markdown and display immediately. If you need output html, use display_inline = False but that won't execute python code blocks. Precedence of content return/display is rich_outputs = True > display_inline = True > parsed_html_string.

Example

```
1 ```python run var name
2 #If no var_name, code will be executed without assigning it to any varia
3 import numpy as np
4 \ \ \ \ \
5 # Normal Markdown {.report-only}
6 '''multicol 40 60
7 # First column is 40% width
8 If 40 60 was not given, all columns will be of equal width, this paragra
9 {.info}
10 +++
11 # Second column is 60% wide
12 This \{\{var_name\}\} is code from above and will be substituted with the
   (\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x})
13
14
  ```python
15
16 # This will not be executed, only shown
17
 || Inline-column A || Inline-column B ||
```

- Each block can have class names (speparated with space or .) after all other options such as python .friendly or multicol .Sucess.info.
  - For example, python .friendly will be highlighted with friendly theme from pygments.
  - Pygments themes, however, are not supported with multicol.
  - You need to write and display CSS for a custom class.
- The block with ::: class\_type syntax accepts extra classes in quotes, for example ::: multicol "Success" "info".
- There are three special CSS classes report-only, slides-only and export-only that control appearance of content in different modes.



#### **A** Alert

Nested blocks are not supported.

#### i Info

- Find special syntax to be used in markdown by Slides.xmd syntax.
- Use Slides.extender or ipyslides.xmd.extender to add <u>markdown extensions</u>.

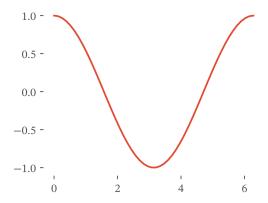
#### Python

```
1 with last.proxies[0].capture():
 write([slides.classed(slides.doc(write,'Slides'),'block-green'), slid
 + 1 more lines ...
```

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## Plotting with Mathlotlih



#### Python

```
import numpy as np, matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.rcParams['svg.fonttype'] = 'none' # Global setting, enforce same font
x = np.linspace(0,2*np.pi)
with plt.style.context('ggplot'):
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
 _ = ax.plot(x,np.cos(x))
write([ax, s.focus_lines([1,3,4])])
```

# **Writing Pandas DataFrame**

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.843333	3.057333	3.758000	1.199333
std	0.828066	0.435866	1.765298	0.762238
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
<b>75</b> %	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

```
try:
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mwaskom/seaborn-c

df = df.describe() #Small for display

except:
df = '### Install 'pandas' to view output'
```

# **Writing Plotly Figure**

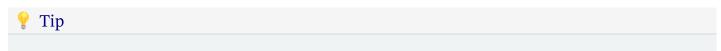
## Install plotly to view output

Python

```
1 try:
2 import plotly.graph_objects as go
3 fig = go.Figure()
4 fig.add_trace(go.Bar(y=[1,5,8,9]))
5 except:
6 fig = '### Install 'plotly' to view output'
```

# **Interactive Apps with Widgets**

Use ipywidgets, bqplot,ipyvolume, plotly Figurewidget etc. to show live apps like this!



Export to Slides/Report to see what happens to this slide and next slide!

#### Plot will be here

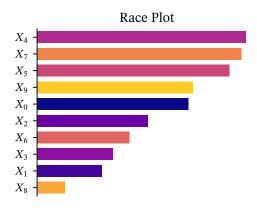
#### Python

```
import ipywidgets as ipw
1
2
 write('''
3
 ## Interactive Apps with Widgets section'Interactive Widgets'
4
 Use 'ipywidgets', 'bqplot', 'ipyvolume', 'plotly Figurewidget' etc. to
5
 ::: note-tip
6
 Export to Slides/Report to see what happens to this slide and nex
7
 111)
8
 write([
9
 plot_html := ipw.HTML('Plot will be here'),
10
 button := ipw.Button(description='Click me to update race plot', layou
11
], src)
12
13
 def update_plot(btn):
14
 plot_html.value = race_plot().value #Convert to html string
15
16
 button.on_click(update_plot)
17
 update_plot(None) #Initialize plot
```

