

Note: I am Using Scipy v1.1.0. In case of any errors you can install scipy 1.1.0 by the following command: `pip install scipy==1.1.0`

```
In [26]: import scipy  
         scipy.__version__
```

```
Out[26]: '1.1.0'
```

To download images Click on this url: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1pcaTwofZGfoCxZ3Hv2X6vW6xf_1i88eb?usp=sharing
(https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1pcaTwofZGfoCxZ3Hv2X6vW6xf_1i88eb?usp=sharing)

Import Libraries

```
In [71]: from skimage import data  
         from scipy.misc import imread, imresize  
         import numpy as np  
         from scipy import ndimage  
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Power Law Transformation

Formula of Power Law Transformation is: $s = c * r^{\gamma}$

Original Image

```
In [183]: original_image = imread('sydney.png', True, 'L')    #read image as grey scale image
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:1: DeprecationWarning: `imread` is deprecated!

`imread` is deprecated in SciPy 1.0.0, and will be removed in 1.2.0.

Use ``imageio.imread`` instead.

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

Processed Image

```
In [184]: processed_img = original_image.copy()
```

```
In [185]: def pixelVal(pix, r1, s1, r2, s2):
    if (0 <= pix and pix <= r1):
        return (s1 / r1)*pix
    elif (r1 < pix and pix <= r2):
        return ((s2 - s1)/(r2 - r1)) * (pix - r1) + s1
    else:
        return ((255 - s2)/(255 - r2)) * (pix - r2) + s2

    #read image as grey scale image

    # Define parameters.
    r1 = 130
    s1 = 10
    r2 = 140
    s2 = 255

    # Vectorize the function to apply it to each value in the Numpy array.
    pixelVal_vec = np.vectorize(pixelVal)

    # Apply contrast stretching.
    contrast_stretched = pixelVal_vec(processed_img, r1, s1, r2, s2)
    processed_img=contrast_stretched
```

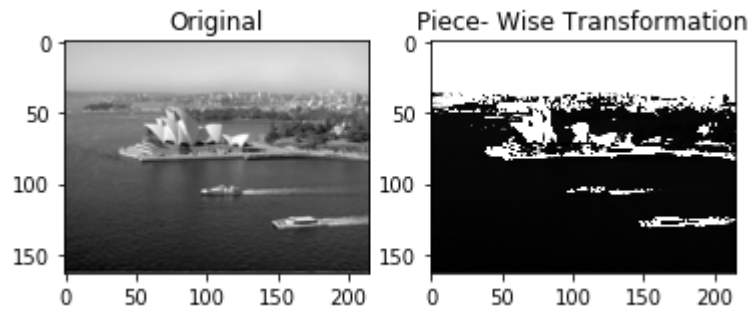
```
In [186]: processed_img[processed_img<0]=0
    processed_img[processed_img>=255]=255
```

```
In [187]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2)
          ax = axes.ravel()

          ax[0].imshow(original_image, cmap=plt.cm.gray, interpolation='bilinear')
          ax[0].set_title("Original")
          ax[1].imshow(processed_img, cmap=plt.cm.gray, interpolation='bilinear')

          ax[1].set_title("Piece- Wise Transformation")
          plt.imshow(processed_img, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
```

Out[187]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x182666ba888>



Demo of Array

```
In [188]: print(original_image[1:5,1:5])
          print(processed_img[1:5,1:5])
```

```
[[189. 191. 190. 191.]
 [189. 190. 191. 192.]
 [191. 191. 192. 192.]
 [192. 192. 193. 193.]]
[[255. 255. 255. 255.]
 [255. 255. 255. 255.]
 [255. 255. 255. 255.]
 [255. 255. 255. 255.]]
```

In []:

