

## II.1-§.

76. 1)  $\pi(5)=3$ . 2)  $\pi(10) = 4$ . 3)  $\pi(25) = 9$ . 4)  $\pi(37) = 12$ . 5)  $\pi(200) =$   
46. 6)  $\pi(1000) = 168$ . 77. 1)  $\pi(100) \approx 22$ ,  $\omega = \frac{\Delta\pi(x)}{\pi(x)} = 12\%$ . 2)  $\pi(500) \approx$   
80,  $\omega \approx 16\%$ . 3)  $\pi(1000) \approx 145$ ,  $\omega \approx 14\%$ . 4)  $\pi(3000) \approx 3,75$ ;  $\omega \approx 12$

## II.2-§.

81. a) 3. b) 11. c) 1. d) 2. e) 3. i) 2. j) 2. f) - 2. l) - 1. k) 7. 89. a)  $-\sqrt{3} < x \leq$   
 $-\sqrt{2}$  va  $\sqrt{2} < x \leq \sqrt{3}$ . b)  $x = 1$ . c)  $x = 0, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{3}$ . d)  $x = 0, 1$ . 91.  $[-x] =$

$\begin{cases} -[x] & \text{ga; agar } x \text{ butun son bo'lsa;} \\ -[x] - 1 & \text{ga; agar } x \text{ kasir son bo'lsa.} \end{cases}$  **94.** 11450; **95.** 686. **96.** 33. **97.** 502.  
**98.**  $\frac{p^n-1}{p-1}$ . **99.** 48. **100.**  $11! = 2^8 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 11$ . **101.** 148. **102.**  $p = 2$  bo'lsa,  
 $m + \sum_{i=1}^k \left[ \frac{m}{2^i} \right]$  ga teng;  $p > 2$  bo'lsa,  $\sum_{i=1}^s \left[ \frac{m}{p^i} \right]$  ga teng. **103.**  $2m + 1 \leq x < 2m + 2$ ,  
 $m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ . **104.**  $a > 0$  bo'lganda  $\left[ -\frac{b^2-4ac}{4a} \right] \leq d$ ;  $a < 0$  bo'lganda  
 $\left[ -\frac{b^2-4ac}{4a} \right] \geq d$ . **105.**  $\sum_{k=a}^b ([f(k)] + 1)$ . **106.** 136. **107.** 5631.

### II.3-§.

**108.** 1).  $\tau(375) = 8, \sigma(375) = 624$ . 2).  $\tau(720) = 30, \sigma(720) = 2418$ . 3).  
 $\tau(957) = 8, \sigma(957) = 1440$ . 4).  $\tau(988) = 12, \sigma(988) = 1960$ . 5).  $\tau(988) = 24$ ,  
 $\sigma(990) = 2808$ . 6).  $\tau(1200) = 30$ ,  
 $\sigma(1200) = 3844$ . 7).  $\tau(1440) = 36, \sigma(1440) = 4914$ . 8).  $\tau(1500) = 24$ ,  
 $\sigma(1500) = 4368$ . 9).  $\tau(1890) = 32, \sigma(1890) = 5760$ . 10).  $\tau(4320) = 48$ ,  
 $\sigma(4320) = 15120$ .  
**109.** 1). 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 24, 30, 36, 40, 45, 60, 72, 90,  
 120, 180, 360. Ularning jami  
 soni 24 ta. 2). 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 24, 30, 36, 40,  
 45, 48, 60, 72, 80, 90, 120, 144, 180, 240, 360, 720. Jami: 30 ta. 3). 1, 2, 3, 6, 9,  
 18, 53, 106, 159, 318, 477, 954. Jami: 12 ta. 4). 1, 2, 4, 13, 19, 26, 38, 52, 76,  
 247, 494, 988. Jami: 12 ta. 5). 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 25, 30, 40,  
 50, 60, 75, 100, 120, 150, 200, 300, 600. Jami: 24 ta. **110.** 12. **111.** 28. **115.** 1).  
 $\tau(m)\tau(n) > \tau(mn)$ . 2).  $\sigma(m)\sigma(n) > \sigma(mn)$ . **116.**  $\delta(m) = \sqrt{m^{\tau(m)}}$  va  $\delta(10) =$   
 100. **118.**  $\sigma_k(n) = \prod_{i=1}^s \frac{p^{k(\alpha_i+1)}-1}{p^k-1}$ . **119.** 1).  $\sigma_2(12) = 210$ . 2).  $\sigma_2(18) = 455$ . 3).  
 $\sigma_3(36) = 6643$ . 4).  $\sigma_2(16) = 341$ . 5).  $\sigma_3(8) = 585$ . **123.** 1).  $n = 18$ . 2).  $n = 16875$ .  
**124.**  $\left[ \frac{1+\tau(n)}{2} \right]$ . **125.**  $N = 2^3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 = 1400$ . **126.**  $N = 2^6 \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^4 = 9720000$ . **129.**  
 $N = 2^3 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 120$ .

### II.4-§.

**132.** 1). 100. 2). 400. 3). 48. 4). 64. 5). 384. 6). 432. 7). 1331. 8). 506. 9). 64. 10). 6912.  
**133.**  $\varphi(m)$ . **134.** 88. **138.** a). 3. b). 3. c).  $p > 2$  bo'lsa tenglama yechimga ega emas.  
 $p = 2$  da ixtiyoriy natural son  $x$  tenglamaning yechimi bo'ladi. d).  $x = 2$ ;  $y = 3$ .  
**141.**  $(m; n) > 1$  bo'lsa,  $\varphi(m)\varphi(n) < \varphi(mn)$  bo'ladi. **144.**  $p^\alpha$ . 16.  $S = \frac{1}{2}m\varphi(m)$ .  
**148.** 1).  $p = 2$  tenglama bitta  $x = p = 2$  yechimga,  $p > 2$  bo'lsa, tenglama 2 ta  $p$  va

$2p$  yechimga ega bo'ladi. 2). Tenglama yechimga ega emas.  
 3).  $x = 15; 16; 20; 24; 30$ . 4).  $x = 5; 13; 21; 26; 28; 36; 42$ . **149.**  
 1).  $x = 2^{\alpha+1}; 2^{\alpha-1} \cdot 5; 2^{\alpha} \cdot 3; 15; 2^{\alpha-2} \cdot 15$ . 2).  $p = 3$  ixtiyoriy  $x$  qanoatlantiradi  
 $p \neq 3$  da yechimi yoq. **150.**  $m = 7875$ . **151.**  $x = 143$ . **152.** 14161. **153.** a).  $p = 2$  da  
 berilgan tenglamani  $x$  ning barcha toq qiymatlari qanoatlantiradi;  $p \geq 3$  bo'lsa  
 tenglama yechimga ega emas. b). Agar  $(x; p) = 1$  bo'lsa, yechim yo'q. Agar  
 $x = p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2} \dots p_k^{\alpha_k}$  bo'lsa, berilgan tenglamani  $x$  ning  $p$  ga karra natural qiymatlari  
 qanoatlantiradi. **154.** a).  $x = 2^{\alpha}$  tenglamaning yechimi ( $\alpha \geq 1$ ). b).  $x = 2^{\alpha} \cdot 3^{\beta}$ . c).  
 yechimga ega emas. **157.**  $\varphi(2) + \varphi(3) + \dots + \varphi(n)$ . **158.** 8 ta.