```
def race_plot():
1
 import numpy as np
2
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4
 x = np.linspace(0,0.9,10)
5
 y = np.random.random((10,))
6
 _sort = np.argsort(y)
7
8
 plot_theme = 'dark_background' if 'Dark' in slides.settings.theme_dd.
9
 with plt.style.context(plot_theme):
10
 fig,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
11
 ax.barh(x,y[_sort],height=0.07,color=plt.cm.get_cmap('plasma')(x[
12
13
 for s in ['right','top','bottom']:
14
 ax.spines[s].set_visible(False)
15
16
 ax.set(title='Race Plot', ylim = [-0.05,0.95], xticks=[],yticks=[c for
17
 matum nl+2h+ml(fig +manchanon+-Eales cantian-IA Silly Dlott)
10
```

# **Dynamic Content without Widgets**

Use refresh button below to update plot! Compare with previous slide!



A Silly Plot

#### Python

```
write('''
Dynamic Content without Widgets
Use refresh button below to update plot! Compare with previous slide!
''')

def display_plot(): return race_plot().display()

write(lambda: slides.on_refresh(display_plot), rslide.get_source()) # Onl
slides.source.from_callable(race_plot).display()
```

```
def race_plot():
 import numpy as np
2
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4
 x = np.linspace(0,0.9,10)
5
 y = np.random.random((10,))
6
 _sort = np.argsort(y)
7
8
 plot_theme = 'dark_background' if 'Dark' in slides.settings.theme_dd.
9
 with plt.style.context(plot_theme):
10
 fig,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
11
 ax.barh(x,y[_sort],height=0.07,color=plt.cm.get_cmap('plasma')(x[
12
13
```

```
ax.set(title='Race Plot', ylim = [-0.05,0.95], xticks=[],yticks=[c for return plt2html(fig, transparent=False, caption='A Silly Plot')
```

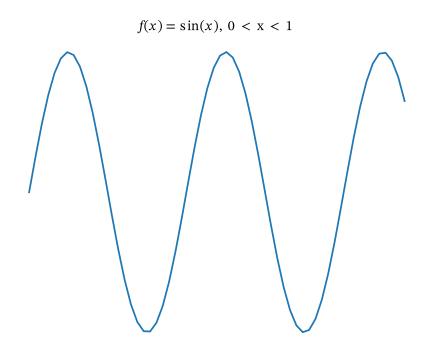
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#### This is Slide 16.0

and we are animating matplotlib

```
1 fig, ax = plt.subplots()
2 + 5 more lines ...
```



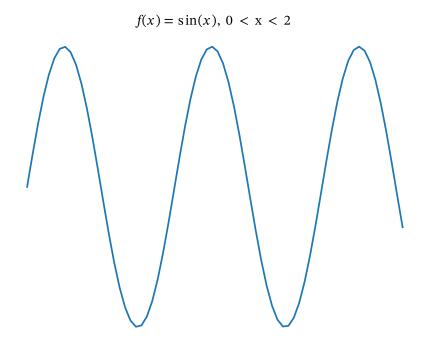
```
2 slides.notes.insert(f'## This is under @frames decorator!')
```

<u>2</u>

## This is Slide 16.1

and we are animating matplotlib

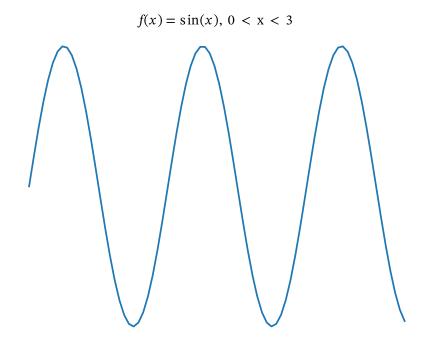
```
1 + 1 more lines ...
2 x = np.linspace(0,obj+1,50+10*(idx+1))
3 + 4 more lines ...
```



## This is Slide 16.2

and we are animating matplotlib

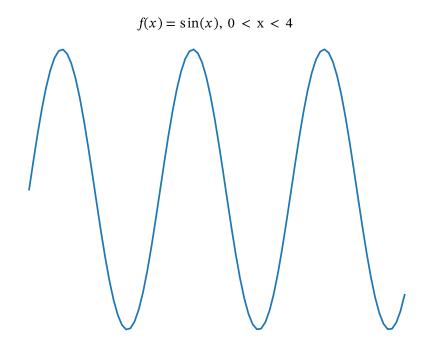
```
1 + 2 more lines ...
2 ax.plot(x,np.sin(x));
3 + 3 more lines ...
```



## This is Slide 16.3

and we are animating matplotlib

```
1 + 3 more lines ...
2 ax.set_title(f'$f(x)=\sin(x)$, 0 < x < {idx+1}')
3 + 2 more lines ...</pre>
```

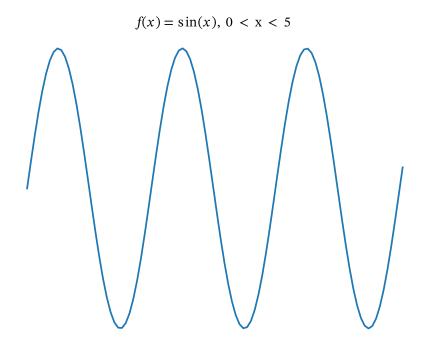


## This is Slide 16.4

and we are animating matplotlib

#### Python

```
1 + 4 more lines ...
2 ax.set_axis_off()
3 + 1 more lines ...
```



<u>2</u>

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# Frames with

repeat = False

1

# Frames with

repeat = False

2

# Frames with

repeat = False

3

# Frames with

repeat = False

4

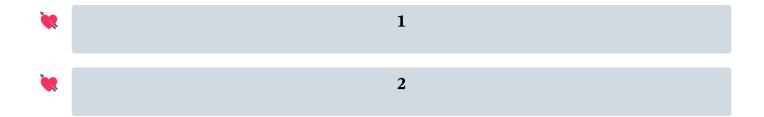
# Frames with

repeat = True and Fancy Bullet List

1

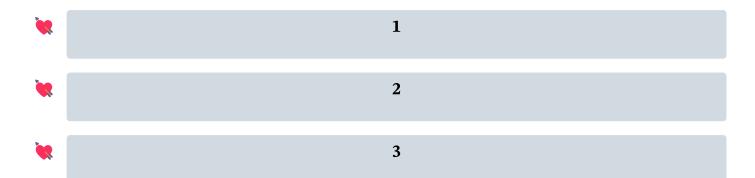
# Frames with

repeat = True and Fancy Bullet List



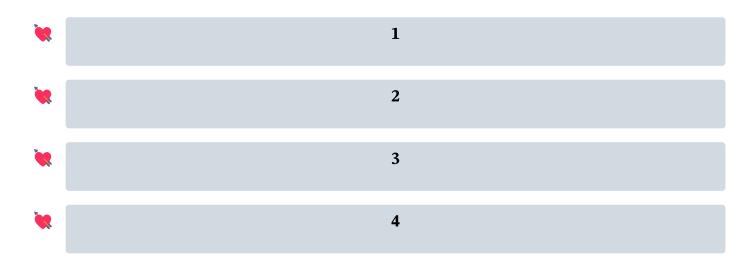
# Frames with

repeat = True and Fancy Bullet List



## Frames with

## repeat = True and Fancy Bullet List



# Frames with

```
repeat = [(0,1),(2,3)]
```

2

#### Python

```
1 slides.write('# Frames with \n#### \repeat = [(0,1),(2,3)]\')
2 slides.write(*obj)
```

# Frames with

3

4

#### Python

```
1 slides.write('# Frames with \n#### \repeat = [(0,1),(2,3)]\')
2 slides.write(*obj)
```

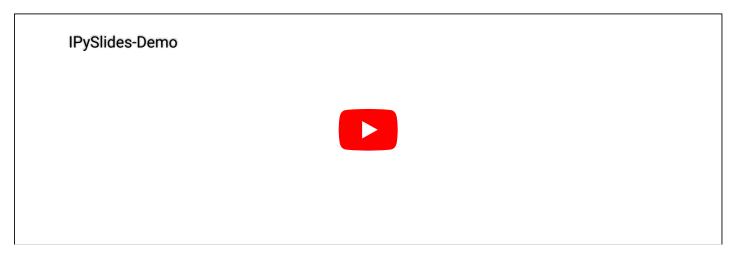
# Displaying image from url from somewhere in Kashmir (شیر)



```
backward_skipper.display()
forward_skipper.set_target()
slides.format_css({'.goto-button .fa.fa-minus': slides.icon('arrow',color slides.write('## Displaying image from url from somewhere in Kashmir colo try:
 slides.image(r'https://assets.gqindia.com/photos/616d2712c93aeaf2a32d except:
 slides.write('Could not retrieve image from url. Check internt connect start course() display()
```

## Watching Youtube Video?

Want to do some drawing instead? Click on pencil icon and draw something on tldraw!



#### Python

```
1 write(f"### Watching Youtube Video?")
2 write('**Want to do some drawing instead?**\nClick on pencil icon and dra
3
 write(YouTubeVideo('thgLGl14-tg', width='100%', height='266px'))
4
5
 @slides.on_load
7 def push():
 t = time.localtime()
8
 slides.notify(f'You are watching Youtube at Time-{t.tm_hour:02}:{t.tm
9
 slides.set_overlay_url('https://tldraw.com')
10
11
12 ys.get_source().display()
```

## **Block API**

New block API is as robust as write command. On top of it, it makes single unit of related content.

### **Table**

	h1	h2	h3
d1	d2		d3
r1	r2		r3

## Widgets

#### Python

```
write('## Block API\nNew 'block' API is as robust as 'write' command. On
 slides.block_red(
3
 '### Table',
4
5
 |h1 |h2 |h3 |
7
 | d1 | d2 | d3
8
 |r1 |r2 |r3 |
9
 111
10
],
11
12
 '### Widgets',
13
 ipw.Checkbox(description='Select to do nothing',indent=False),
14
 ipw.IntSlider(),
15
 ipw.Button(description='Click to do nothing'),
16
 17
18
 s.get_source().focus_lines([3,4,5,6]).display()
```

# LATEX in Slides



Use \$ \$ or \$\$ \$\$ to display latex in Markdown, or embed images of equations \( \mathbb{L}T\_EX \) needs time to load, so keeping it in view until it loads would help.

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x^{2}} dx$$

```
slides.write('## Built-in CSS styles')
slides.css_styles.display()
```

# **Built-in CSS styles**

Use any or combinations of these styles in className argument of writing fun

className	Formatting Style
'align-center'	Text
'align-left'	Text
'align-right'	Text
'rtl'	اردو عربی — ا
'info'	Blue text. Icon i for note-info class.
'tip'	Blue Text. Icon 💡 for note-tip class.
'warning'	Orange Text. Icon ႔ for note-warning class.
'success'	Green text. Icon ☑ for note-success class.
'error'	Red Text. Icon ∳ for note-error class.
'note'	📝 Text with note icon.
'slides-only'	Text will not appear in exported html report.
'report-only'	Text will not appear on slides. Use to fill content in
'export-only'	Hidden on main slides, but will appear in exported sli
'jupyter-only'	Hidden on exported slides/report, but will appear on m
'page-break'	Report will break page in print after object with this
'block'	Block of text/objects
'block-[color]'	Block of text/objects with specific background color f
	green, blue, yellow, cyan, magenta and gray.
'raw-text'	Text will not be formatted and will be shown as it is.
'zoom-self'	Zooms object on hover, when Zoom is enabled.
'zoom-child'	Zooms child object on hover, when Zoom is enabled.
'no-zoom'	Disables zoom on object when it is child of 'zoom-chile

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# **Serialize Custom Objects to HTML**

This is useful for displaying user defined/third party objects in slides

```
0
1
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Python
 1 slides.write('## Serialize Custom Objects to HTML\nThis is useful for dis
 with slides.suppress_stdout(): # suppress stdout from register fuction be
 @slides.serializer.register(int)
 def colorize(obj):
 4
 color = 'red' if obj % 2 == 0 else 'green'
 5
 return f'{obj}'
 slides.write(*range(10))
 7
 some_slide.get_source().display()
```

# This is all code to generate slides

```
def demo(self):
 "Demo slides with a variety of content."
 self.close_view() # Close any previous view to speed up loading 10x f
 self.clear() # Clear previous content

with self.set_dir(os.path.split(__file__)[0]):
 file = '../_demo.py'
 raw_source = self.source.from_file(file).raw
```

```
12
13 return self #_demo.demo(self) # Run demo
```

e:\research\ipyslides\ipyslides\\_demo.py

```
1 # Author: Abdul Saboor
2 # This demonstrates that you can generate slides from a .py file too, whi
 import time
4
5 from ipyslides.core import Slides
6 from ipyslides.writer import write
7 from ipyslides.formatters import libraries, __reprs__, plt2html
 from ipyslides._base.intro import logo_svg
9
10
 slides = Slides() # It reurns running slides instance or creates a new on
11
12
 auto = slides.AutoSlides() # Does not work inside Jupyter notebook (shoul
13
14
 slides.settings.set_footer('Author: Abdul Saboor 'عبدالصبور')
15
 slides.settings.set_logo(logo_svg,width=60) # This is by defualt a logo o
 slides._citation_mode = 'global' # This could be changed by other function
 slides.set_citations({
18
 'pf': 'This is refernce to FigureWidget using `slides.cite` comma
19
 'This': 'I was cited for no reason',
20
 })
21
22
 slides.run_cell("""
23
 %title -m
24
 # Creating Slides
25
 ::: align-center
26
 alert'Abdul Saboor'sup'1', Unknown Authorsup'2'
27
 center'today''
28
 ::: text-box
29
 sup'1'My University is somewhere in the middle of nowhere
30
 sup'2'Their University is somewhere in the middle of nowhere
31
 <h4 style=""color:green;"> 👈 Read instructions in left panel</h4>
32
33
34
 #Demo for loading slides from a file or text block
 s1, s2, *others = auto.from_markdown("""
 section'Introduction' toc'### Contents'
37
```

```
To see how commands work, use `Slides.docs()` to see the documentation.
42 Here we will focus on using all that functionality to create slides.
43 '''python run source
44 # get the slides instance under a python block in Markdown file, we will
45 myslides = get_slides_instance()
 import ipyslides as isd
47 version = myslides.version
48 %xmd #### This is inline markdown parsed by magic {.note .warning}
49
50 Version: {{version}} as executed from below code in markdown.
 {{source}}
 proxy'something will be here in end'
52
53
 # IPySlides Online Running Sources
54
 ::: note
55
 - [Edit on Kaggle](https://www.kaggle.com/massgh/ipyslides)
56
 Launch example Notebook [![Binder](https://mybinder.org/badge_logo.
57
 - Watch a [Youtube Video](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ytfWIYbJteE
58
59
 [^1]: Add references like this per slide. Use slides.cite() or in markdow
60
61
 """, trusted=True)
62
63
64
 slides.shell.user_ns['write'] = write #Inject variable in IPython shell
 # slide s2 has proxies to be filled in later
 p1, p2 = s2.proxies
67
 with p1.capture():
 s2.get_source().display(collapsed = True)
69
70
 with p2.capture():
71
 slides.write(f'alert`I was added at end by a given proxy, see the how
72
73
74
 *others, last = auto.from_markdown(f"""
 section'Variety of Content Types to Display' toc'### Contents'
76
77
78 ## IPython Display Objects
79 #### Any object with following methods could be in'write' command:
 {', '.join([f'_repr_{rep}_\' for rep in __reprs__])}
 Such as color[fg=navy,bg=skyblue]'IPython.display.[HTML,SVG,Markdown,Code
81
```

```
ese onlects are imbremented to be mitrable in mitre
85 {', '.join([f"`{lib['name']}.{lib['obj']}`" for lib in libraries])}
86 Many will be extentended in future. If an object is not implemented, use
87 command to show in Notebook outside color[fg=teal,bg=whitesmoke]`write`.
88
89 ## Interactive Widgets
90 ### Any object in 'ipywidgets'{slides.textbox('<a href="https://ipywidget
or libraries based on ipywidgtes such as color[red]'bqplot',color[green]'
92 can be included as well.
93 {{.warning}}
94 ---
95 ## Commands which do all Magic!
96 proxy'Add functions here'
 """, trusted=True)
97
98
99
100 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as s:
 with last.proxies[0].capture():
101
 write([slides.classed(slides.doc(write, 'Slides'), 'block-green'),
102
 s.show_lines([0,1]).display()
103
104
105
106 auto.from_markdown('section'Plotting and DataFrame' toc'')
107
108 # Matplotlib
109 with auto.slide() as sl:
 write('## Plotting with Matplotlib')
110
 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as s:
111
 import numpy as np, matplotlib.pyplot as plt
112
 plt.rcParams['svg.fonttype'] = 'none' # Global setting, enforce s
113
 x = np.linspace(0,2*np.pi)
114
 with plt.style.context('ggplot'):
115
 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
116
 _ = ax.plot(x,np.cos(x))
117
118
 write([ax, s.focus_lines([1,3,4])])
119
 sl.set_css({'background':'linear-gradient(to right, #FFDAB9 0%, #F0E6
120
121
122 # Plotly and Pandas DataFrame only show if you have installed
123 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as source:
124
125
 import pandas as pd
```

```
129
 df = '### Install `pandas` to view output'
130
131 with auto.slide():
 write(['## Writing Pandas DataFrame', df, source])
132
133
134 with slides.source.context(False) as s:
 try:
135
 import plotly.graph_objects as go
136
 fig = go.Figure()
137
 fig.add_trace(go.Bar(y=[1,5,8,9]))
138
139
 except:
 fig = '### Install 'plotly' to view output'
140
141
142 with auto.slide():
 write(('## Writing Plotly Figure',fig, s))
143
144
145 def race_plot():
 import numpy as np
146
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
147
148
 x = np.linspace(0,0.9,10)
149
 y = np.random.random((10,))
150
 _sort = np.argsort(y)
151
152
 plot_theme = 'dark_background' if 'Dark' in slides.settings.theme_dd.
153
 with plt.style.context(plot_theme):
154
 fig,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
155
 ax.barh(x,y[_sort],height=0.07,color=plt.cm.get_cmap('plasma')(x[
156
157
158
 for s in ['right', 'top', 'bottom']:
 ax.spines[s].set_visible(False)
159
160
 ax.set(title='Race Plot', ylim = [-0.05,0.95], xticks=[],yticks=[c for
161
 return plt2html(fig, transparent=False, caption='A Silly Plot')
162
163
164
165 # Interactive widgets.
166 with auto.slide():
 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as src:
167
 import ipywidgets as ipw
168
169
```

```
Use 'ipywidgets', 'bqplot', 'ipyvolume', 'plotly Figurewidget'
172
 ::: note-tip
173
 Export to Slides/Report to see what happens to this slide
174
 111)
175
 write([
176
 plot_html := ipw.HTML('Plot will be here'),
177
 button := ipw.Button(description='Click me to update race plo
178
], src)
179
180
 def update_plot(btn):
181
182
 plot_html.value = race_plot().value #Convert to html string
183
184
 button.on_click(update_plot)
 update_plot(None) #Initialize plot
185
186
 slides.source.from_callable(race_plot).display()
187
188
189 with auto.slide() as rslide:
 write('''
190
 ## Dynamic Content without Widgets
191
 Use refresh button below to update plot! Compare with previous sl
192
 111)
193
194
 def display_plot(): return race_plot().display()
195
196
 write(lambda: slides.on_refresh(display_plot), rslide.get_source()) #
197
 slides.source.from_callable(race_plot).display()
198
199
200 auto.from_markdown('section'Simple Animations with Frames' toc'### Conten
201
202 forward_skipper = slides.goto_button('Skip All Next Frames')
203 backward_skipper = slides.goto_button('Skip Previous Frames', icon='minus
204 # Animat plot in slides
205 @auto.frames(*range(14,19))
206 def func(obj,idx):
207
 if idx == 0:
 forward_skipper.display()
208
 backward_skipper.set_target()
209
210
211
 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as s:
 fig, ax = plt.subplots()
212
 \langle -nn | 1incnsco(0 | ahi+1 | E0+10+(idv+1))
212
```

```
ax.set_axis_off()
216
 slides.notes.insert(f'## This is under @frames decorator!')
217
218
 slides.write([f'### This is Slide {slides.running.number}.{idx}\n and
219
 s.show lines([idx])
220
],ax,widths=[40,60])
221
 if idx == 0: #Only show source code of first frame
222
223
 s.show_lines([5]).display()
 slides.write(slides.cite('This'))
224
225
226 auto.from_markdown('section'Controlling Content on Frames' toc'### Content
227
228 # Frames structure
229 boxes = [f'<div style="background:var(--hover-bg);width:auto;height:2em;p</pre>
230 @auto.frames(*boxes, repeat=False)
231 def f(obj,idx):
 slides.write('# Frames with \n#### \repeat = False\')
232
 slides.write(obi)
233
234 @auto.frames(*boxes, repeat=True,frame_height='100%')
235 def f(obj,idx):
 slides.running.set_animation(None) #Disable animation for showing bul
236
 slides.write('# Frames with \n#### \repeat = True\ and Fancy Bullet L
237
 238
239
240 @auto.frames(*boxes, repeat=[(0,1),(2,3)])
241 def f(obj,idx):
 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as s:
242
 slides.write('# Frames with n#### 'repeat = [(0,1),(2,3)]'')
243
 slides.write(*obj)
244
245
 s.display()
246
247
248 with auto.slide() as s:
249
 backward_skipper.display()
250
 forward_skipper.set_target()
 slides.format_css({'.goto-button .fa.fa-minus': slides.icon('arrow',c
251
 slides.write('## Displaying image from url from somewhere in Kashmir
252
 try:
253
254
 slides.image(r'https://assets.ggindia.com/photos/616d2712c93aeaf2
 except:
255
 slides.write('Could not retrieve image from url. Check internt co
256
```

```
259 # Youtube
260 from IPython.display import YouTubeVideo
261 with auto.slide() as ys: # We will use this in next % magic
 write(f"### Watching Youtube Video?")
262
 write('**Want to do some drawing instead?**\nClick on pencil icon and
263
264
 write(YouTubeVideo('thgLGl14-tg', width='100%', height='266px'))
265
266
 @slides.on_load
267
 def push():
268
 t = time.localtime()
269
 slides.notify(f'You are watching Youtube at Time-{t.tm_hour:02}:{
270
 slides.set_overlay_url('https://tldraw.com')
271
272
 ys.get_source().display()
273
274
275
276 with auto.slide() as s:
 write('## Block API\nNew 'block' API is as robust as 'write' command.
277
278
 slides.block_red(
 279
280
 '### Table',
 111
281
 |h1 |h2 |h3 |
282
283
 | d1 | d2 | d3 |
284
 |r1 |r2 |r3 |
285
 111
286
],
287
 Г
288
 '### Widgets'.
289
 ipw.Checkbox(description='Select to do nothing',indent=False)
290
 ipw.IntSlider(),
291
 ipw.Button(description='Click to do nothing'),
292
]
293
294
 s.get_source().focus_lines([3,4,5,6]).display()
295
296
297
298 auto.from_markdown('''
299 ## \LaTeX in Slides
and then 't t' are 'tt tt' to dienlaw later in Manualyne, are ambed impace of any
```

```
303
304 $$\int_0^1\\frac{1}{1-x^2}dx$$
305 ''', trusted=True)
306
307 with auto.slide(), slides.source.context():
 slides.write('## Built-in CSS styles')
308
 slides.css_styles.display()
309
310
311 auto.from_markdown('section'Custom Objects Serilaization' toc'### Content
312
313 with auto.slide() as some_slide:
 slides.write('## Serialize Custom Objects to HTML\nThis is useful for
314
 with slides.suppress_stdout(): # suppress stdout from register fuction
315
 @slides.serializer.register(int)
316
 def colorize(obj):
317
 color = 'red' if obj % 2 == 0 else 'green'
318
 return f'{obj}'
319
 slides.write(*range(10))
320
321
 some_slide.get_source().display()
322
323
324 with auto.slide():
325
 slides.write('## This is all code to generate slides section'Code to
 slides.source.from_callable(slides.demo).display()
326
327
 slides.source.from_file(__file__).display()
328
329 with auto.slide():
 slides.write('Slides keep their full code if they are not made by @fr
330
 slides.get_source().display()
331
332
333
334 with auto.slide() as bib_slide:
 slides.write('citations'## Reference via Markdown\n---'')
335
 bib_slide.get_source().display()
336
337
338
339 slides.navigate_to(0) # Go to title slide
```

Slides keep their full code if they are not made by @frames decorator!

## **Source Code**

Markdown: Slide 0

Markdown: Slide 1

```
1 section`Introduction` toc`### Contents`
```

Markdown: Slide 2

```
proxy`something will be here in start`

Introduction

To see how commands work, use `Slides.docs()` to see the documentation.

Here we will focus on using all that functionality to create slides.

```python run source

# get the slides instance under a python block in Markdown file, we will

myslides = get_slides_instance()

import ipyslides as isd

version = myslides.version

%xmd #### This is inline markdown parsed by magic {.note .warning}

```

Version: {{version}} as executed from below code in markdown.

{source}

proxy`something will be here in end`
```

Markdown: Slide 3

Markdown: Slide 5

```
IPython Display Objects
Any object with following methods could be in`write` command:
 `_repr_pretty_`, `_repr_html_`, `_repr_markdown_`, `_repr_svg_`, `_repr_k
 Such as color[fg=navy,bg=skyblue]`IPython.display.[HTML,SVG,Markdown,C
```

Markdown: Slide 6

```
Plots and Other **Data**{style='color:var(--accent-color);'} Types
These objects are implemented to be writable in `write` command:
matplotlib.pyplot.Figure`, `altair.Chart`, `pygal.Graph`, `pydeck.Deck`,
Many will be extentended in future. If an object is not implemented, u
command to show in Notebook outside color[fg=teal,bg=whitesmoke]`write
```

Markdown: Slide 7

```
Interactive Widgets
Any object in `ipywidgets`<span class='text-box' style = 'display:inl

or libraries based on ipywidgtes such as color[red]`bqplot`,color[gree

can be included as well.

{.warning}</pre>
```

Markdown: Slide 8

```
1 ## Commands which do all Magic!
2 proxy`Add functions here`
```

Markdown: Slide 9

```
1 section`Plotting and DataFrame` toc``
```

Python: Slide 10

```
1 write('## Plotting with Matplotlib')
2 with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as s:
 import numpy as np, matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 plt.rcParams['svg.fonttype'] = 'none' # Global setting, enforce same
4
 x = np.linspace(0,2*np.pi)
5
 with plt.style.context('ggplot'):
6
 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3.4,2.6))
7
 _{-} = ax.plot(x,np.cos(x))
 write([ax, s.focus_lines([1,3,4])])
9
10
11 sl.set_css({'background':'linear-gradient(to right, #FFDAB9 0%, #F0E68C 1
```

Python: Slide 11

```
1 write(['## Writing Dandas DataFrame' df source])
```

```
1 write(('## Writing Plotly Figure',fig, s))
```

Python: Slide 13

```
with slides.source.context(auto_display = False) as src:
 import ipywidgets as ipw
2
 3
 write('''
4
 ## Interactive Apps with Widgets section'Interactive Widgets'
5
 Use 'ipywidgets', 'bqplot', 'ipyvolume', 'plotly Figurewidget' etc
6
7
 ::: note-tip
 Export to Slides/Report to see what happens to this slide and
9
 write([
10
 plot_html := ipw.HTML('Plot will be here'),
11
 button := ipw.Button(description='Click me to update race plot',1
12
], src)
13
14
 def update_plot(btn):
15
 plot_html.value = race_plot().value #Convert to html string
16
17
 button.on_click(update_plot)
18
 update_plot(None) #Initialize plot
19
20
 slides.source.from_callable(race_plot).display()
```

Python: Slide 14

Markdown: Slide 15

```
1 section`Simple Animations with Frames` toc`### Contents`
```

Markdown: Slide 17

```
1 section`Controlling Content on Frames` toc`### Contents`
```

```
forward_skipper.set_target()
slides.format_css({'.goto-button .fa.fa-minus': slides.icon('arrow',color
slides.write('## Displaying image from url from somewhere in Kashmir colo
try:
slides.image(r'https://assets.gqindia.com/photos/616d2712c93aeaf2a32d
except:
slides.write('Could not retrieve image from url. Check internt connec
s.get_source().display()
```

Python: Slide 22

```
1 write(f"### Watching Youtube Video?")
 write('**Want to do some drawing instead?**\nClick on pencil icon and dra
3
 write(YouTubeVideo('thgLGl14-tg', width='100%', height='266px'))
5
 @slides.on_load
 def push():
7
 t = time.localtime()
8
 slides.notify(f'You are watching Youtube at Time-{t.tm_hour:02}:{t.tm
9
 slides.set_overlay_url('https://tldraw.com')
10
11
12 ys.get_source().display()
```

Python: Slide 23

```
1 write('## Block API\nNew 'block' API is as robust as 'write' command. On
2 slides.block_red(
 3
 '### Table',
4
 111
5
 |h1 |h2 |h3 |
6
7
 |d1 |d2 |d3 |
8
 |r1 |r2 |r3 |
9
 111
10
11
],
12
 '### Widgets',
13
 ipw.Checkbox(description='Select to do nothing',indent=False),
14
 ipw.IntSlider(),
15
 ipw.Button(description='Click to do nothing'),
16
]
17
10
```

```
\LaTeX in Slides
Use `$ $` or `$$ $$` to display latex in Markdown, or embed images of @
\LaTeX needs time to load, so keeping it in view until it loads woul
{.note-warning}
$$\int_0^1\frac{1}{1-x^2}dx$$$
```

Python: Slide 25

```
1 slides.write('## Built-in CSS styles')
2 slides.css_styles.display()
```

Markdown: Slide 26

1 section`Custom Objects Serilaization` toc`### Contents`

Python: Slide 27

```
slides.write('## Serialize Custom Objects to HTML\nThis is useful for dis
with slides.suppress_stdout(): # suppress stdout from register fuction be

@slides.serializer.register(int)

def colorize(obj):
 color = 'red' if obj % 2 == 0 else 'green'
 return f'{obj}'
slides.write(*range(10))

some_slide.get_source().display()
```

Python: Slide 28

```
slides.write('## This is all code to generate slides section'Code to Gene
slides.source.from_callable(slides.demo).display()
slides.source.from_file(__file__).display()
```

Python: Slide 29

```
1 slides.write('Slides keep their full code if they are not made by @frames
2 slides.get_source().display()
```

## Reference via Markdown

- 1. This is refernce to FigureWidget using slides.cite command
- 2. I was cited for no reason

2 bib\_slide.get\_source().display()